

Appendix B

CHRIS Search Results

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CALIFORNIA
HISTORICAL
RESOURCES
INFORMATION
SYSTEM



ALAMEDA
COLUSA
CONTRA COSTA
DEL NORTE

HUMBOLDT
LAKE
MARIN
MENDOCINO
MONTEREY
NAPA
SAN BENITO

SAN FRANCISCO
SAN MATEO
SANTA CLARA
SANTA CRUZ
SOLANO
SONOMA
YOLO

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April 30, 2018

NWIC File No.: 17-2443

Andrew Metzger
Circlepoint
200 Webster Street, Suite 200
Oakland, CA 94607

Re: Record search results for the proposed project for the 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center Project in Santa Clara.

Dear Mr. Andrew Metzger:

Per your request received by our office on April 11, 2018, a records search was conducted for the above referenced project by reviewing pertinent Northwest Information Center (NWIC) base maps that reference cultural resources records and reports, historic-period maps, and literature for Santa Clara County. Please note that use of the term cultural resources includes both archaeological resources and historical buildings and/or structures.

Review of this information indicates that there have been two cultural resource studies that cover approximately 10% of the 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center project area (Nelson et al 2000: S-22819 and SWCA Environmental Consultants 2006: S-33061). This project area contains no recorded archaeological resources. The State Office of Historic Preservation Historic Property Directory (OHP HPD) (which includes listings of the California Register of Historical Resources, California State Historical Landmarks, California State Points of Historical Interest, and the National Register of Historic Places) lists no recorded buildings or structures within or adjacent to the proposed project area. In addition to these inventories, the NWIC base maps show no recorded buildings or structures within the proposed project area.

At the time of Euroamerican contact the Native Americans that lived in the area were speakers of the Tamyen language, part of the Costanoan language family (Levy 1978:485). Milliken's study of various mission records also indicated that the proposed

project area was held by the Tamien, located in the central Santa Clara Valley along the Guadalupe River (1995: 256).

Based on an evaluation of the environmental setting and features associated with known sites, Native American resources in this part of Santa Clara County have been found in areas marginal to San Francisco Bay and its associated wetlands, as well as inland near intermittent and perennial watercourses. The 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center project area is located between Saratoga Creek and Guadalupe River and contains Holocene alluvial fan deposits. Given the similarity of one or more of these environmental factors, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded Native American resources in the proposed 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center project area.

Review of historical literature and maps indicated historic-period activity within the general area of 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center project area. The 1876 Thompson and West Santa Clara County Atlas indicated the project area was located within the lands of Omar Oaks, along a tree lined road. With this in mind, there is a moderate potential for unrecorded historic-period archaeological resources in the proposed 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center

The 1961 (photorevised 1980) San Jose USGS 15-minute topographic quadrangle depicts three buildings or structures within the 1150 Walsh Avenue Data Center project area. At least one of these unrecorded buildings or structures meets the Office of Historic Preservation's minimum age standard that buildings, structures, and objects 45 years or older may be of historical value.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1) There is a moderate potential of identifying Native American archaeological resources and a moderate potential of identifying historic-period archaeological resources in the project area. Our usual recommendation would include archival research and a field examination. The proposed project area, however, has been highly developed and is presently covered with asphalt, buildings, or fill that obscures the visibility of original surface soils, which negates the feasibility of an adequate surface inspection. Therefore, prior to demolition or other ground disturbance, we recommend a qualified archaeologist conduct further archival and field study to identify archaeological resources, including a good faith effort to identify archaeological deposits that may show no indications on the surface.

Field study may include, but is not limited to, hand auger sampling, shovel test units, or geoarchaeological analyses as well as other common methods used to identify the presence of buried archaeological resources. Please refer to the list of consultants who meet the Secretary of Interior's Standards at <http://www.chrisinfo.org>.

2) We recommend the lead agency contact the local Native American tribe(s) regarding traditional, cultural, and religious heritage values. For a complete listing of tribes in the vicinity of the project, please contact the Native American Heritage Commission at 916/373-3710.

3) The proposed project area contains unrecorded buildings or structures; therefore, that may meet the minimum age requirement. Prior to commencement of project activities, it is recommended that these resources be assessed by a professional familiar with the architecture and history of Santa Clara County. Please refer to the list of consultants who meet the Secretary of Interior's Standards at <http://www.chrisinfo.org>.

4) Review for possible historic-period buildings or structures has included only those sources listed in the attached bibliography and should not be considered comprehensive.

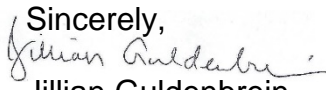
5) If archaeological resources are encountered **during construction**, work should be temporarily halted in the vicinity of the discovered materials and workers should avoid altering the materials and their context until a qualified professional archaeologist has evaluated the situation and provided appropriate recommendations. Project personnel should not collect cultural resources. Native American resources include chert or obsidian flakes, projectile points, mortars, and pestles; and dark friable soil containing shell and bone dietary debris, heat-affected rock, or human burials. Historic-period resources include stone or adobe foundations or walls; structures and remains with square nails; and refuse deposits or bottle dumps, often located in old wells or privies.

6) It is recommended that any identified cultural resources be recorded on DPR 523 historic resource recordation forms, available online from the Office of Historic Preservation's website: http://ohp.parks.ca.gov/default.asp?page_id=1069

Due to processing delays and other factors, not all of the historical resource reports and resource records that have been submitted to the Office of Historic Preservation are available via this records search. Additional information may be available through the federal, state, and local agencies that produced or paid for historical resource management work in the search area. Additionally, Native American tribes have historical resource information not in the California Historical Resources Information System (CHRIS) Inventory, and you should contact the California Native American Heritage Commission for information on local/regional tribal contacts.

The California Office of Historic Preservation (OHP) contracts with the California Historical Resources Information System's (CHRIS) regional Information Centers (ICs) to maintain information in the CHRIS inventory and make it available to local, state, and federal agencies, cultural resource professionals, Native American tribes, researchers, and the public. Recommendations made by IC coordinators or their staff regarding the interpretation and application of this information are advisory only. Such recommendations do not necessarily represent the evaluation or opinion of the State Historic Preservation Officer in carrying out the OHP's regulatory authority under federal and state law.

Thank you for using our services. Please contact this office if you have any questions, (707) 588-8455.

Sincerely,

Jillian Guldenbrein
Researcher

LITERATURE REVIEWED

In addition to archaeological maps and site records on file at the Northwest Information Center of the Historical Resources Information System, the following literature was reviewed:

Allen, Rebecca and Mark Hylkema

2002 *Life Along the Guadalupe River- an Archaeological and Historical Journey*. Friends of Guadalupe River Park and Gardens, San Jose, CA.

Bowman, J.N.

1951 *Adobe Houses in the San Francisco Bay Region*. Geologic Guidebook of the San Francisco Bay Counties, Bulletin 154. California Division of Mines, Ferry Building, San Francisco.

Butler, Phyllis Filiberti

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Fickewirth, Alvin A.

1992 *California Railroads*. Golden West Books, San Marino, CA.

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Gudde, Erwin G.

1969 *California Place Names: The Origin and Etymology of Current Geographical Names*. Third Edition. University of California Press, Berkeley and Los Angeles.

Hamman, Rick

1980 *California Central Coast Railways*. Pruett Publishing Company, Boulder, CO.

Hart, James D.

1987 *A Companion to California*. University of California Press, Berkeley and Los Angeles.

Helley, E.J., K.R. Lajoie, W.E. Spangle, and M.L. Blair

1979 *Flatland Deposits of the San Francisco Bay Region - Their Geology and Engineering Properties, and Their Importance to Comprehensive Planning*. Geological Survey Professional Paper 943. United States Geological Survey and Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Hoover, Mildred Brooke, Hero Eugene Rensch, and Ethel Rensch, revised by William N. Abeloe

1966 *Historic Spots in California*. Third Edition. Stanford University Press, Stanford, CA.

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Levy, Richard

1978 Costanoan. In *California*, edited by Robert F. Heizer, pp. 485-495. Handbook of North American Indians, vol. 8, William C. Sturtevant, general editor. Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C.

Milliken, Randall

1995 *A Time of Little Choice: The Disintegration of Tribal Culture in the San Francisco Bay Area 1769-1810*. Ballena Press Anthropological Papers No. 43, Menlo Park, CA.

Myers, William A. (editor)

1977 *Historic Civil Engineering Landmarks of San Francisco and Northern California*. Prepared by The History and Heritage Committee, San Francisco Section, American Society of Civil Engineers. Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Francisco, CA.

Nelson, Wendy J., Maureen Carpenter, and Julia G. Costello (Far Western Anthropological Research Group, Inc.; Foothill Resources, Ltd.)

2000 *Cultural Resources Survey for the Level (3) Communications Long Haul Fiber Optics Project, Segment WS05: San Jose to San Luis Obispo*. **NWIC Report S-022819**

Nichols, Donald R., and Nancy A. Wright

1971 Preliminary Map of Historic Margins of Marshland, San Francisco Bay, California. U.S. Geological Survey Open File Map. U.S. Department of the Interior, Geological Survey in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Washington, D.C.

Quackenbush, Margery, Editor

n.d. County Chronicles. Local History Studies; California History Center, Volume 9. Foothill Community College District and De Anza Evening College Commission.

Roberts, George, and Jan Roberts

1988 *Discover Historic California*. Gem Guides Book Co., Pico Rivera, CA.

Santa Clara County Historical Heritage Commission

1979 Heritage Resource Inventory: Santa Clara County. Santa Clara County Planning Department, San Jose, CA. (Reprint 1999).

Sikes, Nancy, Cindy Arrington, Bryon Bass, Chris Corey, Kevin Hunt, Steve O'Neil, Catherine Pruett, Tony Sawyer, Michael Tuma, Leslie Wagner, and Alex Wesson (SWCA Environmental Consultants)

2006 *Cultural Resources Final Report of Monitoring and Findings for the Qwest Network Construction Project, State of California*. **NWIC Report S-033061**

State of California Department of Parks and Recreation

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1988 *Five Views: An Ethnic Sites Survey for California*. State of California Department of
Parks and Recreation and Office of Historic Preservation, Sacramento.

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Office of Historic Preservation, Sacramento.

(SWCA Environmental Consultants)

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OH.

Woodbridge, Sally B.

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Francisco, CA.

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1984 *The WPA Guide to California*. Reprint by Pantheon Books, New York. (Originally
published as *California: A Guide to the Golden State* in 1939 by Books, Inc.,
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**Note that the Office of Historic Preservation's *Historic Properties Directory* includes National
Register, State Registered Landmarks, California Points of Historical Interest, and the California
Register of Historical Resources as well as Certified Local Government surveys that have
undergone Section 106 review.

