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San Luis Obispo
County Clerk-Recorder
Main Office: (805) 781-5080
Atascadero: (805) 461-6041
www.slovote.com

Receipt: 19-20077-C1

**Receipt corrected 6/14/19 3:47 PM by
jfbrown
20077-C1 - INCORRECT NUMBER OF
PAGES**

ProductName	Extended
FISH FISH AND WLDLIFE FILING	\$2,404.75
# Pages	51
Document #	40-06142019-173
Document Info: COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO	
Filing Type	ND
Total	\$2,404.75
Tender (On Account)	\$2,404.75
Account# CTY	
Account Name	JE except TX & DSS
Customer Name	PLANNING & BUILDING--COLLINS
Balance	\$8,830.25

PLEASE KEEP FOR REFERENCE

**6/14/19 3:07 PM jfbrown
San Luis Obispo**



State of California - Department of Fish and Wildlife
2019 ENVIRONMENTAL FILING FEE CASH RECEIPT
 DFW 753.5a (REV. 12/01/18) Previously DFG 753.5a

RECEIPT NUMBER:
 40-06142019-173
 STATE CLEARINGHOUSE NUMBER (If applicable)
 2019049036

SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON REVERSE. TYPE OR PRINT CLEARLY.

LEAD AGENCY COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO	LEAD AGENCY EMAIL hphipps@co.slo.ca.us	DATE 06/14/2019
COUNTY/STATE AGENCY OF FILING SAN LUIS OBISPO		DOCUMENT NUMBER

PROJECT TITLE
 HANS R. MICHEL/ COLLINS VINEYARDS, INC. MINOR USE PERMIT/ DRC2018-00046/ ED17-344

PROJECT APPLICANT NAME COLLINS VINEYARDS, IN C/ VINA ROBLES INC.	PROJECT APPLICANT EMAIL francisco@kirk-consulting.net	PHONE NUMBER (805) 461-5765
PROJECT APPLICANT ADDRESS 8830 MORRO RD	CITY ATASCADERO	STATE CA
		ZIP CODE 93422

PROJECT APPLICANT (Check appropriate box)

Local Public Agency
 School District
 Other Special District
 State Agency
 Private Entity

CHECK APPLICABLE FEES:

- Environmental Impact Report (EIR) \$3,271.00 \$ _____
- Mitigated/Negative Declaration (MND)(ND) \$2,364.75 \$ 2,364.75
- Certified Regulatory Program (CRP) document - payment due directly to CDFW \$1,112.00 \$ _____

Governor's Office of Planning & Research

JULY 02 2019

STATE CLEARINGHOUSE

- Exempt from fee
- Notice of Exemption (attach)
- CDFW No Effect Determination (attach)
- Fee previously paid (attach previously issued cash receipt copy)

- Water Right Application or Petition Fee (State Water Resources Control Board only) \$850.00 \$ _____
- County documentary handling fee \$ _____ \$ 50.00
- Other \$ _____

PAYMENT METHOD:

- Cash
 Credit
 Check
 Other
- TOTAL RECEIVED \$ 2,404.75

SIGNATURE 	AGENCY OF FILING PRINTED NAME AND TITLE Jamila Brown, Deputy County Clerk-Recorder
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Filed in County Clerk's Office
 Tommy Gong
 San Luis Obispo - County Clerk-Recorder
40-06142019-173
 06/14/2019
 FISH
 Pages: 51
 Fee: \$ 2404.75

By jfbrown, Deputy





Negative Declaration & Notice of Determination
COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & BUILDING

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION NO. ED Number 17-344

DATE: April 11, 2019

PROJECT/ENTITLEMENT: Collins Vineyards, Inc./ Vina Robles Inc. Minor Use Permit; DRC2018-00046

APPLICANT NAME: Collins Vineyards, Inc./ Vina Robles Inc.

Email: Francisco@kirk-consulting.net

ADDRESS: 8830 Morro Rd, Atascadero, CA, 93422

CONTACT PERSON: Kirk Consulting

Telephone: 805-461-5765

PROPOSED USES/INTENT: Request by Hans R. Michel/Collins Vineyard Inc. for a Minor Use Permit to allow for seasonal/temporary parking during permitted activities at the Vina Robles Amphitheatre up to 50 times a year. The temporary parking will be located on a 5-acre area within a 79-acre property (APN 026-211-011). The parking area will be utilized during permitted events and activities held at the Vina Robles Amphitheatre (025-701-006) that is located within the Paso Robles City limits. The project will result in 5-acres of site disturbance that will include scraping of the existing dirt and the application of 2"- 4" of "Red Rock" base.

LOCATION: The project is located on the south side of Mill Road, at 3825 Mill Road, directly south of the city limits of Paso Robles in the North County planning area, El Pomar- Estrella sub area.

ENDORSED
FILED

LEAD AGENCY: County of San Luis Obispo
 Dept of Planning & Building
 976 Osos Street, Rm. 200
 San Luis Obispo, CA 93408-2040
 Website: <http://www.sloplanning.org>

JUN 14 2019

TOMMY GONG, COUNTY CLERK

[Signature]
DEPUTY CLERK

STATE CLEARINGHOUSE REVIEW: YES NO

OTHER POTENTIAL PERMITTING AGENCIES: California Department of Fish and Wildlife, Air Pollution Control District

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: Additional information pertaining to this Environmental Determination may be obtained by contacting the above Lead Agency address or (805)781-5600.

COUNTY "REQUEST FOR REVIEW" PERIOD ENDS AT4:30 p.m. (2 wks from above DATE)

30-DAY PUBLIC REVIEW PERIOD begins at the time of public notification

Notice of Determination		State Clearinghouse No. <u>2019 049036</u>	
This is to advise that the San Luis Obispo County <u>Planning Dept. Hearings</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lead Agency <input type="checkbox"/> Responsible Agency <u>approved</u> the above described project on <u>5/17/19</u> , and has made the following determinations regarding the above described project:			
The project will not have a significant effect on the environment. A Negative Declaration was prepared for this project pursuant to the provisions of CEQA. Mitigation measures and monitoring were made a condition of approval of the project. A Statement of Overriding Considerations was not adopted for this project. Findings were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQA.			
This is to certify that the Negative Declaration with comments and responses and record of project approval is available to the General Public at the 'Lead Agency' address above.			
<i>[Signature]</i>	Holly Phipps	<u>5/30/19</u>	County of San Luis Obispo
Signature	Project Manager Name	Date	Public Agency



Initial Study Summary – Environmental Checklist

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING
976 OSOS STREET • ROOM 200 • SAN LUIS OBISPO • CALIFORNIA 93408 • (805) 781-5600

(ver 5.10) Using Form

Project Title & No.

Hans R. Michel/Collins Vineyard Inc. Minor Use Permit / DRC2018-00046 / ED17-344

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The proposed project could have a "Potentially Significant Impact" for at least one of the environmental factors checked below. Please refer to the attached pages for discussion on mitigation measures or project revisions to either reduce these impacts to less than significant levels or require further study.

<input type="checkbox"/> Aesthetics	<input type="checkbox"/> Geology and Soils	<input type="checkbox"/> Recreation
<input type="checkbox"/> Agricultural Resources	<input type="checkbox"/> Hazards/Hazardous Materials	<input type="checkbox"/> Transportation/Circulation
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Air Quality	<input type="checkbox"/> Noise	<input type="checkbox"/> Wastewater
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Biological Resources	<input type="checkbox"/> Population/Housing	<input type="checkbox"/> Water /Hydrology
<input type="checkbox"/> Cultural Resources	<input type="checkbox"/> Public Services/Utilities	<input type="checkbox"/> Land Use

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation, the Environmental Coordinator finds that:

- The proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- The proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- The proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
- Although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Holly Phipps (hhipps@co.slo.ca.us)

March 25, 2019

Prepared by (Print)

Signature

Steven McMasters

Ellen Carroll,
Environmental Coordinator

3/27/19

Reviewed by (Print)

Signature

Governor's Office of Planning & Research
(for) Date

JULY 02 2019



Project Environmental Analysis

The County's environmental review process incorporates all of the requirements for completing the Initial Study as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines. The Initial Study includes staff's on-site inspection of the project site and surroundings and a detailed review of the information in the file for the project. In addition, available background information is reviewed for each project. Relevant information regarding soil types and characteristics, geologic information, significant vegetation and/or wildlife resources, water availability, wastewater disposal services, existing land uses and surrounding land use categories and other information relevant to the environmental review process are evaluated for each project. Exhibit A includes the references used, as well as the agencies or groups that were contacted as a part of the Initial Study. The County Planning Department uses the checklist to summarize the results of the research accomplished during the initial environmental review of the project.

Persons, agencies or organizations interested in obtaining more information regarding the environmental review process for a project should contact the County of San Luis Obispo Planning Department, 976 Osos Street, Rm. 200, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93408-2040 or call (805) 781-5600.

A. PROJECT

DESCRIPTION: Request by Hans R. Michel/Collins Vineyard Inc. for a Minor Use Permit to allow for a seasonal/temporary parking area, to be used during permitted activities at the Vina Robles Amphitheatre (located within the City of Paso Robles) up to 50 times a year. The parking area (Figure 1) will be located on a 5-acre portion of a 79-acre property. The property is owned by Collins Vineyards, Inc. which shares the same ownership as Vina Robles, Inc. The project will result in 5-acres of site disturbance that will include scraping of the existing dirt and the application of 2"- 4" of rock base. The project is located at 3825 Mill Road, southeast of the Vina Robles event parking area, east of the City of Paso Robles (Figure 2), in the El Pomar Estrella Sub Area of the North County planning area.

Figure 1.

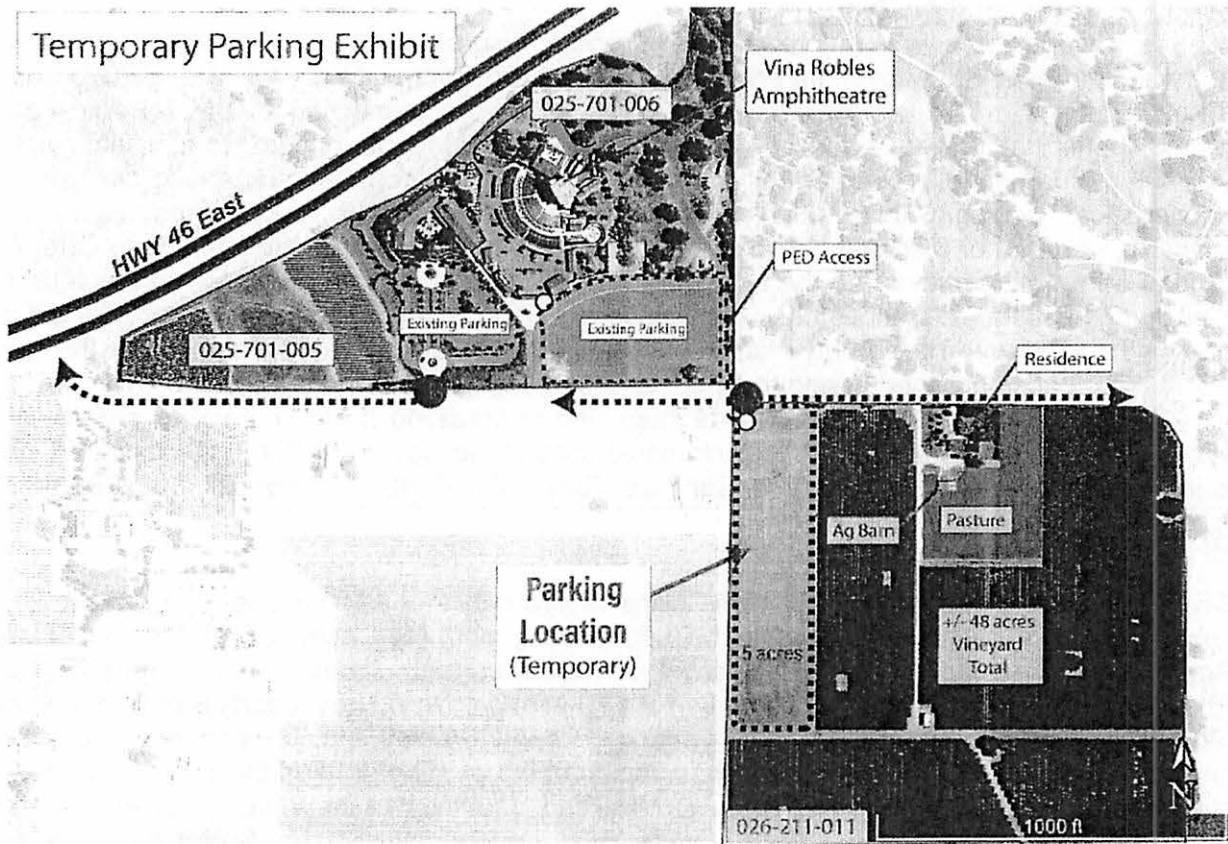
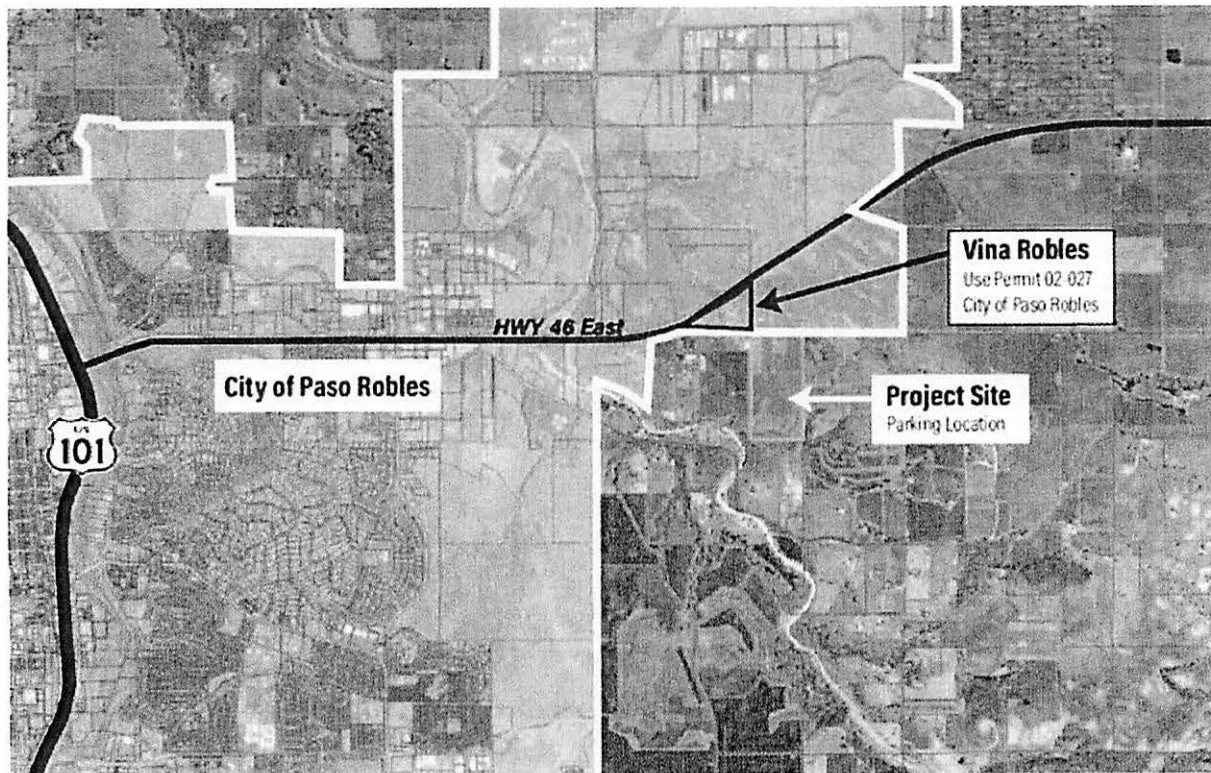


Figure 2. Vicinity Map



Background:

The proposed parking area is currently being used for storage of ag equipment and material, employee parking and seasonal event parking. Per County Land Use Ordinance Section 22.30.580 Temporary Uses are allowed in conjunction with a project authorized by an approved land use or grading plan. The Minor Use permit and Grading permit will bring the temporary event parking lot into conformance.

The proposed temporary parking is a component of the Vina Robles Amphitheatre's effort to provide safe access and parking for amphitheatre guests. The offsite parking area is located east of the existing Vina Robles parking lot ingress/egress in order to allow vehicles exiting the temporary parking area to turn right onto Mill Road (east) with minimal obstruction and proceed through the alternative exit route. This parking area will reduce the pressure on Highway 46 and reduce vehicle stacking on Mill Road. An additional benefit is that the parking area will ensure there is adequate overflow parking in close proximity to the venue area.

Vina Robles Amphitheatre is located within the City of Paso Robles at 3800 Mill Road at the intersection of Highway 46 East and Mill Road. A Master Development Plan (PD 02-002 and CUP 02-027) for the Vina Robles Hospitality Center was approved by the Paso Robles Planning Commission on March 11, 2003 authorizing the following uses:

- An 8,000 sq. ft. winery with tanks and barrel storage (Wine Tasting / Hospitality Center)
- 80 units of transient lodging facilities (60 unit hotel and 10 duplex bungalows)
- A 5,000 Square foot spa building for use by Resort guests
- Tennis Courts for use by Resort guests

In August of 2011 Vina Robles, Inc. received approval of a second Conditional Use Permit (CUP 11-004) (Resolution No. 11-020 from the City) to modify the previously approved Master Development Plan and CUP (PD 02-002 and CUP 02-027) to allow a 3,300 seat amphitheatre, relocation of the previously approved hotel and ancillary buildings and other minor modifications at the Vina Robles Hospitality Center. Ancillary buildings include an "artist compound", entrance gate and admissions building, security and first aid building, food and beverage sales booths, and restrooms. The winery and spa facility were removed from the proposed development to accommodate the amphitheatre, most of the ancillary buildings have been constructed, the Hotel complex has not been built.

Amphitheatre Events:

The amphitheatre is approved to host a maximum of 50 events per year and is designed to accommodate "capacity" events with attendance of 3,300 guests. Based on the project conditions of approval the amphitheatre may host up to ten (10) capacity events (3,300 attendees) per year and forty (40) average events (1,750 attendees) per year.

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER(S): 026-211-011

Latitude: 35 degrees 38' 27" N Longitude: 120 degrees 37' 31" W

SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT # 1

B. EXISTING SETTING

PLAN AREA: North County

SUB: El Pomar/Estrella

COMM: NA

LAND USE CATEGORY: Agriculture

COMB. DESIGNATION: Airport Review

PARCEL SIZE: 79 acres

TOPOGRAPHY: Gently sloping

VEGETATION: Vineyards (48 acres), pasture (2 acres)

EXISTING USES: Agricultural barn, and a single family residence

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

<i>North:</i> City of Paso Robles, Vina Robles, Hunter Ranch Golf Course	<i>East:</i> Agriculture; agricultural uses
<i>South:</i> Agriculture; agricultural uses	<i>West:</i> Agriculture; agricultural uses



C. ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

During the Initial Study process, at least one issue was identified as having a potentially significant environmental effects (see following Initial Study). Those potentially significant items associated with the proposed uses can be minimized to less than significant levels.



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1. AESTHETICS	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
<i>Will the project:</i>				
a) Create an aesthetically incompatible site open to public view?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Introduce a use within a scenic view open to public view?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Change the visual character of an area?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Create glare or night lighting, which may affect surrounding areas?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Impact unique geological or physical features?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) Other: _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Aesthetics

Setting.

The proposed temporary parking will be located on a 5-acre area within a 79-acre property (APN 026-211-011). The parking area will be utilized during permitted events and activities held at the Vina Robles Amphitheatre which is a temporary use. No structures will be built. The project site is visible from a public roadway (Mill Road). The project is considered compatible with the surrounding uses. Vina Robles has a dirt parking lot located on the north side of Mill Road.

Impact. No significant visual impacts are expected to occur.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No mitigation measures are necessary.

2. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Convert prime agricultural land, per NRCS soil classification, to non-agricultural use?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to non-agricultural use?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Impair agricultural use of other property or result in conversion to other uses?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or Williamson Act program?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Agricultural Resources

Setting. The existing uses on the parcel include ~48 acre of vineyards and ~ 2 acres of pasture, and agricultural barn, and a single-family residence. The temporary parking area is proposed on the northwest corner of the property in an area under 10 percent slope and is typically void of vegetation in the summer time. Vineyards were previously planted in this area but were removed in 2012. This area since then has been used for temporary storage and staging of ag equipment and material and employee parking.

Project Elements. The following area-specific elements relate to the property's importance for agricultural production:

Land Use Category: Agriculture

Historic/Existing Commercial Crops: Yes; Grape Varietal

State Classification: Not prime farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance

In Agricultural Preserve? Yes; El Pomar AG Preserve Area

Under Williamson Act contract? No

The soil type(s) and characteristics on the subject property include:

Arbuckle-Positas complex (9 - 15 % slope).

Arbuckle. This gently to moderately sloping coarse loamy soil is considered moderately drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class III when irrigated.

Positas. This gently to moderately sloping coarse loamy soil is considered very poorly drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class III when irrigated.

Arbuckle-Positas complex, (30 - 50 % slope) .



Arbuckle. This steeply sloping soil is considered moderately drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: steep slopes, slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class IV when irrigated.

Positas. This steeply sloping soil is considered very poorly drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: steep slopes, slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class IV when irrigated.

Arbuckle-Positas complex (50 - 75 % slope).

Arbuckle. This very steeply sloping soil is considered moderately drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: steep slopes, slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class IV when irrigated.

Positas. This very steeply sloping soil is considered very poorly drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: steep slopes, slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class IV when irrigated.

Arbuckle-San Ysidro complex (2 - 9% slope).

Arbuckle. This gently sloping coarse loamy soil is considered moderately drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class II when irrigated.

San Ysidro. This gently sloping coarse loamy soil is considered moderately to well drained. The soil has high erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: slow percolation. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class II when irrigated.

Sesame sandy loam (9 - 30 % slope). This moderately sloping, coarse loamy soil is considered not well drained. The soil has moderate erodibility and low shrink-swell characteristics, as well as having potential septic system constraints due to: steep slopes, shallow depth to bedrock. The soil is considered Class IV without irrigation and Class IV when irrigated.

Impact. The seasonal/temporary parking that will be located on a 5-acre area within a 79-acre property. The primary use on the property is the agricultural use. The proposed parking area is a temporary use that can be restored back into ag uses once the temporary parking ceases.

Dr. Lowell Zelinski, Precision Ag Consulting, analyzed the native soils on the site and the proposed Red Rock base material and determined that the Red Rock material would have no impacts or very minimal impacts to the native soil. Dr. Zelinski concluded the following: *...“since the Red Rock base material is actually similar to the Arbuckle soil (the Arbuckle soil is much lower in gravel-size material) the addition of Red Rock base material should pose no limitations to grape production (and potentially other crops), if adequate soil preparation is completed prior to planting. The most important soil preparation practice that should be performed is deep ripping and mixing of the surface soil. This practice would blend the Red Rock material with the native soil and the impact on crop growth would be either non-existent or very minimal.”*

The project was referred to the Department of Agriculture (Lynda Auchinachie, May 4, 2018). No significant impacts to agricultural resources are anticipated. The Agriculture Department recommends restoration of the site once the temporary parking uses ceases.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No mitigation measures are necessary. The project has been conditioned, as

recommended by the Ag Department to restore the site once the temporary parking use ceases.

3. AIR QUALITY

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Violate any state or federal ambient air quality standard, or exceed air quality emission thresholds as established by County Air Pollution Control District?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Expose any sensitive receptor to substantial air pollutant concentrations?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Create or subject individuals to objectionable odors?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Be inconsistent with the District's Clean Air Plan?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant either considered in non-attainment under applicable state or federal ambient air quality standards that are due to increased energy use or traffic generation, or intensified land use change?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

GREENHOUSE GASES

f) <i>Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g) <i>Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Air Quality

Setting. The 5-acre parking (project located within the County's purview) area is currently being used for storage of ag equipment and material, employee parking and seasonal event parking. The Vina Robles project (located with the City's purview) was approved in and by the City of Paso Robles with sole access to State Route 46 (SR 46) via the City maintained section of Mill Road. Congestion at the intersection SR 46 at Mill Road associated with project events resulted in Vina Robles coordinating with adjacent property owners to open a secondary access from the project site easterly on Mill Road to a private driveway (approximately 1,320 feet easterly from the County/City limits), then southerly on private agricultural access roads to Union Road. The opening of this secondary access resulted in numerous dust and traffic complaints from residents living along the County maintained section of Mill Road. To address concerns, Public Works issued an encroachment permit to Vina Robles for providing ongoing event traffic control and dust control over the 1,320 foot County maintained section of Mill Road

(ENC2017-0365), and a one-time encroachment permit to grade this same road section (ENC2017-0264).

If, in the future, the City requires the applicant to pave the section of Mill Road that is within the City jurisdiction, Public Works is recommending the applicant pave the County maintained section of Mill Road from the County/City limits easterly approximately 1,320-feet to the A-1 rural road standard. Regardless, the applicant must remain compliant with ENC2017-0365, which is void upon "failure to prevent dust migration or excessive complaints." (David E. Grim, December 5, 2018).

The project proposes to disturb soils that have been given a wind erodibility rating of 3-5, which is considered "moderately low to moderate".

The Air Pollution Control District (APCD) has developed and updated their CEQA Air Quality Handbook (2012) to evaluate project specific impacts and help determine if air quality mitigation measures are needed, or if potentially significant impacts could result. To evaluate long-term emissions, cumulative effects, and establish countywide programs to reach acceptable air quality levels, a Clean Air Plan has been adopted (prepared by APCD).

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions are said to result in an increase in the earth's average surface temperature. This is commonly referred to as global warming. The rise in global temperature is associated with long-term changes in precipitation, temperature, wind patterns, and other elements of the earth's climate system. This is also known as climate change. These changes are now thought to be broadly attributed to GHG emissions, particularly those emissions that result from the human production and use of fossil fuels.

The passage of AB32, the California Global Warming Solutions Act (2006), recognized the need to reduce GHG emissions and set the greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal for the State of California into law. The law required that by 2020, State emissions must be reduced to 1990 levels. This is to be accomplished by reducing greenhouse gas emissions from significant sources via regulation, market mechanisms, and other actions. Subsequent legislation (e.g., SB97-Greenhouse Gas Emissions bill) directed the California Air Resources Board (CARB) to develop statewide thresholds.

In March 2012, the San Luis Obispo County Air Pollution Control District (APCD) approved thresholds for GHG emission impacts, and these thresholds have been incorporated the APCD's CEQA Air Quality Handbook. APCD determined that a tiered process for residential / commercial land use projects was the most appropriate and effective approach for assessing the GHG emission impacts. The tiered approach includes three methods, any of which can be used for any given project:

1. Qualitative GHG Reduction Strategies (e.g. Climate Action Plans): A qualitative threshold that is consistent with AB 32 Scoping Plan measures and goals; or,
2. Bright-Line Threshold: Numerical value to determine the significance of a project's annual GHG emissions; or,
3. Efficiency-Based Threshold: Assesses the GHG impacts of a project on an emissions per capita basis.

For most projects the Bright-Line Threshold of 1,150 Metric Tons CO₂/year (MT CO₂e/yr) will be the most applicable threshold. In addition to the residential/commercial threshold options proposed above, a bright-line numerical value threshold of 10,000 MT CO₂e/yr was adopted for stationary source (industrial) projects.

It should be noted that projects that generate less than the above mentioned thresholds will also participate in emission reductions because air emissions, including GHGs, are under the purview of the California Air Resources Board (or other regulatory agencies) and will be "regulated" either by CARB, the Federal Government, or other entities. For example, new vehicles will be subject to increased fuel economy standards and emission reductions, large and small appliances will be subject to more strict emissions standards, and energy delivered to consumers will increasingly come from renewable

sources. Other programs that are intended to reduce the overall GHG emissions include Low Carbon Fuel Standards, Renewable Portfolio standards and the Clean Car standards. As a result, even the emissions that result from projects that produce fewer emissions than the threshold will be subject to emission reductions.

Under CEQA, an individual project's GHG emissions will generally not result in direct significant impacts. This is because the climate change issue is global in nature. However, an individual project could be found to contribute to a potentially significant cumulative impact. Projects that have GHG emissions above the noted thresholds may be considered cumulatively considerable and require mitigation.

Impact. The proposed parking lot (that is currently used as dirt parking lot) will be layered with a red rock base. The seasonal/temporary parking will be located on a 5-acre area within a 79-acre property. The project will include the application of 2" to 4" of red rock base material that will be placed on top and mixed with the existing soil.

From an operational standpoint, based on Table 1-1 of the CEQA Air Quality Handbook (2012), the project will not exceed operational thresholds triggering mitigation. The project is consistent with the general level of development anticipated and projected in the Clean Air Plan. No significant air quality impacts are expected to occur.

Using the GHG threshold information described in the Setting section, the project is expected to generate less than the Bright-Line Threshold of 1,150 metric tons of GHG emissions. Therefore, the project's potential direct and cumulative GHG emissions are found to be less significant and less than a cumulatively considerable contribution to GHG emissions. Section 15064(h)(2) of the CEQA Guidelines provide guidance on how to evaluate cumulative impacts. If it is shown that an incremental contribution to a cumulative impact, such as global climate change, is not 'cumulatively considerable', no mitigation is required. Because this project's emissions fall under the threshold, no mitigation is required.

The project may result in nuisance dust from the parking lot during the temporary events. Rock tends to work well initially, but overtime vehicular traffic grinds the rock producing a reservoir of fine particulate that can loft with traffic (Air Pollution Control District, Andrew Mutziger, email dated December 18, 2018). APCD recommends that conditions be added to the project to ensure long term efficacy of dust control.

The parking lot will accommodate existing use and reduce idling time of vehicles leaving events.

Mitigation/Conclusion. As required by ordinance for fugitive dust control all surfaces and materials shall be managed to ensure that fugitive dust emissions are adequately controlled to below the 20% opacity limit, identified in the APCD's 401 "Visible Emissions" rule and to ensure that dust is not emitted offsite. This applies to surfaces that will be graded, that are currently being graded, or that have been graded; and to all materials, whether filled, excavated, transported or stockpiled.

To minimize nuisance dust APCD, recommends the following mitigation measures for unpaved parking lot:

- a. Maintain the parking area with a dust suppressant as needed (See Technical Appendix 4.3 of the APCD's CEQA Handbook for a list of APCD-approved suppressants) such that fugitive dust emissions do not exceed the APCD 20% opacity limit for greater than 3 minutes in any 60 minute period (APCD Rule 401) or prompt nuisance violations (APCD Rule 402). The use of water trucks may be considered for fugitive dust emissions, however, since water use is a concern during drought conditions, the project proponent shall minimize the reliance of water as a dust mitigation measure.



- b. Require vehicles to reduce speed on the unpaved roads, driveways, and/or parking area to no more than 5 mph.
- c. The project proponent shall assign a responsible person to answer complaints, make necessary short-term mitigation measure adjustments, and determine long-term mitigation measures adjustments to ensure continued mitigation efficacy. The project proponent shall strategically post signs with the mitigation monitor's name and phone number so that nearby neighbors and event participants can easily register complaints.

Impacts to air quality are considered less than significant with the above mitigation and ordinance standards.

4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Result in a loss of unique or special status species* or their habitats?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Reduce the extent, diversity or quality of native or other important vegetation?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Impact wetland or riparian habitat?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Interfere with the movement of resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or factors, which could hinder the normal activities of wildlife?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Conflict with any regional plans or policies to protect sensitive species, or regulations of the California Department of Fish & Wildlife or U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

* Species – as defined in Section 15380 of the CEQA Guidelines, which includes all plant and wildlife species that fall under the category of rare, threatened or endangered, as described in this section.

Biological Resources

Setting. The following are existing elements on or near the proposed project relating to potential biological concerns:

On-site Vegetation: Herbaceous, agriculture, tree, and urban built up

Name and distance from blue line creek(s): An unnamed "blue line" tributary to the Huerhuero Creek courses through the subject property. An unnamed NHD Lake/Pond is located approximately 1,440 feet from project site.

Habitat(s): None

The Natural Diversity Database (or other biological references) identified the following species potentially existing within approximately one mile of the proposed project:

Vegetation:

Lemmon's jewelflower (*Caulanthus lemmonii*) List 1B

The potential for the Lemmon's jewelflower (*Caulanthus lemmonii*) has been identified about 1 mile to the west. This annual herb is generally found in pinyon and juniper woodland and valley and foothill grassland areas between the 80 and 1,220-meter elevation (260 to 4,265 feet). It has a blooming period of March-May. The Lemmon's jewelflower is considered rare by CNPS (List 1B, RED 2-2-3).

Shining navarretia (*Navarretia nigelliformis* ssp. *radians*) List 1B

The project is potentially within an area known to support the shining navarretia (*Navarretia nigelliformis* ssp. *radians*). This annual herb is found in cismontane woodland, valley and foothill grasslands and vernal pool areas between the 200 and 1000-meter elevations (650 to 3,280 feet). The typical blooming period is May-July. The shining navarretia is considered rare by CNPS (List 1B, RED 2-2-3).

Wildlife:

San Joaquin kit fox (*Vulpes macrotis mutica*) FE, ST

The California Natural Diversity Database identified this area as important habitat for the San Joaquin Kit Fox, a federally listed endangered species and a state listed threatened species. The kit fox is uncommon to rare. They reside in arid regions of the southern half of the state. A usually nocturnal mammal, kit fox live in annual grasslands or grassy open stages of vegetation dominated by scattered brush, shrubs, and scrub. Kit foxes primarily are carnivorous, subsisting on black-tailed jackrabbits and desert cottontails, rodents (especially kangaroo rats and ground squirrels), insects, reptiles, and some birds, bird eggs, and vegetation. Their cover is provided by dens they dig in open, level areas with loose-textured, sandy and loamy soils. Pups are born in these dens in February through April. Pups are weaned at about 4-5 months. Some agricultural areas may support these foxes. Potential predators are coyotes, large hawks and owls, eagles, and bobcats. Cultivation has eliminated much of the kit fox habitat in the project vicinity. Kit foxes are vulnerable to many human activities, such as hunting, use of rodenticides and other poisons, off-road vehicles, and trapping

The project site occurs within the Carrizo Vernal Pool Region, as designated by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife. Furthermore, the project site is in an area designated as critical habitat for the vernal pool fairy shrimp (*Branchinecta lynchi*), a small aquatic crustacean that is listed as a federal threatened species and is associated with vernal pool habitat.

Impact. A site visit of the project site was made by staff to inspect the project site's topography for the potential to support vernal pool habitat (e.g., low-elevation areas, depressions, natural or man-made ponded areas, etc.). During a field inspection, the project area's topography was inspected for the potential to support vernal pools (e.g., low-lying areas, natural or man-made ponding areas, etc.).

The proposed temporary parking lot would be located in an area formerly used for vineyards and currently consists of bare highly impacted and compacted soils with minimal non-native grasses predominantly surrounded by active agriculture. This area has been used for event parking that has resulted in the hard packed dirt. There are no trees on the project site.

Other than agriculture, dominant habitat types within a 10-mile radius of the project site primarily consist of annual grassland interspersed with coyote brush (*Baccharis pilularis*) and blue oak (*Quercus douglasii*).

At this time, no evidence of vernal pools or potential areas for ponded water was observed in areas that would be affected by the proposed project. Additionally, there is no evidence of shining navarretia or



Lemmon's jewelflower and the disturbed and impacted nature of the site is not expected to support these species.

The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for Collins Vineyard, Inc. / Vina Robles Inc. / Minor Use Permit DRC2018-00046, on June 11, 2018 by Terra – Verde indicates the project will impact 5 acres of San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The evaluation form was reviewed by Brandon Sanderson of the California Department of Fish and Game on July 2, 2018. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Sanderson changes, resulted in a score of 76 which requires that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of 3:1 acres conserved for each acre impacted 15 acres. Total compensatory mitigation required for the project is 15 acres, based on 3 times 5 acres impacted. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the proposed project only; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.

Mitigation. Compensatory mitigation required for the proposed parking area is 15 acres, based on 3 times 5 acres impacted. The applicant would be required to mitigate the loss of 15 acres of San Joaquin kit fox habitat by one of the following ways:

- ✓ Deposit of funds to an approved in-lieu fee program;
- ✓ provide for the protection of kit foxes in perpetuity through acquisition of fee or conservation easement of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area; or
- ✓ purchase credits in an approved conservation bank.

To prevent inadvertent harm to kit fox, the applicant has agreed to retain a biologist for a pre-construction survey, a pre-construction briefing for contractors, and monitoring activities in addition to implementing cautionary construction measures. Implementation of identified mitigation measures would mitigate potential impacts to biological resources to less than significant. These mitigation measures are listed in detail in Exhibit B Mitigation Summary Table.

5. CULTURAL RESOURCES

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Disturb archaeological resources?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Disturb historical resources?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Disturb paleontological resources?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Cause a substantial adverse change to a Tribal Cultural Resource?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Cultural Resources

Setting. The project is located in an area historically occupied by the Salinan/ Chumash. No historic structures are present and no paleontological resources are known to exist in the area.

Within ¼ mile of the subject property, 1 report was prepared which identified archaeological resources present, and 1 report showing no resources encountered. Potential for the presence or regular activities of the Native American increases in close proximity to reliable water sources. The project is greater than 300 feet (~ 1,490 feet) of a blue line creek.

In order to meet AB52 Cultural Resources requirements, outreach to four Native American tribes groups

had been conducted (Northern Salinan, Xolon Salinan, Yak Tityu Tityu Northern Chumash, and the Northern Chumash Tribal Council). Results of a record research was requested and sent to Northern Chumash Tribe (Fred Collins). No additional information was requested.

Impact. The project is not located in an area that would be considered culturally sensitive due to lack of physical features typically associated with prehistoric occupation. Per AB52, tribal consultation was performed, and no resources were identified. Impacts to historical or paleontological resources are not expected.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant impacts on cultural resource would occur. In the event of an unanticipated discovery of archeological resources during earth-moving activities, compliance with compliance with the Land Use Ordinance would ensure potential impacts would be reduced to less than significant. Therefore, no additional mitigation is necessary.

6. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Result in exposure to or production of unstable earth conditions, such as landslides, earthquakes, liquefaction, ground failure, land subsidence or other similar hazards?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Be within a California Geological Survey "Alquist-Priolo" Earthquake Fault Zone", or other known fault zones*?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Result in soil erosion, topographic changes, loss of topsoil or unstable soil conditions from project-related improvements, such as vegetation removal, grading, excavation, or fill?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Include structures located on expansive soils?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Be inconsistent with the goals and policies of the County's Safety Element relating to Geologic and Seismic Hazards?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) <i>Preclude the future extraction of valuable mineral resources?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g) <i>Other: _____</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

* Per Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication #42

Setting. The following relates to the project's geologic aspects or conditions:

Topography: Gently sloping

Within County's Geologic Study Area?: No

Landslide Risk Potential: Low to moderate

Liquefaction Potential: Low to high
 Nearby potentially active faults?: No Distance? Not applicable
 Area known to contain serpentine or ultramafic rock or soils?: No
 Shrink/Swell potential of soil: Low
 Other notable geologic features? None

Geology and Soils

The project is not within the Geologic Study area designation or within a high liquefaction area and is not subject to the preparation of a geological report per the County’s Land Use Ordinance [LUO section 22.14.070 (c), to evaluate the area’s geological stability.

A sedimentation and erosion control plan is required for all construction and grading projects (LUO Sec. 22.52.120) to minimize these impacts. When required, the plan is prepared by a civil engineer to address both temporary and long-term sedimentation and erosion impacts.

Impact. As proposed, the project will result in the application of 2” to 4” of Red Rock material on a 5-acre area within a 79 acre property.

Mitigation/Conclusion. There is no evidence that measures above what will already be required by ordinance or codes are needed.

7. HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) Create a hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) Create a hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within ¼-mile of an existing or proposed school?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) Be located on, or adjacent to, a site which is included on a list of hazardous material/waste sites compiled pursuant to Gov’t Code 65962.5 (“Cortese List”), and result in an adverse public health condition?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) Impair implementation or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

7. HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
f) <i>If within the Airport Review designation, or near a private airstrip, result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g) <i>Increase fire hazard risk or expose people or structures to high wildland fire hazard conditions?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h) <i>Be within a 'very high' fire hazard severity zone?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
i) <i>Be within an area classified as a 'state responsibility' area as defined by CalFire?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
j) <i>Other: _____</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Hazards and Hazardous Materials

Setting. The project is not located in an area of known hazardous material contamination. The project is not within a severity risk area for fire. The project is within the Airport Review area.

With regards to potential fire hazards, the subject project is not within Fire Hazard Severity Zone(s). Based on the County's fire response time map, it will take approximately 0-10 minutes to respond to a call regarding fire or life safety. Refer to the Public Services section for further discussion on Fire Safety impacts.

Impact. The project does not propose the use of hazardous materials, nor the generation of hazardous wastes. The proposed project is not found on the 'Cortese List' (which is a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5). The project does not present a significant fire safety risk. The project is not expected to conflict with any regional emergency response or evacuation plan. The proposed project does not appear to create any additional noise, safety, airspace projection, or overflight.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant impacts as a result of hazards or hazardous materials are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

8. NOISE

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Expose people to noise levels that exceed the County Noise Element thresholds?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Generate permanent increases in the ambient noise levels in the project vicinity?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

8. NOISE

<i>Will the project:</i>	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
c) <i>Cause a temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise in the project vicinity?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Expose people to severe noise or vibration?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>If located within the Airport Review designation or adjacent to a private airstrip, expose people residing or working in the project area to severe noise levels?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Noise

Setting. The project is not within close proximity of loud noise sources, and will not conflict with any sensitive noise receptors (e.g., residences). Based on the Noise Element's projected future noise generation from known stationary and vehicle-generated noise sources, the project is within an acceptable threshold area.

The project is within the Airport Review designation and the area is subject to relatively low aircraft flyovers.

Impact. The project is not expected to generate loud noises, nor conflict with the surrounding uses.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant noise impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

9. POPULATION/HOUSING

<i>Will the project:</i>	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Induce substantial growth in an area either directly (e.g., construct new homes or businesses) or indirectly (e.g., extension of major infrastructure)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Displace existing housing or people, requiring construction of replacement housing elsewhere?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Create the need for substantial new housing in the area?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

11. RECREATION

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
<i>Will the project:</i>				
a) <i>Increase the use or demand for parks or other recreation opportunities?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Affect the access to trails, parks or other recreation opportunities?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Other _____</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Recreation

Setting.

Based on the County Trails Map, the project is within reasonably close proximity to the Shandon to Barney Schwartz and the Salinas River Trail.

Impact. The proposed project will not create a significant need for additional park, Natural Area, and/or recreational resources.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant recreation impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

12. TRANSPORTATION/CIRCULATION

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
<i>Will the project:</i>				
a) <i>Increase vehicle trips to local or areawide circulation system?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Reduce existing "Level of Service" on public roadway(s)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Create unsafe conditions on public roadways (e.g., limited access, design features, sight distance, slow vehicles)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Provide for adequate emergency access?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Conflict with an established measure of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system considering all modes of transportation (e.g. LOS, mass transit, etc.)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) <i>Conflict with an applicable congestion management program?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

12. TRANSPORTATION/CIRCULATION

<i>Will the project:</i>	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
g) Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h) Result in a change in air traffic patterns that may result in substantial safety risks?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
i) Other: _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Transportation

Setting. The County has established the acceptable Level of Service (LOS) on roads for this [urban area as “D” or better] [rural area as “C” or better]. The existing road network in the area (Mill Road) is operating at acceptable levels.

Referrals were sent to County Public Works. No significant traffic-related concerns were identified. Dust concerns area identified on Mill Road. Refer to Air Quality Section 3.

Airport Review Combining Designation. The project is within the County’s Airport Review combining designation (AR). The AR is used to recognize and minimize the potential conflict between new development around the Paso Robles Municipal Airport and the ability of aircraft to safely and efficiently maneuver to and from this airport. This includes additional standards relating to limiting structure/vegetation heights as well as avoiding airport operation conflicts (e.g., exterior lighting, radio/electronic interference, etc.). The Airport Land Use Plan (ALUP) provides guidance for and limitations to the type of development allowed within the AR designation. Per the ALUP, the proposed use is considered “compatible”. The project was reviewed by the Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) on April 24, 2018. No comments were received. All projects within the AR designation are required to obtain an aviation easement to secure avigable airspace.

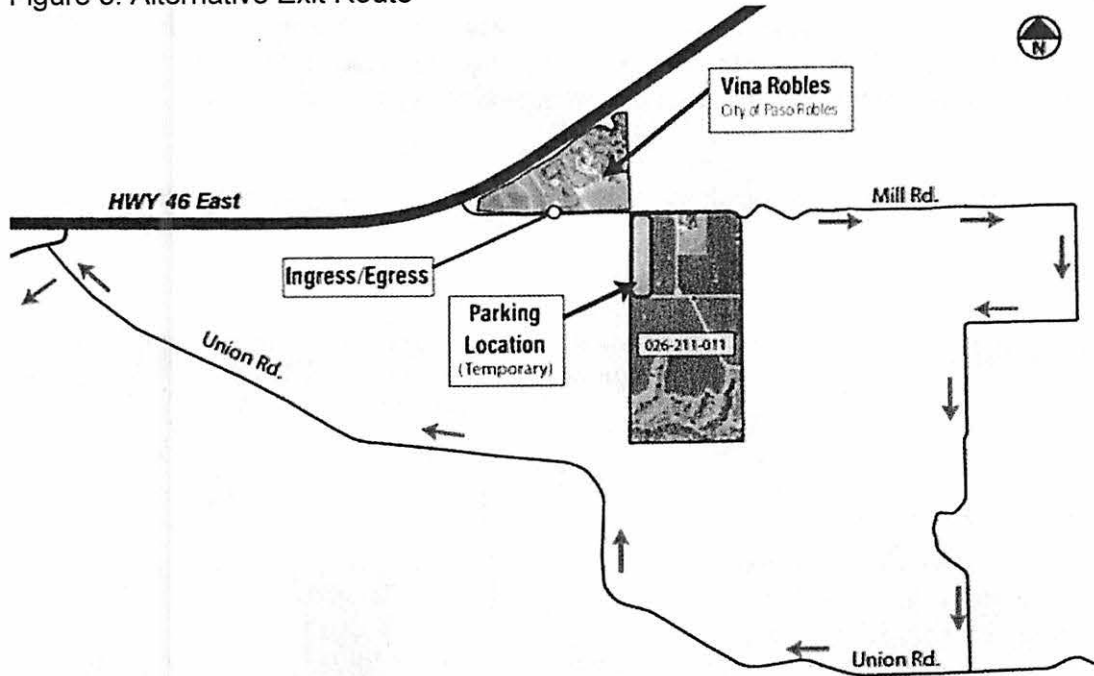
In early 2017 Vina Robles Amphitheatre consulted with engineering, surveying, construction, and traffic control professionals as well as Cal Fire, the County of San Luis Obispo and the City of Paso Robles to explore the use of Mill Road (east) as a secondary exit road for amphitheatre traffic. The purpose was to provide a secondary exit from the amphitheatre back into Paso Robles that did not exit onto Highway 46, thereby reducing the number of vehicles exiting onto Highway 46 and reducing traffic back-ups on Mill Road and slow-downs on Highway 46.

In 2017 Vina Robles, Inc. received approval of two encroachment permits from the San Luis Obispo County Public Works Department. The permits included minor physical improvements to Mill Road (east) (ENC20170264) and a Traffic Control and Management Plan (ENC20170365), including temporary event signage within the public right-of-way, which would be installed on Mill Road (east) when used as an exit route for concerts. The Mill Road (east) exit route is currently being used for approximately 20 – 25 concerts per year.

As stated previously, the proposed temporary parking is one more component of the greater operations plan to provide safe access and parking for amphitheatre guests. The offsite parking area has been strategically located to the east of the existing Vina Robles parking lot ingress/egress in order to allow vehicles exiting the temporary parking area to turn right onto Mill Road (east) with minimal obstruction

and proceed through the alternative exit route, see Figure 3. This parking area will reduce the pressure on Highway 46 and reduce vehicle stacking on Mill Road. Another added benefit is that the temporary parking area will ensure there is adequate parking in close proximity to the venue.

Figure 3. Alternative Exit Route



Impact. Public Works did not identify any significant traffic concerns (David Grim, December 5, 2018). The project does not conflict with adopted policies, plans and programs on transportation.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant traffic impacts were identified, and no mitigation measures above what are already required by ordinance are necessary.

13. WASTEWATER

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a) <i>Violate waste discharge requirements or Central Coast Basin Plan criteria for wastewater systems?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Change the quality of surface or ground water (e.g., nitrogen-loading, day-lighting)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Adversely affect community wastewater service provider?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Wastewater

Setting.

Regulations and guidelines on proper wastewater system design and criteria are found within the County's Plumbing Code (hereafter CPC; see Chapter 7 of the Building and Construction Ordinance [Title 19]), the "Water Quality Control Plan, Central Coast Basin" (Regional Water Quality Control Board [RWQCB] hereafter referred to as the "Basin Plan"), and the California Plumbing Code. These regulations include specific requirements for both on-site and community wastewater systems. These regulations are applied to all new wastewater systems. No wastewater systems proposed.

Impacts/Mitigation.

Groundwater quality impacts are considered less than significant no mitigation measures are necessary.

14. WATER & HYDROLOGY

Will the project:

	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
QUALITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
a) <i>Violate any water quality standards?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Discharge into surface waters or otherwise alter surface water quality (e.g., turbidity, sediment, temperature, dissolved oxygen, etc.)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Change the quality of groundwater (e.g., saltwater intrusion, nitrogen-loading, etc.)?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide additional sources of polluted runoff?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Change rates of soil absorption, or amount or direction of surface runoff?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f) <i>Change the drainage patterns where substantial on- or off-site sedimentation/ erosion or flooding may occur?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g) <i>Involve activities within the 100-year flood zone?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
QUANTITY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h) <i>Change the quantity or movement of available surface or ground water?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
i) <i>Adversely affect community water service provider?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



14. WATER & HYDROLOGY

<i>Will the project:</i>	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
j) <i>Expose people to a risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding (e.g., dam failure, etc.), or inundation by seiche, tsunami or mudflow?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
k) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Water

Setting.

The proposed project is within the Salinas/Estrella water planning area.

The project will not require a water system because the proposed project is a parking lot.

The topography of the project is gently sloping. The closest creek from the proposed development is approximately 0.38 miles away. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered to have moderate erodibility.

Projects involving more than one acre of disturbance are subject to preparing a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) to minimize on-site sedimentation and erosion. When work is done in the rainy season, the County's Land Use Ordinance requires that temporary erosion and sedimentation measures to be installed.

DRAINAGE – The following relates to the project's drainage aspects:

Within the 100-year Flood Hazard designation? No

Closest creek? Huerhuero Creek Distance? Approximately 0.38 miles southwest

Soil drainage characteristics: Moderately drained to not well drained

For areas where drainage is identified as a potential issue, the Land Use Ordinance (LUO Sec. 22.52.110) includes a provision to prepare a drainage plan to minimize potential drainage impacts. When required, this plan would need to address measures such as: constructing on-site retention or detention basins, or installing surface water flow dissipaters. This plan would also need to show that the increased surface runoff would have no more impacts than that caused by historic flows.

SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION – Soil type, area of disturbance, and slopes are key aspects to analyzing potential sedimentation and erosion issues. The project's soil types and descriptions are listed in the previous Agriculture section under "Setting". As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the project's soil erodibility is as follows:

Soil erodibility: Moderate

A sedimentation and erosion control plan is required for all construction and grading projects (LUO Sec. 22.52.120) to minimize these impacts. When required, the plan is prepared by a civil engineer to address both temporary and long-term sedimentation and erosion impacts. Projects involving more than one acre of disturbance are subject to the preparation of a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), which focuses on controlling storm water runoff. The Regional Water Quality Control Board is the local extension who monitors this program. Public Works reviewed the project and the project is not a regulated project as it appears to not meet the applicability criteria for Stormwater Management (it is located outside an MS-4 Management Area). Therefore, no Stormwater Control Plan is required.

appears to not meet the applicability criteria for Stormwater Management (it is located outside a Stormwater Management Area).

Impact – Water Quality/Hydrology

With regards to project impacts on water quality the following conditions apply:

The project will be subject to standard County requirements for drainage, sedimentation and erosion control for construction and permanent use;

- ✓ (if disturbance over an acre) The project will be disturbing over an acre and will be required to prepare a SWPPP, which will be implemented during construction;
- ✓ The project is not within a 100-year Flood Hazard designation;
- ✓ The project is more than 100 feet from the closest creek or surface water body;

Water Quantity

Based on the project description, it is not anticipated that the project will result in any water usage.

Mitigation/Conclusion. As specified above for water quality, existing regulations and/or required plans will adequately address surface water quality impacts during construction and permanent use of the project. No additional measures above what are required or proposed are needed to protect water quality.

Based on the proposed amount of water to be use and the water source, no significant impacts from water use are anticipated.

15. LAND USE

Will the project:

	Inconsistent	Potentially Inconsistent	Consistent	Not Applicable
a) <i>Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [County Land Use Element and Ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
b) <i>Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
c) <i>Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d) <i>Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?</i>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e) <i>Other:</i> _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Land Use

Setting/Impact. Surrounding uses are identified on Page 2 of the Initial Study. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with policy and/or regulatory documents relating to the environment and

appropriate land use (e.g., County Land Use Ordinance, Local Coastal Plan, etc.). Referrals were sent to outside agencies to review for policy consistencies (e.g., CAL FIRE for Fire Code, APCD for Clean Air Plan, etc.). The project was found to be consistent with these documents (refer also to Exhibit A on reference documents used).

The project is not within or adjacent to a Habitat Conservation Plan area. The project is consistent or compatible with the surrounding uses as summarized on page 2 of this Initial Study.

The proposed project is subject to the following Planning Area Standard(s) as found in the County's LUO:

1. LUO Section 22.94 North County Planning Area
2. LUO Section 22.94. 020 A Paso Robles Airport Review Area
3. LUO Section 22.94. 040 E Paso Robles Planning Impact Area
4. LUO Section 22.94. 080 B Paso Robles Planning Impact Area

Mitigation/Conclusion. No inconsistencies were identified and therefore no additional measures above what will already be required were determined necessary.

16. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
----------------------------	--------------------------------------	-------------------------	-------------------

Will the project:

- | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| <p>a) <i>Have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or pre-history?</i></p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <p>b) <i>Have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)</i></p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| <p>c) <i>Have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?</i></p> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

For further information on CEQA or the County's environmental review process, please visit the County's web site at "www.sloplanning.org" under "Environmental Information", or the California Environmental Resources Evaluation System at: <http://resources.ca.gov/ceqa/> for information about the California Environmental Quality Act.

Exhibit A - Initial Study References and Agency Contacts

The County Planning Department has contacted various agencies for their comments on the proposed project. With respect to the subject application, the following have been contacted (marked with an) and when a response was made, it is either attached or in the application file:

<u>Contacted</u>	<u>Agency</u>	<u>Response</u>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	County Public Works Department	Attached
<input type="checkbox"/>	County Environmental Health Services	Not Applicable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	County Agricultural Commissioner's Office	Attached
<input type="checkbox"/>	County Airport Manager	Not Applicable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Airport Land Use Commission	None
<input type="checkbox"/>	Air Pollution Control District	Not Applicable
<input type="checkbox"/>	County Sheriff's Department	Not Applicable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Regional Water Quality Control Board	Not Applicable
<input type="checkbox"/>	CA Coastal Commission	Not Applicable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CA Department of Fish and Wildlife	None
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CA Department of Forestry (Cal Fire)	Attached
<input type="checkbox"/>	CA Department of Transportation	Not Applicable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Community Services District	Not Applicable
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other <u>Building Division, U.S Fish and Wildlife</u>	None
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other <u>Native Americans Tribal Groups</u>	In File**

** "No comment" or "No concerns"-type responses are usually not attached

The following checked ("") reference materials have been used in the environmental review for the proposed project and are hereby incorporated by reference into the Initial Study. The following information is available at the County Planning and Building Department.

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Project File for the Subject Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Design Plan
<u>County documents</u>	<input type="checkbox"/> Specific Plan
<input type="checkbox"/> Coastal Plan Policies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Annual Resource Summary Report
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Framework for Planning (Coastal/Inland)	<input type="checkbox"/> Circulation Study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> General Plan (Inland/Coastal), includes all maps/elements; more pertinent elements:	<u>Other documents</u>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Agriculture Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clean Air Plan/APCD Handbook
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conservation & Open Space Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Regional Transportation Plan
<input type="checkbox"/> Economic Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Uniform Fire Code
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Housing Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Quality Control Plan (Central Coast Basin – Region 3)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Noise Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Archaeological Resources Map
<input type="checkbox"/> Parks & Recreation Element/Project List	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Area of Critical Concerns Map
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety Element	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Special Biological Importance Map
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land Use Ordinance (Inland/Coastal)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CA Natural Species Diversity Database
<input type="checkbox"/> Building and Construction Ordinance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fire Hazard Severity Map
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public Facilities Fee Ordinance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flood Hazard Maps
<input type="checkbox"/> Real Property Division Ordinance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey for SLO County
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Affordable Housing Fund	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GIS mapping layers (e.g., habitat, streams, contours, etc.)
<input type="checkbox"/> Airport Land Use Plan	<input type="checkbox"/> Other
<input type="checkbox"/> Energy Wise Plan	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> North County Area Plan/EI Pomar-Estrella SA and Update EIR	

In addition, the following project specific information and/or reference materials have been considered as a part of the Initial Study:

- Kit Fox Habitat Evaluation for Vina Robles Temporary Parking Lot; June 11, 2018, by Terra-Verde Environmental Consulting, LLC.

Exhibit B - Mitigation Summary Table

Per Public Resources Code Section 21081.6, the following measures also constitute the mitigation monitoring and/or reporting program that will reduce potentially significant impacts to less than significant levels. These measures will become conditions of approval (COAs) should the project be approved. The Lead Agency (County) or other Responsible Agencies, as specified in the following measures, are responsible to verify compliance with these COAs.

Air Quality

AQ-1

Prior to final inspection, to minimize nuisance dust, the applicant shall implement the following:

- a. Maintain the parking area with a dust suppressant as needed (See Technical Appendix 4.3 of the APCD's CEQA Handbook for a list of APCD-approved suppressants) such that fugitive dust emissions do not exceed the APCD 20% opacity limit for greater than 3 minutes in any 60 minute period (APCD Rule 401) or prompt nuisance violations (APCD Rule 402). The use of water trucks may be considered for fugitive dust emissions, however, since water use is a concern during drought conditions, the project proponent shall minimize the reliance of water as a dust mitigation measure.
- b. Require vehicles to reduce speed on the unpaved roads, driveways, and/or parking area to no more than 5 mph.
- c. The project proponent shall assign a responsible person to answer complaints, make necessary short-term mitigation measure adjustments, and determine long-term mitigation measures adjustments to ensure continued mitigation efficacy. The project proponent shall strategically post signs with the mitigation monitor's name and phone number so that nearby neighbors and event participants can easily register complaints.

Biological

The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for project Collins Vineyard, Inc. / Vina Robles Inc. / Minor Use Permit DRC2018-00046, on June 11, 2018 by Terra – Verde indicates the project will impact 5 acres of San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The evaluation form was reviewed by Brandon Sanderson of the California Department of Fish and Game on July 2, 2018. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Sanderson changes, resulted in a score of 76 which requires that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of 3:1 acres conserved for each acre impacted 15 acres. Total compensatory mitigation required for the project is 15 acres, based on 3 times 5 acres impacted. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the proposed project only; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.

BR-1

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building, Environmental and Resource Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following three San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:

- a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement of **15 acres** of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting



endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) (see contact information below) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.) requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC) pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-Based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy" (see contact information below), would total **\$37,500.00**. This fee is calculated based on the current cost-per-unit of \$2500 per acre of mitigation, which is scheduled to be adjusted to address the increasing cost of property in San Luis Obispo County; your actual cost may increase depending on the timing of payment. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase 15 credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (c) above, can be completed by purchasing credits from the Palo Prieto Conservation Bank (see contact information below). The Palo Prieto Conservation Bank was established to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The cost for purchasing credits is payable to the owners of The Palo Prieto Conservation Bank, and would total **\$37,500.00**. This fee is calculated based on the current cost-per-credit of \$2500 per acre of mitigation. The fee is established by the conservation bank owner and may change at any time. Your actual cost may increase depending on the timing of payment. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

BR-2

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall provide evidence that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:

a. **Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity (i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.**

b. **The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, diking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site-**

disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.

c. **Prior to or during project activities**, if any observations are made of San Joaquin Kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time a den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service/Department determine it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, **before project activities commence**, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below). The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:

1. **Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction**, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

- a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feet
- b) Known or active kit fox den: 100 feet
- c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.

3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

BR-3

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: *"Speed signs of 25 mph (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox"*. Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site **within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction**,

In addition, **prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities**, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.



BR-4

During the site disturbance and/or construction phase, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.

BR-5

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.

BR-6

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.

BR-7

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.

BR-8

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.

BR-9

Prior to, during and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, state and federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.

BR-10

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or

entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to the Department for care, analysis, or disposition.

BR-11

Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first, should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:

- a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
- b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

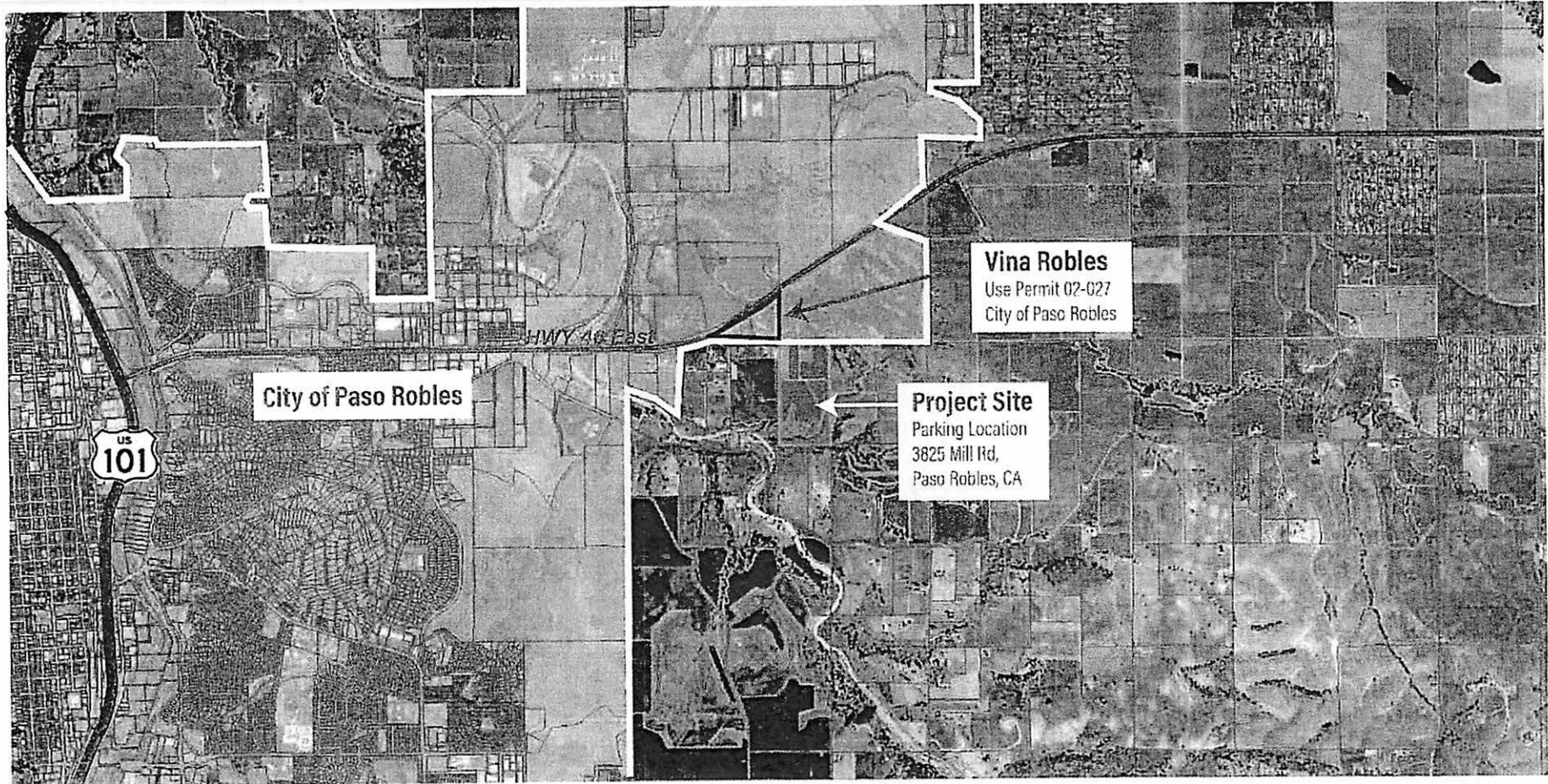
Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

AQ-1 Prior to final inspection, to minimize nuisance dust, the applicant shall implement the following:

- a. Maintain the parking area with a dust suppressant as needed (See Technical Appendix 4.3 of the APCD's CEQA Handbook for a list of APCD-approved suppressants) such that fugitive dust emissions do not exceed the APCD 20% opacity limit for greater than 3 minutes in any 60 minute period (APCD Rule 401) or prompt nuisance violations (APCD Rule 402). The use of water trucks may be considered for fugitive dust emissions, however, since water use is a concern during drought conditions, the project proponent shall minimize the reliance of water as a dust mitigation measure.
- b. Require vehicles to reduce speed on the unpaved roads, driveways, and/or parking area to no more than 5 mph.
- c. The project proponent shall assign a responsible person to answer complaints, make necessary short-term mitigation measure adjustments, and determine long-term mitigation measures adjustments to ensure continued mitigation efficacy. The project proponent shall strategically post signs with the mitigation monitor's name and phone number so that nearby neighbors and event participants can easily register complaints.

Vicinity Map

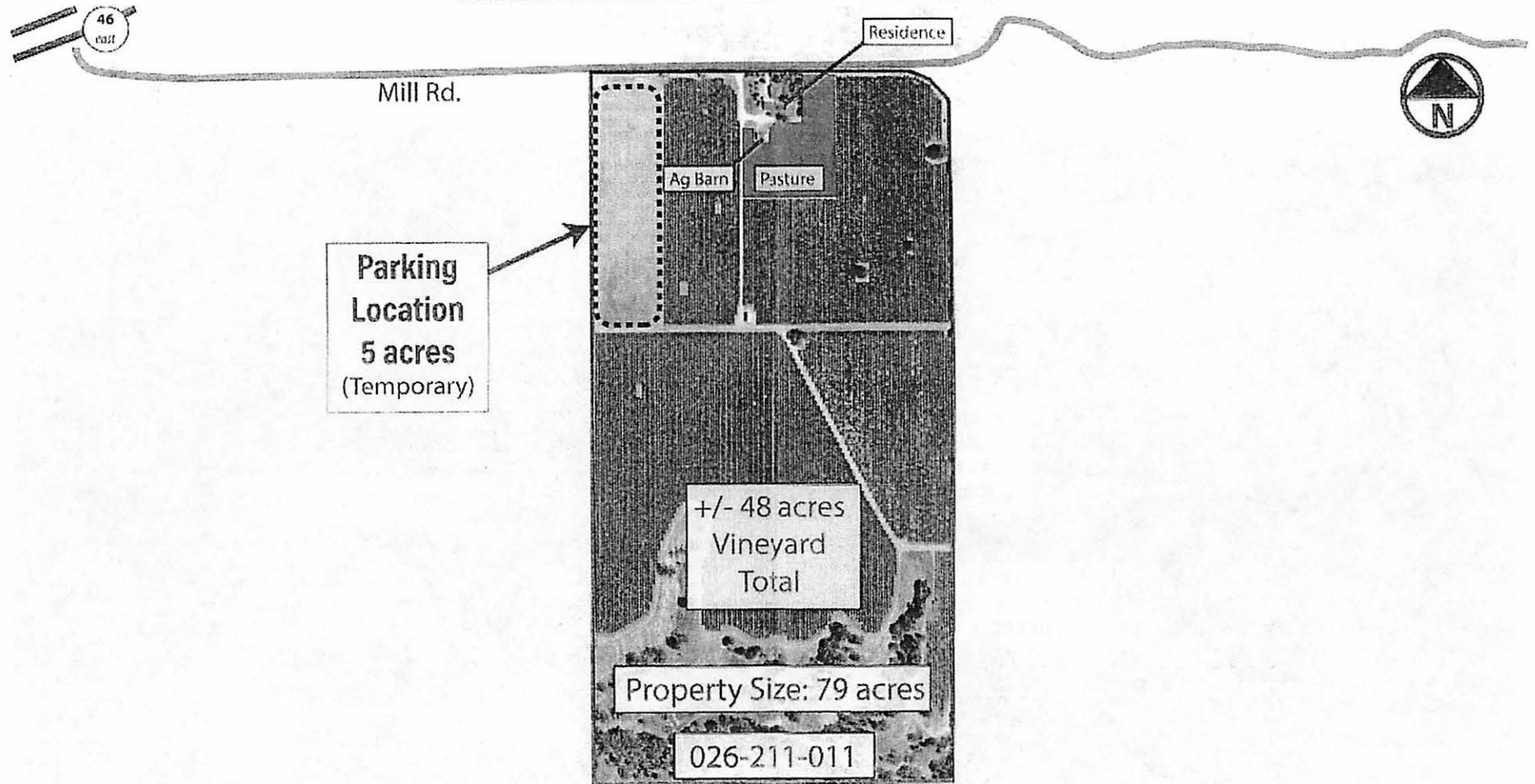
Vina Robles Amphitheatre Temporary Parking

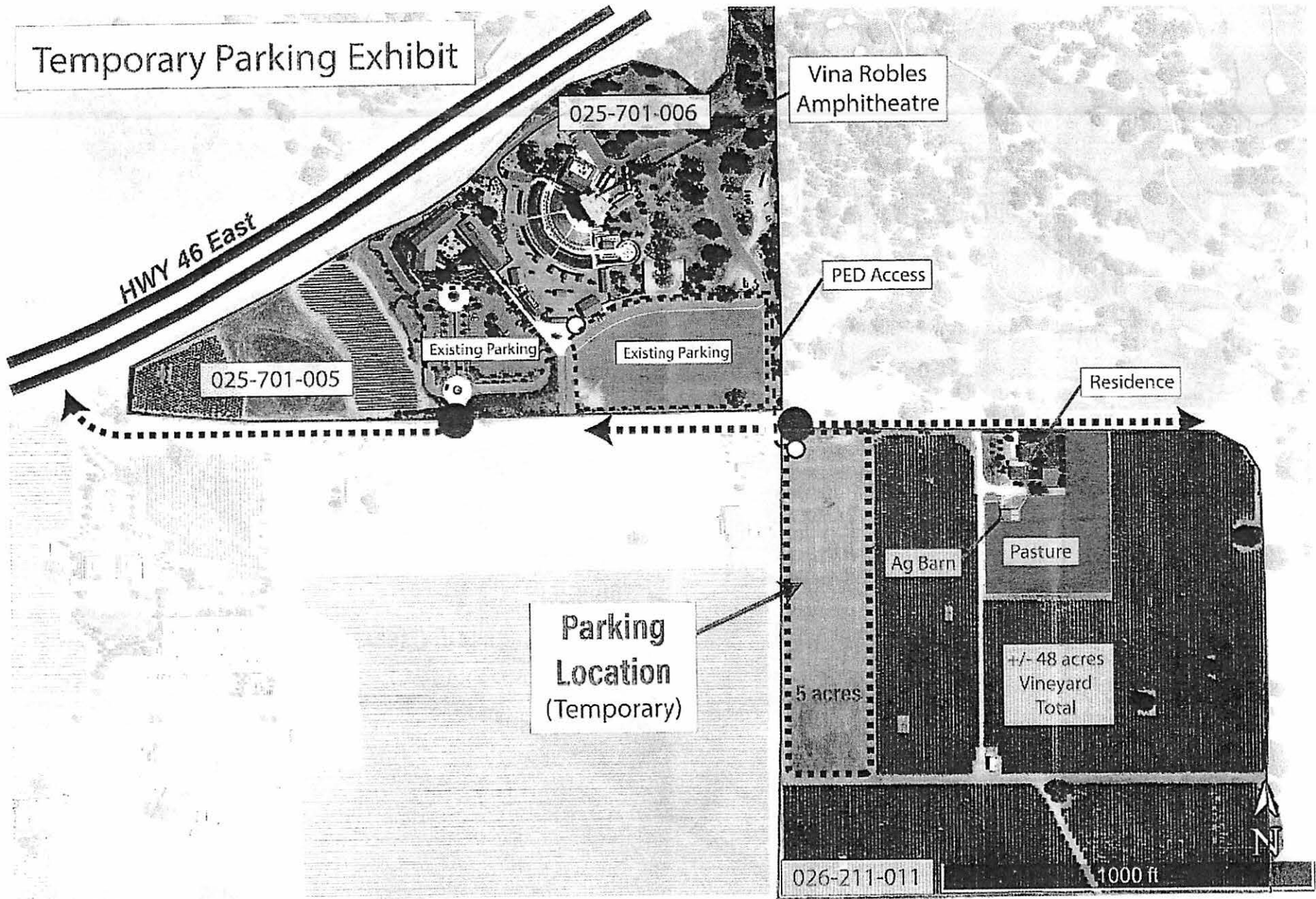


APN 026-211-011

Sheet 1

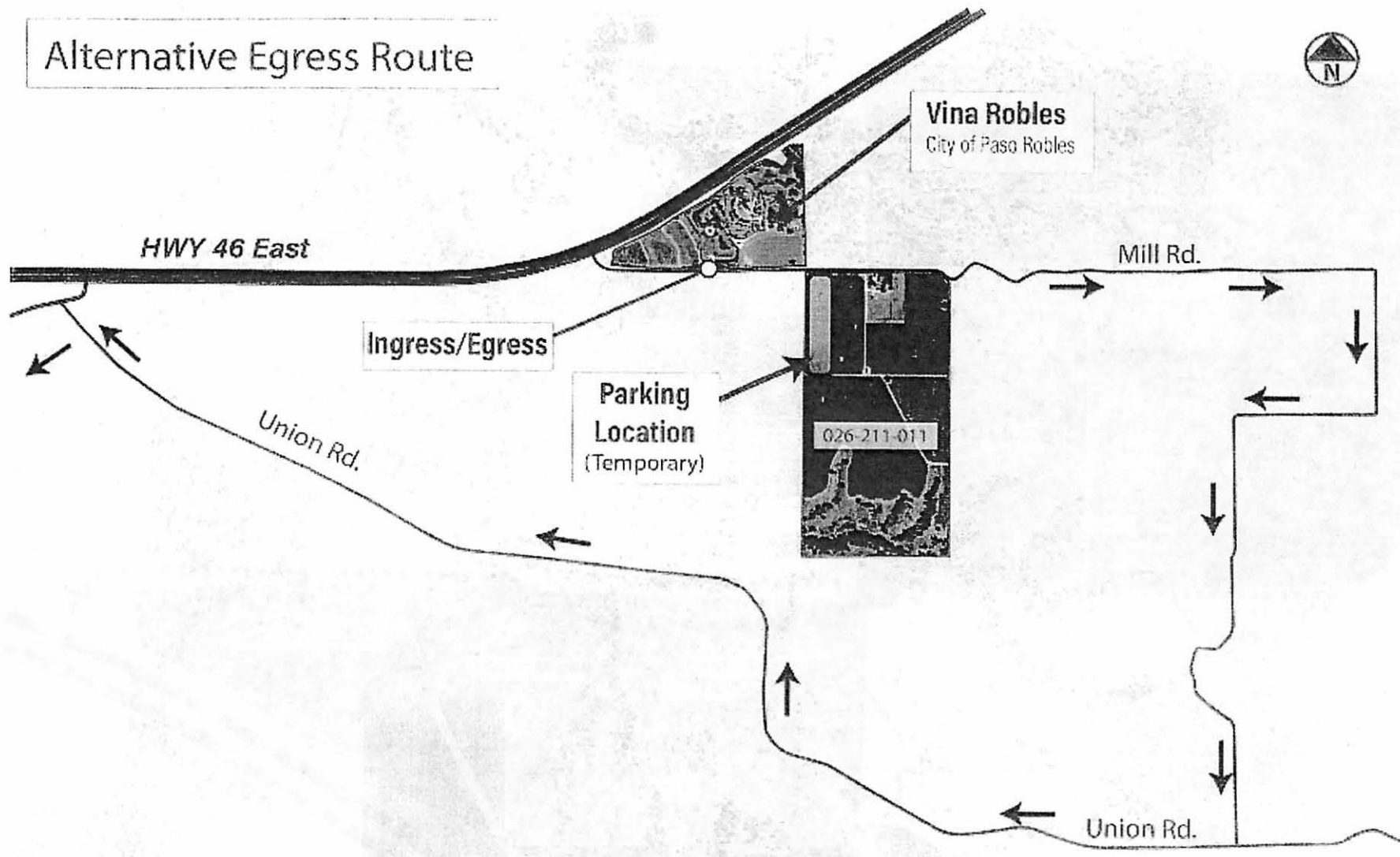
Collins Vineyards Inc. Parcel Exhibit





Sheet 3

Alternative Egress Route



Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

**DEVELOPER'S STATEMENT FOR
COLLINS VINEYARD, INC / VINA ROBLES
MINOR USE PERMIT / DRC2018-00046**

The applicant agrees to incorporate the following measures into the project. These measures become a part of the project description and therefore become a part of the record of action upon which the environmental determination is based. All development activity must occur in strict compliance with the following mitigation measures. These measures shall be perpetual and run with the land. These measures are binding on all successors in interest of the subject property.

Note: The items contained in the boxes labeled "Monitoring" describe the County procedures to be used to ensure compliance with the mitigation measures.

The following mitigation measures address impacts that may occur as a result of the development of the project.

Per Public Resources Code Section 21081.6, the following measures also constitute the mitigation monitoring and/or reporting program that will reduce potentially significant impacts to less than significant levels. These measures will become conditions of approval (COAs) should the project be approved. The Lead Agency (County) or other Responsible Agencies, as specified in the following measures, are responsible to verify compliance with these COAs.

Biological

The Kit Fox Evaluation, which was completed for **Collins Vineyard, Inc. / Vina Robles Inc. / Minor Use Permit DRC2018-00046**, on **June 11, 2018** by Terra – Verde indicates the project will impact **5 acres** of San Joaquin kit fox habitat. The evaluation form was reviewed by Brandon Sanderson of the California Department of Fish and Game on **July 2, 2018**. The evaluation, complete with Mr. Sanderson changes, resulted in a score of **76** which requires that all impacts to kit fox habitat be mitigated at a ratio of **3:1** acres conserved for each acre impacted **15 acres**. Total compensatory mitigation required for the project is **15 acres**, based on **3 times 5 acres** impacted. The mitigation options identified in BR-1 through BR-11 apply to the **proposed project only**; should the project change, the mitigation obligation may also change, and a reevaluation of the mitigation measures would be required.

BR-1

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits or any site disturbance if it is determined that a grading permit is not required, the applicant shall submit evidence to the County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Planning and Building, Environmental and Resource Management Division (County) (see contact information below) that states that one or a combination of the following three San Joaquin kit fox mitigation measures has been implemented:

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

a. Provide for the protection in perpetuity, through acquisition of fee or a conservation easement of 15 acres of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area (e.g. within the San Luis Obispo County kit fox habitat area, northwest of Highway 58), either on-site or off-site, and provide for a non-wasting endowment to provide for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity. Lands to be conserved shall be subject to the review and approval of the California Department of Fish and Game (Department) (see contact information below) and the County.

This mitigation alternative (a.) requires that all aspects of this program must be in place before County permit issuance or initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

b. Deposit funds into an approved in-lieu fee program, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat in the kit fox corridor area within San Luis Obispo County, and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (b) above, can be completed by providing funds to The Nature Conservancy (TNC) pursuant to the Voluntary Fee-Based Compensatory Mitigation Program (Program). The Program was established in agreement between the Department and TNC to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The fee, payable to "The Nature Conservancy" (see contact information below), would total **\$37,500.00**. This fee is calculated based on the current cost-per-unit of \$2500 per acre of mitigation, which is scheduled to be adjusted to address the increasing cost of property in San Luis Obispo County; your actual cost may increase depending on the timing of payment. This fee must be paid after the Department provides written notification identifying your mitigation options but prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

c. Purchase 15 credits in a Department-approved conservation bank, which would provide for the protection in perpetuity of suitable habitat within the kit fox corridor area and provide for a non-wasting endowment for management and monitoring of the property in perpetuity.

Mitigation alternative (c) above, can be completed by purchasing credits from the Palo Prieto Conservation Bank (see contact information below). The Palo Prieto Conservation Bank was established to preserve San Joaquin kit fox habitat, and to provide a voluntary mitigation alternative to project proponents who must mitigate the impacts of projects in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The cost for purchasing credits is payable to the owners of The Palo Prieto Conservation Bank, and would total **\$37,500.00**. This fee is calculated based on the current cost-per-credit of \$2500 per acre of mitigation. The fee is established by the conservation bank owner and may change at any time. Your actual cost may increase depending on the timing of payment. Purchase of credits must be completed prior to County permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities.

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

Monitoring: Required prior to issuance of a grading and/or construction permit or any site disturbance if it is determined that a grading permit is not required. Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management.

BR-2

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits or any site disturbance if it is determined that a grading permit is not required, the applicant shall provide evidence that they have retained a qualified biologist acceptable to the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management. The retained biologist shall perform the following monitoring activities:

a. Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, or any site disturbance if it is determined that a grading permit is not required the biologist shall conduct a pre-activity (i.e. pre-construction) survey for known or potential kit fox dens and submit a letter to the County reporting the date the survey was conducted, the survey protocol, survey results, and what measures were necessary (and completed), as applicable, to address any kit fox activity within the project limits.

b. The qualified biologist shall conduct weekly site visits during site-disturbance activities (i.e. grading, diking, excavation, stock piling of dirt or gravel, etc.) that proceed longer than 14 days, for the purpose of monitoring compliance with required Mitigation Measures BR-3 through BR11. Site- disturbance activities lasting up to 14 days do not require weekly monitoring by the biologist unless observations of kit fox or their dens are made on-site or the qualified biologist recommends monitoring for some other reason (see BR-2-c3). When weekly monitoring is required, the biologist shall submit weekly monitoring reports to the County.

c. Prior to or during project activities, if any observations are made of San Joaquin Kit fox, or any known or potential San Joaquin kit fox dens are discovered within the project limits, the qualified biologist shall re-assess the probability of incidental take (e.g. harm or death) to kit fox. At the time a den is discovered, the qualified biologist shall contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department for guidance on possible additional kit fox protection measures to implement and whether or not a Federal and/or State incidental take permit is needed. If a potential den is encountered during construction, work shall stop until such time the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service/Department determine it is appropriate to resume work.

If incidental take of kit fox during project activities is possible, before project activities commence, the applicant must consult with the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department (see contact information below). The results of this consultation may require the applicant to obtain a Federal and/or State permit for incidental take during project activities. The applicant should be aware that the presence of kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens at the project site could result in further delays of project activities.

In addition, the qualified biologist shall implement the following measures:

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

1. Within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, fenced exclusion zones shall be established around all known and potential kit fox dens. Exclusion zone fencing shall consist of either large flagged stakes connected by rope or cord, or survey laths or wooden stakes prominently flagged with survey ribbon. Each exclusion zone shall be roughly circular in configuration with a radius of the following distance measured outward from the den or burrow entrances:

- a) Potential kit fox den: 50 feet
- b) Known or active kit fox den: 100 feet
- c) Kit fox pupping den: 150 feet

2. All foot and vehicle traffic, as well as all construction activities, including storage of supplies and equipment, shall remain outside of exclusion zones. Exclusion zones shall be maintained until all project-related disturbances have been terminated, and then shall be removed.

3. If kit foxes or known or potential kit fox dens are found on site, daily monitoring during ground disturbing activities shall be required by a qualified biologist.

Monitoring: Required prior to issuance of a grading and/or construction permit, or any site disturbance if it is determined that a grading permit is not required. Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management.

BR-3

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permits, the applicant shall clearly delineate as a note on the project plans, that: *"Speed signs of 25 mph (or lower) shall be posted for all construction traffic to minimize the probability of road mortality of the San Joaquin kit fox"*. Speed limit signs shall be installed on the project site within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction,

In addition, prior to permit issuance and initiation of any ground disturbing activities, conditions BR-3 through BR-11 of the Developer's Statement/Conditions of Approval shall be clearly delineated on project plans.

BR-4

During the site disturbance and/or construction phase, grading and construction activities after dusk shall be prohibited unless coordinated through the County, during which additional kit fox mitigation measures may be required.

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

BR-5

Prior to issuance of grading and/or construction permit and within 30 days prior to initiation of site disturbance and/or construction, all personnel associated with the project shall attend a worker education training program, conducted by a qualified biologist, to avoid or reduce impacts on sensitive biological resources (i.e. San Joaquin kit fox). At a minimum, as the program relates to the kit fox, the training shall include the kit fox's life history, all mitigation measures specified by the county, as well as any related biological report(s) prepared for the project. The applicant shall notify the County shortly prior to this meeting. A kit fox fact sheet shall also be developed prior to the training program, and distributed at the training program to all contractors, employers and other personnel involved with the construction of the project.

BR-6

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, to prevent entrapment of the San Joaquin kit fox, all excavation, steep-walled holes or trenches in excess of two feet in depth shall be covered at the close of each working day by plywood or similar materials, or provided with one or more escape ramps constructed of earth fill or wooden planks. Trenches shall also be inspected for entrapped kit fox each morning prior to onset of field activities and immediately prior to covering with plywood at the end of each working day. Before such holes or trenches are filled, they shall be thoroughly inspected for entrapped kit fox. Any kit fox so discovered shall be allowed to escape before field activities resume, or removed from the trench or hole by a qualified biologist and allowed to escape unimpeded.

BR-7

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any pipes, culverts, or similar structures with a diameter of four inches or greater, stored overnight at the project site shall be thoroughly inspected for trapped San Joaquin kit foxes before the subject pipe is subsequently buried, capped, or otherwise used or moved in any way. If during the construction phase a kit fox is discovered inside a pipe, that section of pipe will not be moved, or if necessary, be moved only once to remove it from the path of activity, until the kit fox has escaped.

BR-8

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, all food-related trash items such as wrappers, cans, bottles, and food scraps generated shall be disposed of in closed containers only and regularly removed from the site. Food items may attract San Joaquin kit foxes onto the project site, consequently exposing such animals to increased risk of injury or mortality. No deliberate feeding of wildlife shall be allowed.

BR-9

Prior to, during and after the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, use of pesticides or herbicides shall be in compliance with all local, state and federal regulations. This is necessary to minimize the probability of primary or secondary poisoning of endangered species utilizing adjacent habitats, and the depletion of prey upon which San Joaquin kit foxes depend.

BR-10

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

During the site-disturbance and/or construction phase, any contractor or employee that inadvertently kills or injures a San Joaquin kit fox or who finds any such animal either dead, injured, or entrapped shall be required to report the incident immediately to the applicant and County. In the event that any observations are made of injured or dead kit fox, the applicant shall immediately notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Department by telephone (see contact information below). In addition, formal notification shall be provided in writing within three working days of the finding of any such animal(s). Notification shall include the date, time, location and circumstances of the incident. Any threatened or endangered species found dead or injured shall be turned over immediately to the Department for care, analysis, or disposition.

BR-11

Prior to final inspection, or occupancy, whichever comes first, should any long internal or perimeter fencing be proposed or installed, the applicant shall do the following to provide for kit fox passage:

- a. If a wire strand/pole design is used, the lowest strand shall be no closer to the ground than 12".
- b. If a more solid wire mesh fence is used, 8" x 12" openings near the ground shall be provided every 100 yards.

Upon fence installation, the applicant shall notify the County to verify proper installation. Any fencing constructed after issuance of a final permit shall follow the above guidelines.

Monitoring (San Joaquin Kit Fox Measures BR-3 – BR-11): Compliance will be verified by the County Division of Environmental and Resource Management in consultation with the California Department of Fish and Game. As applicable, each of these measures shall be included on construction plans.

Air Quality

AQ-1 Prior to final inspection, to minimize nuisance dust, the applicant shall implement the following:


- a. Maintain the parking area with a dust suppressant as needed (See Technical Appendix 4.3 of the APCD's CEQA Handbook for a list of APCD-approved suppressants) such that fugitive dust emissions do not exceed the APCD 20% opacity limit for greater than 3 minutes in any 60 minute period (APCD Rule 401) or prompt nuisance violations (APCD Rule 402). The use of water trucks may be considered for fugitive dust emissions, however, since water use is a concern during drought conditions, the project proponent shall minimize the reliance of water as a dust mitigation measure.

Date: Rev. January 17, 2019

- b. Require vehicles to reduce speed on the unpaved roads, driveways, and/or parking area to no more than 5 mph.
- c. The project proponent shall assign a responsible person to answer complaints, make necessary short-term mitigation measure adjustments, and determine long-term mitigation measures adjustments to ensure continued mitigation efficacy. The project proponent shall strategically post signs with the mitigation monitor's name and phone number so that nearby neighbors and event participants can easily register complaints.

Monitoring: AQ-1 Compliance will be verified by the County Department of Planning and Building in consultation with the APCD.

The applicant understands that any changes made to the project description subsequent to this environmental determination must be reviewed by the Environmental Coordinator and may require a new environmental determination for the project. By signing this agreement, the owner(s) agrees to and accepts the incorporation of the above measures into the proposed project description.

 _____ HANS MICHEL _____ 1/19/19
Signature of Owner(s) Name (Print) Date

Signature of Owner(s) Name (Print) Date



Date: December 5, 2018
To: Holly Phipps, Project Planner
From: David E. Grim, Development Services
Subject: **Public Works Project Referral for DRC2018-00046, Collins Vineyards Vina Robles Inc MUP, Mill Rd, Paso Robles, APN 026-211-011**

Thank you for the opportunity to provide information on the proposed subject project. It has been reviewed by several divisions of Public Works, and this represents our consolidated response.

Public Works Comments:

- A. The Vina Robles project was approved in and by the City of Paso Robles with sole access to State Route 46 (SR 46) via the City maintained section of Mill Road. Congestion at the intersection SR 46 at Mill Road associated with project events resulted in Vina Robles coordinating with adjacent property owners to open a secondary access from the project site easterly on Mill Road to a private driveway (approximately 1,320 feet easterly from the County/City limits), then southerly on private agricultural access roads to Union Road. The opening of this secondary access resulted in numerous dust and traffic complaints residents living along the County maintained section of Mill Road. To address concerns, Public Works issued an encroachment permit to Vina Robles for providing ongoing event traffic control and dust control over the 1,320 foot County maintained section of Mill Road (ENC2017-0365), and a one-time encroachment permit to grade this same road section (ENC2017-0264).

If, in the future, the City requires the applicant to pave the section of Mill Road that is within the City jurisdiction, Public Works is recommending the applicant pave the County maintained section of Mill Road from the County/City limits easterly approximately 1,320-feet to the A-1 rural road standard. Regardless, the applicant must remain compliant with ENC2017-0365, which is void upon "failure to prevent dust migration or excessive complaints."

- B. This project is not a regulated project as it appears to not meet the applicability criteria for Stormwater Management (it is located outside an MS-4 Management Area). Therefore, no Stormwater Control Plan is required.
- C. If the project site disturbs 1.0 acre or more the applicant must enroll for coverage under California's Construction General Permit, which may require preparation of a project Stormwater Control Plan even though its located outside a Stormwater Management Area.

Recommended Project Conditions of Approval:

Access

1. **Ongoing condition of approval (valid for the life of the project)**, applicant must remain in compliance with ENC2017-0365.

Drainage

2. **If applicable, at the time of application for construction permits**, the applicant shall submit complete drainage plans prepared by a licensed civil engineer for review and approval in accordance with Section 22.52.110 (Drainage) or 23.05.040 (Drainage) of the Land Use Ordinance.

3. **If applicable, at the time of application for construction permits**, the applicant shall submit complete erosion and sedimentation control plan for review and approval in accordance with 22.52.120.

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

4. **If applicable, at the time of application for construction permits**, if the project disturbs more than 1.0 acre or is part of a common plan of development, the applicant must enroll for coverage under California's Construction General Permit. Sites that disturb less than 1.0 acre must implement all required elements within the site's erosion and sediment control plan as required by San Luis Obispo County Codes.



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO
DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & BUILDING
MARVIN A. ROSE, INTERIM DIRECTOR

THIS IS A NEW PROJECT REFERRAL

DATE: 4/24/2018
TO: 1st District Legislative Assistant, Agricultural Commissioner, Paso Robles Airport, Building Division, County Fire / CAL FIRE, Public Works, CA Fish & Wildlife, City of Paso Robles, U.S. Fish & Wildlife, AB52
FROM: Holly Phipps (805-781-1162 or hhipps@co.slo.ca.us)
PROJECT NUMBER & NAME: DRC2018-00046 COLLINS VINEYARDS / VINA ROBLES INC.
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Minor Use Permit for a parking area to be used for employee parking, storage and staging of ag equipment and material. Project location is 3825 Mill Road in Paso Robles.
APN(s): 026-211-011

Return this letter with your comments attached no later than 14 days from receipt of this referral. CACs please respond within 60 days. Thank you.

PART I: IS THE ATTACHED INFORMATION ADEQUATE TO COMPLETE YOUR REVIEW?

- YES (Please go on to PART II.)
NO (Call me ASAP to discuss what else you need. We have only 10 days in which we must obtain comments from outside agencies.)

PART II: ARE THERE SIGNIFICANT CONCERNS, PROBLEMS OR IMPACTS IN YOUR AREA OF REVIEW?

- YES (Please describe impacts, along with recommended mitigation measures to reduce the impacts to less-than-significant levels, and attach to this letter.)
NO (Please go on to PART III.)

PART III: INDICATE YOUR RECOMMENDATION FOR FINAL ACTION.

Please attach any conditions of approval you recommend to be incorporated into the project's approval, or state reasons for recommending denial.

IF YOU HAVE "NO COMMENT," PLEASE SO INDICATE, OR CALL.

NO FIRE/LIFE SAFETY CONCERNS.

4/24/18
Date

[Signature]
Name BULLARD

543-4244
Phone

CAL FIRE / COUNTY FIRE



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE / WEIGHTS & MEASURES

Martin Settevendemie, Agricultural Commissioner / Sealer of Weights & Measures

DATE: May 4, 2018
TO: Holly Phipps, Project Manager
FROM: Lynda L. Auchinachie, Agriculture Department
SUBJECT: Collins Vineyard Minor Use Permit DRC2018-00046 (2048)

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed temporary parking associated with the Vina Robles Amphitheatre located in Paso Robles. The applicant is requesting a minor use permit to allow for temporary parking on an unplanted portion of a 79-acre parcel adjacent to the amphitheater. The parcel supports approximately 48 acres of vineyards and there are off-site vineyards located directly to the west. It is uncommon for a facility to have components located in two jurisdictions, however, the temporary parking is intended to improve existing circulation issues and complement other off-site parking. The project site is within the Agriculture land use category and is located at 3825 Mill Road, adjacent to Paso Robles.

The proposal includes application of a Red Rock material base. The Agriculture Department recommends restoration of the site once the temporary parking use ceases.

Comments are based on policies in the San Luis Obispo County Agriculture Element, the Conservation and Open Space Element, the California Environmental Quality Act, and current departmental objectives to conserve agricultural resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare, while mitigating negative impacts of development to agriculture.

If you have questions, please call 781-5914.

Re: DRC2018-00046 COLLINS VINEYARDS / VINA ROBLES INC, North County E-Referral, Minor Use Permit, Paso Robles

MS

Michael Stoker

Thu 5/3, 10:43 AM

Holly Phipps; Cheryl Journey; Don C. Moore

👤 ⌂ Reply all | ▼

Inbox

Holly,

Please find ~~building~~ recommendations for DRC2018-00046 below. Also, I added the recommendations in EnerGov. Please let me know if you have questions.

In regards to this preliminary review, a building permit maybe required. The drawings specify the work to be completed consists of construction of a employee parking, storage, and staging of ag equipment. The project shall comply with current codes adopted by the County of San Luis Obispo (2016 California Building Standards Codes and Title 19 of the SLO County Codes).

While a thorough plan review will be conducted at time of building permit application, the following items are noted to assist design review;

1. Construction shall comply with the 2016 California Building Standards Codes.
2. Do to the size of the project, it appears a grading permit will be required per Title 19 and Title 22of the San Luis Obispo County Codes.
3. At the time of application for construction permits, this project must provide proof of enrollment in the Construction General Permit for Stormwater Discharges. Due to the stated size and intended use of the construction area, the project does not qualify for an exemption due to agricultural use.
4. Provide accurate plans that depict the work to be completed as the site plan provided does not clearly show the amount of grading or drainage plan.
5. Please be aware that the parking may need to comply with CBC Chapter 11B for employees.

thanks

County Of San Luis Obispo
Planning & Building
Michael Stoker, CASp
Building Division Supervisor
(p) 805-781-1543
mstoker@co.slo.ca.us