Environmental Checklist Form (Initial Study)

County of Los Angeles, Department of Regional Planning



Project title: "Florence-Firestone Transit-Oriented District Specific Plan" / Project No. PRJ2020-003127 / Case No(s). Specific Plan: RPPL2020009556, Environmental: RPPL2020009523

Lead agency name and address: Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning (DRP), 320 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012

Contact Person and phone number: Norman Ornelas, Jr., (213) 974-6316

Project sponsor's name and address: <u>Los Angeles County, 320 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, CA 90012</u>

Project location: The proposed Florence-Firestone Transit-Oriented District (TOD) Specific Plan (FFTOD Specific Plan) Area encompasses the Los Angeles County (LA County) unincorporated community of Florence-Firestone. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is approximately 6 miles south of downtown Los Angeles and has an area of 3.6 square miles. The area is bound by the City of Los Angeles to the north, south, and west. The City of Huntington Park, the City of South Gate, and the unincorporated community of Walnut Park are to the east of the community area. The Metro A Line (previously Metro Blue Line), which connects downtown Los Angeles to Long Beach, has three stations in the FFTOD Specific Plan Area (Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations) and operates numerous bus routes in the community. Three freeways (I-110, I-105, I-10) are within a 2.5-mile radius of the community. Figure 1 shows the Regional Location of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area and Figure 2 shows the Project Location.

APN: Various USGS Quad: Inglewood and South Gate

Gross acreage: 3.6 square miles

General plan designations: Figure 3 shows the existing General Plan Land Use Designations for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area, which are summarized below:

- Residential 9 (H9, single-family residences)
- Residential 18 (H18, single-family and two-family residences)
- Residential 30 (H30, single-family and multi-family residences)
- General Commercial (CG)
- Heavy Industrial (IH)
- <u>Light Industrial (IL)</u>
- Mixed Use (MU)
- Parks and Recreation (OS-PR)
- Public and Semi-Public (P)

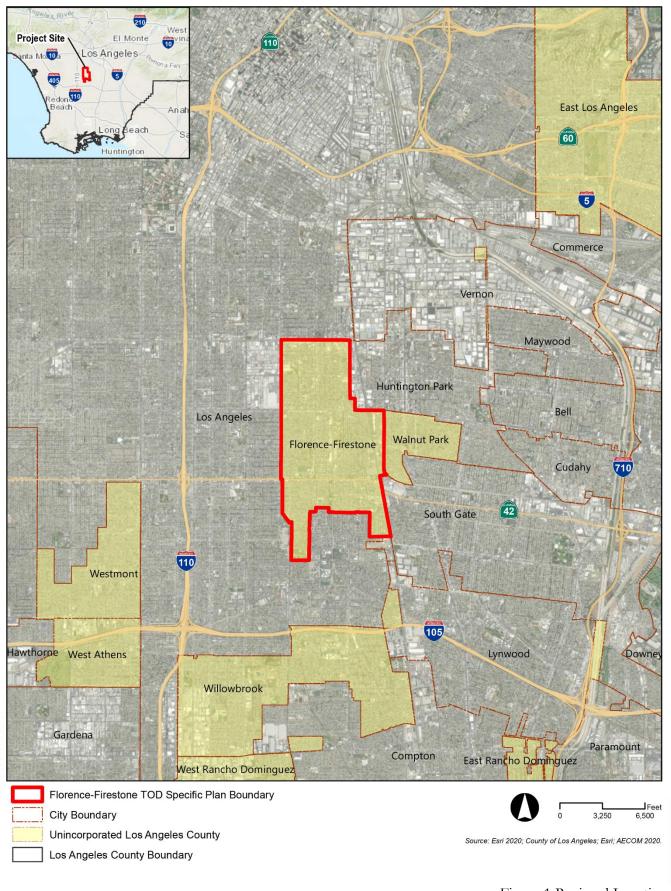


Figure 1 Regional Location

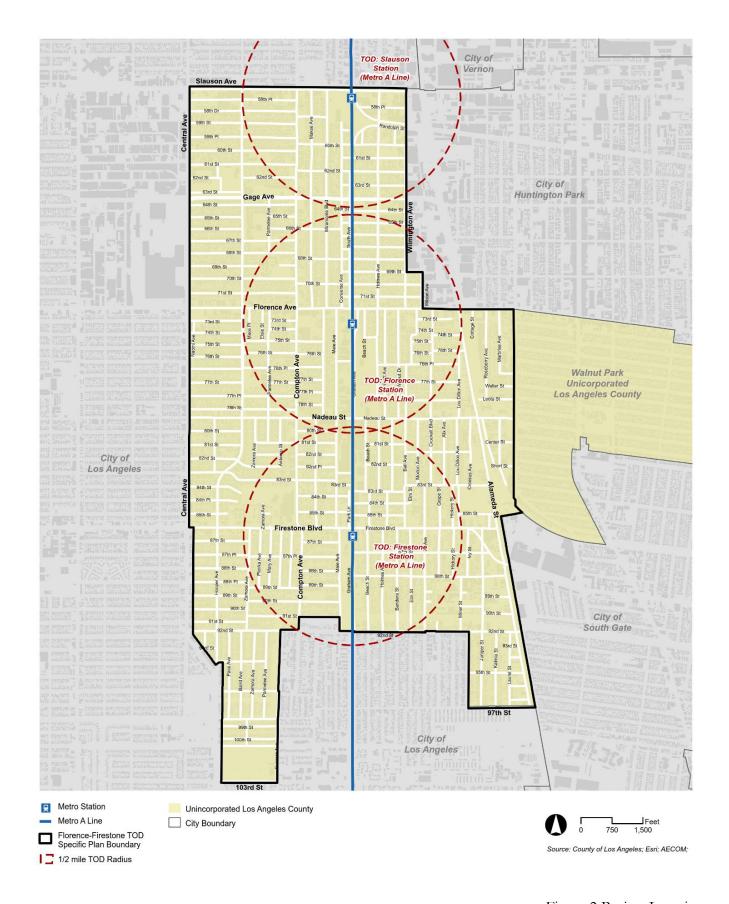


Figure 2 Project Location

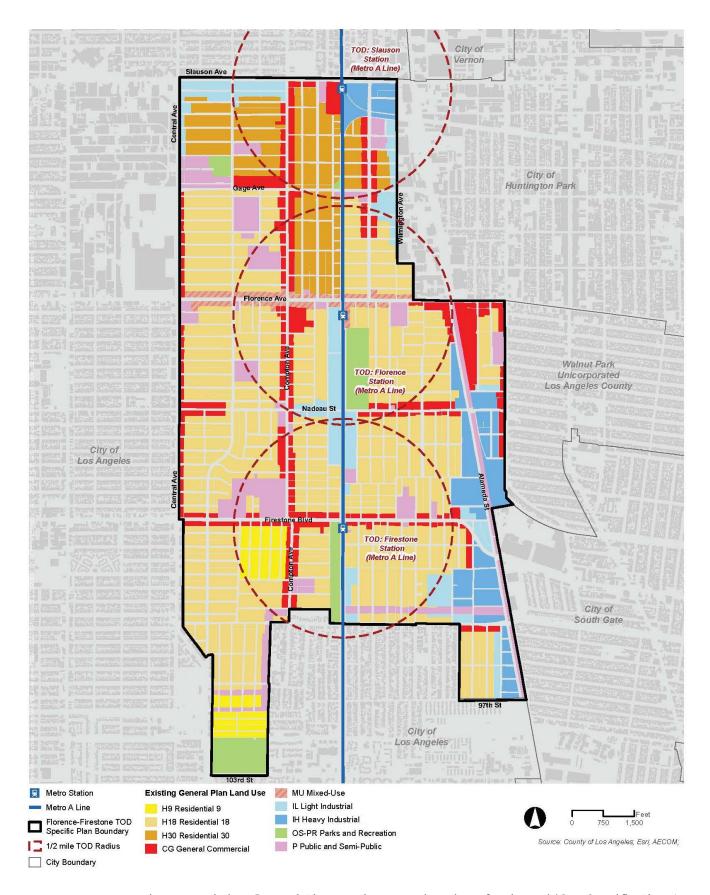


Figure 3 Existing General Plan Land Use Designations for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

Community/Area wide Plan designation: The Project is currently regulated by the Florence Firestone Community Plan (FFCP) adopted in 2019 that utilizes the General Plan Land Use Designations as stated above. Although the community is predominantly residential, industrial uses are the second most common land use.

Zoning: Zoning for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is regulated by LA County Code (code) of Ordinances Title 22; base zones in Division 3 of the code apply, with additional Florence-Firestone Community Standards District (FFCSD) in Division 12 Chapter 22.324 applicable. Residential zones comprise the majority of zoning categories in the proposed FFTOD Specific Plan Area, totaling approximately 63 percent of all land. The largest overall zone category, including residential, is the Limited Density Multiple Residence zone (R-3), making up approximately 32 percent of land in the FFTOD Specific Plan. Figure 4 shows the zoning categories for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area, which are summarized below.

- <u>Single-Family Residence (R-1)</u>
- Two-Family Residence (R-2)
- Limited Density Multiple Residence (R-3-()U)
- Medium Density Multiple Residence (R-4-()U) (listed as Unlimited Residential in the FFCP)
- Residential Planned Development (RPD)
- <u>Light Agricultural (A-1)</u>
- Neighborhood Business (C-2)
- General Commercial (C-3)
- Commercial Manufacturing (C-M)
- <u>Mixed Use Development (MXD)</u>
- <u>Light Manufacturing (M-1)</u>
- Restricted Heavy Manufacturing (M-1.5)
- Heavy Manufacturing (M-2)
- <u>Unclassified (M-3)</u>
- Institutional (IT)
- Open Space (O-S)

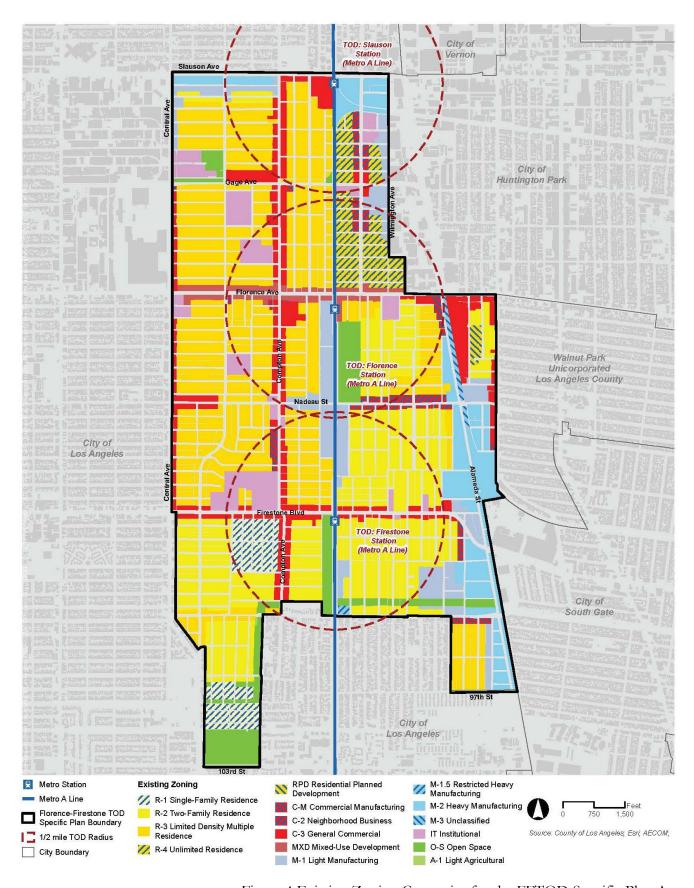


Figure 4 Existing Zoning Categories for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

Description of project: The proposed FFTOD Specific Plan will implement the LA County General Plan 2035 (General Plan) TOD Program. TODs are defined in the General Plan as the area within a 0.5-mile radius of transit stations. In the Florence-Firestone community, three Metro A Line Stations are present: the Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations. The primary goals of the FFTOD Specific Plan are to the following:

- create transit-accessible housing development;
- increase job-generating uses and economic activity;
- develop a safe and attractive transportation network;
- increase walking, bicycling, and transit ridership; and
- streamline the environmental review process for future development projects in the community.

To advance these goals and provide consistency with the General Plan TOD Program and the FFCP, the FFTOD Specific Plan will establish:

- new transit-supportive zoning categories with standards and design guidelines focused within the 0.5-mile TOD radius of the three Metro A Line Stations (see Figure 8 for focused change areas), and
- mobility strategies that address infrastructure, access and connectivity pedestrian improvements, and safety to increase transit access within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area.

The FFTOD Specific Plan would propose new zoning categories and standards, primarily within the 0.5-mile TOD area of the three Metro A Line Stations, that include development standards and design guidelines appropriate for meeting the planned density and intensity established by the General Plan Land Use Designations. New zoning standards would also include setback and parking standards to address mobility issues in the community. The Project would also update zoning categories for sites identified for the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) by the Housing Element update (HEU); Figure 7 identified these sites as 'Draft HEU RHNA Parcel.'

As discussed, the existing conditions of some sidewalks within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area are narrow, are damaged, and do not provide safe walkability. Consistent with the Los Angeles County Public Works Transit-Oriented District (TOD) Toolkit (2019), the FFTOD Specific Plan would propose implementation recommendations to widen sidewalks at key locations within the 0.5-mile TOD areas (portions of Slauson Avenue, Compton Avenue, Holmes Avenue, Nadeau Street, and Firestone Boulevard) from the current range of 6 feet to 14 feet to the desired 12 feet to 15 feet and parkways with a minimum of 10 feet.

The combination of zoning standards and mobility strategy recommendations would address current and future levels of sidewalk activity and incorporate pedestrian-oriented and "active" street design. The FFTOD Specific Plan may reduce or alter the number of required parking spaces associated with mixed-use development or within proximity to the Metro transit stations. This may include lower or altered parking requirements for land use categories such as residential, commercial, entertainment, assembly, and dining, and business and professional office. These changes would help facilitate the TOD and encourage affordable development for the community.

The employment rate in the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is robust, with 63.5 percent of persons aged 16 years or older employed (2010 US Census). Jobs tend to be oriented towards manufacturing, transportation, and warehousing due to proximity to ports and the freight corridor leading to the intermodal terminals south of downtown Los Angeles. These jobs tend to generate more truck trips than other employment

types, resulting in a higher volume of truck traffic that can negatively impact the population in terms of public health and safety (SELA Transportation Study, 2017).

The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is within a designated Southern California Association of Government (SCAG) environmental justice area, indicating that low-income and minority populations have disproportionately borne many of the negative impacts of increased traffic over the years, including exposure to greater than average health risks from air pollution. To support the LA County efforts to reinvest in transit-supportive economic development and multi-modal facilities, the Project proposes new transit-supportive zoning categories at underutilized opportunity sites directly adjacent to the Slauson Station (see Figure 8 for focused change areas). These sites are currently zoned as heavy industrial with generally low-intensity on-site development or general commercial uses. The land use designation is proposed to be updated to Mixed-Use (MU), and re-zoned to be transit supportive and neighborhood serving. The Project would also identify infrastructure and provide recommendations for mobility improvements needed to support the land use and zoning changes in the FFTOD Specific Plan Area and create more housing opportunities that protect against the displacement of existing residents in the community. In addition to amending the land use policy map and establishing new zoning categories, the Project would amend and incorporate standards from the FFCSD into the FFTOD Specific Plan. Incorporation of the FFCSD would allow all land use regulations applicable to the Florence-Firestone community to be compiled into a single document for ease of review and implementation.

The FFTOD Specific Plan proposes the following nine new zoning categories: Industrial Flex (IF), Mixed-Use 1 (MU-1), Mixed-Use (MU-2), Mixed-Use 3 (MU-3), Mixed-Use Transit (MU-T), Residential Low-Medium 1 (RLM-1), Residential Low-Medium 2 (RLM-2), Residential Medium (RM) and Residential Slauson Station (RSS). These zoning categories are listed with their corresponding General Plan land use categories in Table 1; zoning categories names/titles are subject to change to match LA County naming conventions as the FFTOD Specific Plan is further developed.

Table 1: FFTOD Specific Plan Zoning Categories

General Plan Land Use Designations	Proposed Draft FFTOD Specific Plan Zoning Categories	Allowed Intensity / Density (Consistent with the General Plan Land Use Designation)
Proposed New Zoning Categoria	ories to Be Applied	
IL Light Industrial	- Industrial Flex (IF)	- 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
MU Mixed-Use	Mixed-Use 2 (MU-2)Mixed-Use 3 (MU-3)Mixed-Use Transit (MU-T)	- 3.0 FAR (non-residential component); minimum 50 dwelling units (du)/net acre, maximum 150 du/net acre
CM Commercial Major	- Mixed-Use 1 (MU-1)	- 3.0 FAR (non-residential component); minimum 30 du/net acre, maximum 150 du/net acre
H18 Residential	- Residential Low-Medium 1 (RLM-1)	- 0 du/net acre, maximum 18 du/net acre
H30 Residential	- Residential Low-Medium 2 (RLM-2)	- Minimum 20 du/net acre, maximum 30 du/net acre
H50 Residential	- Residential Medium (RM)	- Minimum 20 du/net acre, maximum 50 du/net acre
H100 Residential	- Residential Slauson Station (RSS)	- Minimum 50 du/net acre, maximum 100 du/net acre
Existing Title 22 Zoning Cate	egories to Be Applied	
H9 Residential	- Single-Family Residence (R-1)	- 0 du/net acre, maximum 9 du/net acre
H18 Residential	- Two-Family Residence (R-2)	- 0 du/net acre, maximum 18 du/net acre
GC General Commercial	- General Commercial (C-3)	- 1.0 FAR (non-residential component); 0 du/net acre, maximum 50 du/net acre
MU Mixed-Use	- Mixed-Use Development (MXD)	- 3.0 FAR (non-residential component); minimum 50 du/net acre, maximum 150 du/net acre
IL Light Industrial	- Light Manufacturing	- 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
IH Heavy Industrial	- Heavy Manufacturing	- 1.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)
OS-PR Parks and Recreation	- Open Space - Light Agricultural	- N/A
P Public and Semi-Public	- Institutional	- 3.0 Floor Area Ratio (FAR)

The intent of the proposed new zoning categories listed in Table 1 is further described below:

- 1. Industrial Flex (IF) Zoning Category—The IF Zoning Category is intended to maintain light industrial uses and jobs while introducing new neighborhood-serving commercial and innovation uses suitable for mixed residential and employment areas. The zoning category allows for transitions between employment and residential uses to encourage less noxious uses, such as commercial to abut homes, supporting the goals of the LA County draft Green Zones Program and Ordinance. This zoning category allows uses focused on light industrial, neighborhood-serving commercial and office and does not allow residential uses. The IF Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation IL Light Industrial.
- 2. <u>Mixed-Use Transit (MU-T) Zoning Category</u> The MU-T Zoning Category is intended to create a high-intensity mixed-use transit district with a variety of housing, jobs, and neighborhood services within existing commercial and industrial areas surrounding the Slauson Station. This

- zoning category will allow uses that encourage a more pedestrian-oriented setting with active uses to encourage walking, biking, and multi-modal transportation. The MU-T Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation MU Mixed Use.
- 3. Mixed-Use 3 (MU-3) Zoning Category The MU-3 Zoning Category is intended to support employment and higher-density residential uses by encouraging greater job opportunities and homes for communities near transit, focused in existing industrial areas with large sites surrounding the Florence Station. The purpose of this zoning category is to create an employment-focused, high-intensity mixed-use transit district that allows for transitions between industrial areas and homes with less environmentally intensive uses, such as offices. The MU-3 Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation MU Mixed Use.
- 4. Mixed-Use 2 (MU-2) Zoning Category The MU-2 Zoning Category is intended to support "main street" retail, employment, and homes for the communities near transit along existing commercial corridors surrounding the Slauson and Florence Stations. This zoning category allows uses focused on local neighborhood services, such as local-serving retail, personal services including salons and accountants, and food or groceries, and homes. The MU-2 Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation MU Mixed Use.
- 5. Mixed-Use 1 (MU-1) Zoning Category The MU-1 Zoning Category is intended to support mixed-use corridors near transit to provide a range of local neighborhood services and homes near transit. The MU-1 Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation CM Commercial Major.
- 6. Residential Low-Medium 1 (RLM-1) Zoning Category The RLM-1 Zoning Category is intended to maintain existing residential neighborhoods while supporting a broader range of housing types and configurations, such as duplexes, triplexes, and detached townhomes. The RLM-1 Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation H18 Residential.
- 7. Residential Low-Medium 2 (RLM-2) Zoning Category The RLM-2 Zoning Category is intended to maintain existing residential neighborhoods while supporting a broader range of housing types and configurations, such as attached townhomes, apartments, triplexes, and fourplexes. The RLM-2 Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation H30 Residential.
- 8. Residential Medium (RM) Zoning Category The RM Zoning Category is intended to apply to existing residential neighborhoods where the purpose is to encourage medium-density residential housing near transit. The zoning category allows multi-family residential homes such as apartments and townhomes. The RM Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation H50 Residential.
- 9. Residential Slauson Station (RSS) Zoning Category The RSS Zoning Category is intended to encourage the establishment of high-density residential housing near transit in existing neighborhoods. The RSS Zoning Category seeks to provide a wider range of housing types and densities, supporting transit-oriented development. The RSS Zoning Category implements the General Plan Land Use Designation H100 Residential.

Figure 5 shows the proposed land use designations for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area; Figure 6 identifies the change areas comparing the existing land use designations to the proposed land use designations. Figure 7 shows the new zoning categories proposed by the Project; Figure 8 identifies the change areas comparing the existing zoning categories to the proposed zoning categories.

Adoption of the FFTOD Specific Plan would result in a concurrent amendment to:

A. The LA County General Plan to change the land use designations of the identified properties.

B. The FFCP to:

- 1) Change the land use designations of the identified properties and references to the FFCSD.
- 2) Correct a few zoning categories and/or associated zoning category names to be consistent with the Zoning Code classifications of Title 22. Specifically, zone C-2 would be renamed from "Neighborhood Business" to "Neighborhood Commercial." In addition, zoning categories "R-3-()U Limited Density Multiple Residence" would be changed to "R-3 Limited Density Multiple Residence" and "R-4-()U Medium Density Multiple Residence" would be changed to "R-4 Medium Density Multiple Residence." The proposed minor revisions to the FFCP will merely make an editorial correction to reflect the correct zoning category and/or the associated category name. It would not change the pattern, types, or density of land uses that are currently allowed under the Zoning Code.

C. The LA County Code, Title 22 to:

- 1) Change the zoning categories of identified properties to encourage a mix of transit-oriented development and land uses that would, in part, provide more opportunities for affordable housing and a greater mix of housing options and employment opportunities.
- 2) Add a new section to establish the FFTOD Specific Plan.
- 3) Remove section 22.324; the FFCSD would be replaced by the standards set forth in the FFTOD Specific Plan.

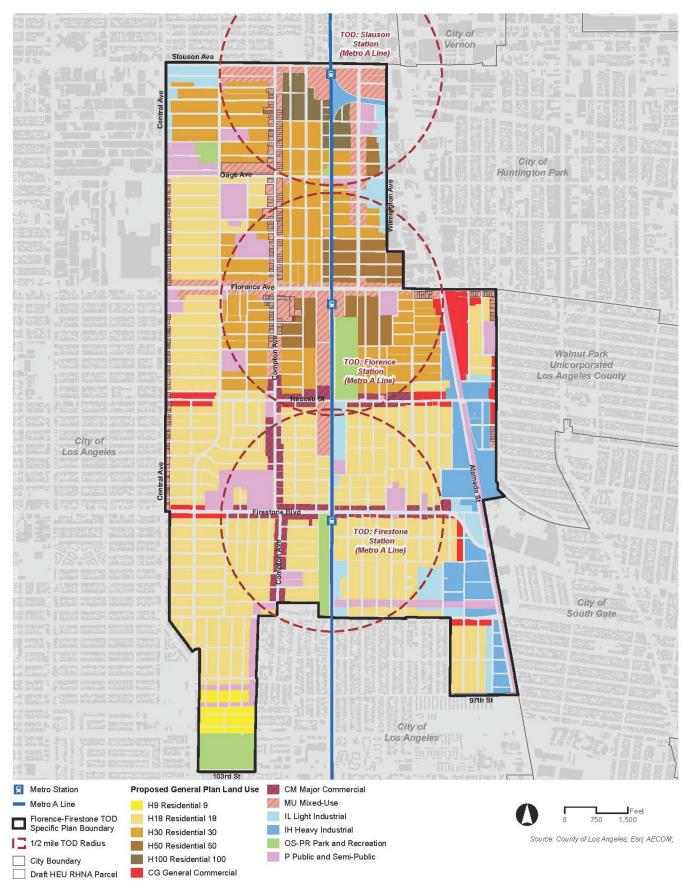


Figure 5 Proposed General Plan Land Use Designations for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

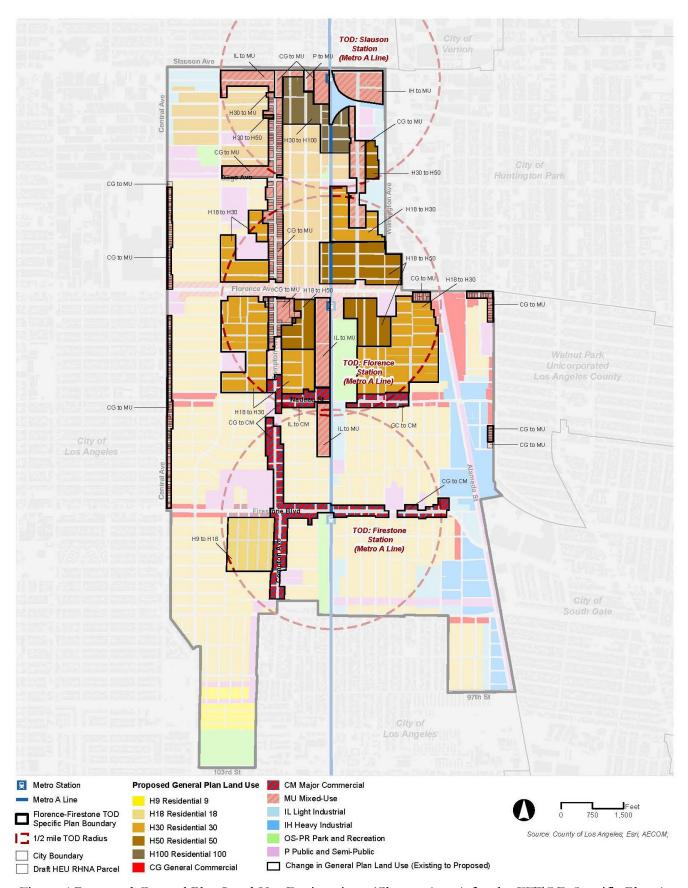


Figure 6 Proposed General Plan Land Use Designations (Change Areas) for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

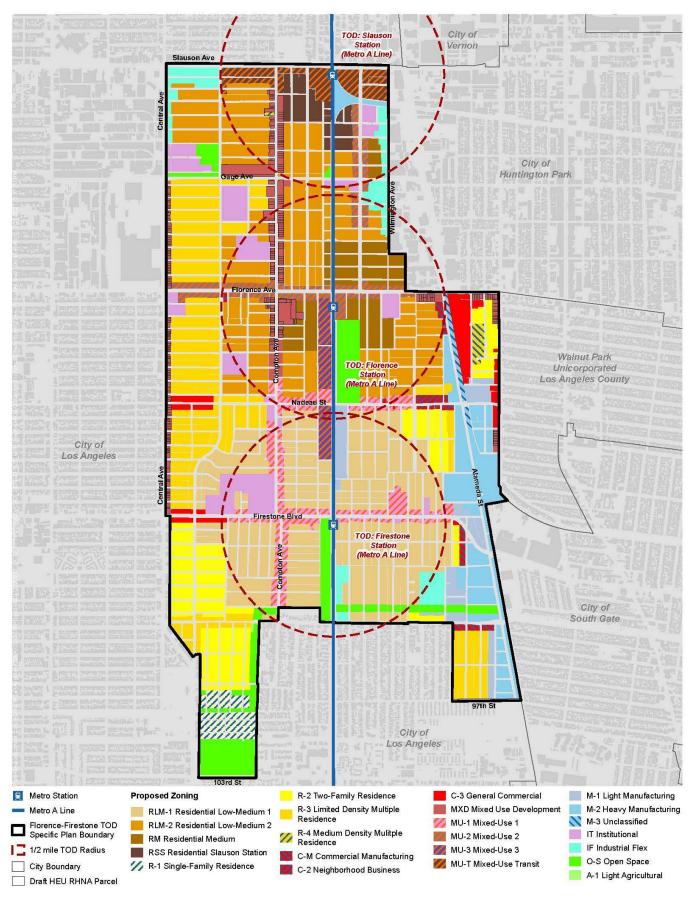


Figure 7 Proposed Zoning Categories for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

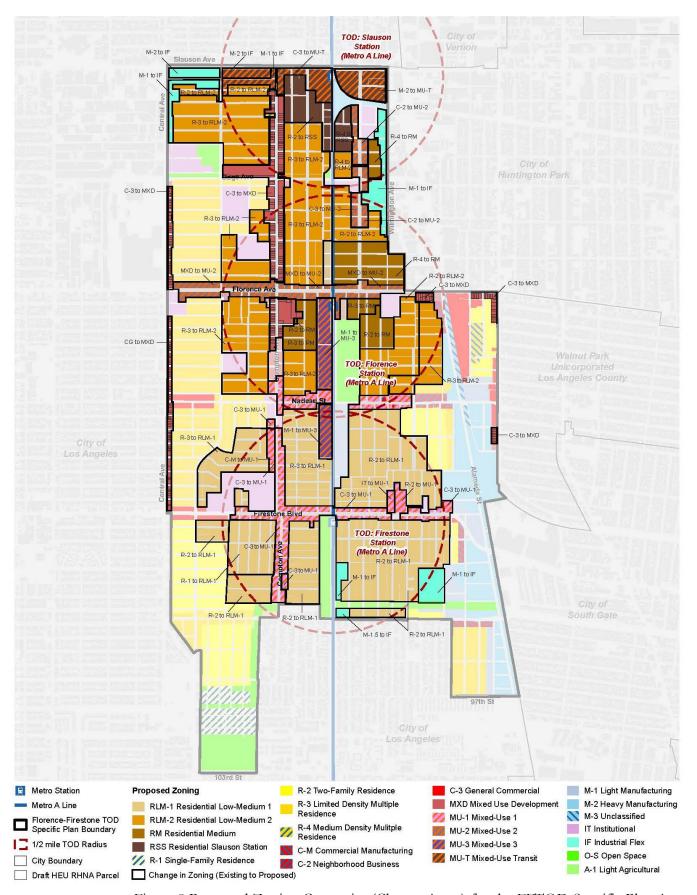


Figure 8 Proposed Zoning Categories (Change Areas) for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area

Surrounding land uses and setting: The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is surrounded on the north, south, and west by the City of Los Angeles and on the east by the City of Huntington Park, the City of South Gate, and the unincorporated community of Walnut Park. The community is between downtown Los Angeles and downtown Long Beach in proximity to major employment centers, including downtown Los Angeles, the Ports of Long Beach and Los Angeles, and the industrial sector in southeast LA County. The area surrounding the proposed FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbanized with residential, commercial, and industrial land uses. Specifically, the City of Los Angeles land uses surrounding the FFTOD Specific Plan Area to the north, west, and south include commercial, industrial, single-family and multi-family residential, open space, and public facilities. The City of Huntington Park land uses bordering the FFTOD Specific Plan Area to the east include manufacturing and general commercial. The City of South Gate land uses bordering the FFTOD Specific Plan Area to the east include regional commercial, neighborhood medium residential, and light industrial. The unincorporated community of Walnut Park land uses bordering the FFTOD Specific Plan Area to the east include mixed commercial and general commercial.

The existing setting of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area includes three Metro A Line Stations that connect the community to major job centers and regional destinations spanning from downtown Los Angeles to Long Beach. In addition, Metro Bus routes and Los Angeles Department of Transportation DASH routes serve the area. The proposed FFTOD Specific Plan land use and mobility strategies would be focused in proximity to the Metro A Line Station areas to make it easier for bicyclists and pedestrians to access the stations. While multiple public transit options can be found in the community, access to transit is hindered by critical safety barriers for pedestrians and cyclists, including narrow and damaged sidewalks, poor lighting, lack of transit-supportive wayfinding signage, lack of connecting bikeways, and few station access points to the elevated platform (at the Slauson Station). Land uses near the stations are predominantly industrial, including land dedicated for railroad operations and a large open storage facility adjacent to Slauson Station. This existing land use pattern is a barrier for connecting jobs and housing more closely to the transit services. Current access points to the stations are narrow and difficult to navigate. Bus stops in the station area also lack basic accommodations such as benches, shelters, and sufficient lighting. Cyclists in the area lack safe, separated bicycle facilities and must instead travel in mixed-traffic, high-stress, and dangerous conditions that are not safe for children, elderly, or inexperienced cyclists. One Class II bicycle lane is disconnected to the local and regional bikeway network. Overall, the TOD area is not conducive to facilitating robust transit access and lack the community-serving land uses needed to increase transit use and encourage new transit-oriented development.

Note: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21080.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

Public Agency Approval Required Major projects in the area: Project/Case No. Description and Status Reviewing Agencies: Responsible Agencies Special Reviewing Agencies Regional Significance None None None None Regional Water Quality Control SCAG Criteria Santa Monica Mountains Board: Air Quality Conservancy Water Resources National Parks ☐ Lahontan Region National Forest Santa Monica Mtns. Area Coastal Commission City of Los Angeles Edwards Air Force Base Army Corps of Engineers Resource Conservation City of Huntington Park LAFCO District of Santa Monica City of South Gate Mountains Area Trustee Agencies County Reviewing Agencies None \bowtie DPW State Dept. of Fish and Fire Department Wildlife -Planning Division ☐ State Dept. of Parks and - Land Development Unit - Health Hazmat Recreation State Lands Commission Sanitation District University of California ☐ Public Health/Environmental (Natural Land and Water Health Division: Land Use Reserves System) Program (OWTS), Drinking Water Program (Private Wells), Toxics Epidemiology Program (Noise) Sheriff Department Parks and Recreation Subdivision Committee ☐ Los Angeles Unified School District Los Angeles County Library

Other public agencies whose approval may be required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or

participation agreement):

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The	environmental factors ch	ecked	l below would be potentially	signific	ant	t impacts affected by this project.
\boxtimes	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emission	s [\boxtimes	Public Services
	Agriculture/Forestry	\boxtimes	Hazards/Hazardous Mater	ials [\boxtimes	Recreation
\boxtimes	Air Quality		Hydrology/Water Quality		\boxtimes	Transportation
	Biological Resources	\boxtimes	Land Use/Planning		\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		\boxtimes	Utilities/Services
	Energy		Noise			Wildfire
	Geology/Soils		Population/Housing		\boxtimes	Mandatory Findings of Significance
	TERMINATION: (To be the basis of this initial eva		pleted by the Lead Departm on:	ent.)		
	1 1	1	oject COULD NOT have a <u>TON</u> will be prepared.	significa	ınt	effect on the environment, and a
	will not be a significan	nt effe	ect in this case because revisi	ions in t	he	effect on the environment, there project have been made by or <u>E DECLARATION</u> will be
	1 1	_	oject MAY have a significan <u>PACT REPORT</u> is required.		on	the environment, and an
	significant unless miti adequately analyzed in addressed by mitigation	gated n an e on m L IMI	easures based on the earlier	t, but at applical analysis	lea ble as	± + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
	because all potentially NEGATIVE DECLA mitigated pursuant to	signi ARAT that (TON pursuant to applicable	analyzed standar DECL <i>P</i>	l ad ds, AR	lequately in an earlier EIR or , and (b) have been avoided or ATION, including revisions or
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Sign	ature (Approved by)		Ι	Date		

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources the Lead Department cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the Lead Department has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level. (Mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced.)
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA processes, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. (State CEQA Guidelines § 15063(c)(3)(D).) In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of, and adequately analyzed in, an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 7) The explanation of each issue should identify: the significance threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question, and; mitigation measures identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significant. Sources of thresholds include the LA County General Plan, other LA County planning documents, and LA County ordinances. Some thresholds are unique to geographical locations.

1. AESTHETICS

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:	1	1	1	1
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
Less Than Significant Impact. Scenic vistas include views highways and corridors (or routes), hillsides, viewsheds and from any given location. Florence-Firestone is an urbanize downtown Los Angeles. Typical views within the FFTOD Spand associated roadways and landscaping. Implementation redevelopment and infill development of residential, mixed heights ranging from 36 to 72 feet. There are no designated identified scenic resources within the FFTOD Specific Plan Aspecific Plan Area is State Route 2, the Angeles Crest High nearest significant ridgeline to the FFTOD Specific Plan Area 10 miles north. As a result, impacts to scenic vistas related to would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyze (EIR).	ridgelines, of community of the FFT of the FFT of the FFT of the control of the c	or other unusury approximate Area consist of OD Specific Industrial buildings, significant sest scenic high mately 20 mile Monica Mountation of the Floriant services of th	al scenic landly 6 miles so arban development of the ridgelines, approximations, approxim	dforms, outh of opment result in aximum or other FFTOD rth. The ximately ific Plan
b) Be visible from or obstruct views from a regional riding, hiking, or multi-use trail?				\boxtimes
No Impact. According to the Trails Map by the Los Angele no LA County trails are within the FFTOD Specific Plan Are the Rio Hondo River Trail, approximately 5 miles east of the Project would not be visible or obstruct views from a region will not be analyzed further in the EIR.	a. The closes he FFTOD	st riding, hiking Specific Plan	<u>z, or multi-us</u> Area. Theref	se trail is fore, the
c) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
No Impact. Based on a review of the California Departmen no state scenic highways are located within the FFTOD Specific FFTOD Specific Plan Area is State Route 2, the Angeles Cres Thus, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not visible from this impacts to scenic resources within view of a state scenic highest scenic highest plan area in the scenic highe	fic Plan Area t Highway, a s highway, a ghway. The	n. The closest s pproximately 2 nd the Project Project would	cenic highwa 20 miles to the would not a 1 not damage	ny to the e north. result in
d) Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings because of height, bulk, pattern, scale, character, or other features and/or conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing.				

scenic quality? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point)

Potentially Significant Impact. Implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would entail some changes to the visual character of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The Project would enable industrial, mixed-use, commercial, and residential land uses and provide recommendations for mobility improvements that support increased housing density and employment in proximity to the three Metro A Line Stations in the community (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations). These improvements would allow for increased intensity, taller buildings, or streetscape changes that are consistent with a TOD development pattern that could alter the existing visual character or quality of public views of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area and its surroundings. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

e) Create a new source of substantial shadows, light,	\boxtimes		
or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime			
views in the area?			

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbanized with residential and industrial land uses, and has existing lighting including streetlights, commercial signage, vehicle lights, parking lot lights, and building lights. The Project would enable industrial, mixed-use, commercial, and residential land uses and provide recommendations for mobility improvements that support increased housing density and employment in proximity to the three Metro A Line Stations (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations) in the community. These improvements would allow for increased intensity, taller buildings, or streetscape changes consistent with a TOD development pattern that could create new sources of shadow, light, or glare. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

References

<u>California Department of Transportation, Scenic Highways Program, available at https://dot.ca.gov/programs/design/lap-landscape-architecture-and-community-livability/lap-liv-i-scenic-highways, accessed November 2, 2020.</u>

California State Parks Office of Historic Preservation, California Historical Landmarks for Los Angeles County, available at https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=21427, accessed February 2, 2021.

Los Angeles County Department of Parks and Recreation, Trails Los Angeles County Map, available at https://trails.lacounty.gov, accessed November 2, 2020.

National Park Service, National Register of Historic Places, available at https://www.nps.gov/subjects/nationalregister/database-research.htm#table, accessed February 2, 2021.

2. AGRICULTURE / FOREST

In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:	тирасі	incorporated	трасі	Ппрасі
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
Less Than Significant Impact. According to the California California Department of Conservation, the majority of the Fand Built-Up Land, which indicates that the land is used for developed purposes. There is an area of Unique Farmland, dependent the production of the state's leading agricultural crops, at the Area west of Compton Avenue and south of 91st Street. Changes for existing residential parcels adjacent to this are Specific Plan would not convert the Unique Farmland to a nabeless than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, with a designated Agricultural Resource Area, or with a Williamson Act contract?	FTOD Specior residential efined as farm southern bou The FFTOD a of Unique on-agricultur.	fic Plan Area is, industrial, conland of lesser andary of the Foundary of the Plan al use. Therefoundary of the Plan al use. Therefoundary of the Plan al use. Therefoundary of the Plan area of the Pla	designated a mmercial, ar quality soils FTOD Spec would inclu	s Urban nd other used for ific Plan de zone FFTOD
No Impact. The Williamson Act enables local government restrict specific parcels of land to agricultural or related open assessments for the landowners. There are no existing William and there are no designated agricultural resource areas within Project would not conflict with existing zoning for agriculture would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in the E	n space use in nson Act cont n the FFTOD ral use or a W	exchange for a exchange for a except within the D Specific Plan	reduced prop is part of LA Area. There	County, fore, the
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code § 12220 (g)), timberland (as defined in Public Resources Code § 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined in Government Code § 51104(g))?				

No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbar	nized with res	idential and in	dustrial land	uses and
is not in an area zoned for forest land, timberland, or Timbe	rland Produc	tion as defined	l in Public R	<u>lesources</u>
Code Section 12220(g) and Government Code Section 4526.	Therefore, in	<u>nplementation</u>	of the Proje	ect would
not conflict with or cause rezoning of forest land or timberl	and, and no i	mpact would	occur. This	issue will
not be analyzed further in the EIR.		_		
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbar is not zoned for forest land, nor does it contain any forests. not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land.	<u>Therefore, in</u>	<u>nplementation</u>	of the Proje	ect would
This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.		•	1	
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or				

Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbanized with residential and industrial land uses. As discussed in Response 2a, Unique Farmland exists within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Although the FFTOD Specific Plan includes zone changes for existing residential parcels adjacent to this farmland, it does not propose converting the Unique Farmland to non-agricultural use. Additionally, the changes associated with the FFTOD Specific Plan would not be expected to result in future conversion of this farmland to non-agricultural use, as the farmland would remain within the same context of agricultural activities within an electrical transmission right-of-way that is surrounded by urban development. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

References

State of California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, Los Angeles County, Los Angeles County Important Farmland 2016 map, available at https://www.conservation.ca.gov/dlrp/fmmp/Pages/LosAngeles.aspx, accessed November 2, 2020.

State of California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection, Williamson Act Program, available at https://www.conservation.ca.gov/dlrp/wa, accessed November 2, 2020.

3. AIR QUALITY

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:	impact	meosposace	impact	mpaci
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of applicable air quality plans of either the South Coast AQMD (SCAQMD) or the Antelope Valley AQMD (AVAQMD)?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The South Coast Air Quawithin the South Coast Air Basin, which includes the FFTOD the development of industrial, mixed-use, commercial recommendations for mobility improvements that support proximity to the three Metro A Line Stations (i.e., Slaus community. Implementation of the FFTOD Specific Place construction and operation of new developments within the considered potentially significant and an Air Quality Technic findings and conclusions of the report will be described in the as necessary.	D Specific Pl l, and resi increased ho son, Florence n would ge- he FFTOD cal Report w	an Area. The dential land busing density e, and Firestonerate polluta. Specific Plan ill be prepared	Project would uses and and employ one Stations on temissions Area. The infor the Proj	d enable provide ment in in the during mpact is ect. The
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Project would enal commercial, and residential land uses and provide recommen increased housing density and employment in proximity to Florence, and Firestone Stations) in the community. Imples generate short- and long-term pollutant emissions from conwithin the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Short-term emissions demolition, excavation, and building construction. Although promote active transportation and reduce vehicle miles transportation and reduce	dations for nather three Mannentation of the struction and smay result for the Project veled, the Project veled, the Project Specific Platill be prepared	nobility improvetro A Line S If the FFTOD Id operation of the construct It would prove to ject may resion flict with standard and Area. The intention of the Project of the Project for the Project of the Project for the Project of the Project for the P	vements that tations (i.e., Specific Plan f new develor ion activities ide opportunut in a cum te or federal impact is conect. The find	support Slauson, n would opments such as nities to ulatively ambient nsidered ings and
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Sensitive receptors are def	ined as locat	ions used by p	eople, or by	persons

that are more susceptible to the harmful health effects of emissions, such as children and the elderly. As discussed in Response 3b above, implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would generate short- and

long-term pollutant emissions from construction and oper-	ation of no	ew developments	within the	FFTOD
Specific Plan Area. Sensitive receptor locations within the F	lorence-Fi	restone communi	ity include re	<u>esidential</u>
areas, recreational areas, and schools. Future development m	ay expose	sensitive receptor	s within and	l near the
FFTOD Specific Plan Area to substantial pollutant conce	ntrations.	The impact is co	onsidered p	<u>otentially</u>
significant and an Air Quality Technical Report will be prepa	red for the	Project. The find	lings and co	nclusions
of the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation me	easures wil	l be identified as:	necessary.	
			·	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to				
odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of				
people?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan would accommodate light industrial land uses that would be less intensive than the existing permitted industrial land uses. Nonetheless, the light industrial uses may result in exposing a substantial number of people to other emissions, such as odors. The impact is considered potentially significant and an Air Quality Technical Report will be prepared for the Project. The findings and conclusions of the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures will be identified as necessary.

4. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

W/ 11.1	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
Would the project:				
a) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)?				
Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan industrial land uses and lacks natural, vegetated areas (such as natural communities or native habitat for sensitive species. The infill development within an already highly disturbed urban effection. FFTOD Specific Plan would not result in any direct impacts to sensitive, or special-status species. Any occurrence of a sensitive expected to be an incidental occurrence, such as during foraging be removed to accommodate construction of development probirds if future development occurs during the nesting season.	creeks or chance proposed environment of special-state ive species in the species	annels) that co FFTOD Speci Therefore, in tus species iden the FFTOD cipated that so	uld support sific Plan provinglementation tified as a case Specific Planme trees wou	sensitive vides for on of the andidate, a Area is ald likely
The Migratory Bird Treaty Act of 1918 (MBTA) prohibits the transport) of native migratory birds, or any part, nest, or egregulation adopted in accordance with the MBTA (United Sections 703-712). Compliance with the MBTA would ger during the nesting season, February 15 through September 1, eduring the nesting season, by conducting pre-construction in qualified biologist to monitor active nests to ensure construct MBTA. Nesting birds are also protected under the California Section 3503 prohibits the take, possession, or needless designed exceptions. By law, future projects developed in acceptable required to comply with the MBTA and California Fish and birds. As such, impacts to nesting birds would be less than significant to the take in the EIR.	g of any sustates Code 'nerally includer if construction does not a Fish and Cordance with d Game Code	ch bird unless Litle 16, Chap de avoiding co ction activities surveys and, if t affect species Game Code (S the nest or eg th the FFTOD de to protect n	ter 7, Subchionstruction a are to be under needed, proprotected under ection 3505 gs of any bionstruction are to be under the protected under the	another apter II, activities dertaken widing a nder the et seq.). rd, with n would I nesting
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any sensitive natural communities (e.g., riparian habitat, coastal sage scrub, oak woodlands, non-jurisdictional wetlands) identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by CDFW or USFWS?				

No Impact. According to the National Wetlands Inventory managed by the USFWS, no riparian habitat or non-jurisdictional wetlands exist within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Additionally, as discussed in Response 4a, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area lacks natural, vegetated areas that could support sensitive natural communities or native habitat for sensitive species. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbanized with

residential and industrial land uses and the Project wou communities. No impact would occur. This issue will not be		•	•	natural
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marshes, vernal pools, coastal wetlands, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
No Impact. As discussed in Response 4b, according to the or federally protected wetlands within the FFTOD Specific Pmapped wetland to the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is Comp FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Therefore, the Project would have analyzed further in the EIR.	lan Area, whic ton Creek, ap	ch is heavily u proximately 1	rbanized. Th	th of the
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plansuitable habitat to support the movement of native or migraffer Plan Area may be used as habitat by migrate above, future projects developed in accordance with the FFT with state and federal regulations that protect migratory wildle Game Code. Therefore, impacts would be less than significate EIR.	catory fish. Exory birds. How FOD Specification in the control of	xisting trees a wever, as disc Plan would b the MBTA an	nd vegetation ussed in Respected to describe to the contraction of the	pon in the ponse 4a comply Fish and
e) Convert oak woodlands (as defined by the state, oak woodlands are oak stands with greater than 10% canopy cover with oaks at least 5 inch in diameter measured at 4.5 feet above mean natural grade) or other unique native woodlands (juniper, Joshua, southern California black walnut, etc.)?				
No Impact. According to DRP's Distribution of Oak Specioak woodlands or other unique native woodlands within or is developed with urban land uses. Therefore, no impact wou This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.	near the FFT0	OD Specific I	Plan Area, as	the area
f) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, including Wildflower Reserve Areas (L.A. County Code, Title 12, Ch. 12.36), the Los Angeles County Oak Tree Ordinance (L.A. County Code, Title 22, Ch. 22.174), the Significant Ecological Areas (SEAs) (L.A. County Code, Title 22, Ch. 102), Specific Plans (L.A. County Code, Title 22, Ch. 22.46), Community Standards Districts (L.A. County Code, Title 22, Ch. 22.300 et seq.), and/or				

Coastal Resource Areas (L.A. County General Plan, Figure 9.3)?

Less Than Significant Impact. The only applicable local policy or ordinance protecting biological resources for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is the Los Angeles County Oak Tree Ordinance (County Code of Ordinances Sections 22.56.2050 et seq.), which prohibits anyone from damaging or removing oak trees without a permit from DRP. Although no occurrence of oak woodlands or other unique native woodlands occur within or near the FFTOD Specific Plan Area as described in Response 4e, existing landscaping within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area may include oak trees. However, future proposed development under the FFTOD Specific Plan would be required to adhere to the Oak Tree Ordinance. The Oak Tree Ordinance requires permit applicants to submit a site plan and an oak tree report. The site plan should show the locations and dimensions of existing land uses; proposed features on the site; and the location of all oak trees subject to the ordinance proposed to be removed and/or relocated, or within 200 feet of proposed construction, grading, landfill, or other activity. The oak tree report should be prepared, by an individual with expertise acceptable to the director and LA County forester and fire warden, of each tree shown on the site plan describing the size, structure, and health of each tree; and identifying trees that may be classified as heritage trees – which are either any oak tree measuring 36 inches or more in diameter, measured 4.5 feet above the natural grade; or any other oak tree having significant historical or cultural importance to the community. As a result, the Project would not conflict with any local plans or policies protecting biological resources, and impacts would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

g) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat		\boxtimes
Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation		
Plan, or other approved state, regional, or local habitat		
conservation plan?		

No Impact. According to the Habitat Conservation Database managed by the USFWS, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not located in any adopted Habitat Conservation Plan area. In addition, based on the California Natural Community Conservation Plans Map created by CDFW, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not located in any Natural Community Conservation Plan area. No impact would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

References

California Department of Fish and Wildlife, California Natural Community Conservation Plans Map, available at https://nrm.dfg.ca.gov/FileHandler.ashx?DocumentID=68626&inline, accessed November 11, 2020.

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, Distribution of Oak Species in LA County, available at https://planning.lacounty.gov/assets/upl/sea/Distribution of Oak Species in LA County.pdf, accessed November 2, 2020.

<u>US Fish and Wildlife Service, Habitat Conservation Database, available at https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp0/conservationPlan/region/summary?region=8&type=HCP, accessed November 2, 2020.</u>

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, National Wetlands Inventory, Wetlands Mapper, available at https://www.fws.gov/wetlands/data/mapper.html, accessed November 2, 2020.

5. CULTURAL RESOURCES

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15064.5?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Historical resources incluplaces, records, or manuscripts that are historically or archaeo years old or older are typically evaluated for historical significant the DRP GIS-NET database, no historic resources are with according to the FFCP, the majority of structures in Florence and have the potential to be considered historic resources. Additional Preservation, Built Environment Resources Direct environment resources were identified within the focused change in the sign considered potentially significant and a Cultural Resources Te The findings and conclusions of the report will be described identified as necessary.	logically signance by cultithin the FF e-Firestone Iditionally, actory, a total ange area (rulficance of chnical Reportance by cultical Reportance of angel angel Reportance of angel angel Reportance of ange	ificant. Building and resources COD Specific were built dure ecording to the lof 27 previous for to Figure a historical resort will be prepared.	ngs and struction investigation. Plan Area. Hing the 1920 c California Cously records above). The inpared for the	s. Based lowever, s=1940s Office of ed built herefore, mpact is Project.
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines § 15064.5?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Archaeological resources are activities, including structural ruins and buried resources. The urbanized and ground surfaces have been heavily disturbed likelihood of the discovery of archaeological resources is development in the FFTOD Specific Plan Area could require existing and past developments. Therefore, construction of adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resignificant and a Cultural Resources Technical Report will be conclusions of the report will be described in the EIR, and min	due to prevention of the second of the secon	pecific Plan A vious develope However, con vations than p opments could e impact is co for the Proje	rea is already ment. Thereforestruction of previously nearly cause a sul- considered po- ct. The findi	heavily heavily fore, the future eded for bstantial ptentially ings and
c) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The Florence-Firestone community is heavily urbanized with residential and industrial land uses. There are no unique geologic features within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. However, as discussed in Response 5b above, construction of future development pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan could require deeper excavations than previously needed for existing and past developments. Therefore, construction of new developments could directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource. The impact is considered potentially significant and a Cultural

Resources Technical Report will be prepared for the Projec	<u>t. The finding</u>	s and conclusi	ons of the re	port will
be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures will be ide	entified as nec	essary.		
d) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries?				
Potentially Significant Impact. No known site within th	e FFTOD Sp	ecific Plan Ar	ea has been	used for
human burial purposes, including cemeteries. Therefore,	<u>, it is unlike</u> l	ly that humar	n remains w	ould be
encountered during construction activities related to future	development	pursuant to ir	<u>nplementatio</u>	on of the
FFTOD Specific Plan. However, previously unknown buried	d human rema	ins could be in	advertently d	<u>listurbed</u>
during construction activities. The impact is considered pot	entially signifi	cant and will b	e further ana	alyzed in
the EIR.	, 0			,
Deferences				

References

California Office of Historic Preservation, Built Environment Resources Directory, Resources by County, available at https://ohp.parks.ca.gov/?page_id=30338, accessed February 22, 2021.

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, GIS-NET, available at https://planning.lacounty.gov/gisnet, accessed February 22, 2021.

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, Florence-Firestone Community Plan, adopted September 2019, available at http://planning.lacounty.gov/assets/upl/project/ffcp_final_20190903.pdf, accessed November 2, 2020.

6. ENERGY

Less Than

	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
Would the project:	1	1	1	1
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources, during project construction or operation?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Redevelopment and infitthe FFTOD Specific Plan would require approvals pursuant the Green Building Standards, which sets guidelines for conservation, recycling, and air quality. Additionally, the Protective FFCP that promote energy efficiency and green building Technical Report will be prepared to evaluate the impacts	nt to Title 31 planning and oject would be gror new devo	of the LA Cou d design, ener consistent wit elopments. No	inty Code, ke gy efficienc h policies set netheless, an	nown as y, water forth in Energy
related to energy resources. The findings and conclusions mitigation measures will be identified as necessary.				
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan would propose land use and zoning changes and provide recommendations for mobility improvements to support transit-oriented development in proximity to the Metro A Line Station areas (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations). Development projects resulting from implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would comply with State of California and LA County regulations related to renewable energy and energy efficiency. These regulations would include the State's Renewable Portfolio Standard; Appliance Efficiency Regulations; Title 24, California Code of Regulations, Part 6: Energy Efficiency Standards for Buildings; and Title 31, Green Building Standards, LA County Code, all of which address energy efficiency guidelines for developments. Nonetheless, an Energy Technical Report will be prepared to evaluate the FFTOD Specific Plan's consistency with state or local plans for renewable energy or energy efficiency. The findings and conclusions of the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures will be identified as necessary.

7. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
Would the project:	in pace	incorporated	111.puev	in part
a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State				
Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known active fault trace? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
Less Than Significant Impact. The Los Angeles Basin con				
is considered a region of high seismic activity. The Califor issued by the California Geological Survey shows no active	-			-
within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The closest known fa	-		-	
approximately 2.4 miles southwest of the FFTOD Specific			•	
approximately 5.2 miles north of the FFTOD Specific Plan		1.1	•	
along active faults. Due to the distance between the FFTOI		-		-
future development pursuant to implementation of the FFT	OD Specific P	<u>lan is unlikely t</u>	to experience	e ground
rupture. The impact would be less than significant. This issu	e will not be	analyzed furthe	er in the EIR	<u></u>
ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?			\boxtimes	

Less Than Significant Impact. Buildout of the FFTOD Specific Plan would increase the numbers of residential units, non-residential structures, residents, and workers in the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. As discussed in Response 7a(i), the closest active faults to the FFTOD Specific Plan Area are the Newport-Inglewood-Rose Canyon Fault approximately 2.4 miles southwest of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area and the Upper Elysian Park Fault approximately 5.2 miles north of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Even though future development pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would not likely experience ground rupture, strong seismic ground shaking would likely occur within the lifetime of the FFTOD Specific Plan. Although strong seismic shaking is a risk throughout Southern California, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not at greater risk of seismic activity or impacts than other areas. Additionally, the California Building Code regulates development to reduce hazards from earthquakes and other geologic hazards. The California Building Code contains building design and construction requirements that are intended to safeguard against major structural failures or loss of life caused by earthquakes or other geologic hazards. Additionally, future development pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would be required to adhere to the provisions of the California Building Code, which are imposed on development projects by LA County during the building plan check and development review process. Compliance with the requirements of the California Building Code would ensure that impacts related to the hazards associated with strong seismic ground shaking would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction and lateral spreading?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Liquefaction occurs we or near the ground surface lose their strength in response Pressure increases in the soil pores temporarily alter the selose strength, in turn causing the failure of adjacent infrais a type of liquefaction-induced ground failure on mildly causes the side-to-side movement of soil.	to strong or e oil state from astructure, inc	xtended perio solid to liquid cluding buildir	ds of seismic . Liquefied se 1gs. Lateral s	shaking. ediments preading
According to the California Earthquake Hazards Zone As is within the Inglewood and South Gate Liquefaction 2 topography and is not within or near a landslide zo considered for approval pursuant to implementation of or structures to potentially significant hazards arising liquefaction and lateral spreading is considered potential EIR.	Cone. The FF one. Nonethe the FFTOD : from liquefac	TOD Specific less, future d Specific Plan oction. Thus, t	Plan Area hevelopment could subject he impact re	projects persons elated to
iv) Landslides?				\boxtimes
No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area has a California Earthquake Hazards Zone Application Map, near a landslide zone. Therefore, no impact would occu EIR.	the FFTOD	Specific Plan	<u>Area is not v</u>	vithin or
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan with the FFTOD Specific Plan would be implemented in a uses. However, construction activities associated with the F bicycle path, and building development components, wou disturbing activities, which have the potential to result in su impact is considered potentially significant and will be further	nn area that is FTOD Specif ild require ex ibstantial soil	already deve ic Plan, such cavation, graderosion or the	loped for url as roadway, s ding, and otl	oan land sidewalk, her soil-
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
Potentially Significant Impact. As described in Response the Inglewood and South Gate Liquefaction Zones. Future FFTOD Specific Plan may be located on soil that is unstable on an unstable geologic unit or soils is considered potential EIR.	<u>development</u> e. Therefore,	pursuant to in the impact rel	nplementation lated to being	on of the glocated
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				

Potentially Significant Impact. Expansive soils are clay-	based soils the	hat tend to ex	xpand or inc	<u>crease in</u>
volume as they absorb water. Future development pursuant	to implement	ation of the F	FTOD Spec	cific Plan
may be located on expansive soils. The impact is considered p	otentially sign	nificant and wi	ill be further	analyzed
in the EIR.				•
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the				\boxtimes
use of onsite wastewater treatment systems where				
sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				
No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is served by a pu	ıblic sanitary	sewer system.	Future devel	opments
pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan we	•	•		-
would not use onsite wastewater treatment systems. No imp			•	
further in the EIR.				J
f) Conflict with the Hillside Management Area				\boxtimes
Ordinance (L.A. County Code, Title 22, Ch.22.104)?				
No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area has a flat	topography a	and is not su	bject to the	Hillside
Management Area Ordinance. No impact would occur. This	issue will not	<u>be analyzed f</u>	further in the	e EIR.
References				
California Department of Conservation, EQ Zapp: California				
available at https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/geohazaro	<u>ls/eq-zapp, a</u>	ccessed Nove	mber 2, 2020	<u>0.</u>
	11 .1 /	/ .1 1	,	1
U.S. Geological Survey, Earthquake Hazards Program, availa	Die at https:/	<u>/ earthquake.u</u>	isgs.gov/, ac	cessed
November 16, 2020.				

8. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Less Than

	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Generate greenhouse gas (GHGs) emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Although the Project we transportation and reduce vehicle miles traveled, construction	_	1 1	1	
by the FFTOD Specific Plan would generate GHG emissio transportation, energy use, water use, and waste disposal. The		•	•	
a Greenhouse Gases Technical Report will be prepared for the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures	<u>he Project. T</u>	<u>'he findings an</u>	d conclusion	
b) Conflict with any applicable plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The California Air Resources Board's Climate Change Scoping Plan contains the main strategies California will implement to achieve required GHG reductions set by Assembly Bill 32, which requires California to reduce its GHG emissions to 1990 levels by 2020. The Sustainable Communities and Climate Protection Act (Senate Bill 375) coordinates land use planning, regional transportation plans, and funding priorities to reduce GHG emissions from passenger vehicles. The Southern California Association of Government's (SCAG) 2016-2040 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy seeks to reduce per capita transportation emissions for the SCAG region. The FFTOD Specific Plan may generate GHG emissions from construction and operation of future development. Because GHG emissions generated by buildout of the FFTOD Specific Plan may be substantial, these impacts may conflict with GHG strategies and targets of applicable plans, policies, or regulations adopted for the purpose of reducing GHG emissions, including the aforementioned. The impact is considered potentially significant and a Greenhouse Gases Technical Report will be prepared for the Project. The findings and conclusions of the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures will be identified as necessary.

9. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

W/sould the music str	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
Would the project: a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, storage,				
Potentially Significant Impact. Future development pur Plan would include construction-related activities and the o involve the routine use of substances classified as hazardou other materials. While the Project would comply with exist the use, storage, transport, and disposal of hazardous materiand will be further analyzed in the EIR.	peration of neurons in the peration of neurons in the peration of the peration	w or different l cluding fuels, p ate, and local 1	and uses, whesticides, pairegulations re	nich may ints, and egarding
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials or waste into the environment?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Project would progrecommendations for mobility improvements to support Metro A Line Station areas (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Finchanges may include development that could result in the and/or groundwater during construction into the envisignificant and will be further analyzed in the EIR. c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or	transit-oriented restone Station e release of un	d development s). Implement known contan	t in proximit ation of the ninants from	y to the land use the soil
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of sensitive land uses? Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Pla five middle schools, three high schools, and two private sch has the Florence Medical Center, Roosevelt Park Senior Ce of which are considered sensitive land uses. The Project wregulations regarding the use, storage, transport, and disport development would be subject to the standards of the LA which seeks to enhance public health and land use compatil a disproportionate pollution burden. Nonetheless, future FFTOD Specific Plan may involve the routine use of subresult in the release of unknown contaminants/hazardous mile of sensitive land uses. Thus, the impact is considered in the EIR.	n Area include nools. In additionter, and Flore ould comply we sal of hazardou County Gree polity in the unidevelopment postances classiff materials during potentially sign	on, the FFTO ence-Firestone with existing fears materials. In Zones Programorporated control in End as hazardong construction	D Specific P Childcare Co deral, state, and addition, are cam (when an emmunities to plementation ous materials in within one	lan Area enter, all and local ny future dopted), hat bear n of the and/or e-quarter
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to				

Government Code § 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Planindustrial land uses, which may have a history of hazardous may the State Water Resources Control Board, and the Endepartment of Toxic Substances Control, track sites that facilities, respectively. Future development pursuant to impled located on or near a hazardous materials site. The impact further analyzed in the EIR.	naterial sites. The naterial sites. The naterial sites. The naterial sites in a site site site site site site site site	The Geotracke abase, manage water quality a f the FFTOD	er Database, ed by the C and hazardo Specific Plan	managed California ous waste n may be
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan, or where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				
No Impact. According to the Los Angeles County Airport is not within an airport land use plan or within 2 miles of a use airport is the Compton/Woodley Airport, approximated FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Therefore, the Project would not people residing or working in the FFCP area, and no impact further in the EIR.	public or pully 3.5 miles for the sult in a su	blic use airpor rom the south safety hazard o	t. The neare tern bounda or excessive	est public ry of the noise for
f) Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Los Angeles County C Los Angeles County Operational Area Emergency Response Mitigation Plan. Future development pursuant to implements construction, which may result in construction-related traffic to and within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The impact further analyzed in the EIR.	Plan and the ation of the F	County of Los FTOD Specifor Sporarily imporarily impora	s Angeles Al ic Plan woul ede emergen	ll-Hazard ld require cy access
g) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving fires, because the project is located:				
i) within a high fire hazard area with inadequate access?				
No Impact. According to the Fire Hazard Severity Zor of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE), the FFTOI High Fire Hazard Severity Zone. Therefore, there would high fire hazard area with inadequate access. This issue w	D Specific Pla d be no impa	n Area is not one of the control of the people of the people of the control of th	within or ne or structures	ar a Very

ii) within an area with inadequate water and			\boxtimes	
pressure to meet fire flow standards?				
Less Than Significant Impact. As described in Respo	onse 9g(i), the	FFTOD Spe	cific Plan Ar	ea is no
within a Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone. Furtherm	ore, the Flore	ence-Firestone	community	is served
by Fire Station 16 at 8010 Compton Avenue. The Los Ar	igeles County	Fire Departm	ent requires:	<u>adequate</u>
water and pressure to service an area, and adequate wate	r and pressur	e to meet fire	flow standard	ds would
be continued with buildout of the FFTOD Specific F	lan. Therefo	re, the impact	would be l	less thar
significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the	EIR.	•		
iii) within proximity to land uses that have the				
potential for dangerous fire hazard?				
•				
Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific	c Plan Area	is presently he	eavily urbani	zed with
industrial and commercial land uses that inherently ha			•	
existing uses primarily consist of retail store, shopping		-		
nearby residential uses that are typical of an urban setting				
hazard. Additionally, the proposed FFTOD Specific Plan	_		_	
for employment near residential areas as well as the cre	_	_		
would serve to limit exposure of people to certain land us				
9g(i), the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not within a Ver		•		-
less than significant impact would occur to people or st	•		•	
the potential for fire hazard. This issue will not be analyze				
F				
Does the proposed use constitute a potentially			\bowtie	
dangerous fire hazard?	Ш			
dangerous me nazard.				

Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan would address land use and zoning changes, and provide recommendations for mobility improvements that support housing density and employment in proximity to the Metro A Line Stations (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations) in the community. It would include light industrial and commercial land uses that may use or manufacture products/materials that could present some fire hazard. However, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is already heavily urbanized with industrial and commercial land uses that also inherently have some fire hazard potential. The majority of the existing industrial uses within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is light manufacturing with a small amount of heavy manufacturing, with industrial uses primarily clustered along industrial corridors with auto related uses. The proposed Industrial Flex Zoning Category would maintain light industrial uses and jobs while introducing new neighborhood-serving commercial and innovation uses suitable for employment near residential areas. The Mixed-Use Zoning Categories (MU-1, MU-2, MU-3, and MU-T) would create an employment-focused, high-intensity mixed-use transit district that allows for the creation of transitions between industrial uses. The Industrial Flex Zoning Category would allow for the creation of transitions between employment uses and residential to encourage less noxious uses and focus on light industrial, neighborhood-serving commercial and office uses. Therefore, future development within these zoning categories would not constitute a potentially dangerous fire hazard or increase the potential for dangerous fire hazards as they would consist of typical urban land uses, similar to existing conditions. The impact would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

References

County of Los Angeles, Open Data, Fire Hazard Severity Zones, available at https://data.lacounty.gov/dataset/Fire-Hazard-Severity-Zones/jwg2-9k5y, accessed November 2, 2020.

<u>Department of Toxic Substances Control, EnviroStor, available at https://www.envirostor.dtsc.ca.gov/public, accessed November 2, 2020.</u>

Los Angeles County Office of Emergency Management, Los Angeles County Airport Land Use Plan, available at https://planning.lacounty.gov/assets/upl/data/pd_alup.pdf, accessed November 2, 2020.

State Water Resources Control Board, GeoTracker, available at https://geotracker.waterboards.ca.gov/, accessed November 2, 2020.

10. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or groundwater quality?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Clean Water Act & Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requires any facompliance is required for all projects within LA County. resulting from implementation of the FFTOD Specific I hazardous materials that could degrade surface or groundy significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.	ncility discharg Redevelopmer Plan have the	ing pollutants at and infill dev potential to di	to obtain a velopment o isturb soil o	permit; f parcels r release
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?	h			
Potentially Significant Impact. The California Departmed Management Program Data Viewer indicates that the FFT of the Coastal Plain of Los Angeles Groundwater Basin. Ac Spreading Grounds Facilities Map, which identifies water recharge basins within or near the FFTOD Specific Plan Act for intentional groundwater recharge. The Golden State W West service area which includes the FFTOD Specific Planservice area is composed of groundwater pumped from the Colorado River Aqueduct and the State Water Project that Water District of Southern California. The Central Groundwater District of Southern California. The Central Groundwater has the Elysian, Repetto, Merced, and Puente Hills to the southeast; and the Newport-Inglewood Fault Zone to Plan would include future development that would increase demand. Therefore, the impact on groundwater supplies further analyzed in the EIR. c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of a	COD Specific Forcording to the conservation rea and the FF ater Company n Area. Water the Central Grout is imported a dwater Basin is the east; the Orathe west. Imple thousing and property of the conservation of the conservati	Plan Area is in Los Angeles C facilities, there I'OD Specific provides water supplied to the indwater Basin and distributed bound by the inge County Gementation of population, the	the Central Scounty Public are no grou Plan Area is to the Central Base and water for by the Metral La Brea Uplic roundwater the FFTOD reby increasi	Subbasin C Works' Indwater not used ral Basin sin West From the opolitan off to the Basin to Specific ng water
Federal 100-year flood hazard area or County Capital Flood floodplain; the alteration of the course of a stream or river; or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would:				
(i) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The FEMA Flood Map S	Service Cer	nter, managed	l by the Dep	artment
of Homeland Security, indicates that the FFTOD Specific 1				
hazard. In addition, DRP's GIS-NET Public Map shows no	streams or	rivers within	the FFTOD	Specific
Plan Area. The closest stream or river is Compton Creek				
boundary of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Redevelopmen				
from implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would or				
and developed for urban use. During operation of these fut				
be directed into storm drains. The existing area is primarily				
be nominal. However, construction activities, including exca				
erosion of soil. The impact is considered potentially signific			1	
organical or community in process of the continuous potentially in States	WIII WIII WI	in so restrict to	arany Bod arr cr	10 13111
(ii) Substantially increase the rate, amount, or	\bowtie			
depth of surface runoff in a manner which would				
result in flooding on- or offsite?				
result in mooding on- or onsider				
Dotontially Significant Immost As marrianely discussed	l 4h o 1717	OD Cassifia	Dlag would	والمعالم ما
Potentially Significant Impact. As previously discussed				
redevelopment and infill development of existing urban la			1	
Future development pursuant to implementation of the FF				
runoff into storm drains and is not likely to substantially in				
runoff that would result in flooding as the existing area is p				
would be nominal. However, construction activities, includ	_			-
alter drainage patterns temporarily and new sources of runof	<u>ff may occı</u>	ır. Operation	<u>of new devel</u>	<u>lopment</u>
may also contribute to new sources of surface runoff. The ir	npact relat	ed to an incre	ase in runoff	and the
capacity of drainage systems is considered potentially signifi	cant and w	vill be further	analyzed in t	the EIR.
(iii) Create or contribute runoff water which	\boxtimes			
would exceed the capacity of existing or planned				
stormwater drainage systems or provide				
substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
r				
Potentially Significant Impact. As previously discussed	l. the FFT	OD Specific	Plan would	include
redevelopment and infill development of existing urban la	*	1		
Future development pursuant to implementation of the FF			1	
drainage patterns and is not likely to substantially create runc				
as the existing area is primarily paved and new impervi-				
construction of future development may alter drainage pati				
may occur. Operation of new development may also contril			unoii. The i	mpact is
considered potentially significant and will be further analyze	ed in the E	<u>1K.</u>		
(iv) Impede or redirect flood flows which would			\boxtimes	
expose existing housing or other insurable				
structures in a Federal 100-year flood hazard area				
or County Capital Flood floodplain to a significant				
risk of loss or damage involving flooding?				
Less Than Significant Impact. As previously discussed in	1 Response	e 10c(i), the F	FTOD Spec	<u>ific Plan</u>

Area is designated as an area of minimal flood hazard. Therefore, future development pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would not impede or redirect flood flows and would not expose existing housing to flood hazards. The impact would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

d) Otherwise place structures in Federal 100-year			\bowtie	
flood hazard or County Capital Flood floodplain areas				
which would require additional flood proofing and				
flood insurance requirements?				
Less Than Significant Impact. As previously discussed in Area is designated as an area of minimal flood hazard. Future the FFTOD Specific Plan would not place structures in the for Capital floodplain areas. The impact would be less than significant Impact would be less than significant Impact would be less than significant Impact.	<u>e developmer</u> ederal 100-ye	nt pursuant to ear flood hazai	implementat rd or LA Cou	tion of unty
the EIR.			,	
e) Conflict with the Los Angeles County Low Impact Development_Ordinance (L.A. County Code, Title 12, Ch. 12.84)?				\boxtimes
No Impact. The Los Angeles County Low Impact Devel strategies using naturalistic, on-site Best Management Practic stormwater quality and quantity. All designated, non-design family hillside home projects within the Unincorporated Astriction community, are required to comply with the LID and analysis demonstrating compliance with the LID Standard approval by the Director of Public Works. Future redevel implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would be required impact would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in	ces for new ated, street a reas of LA (Standards Marual elopment and red to adhere	development and road constants, included annual. A commust be submed infill development.	to reduce imstruction, and ling in the Fuprehensive Initted for revolution	npacts to d single- lorence- ID plan view and suant to
f) Use onsite wastewater treatment systems in areas with known geological limitations (e.g. high groundwater) or in close proximity to surface water (including, but not limited to, streams, lakes, and drainage course)?				
No Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan Area is served by treatment systems are proposed within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area does not contain geological limitations or surface impact related to use of wastewater treatment systems in the analyzed further in the EIR.	Plan Area. water such	Additionally, as rivers and	the FFTOD lakes. There	Specific efore, no
g) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				
No Import Associated discussed the EFTOD C C	D1 4 .	1 1	c	

No Impact. As previously discussed, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is designated as an area of minimal flood hazard. The Los Angeles County Tsunami Inundation Maps created by the California Department of Conservation show that the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not within a tsunami inundation zone. In addition, the Dam Locations Map created by the Los Angeles County Public Works show no dams or reservoirs within or near the area, indicating that the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not within a seiche zone. As the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is not within any of the aforementioned zones, no impact related to the risk of release of pollutants due to inundation would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

Potentially Significant Impact. The California Department of Water Resources identifies groundwater basins in California that are subject to the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act, which allows local agencies or counties to develop a Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP). The local agency that manages LA County's GSP is the Santa Monica Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency. As the FFTOD Specific Plan Area falls within this jurisdiction, future development pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would be subject to the local water management plan. Redevelopment and infill development of parcels has the potential to disturb soil or release hazardous materials that could conflict with the local water quality control plan, or otherwise conflict with the GSP. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

References

California Department of Conservation, Los Angeles County Tsunami Inundation Maps, available at https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/tsunami/maps/los-angeles, accessed November 12, 2020.

California Department of Water Resources, Sustainable Groundwater Management Program Data Viewer, available at https://sgma.water.ca.gov/webgis/?appid=SGMADataViewer#gwlevels, accessed November 2, 2020.

City of Santa Monica, Santa Monica Basin Groundwater Sustainability Agency, available at https://www.santamonica.gov/gsp, accessed November 12, 2020.

<u>Department of Homeland Security, FEMA Flood Map Service Center, available at https://msc.fema.gov/portal/search#searchresultsanchor, accessed November 12, 2020.</u>

Golden State Water Company, Florence-Graham Water System Consumer Confidence Report on Water Quality for 2019, available at https://www.gswater.com/sites/main/files/file-attachments/water-quality-2020-florence-graham.pdf?1590713678, accessed November 23, 2020.

Los Angeles County Public Works, Dam Locations Map, available at https://dpw.lacounty.gov/wrd/reservoir/Reservoirs.pdf, accessed November 12, 2020.

Los Angeles County Public Works, Low Impact Development Standards Manual, available at https://dpw.lacounty.gov/ldd/lib/fp/Hydrology/Low%20Impact%20Development%20Standards%20Manual.pdf, accessed November 2, 2020.

Los Angeles County Public Works, Spreading Ground Facilities Map, available at http://dpw.lacounty.gov/wrd/spreadingground/SpreadingGroundMap.pdf, accessed November 2, 2020.

11. LAND USE AND PLANNING

Less Than

	Potentially Significant	Significant Impact with Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No
Would the project:	Impact	Incorporated	Impact	Impact
a) Physically divide an established community?			\boxtimes	
Less Than Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Placommercial, and industrial uses. Implementation of the FFT zoning changes, and provide recommendations for mobil development in proximity to the Metro A Line Station areas a These improvements would make it easier for bicyclists and prommercial development focused on serving the local communication within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result is modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in modal connectivity and increase access to transit within the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project would not physically divide an established communication of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area would result in the Project w	COD Specificity improved in additional community.	c Plan would iments to suppose access these elopment and housing units Therefore, im	nclude land port transit- l Firestone S stations and nfill develop and promot aplementation	use and oriented tations). enhance oment of the multi-
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any County land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Project, a TOD Specimixed-use, commercial, and residential land uses and zoning around each of the three Metro A Line Stations (i.e., Slauson, Specific Plan would identify sites that have the potential for rectorezone land uses of specific parcels within the area to provid TOD Program. The Project will also rezone RHNA sites of update. The FFTOD Specific Plan would result in increases uses that would require amendments to the LA County Zon FFCP. The impact is considered potentially significant and with the second significant significant and with the second significant	categories for Florence, and evelopment ide for the Touristent with in developming Code (Table 2).	ocused in the decision of the	0.25 mile TO ations). The laptons and popular with the LA and changes beneral Plan,	OD area FFTOD proposes County Element in land
c) Conflict with the goals and policies of the General Plan related to Hillside Management Areas or Significant Ecological Areas?				
No Impact. DRP defines Hillside Management Areas (HM slopes, and Significant Ecological Areas (SEAs) as areas with DRP's GIS-NET Public database, no HMAs or SEAs are with the great would not conflict with the goals and reconstruction.	irreplaceable within or nea	e biological resear the FFTOD	ources. Acco Specific Pla	ording to an Area.

References

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, GIS-NET Public, Planning & Zoning Information for Unincorporated L.A. County, available at

SEAs and no impact would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

https://rpgis.isd.lacounty.gov/Html5Viewer/index.html?viewer=GISNET_Public.GIS-NET_Public, accessed November 2, 2020.

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, Hillside Management Areas (HMA) Ordinance, available at https://planning.lacounty.gov/hma, accessed November 12, 2020.

Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning, Significant Ecological Areas Program, available at https://planning.lacounty.gov/site/sea/maps/, accessed November 12, 2020.

12. MINERAL RESOURCES

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
Would the project:	P	<i>Y</i>	F	F
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
Less Than Significant Impact. According to the Genera	dized Minera	al Land Classif	cication Map	of Los
Angeles County – South Half issued by the California Geolog				
Plan Area is designated as Mineral Resource Zone (MRZ)	1, which in	dicates that no	significant	mineral
deposits are present, or that there is little likelihood for their	presence. Th	ne northern po	rtion of the	FFTOD
Specific Plan Area, from Slauson Avenue until approximate	ely E 62nd S	treet, is design	nated MRZ-2	2, which
indicates that the area contains significant mineral deposit	s or high lil	xelihood exists	for their p	resence.
However, that portion of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is	currently hea	avily urbanized	with resider	<u>ntial and</u>
industrial uses. Implementation of the FFTOD Specific Pla	ın would pro	ovide for rede	velopment a	<u>nd infill</u>
development of parcels that are incompatible with mining. In	addition, no	active mines a	re within or	near the
FFTOD Specific Plan Area. Therefore, a less than signific	ant impact v	would occur re	elated to the	loss of
availability of a known mineral resource that would be of va	<u>lue to the re</u>	gion and the re	esidents of the	<u>ne state.</u>
This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.				
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				

Less Than Significant Impact. The General Plan does not specify areas of significant availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The FFCP also does not specify such mineral resource recovery areas. Although a portion of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is designated as MRZ-2, as discussed above, the land is already built out with urban land uses incompatible with mining. Implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would provide for redevelopment and infill development of parcels that would also be incompatible with mining. Therefore, the Project would not result in the substantial loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan. The impact would be less than significant. This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

References

State of California The Resources Agency Department of Conservation, Generalized Mineral Land Classification Map of Los Angeles County – South Half, accessed November 2, 2020.

13. NOISE

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project result in:	тпрасі	псогрогатей	тпрасі	Шрасі
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the County General Plan or noise ordinance (Los Angeles County Code, Title 12, Chapter 12.08), or applicable standards of other agencies?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Implementation of the Fl noise levels in the community due to the construction and op of noise would include construction activities, stationary s sources (e.g., increased passenger and commercial/industria result in the generation of a substantial temporary or permane of the Project in excess of standards established in the Gopotentially significant, and a Noise and Vibration Technica findings and conclusions of the report will be described in the as necessary.	eration of fu cources (e.g., al vehicular t ent increase in eneral Plan l Report wil	ture developm mechanical s raffic). Therefor ambient noise or noise ordin be prepared	ent. Possible ystems), and ore, the Projectory in the ance. The ir	sources l mobile ject may e vicinity mpact is ect. The
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Implementation of the FF and demolition activities related to future development, a generation of excessive groundborne vibration or noise levels the operation of certain land uses (e.g., industrial) could also reand noise. The increase in groundborne vibration or noise has uses within or surrounding the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The and Vibration Technical Report will be prepared for the Prowill be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures will be	which have in the FFTC esult in the go the potention the impact is ject. The find	the potential DD Specific Pla eneration of gr al to impact vil potentially sig lings and conc	to cause tent in Area. Additional oundborne voration-sension nificant, and	mporary itionally, ribration tive land a Noise
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
No Impact. According to the Los Angeles County Airport is not within an airport land use plan or a private airstrip, or airport. The closest airport is the Compton/Woodley Airport.	within 2 mi	les of a public	airport or pu	<u>ıblic use</u>

boundary of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The Project would not expose people residing or working in the

noise levels from aircraf	t. No impact would occur.	This issue will not
	noise levels from aircraft	noise levels from aircraft. No impact would occur.

14. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Less Than

	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:	1	1	•	1
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Florence-Fireston	ne commun	ity is primari	ly residentia	al, with
approximately 63 percent of the land within the area designat	ed for resider	ntial use. The F	FTOD Spec	ific Plan
would include residential and non-residential land use ch	anges that c	ould allow for	an increase	e in the
population density of the area. The residential zone	changes wo	uld maintain	existing re	sidential
neighborhoods while supporting a broader range of housing	g types, as w	<u>rell as encouras</u>	ging medium	-density
and high-density residential near transit. Therefore, the Proj	· · ·			-
substantial unplanned population growth in the area. The im				
be further analyzed in the EIR.		1		
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, especially affordable housing, necessitating	\boxtimes			
the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan would address land use and zoning changes and provide recommendations for mobility improvements that support housing density and employment in proximity to the Metro A Line Stations (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firestone Stations) in the community. The FFTOD Specific Plan would provide for redevelopment and infill development that would include a mix of industrial, mixed-use, commercial, and residential uses. As discussed, implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would provide residential zone changes that would maintain existing residential neighborhoods while supporting a broader range of housing types, as well as encouraging medium-density and high-density residential near transit. However, future development pursuant to implementation of the proposed FFTOD Specific Plan has the potential to result in displacement of existing people or housing. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

15. PUBLIC SERVICES

	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project create capacity or service level problems, or result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
Fire protection?	\boxtimes			
Potentially Significant Impact. The Florence-Firestone confired Department, Fire Station 16, at 8010 Compton Aven industrial, mixed-use, commercial, and residential land use of population density of the area, thus increasing demand for fire potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR	ue. The FF changes that re protection	FOD Specific could allow for	<u>Plan would</u> or an increas	<u>include</u> se in the
Sheriff protection?	\boxtimes			
Potentially Significant Impact. The Florence-Firestone considered potentially Significant Impact. The Florence-Firestone considered Sheriff's Department, Century Sheriff's Station, at 11703 Softworld include industrial, mixed-use, commercial, and reside increase in the population density of the area, thus increasing impact is considered potentially significant and will be further	uth Alameda ential land us ng demand f	Street. The F se changes tha for sheriff pro	FTOD Spec t could alloy	ific Plan v for an
Schools?				
Potentially Significant Impact. As previously mentioned middle schools, three high schools, and two private schools FFTOD Specific Plan would include industrial, mixed-use, co could allow for an increase in the population density of the families and youth that would increase demand for schools. and will be further analyzed in the EIR.	are within the commercial, as area, thus po	ne FFTOD Spond residential lotentially incre	ecific Plan A and use char asing the nu	rea. The nges that mber of
Parks?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan 70 acres of park space. The Project would propose recommendations for mobility improvements to support trade Metro A Line Station areas (i.e., Slauson, Florence, and Firest)	land use ar ansit-oriented	nd zoning ch d development	nanges and in proximit	provide y to the

to number of residents in the Florence-Firestone community is already below LA County's standards (1 acre

<u>per 1000 residents compared to the goal of 4 acres i</u>	<u>per 1,000 residents). Thu</u>	s, an increase	<u>ın populatıor</u>	<u>ı density</u>
resulting from implementation of the Project has t	the potential to increase	the demand f	or parks. The	e impact
is considered potentially significant and will be fur	ther analyzed in the EIF	<u>L.</u>	_	
Libraries?				
Potentially Significant Impact. There are two lil	braries within the FFTO	D Specific Pla	an Area: the I	Florence
Library (7600 Graham Avenue) and the Graham	n Library (1900 East Fi	restone Boule	evard). The	FFTOD
Specific Plan would include industrial, mixed-use	e, commercial, and reside	ential land us	e changes th	at could
allow for an increase in the population density of	the area, thus potentially	increasing th	e demand fo	or library
services. The impact is considered potentially signi-	ificant and will be furthe	r analyzed in	the EIR.	•
Other public facilities?				
Potentially Significant Impact. There are seven	ral other public facilities	within the F	FTOD Spec	ific Plan
Area, including a social services center, childcare	center, senior center, co	ommunity cer	nter, and oth	ers. The
FFTOD Specific Plan would include industrial, m	<u>ixed-use, commercial, ar</u>	<u>ıd residential l</u>	and use char	iges that
could allow for an increase in the population dens	sity of the area, thus pot	entially increa	sing the den	nand for

other public facilities. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

16. RECREATION

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plantager, Franklin D. Roosevelt Park, Colonel Leon H. Washing Parque Nuestro. El Parque Nuestro, built in 2010, is the come Goals and policies from the FFCP address the need for more easily accessible from residential areas. In addition, according improvements and/or are in poor condition. The FFTOD Specould allow for an increase in the population density of the asuch that further deterioration of the park facilities could significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.	ton Park, Mamunity's new e neighborhoing to the Foecific Plan varea, which is	ary MacLeod I west park and tood parks and tood parks and tood parks and tood parks and tood include I may increase the	Bethune Park The only pock The pocket parks The part The	ket park. that are tks need nges that se parks
b) Does the project include neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of such facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plants provide recommendations for mobility improvements (include support transit-oriented development in proximity to the Me and Firestone Stations). Goal PR-4, Policy PR-4.3 from the integrated into a community-wide greenway network, linking Angeles and Rio Hondo River trails. As discussed in Responsive Plan Area need improvements and/or are in poor conditional include land use changes that could allow for an increase in increase the use of these parks or require the construction of an adverse physical effect on the environment. The impact further analyzed in the EIR.	ding to pede tro A Line S he FFCP ac to larger op e 16a, the fiv Additionally the populat	strian and bicy tation areas (i.e. ldresses the nen space netwo e parks within y, the FFTOD ton density of perfectional	cle infrastruce., Slauson, Feed for parkorks, such as the FFTOD Specific Plathe area, whe facilities resu	cture) to florence, as to be the Los Specific n would ich may ulting in
c) Would the project interfere with regional trail connectivity?				

No Impact. According to the Los Angeles County Department of Parks and Recreation's Trails Map, there are no LA County trails within the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. The closest riding, hiking, or multi-use trail is the Rio Hondo River Trail, which is approximately 5 miles east of the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. In addition, the FFTOD Specific Plan Area is heavily urbanized with residential and industrial land uses with little open space. The Project would not interfere with regional open space connectivity, and no impacts would occur.

This issue will not be analyzed further in the EIR.

17. TRANSPORTATION

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:				
a) Conflict with an applicable program, plan, ordinance, or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Project is a TOD Spazoning changes, and recommendations for mobility improve in proximity to the Metro A Line Station areas (i.e., Slauson easier for bicyclists and pedestrians to access the stations. impact the performance of roadways in and surrounding the conflict with an applicable program, plan, ordinance, or policies considered potentially significant and a Transportation Tea. The findings and conclusions of the report will be described identified as necessary.	ments to sug n, Florence, Proposed in FFTOD Spe y addressing chnical Repo	pport transit-o and Firestone aprovements be cific Plan Area the circulation ort will be prep	stations) to nave the pot a. These chan a system. The pared for the	lopment make it ential to nges may e impact Project.
b) Conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)?				
Potentially Significant Impact. CEQA Guidelines section within 0.5 mile of either an existing major transit stop or compared to existing conditions should be presumed to have The Project is a TOD Specific Plan. The TOD is applicable to three Metro A Line Stations: the Slauson, Florence, and First and zoning changes, and recommendations for mobility development in proximity to the Metro A Line Station areas. The Project would provide more opportunities for housing active transportation, improve access to transit, reduce vehicle environmental review of future development projects. How TOD radius and future development outside of the TOD area and a Transportation Technical Report will be prepared for the report will be described in the EIR, and mitigation measures	r projects the real essential estate of an area with estate of the state of the sta	nat decrease von significant transfer a 0.5-mile ons. The Project energy decreased by carse to ject extends is considered of the findings are	ehicle miles ansportation radius of eac ct proposes port transit- d Firestone S velopment, 1 s, and stream beyond the potentially sign d conclusion	traveled impact. Ch of the land use oriented stations). promote pline the 0.5-mile pnificant
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a road design feature (e.g., sharp curves) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				

Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific Plan would incorporate changes in sidewalk design and streetscape zones, which may include sidewalk widening, landscaping, and building setbacks. Proposed roadway changes and improvements as part of the FFTOD Specific Plan would be required to comply with applicable Standard Plans issued by the Los Angeles County Public Works. In addition, the proposed uses within the FFTOD Specific Plan would be compatible with the surrounding mixed uses in the urban environment. Nonetheless, a Transportation Technical Report will be prepared for the Project. The findings

18. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code §21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:				
i) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code § 5020.1(k), or				
Potentially Significant Impact. Tribal cultural resolutional resolutional resolution in a local register of historical resources and evaluate the tribal cultural resources. The findings and conclusions of mitigation measures will be identified as necessary.	to a Californi roject, which ne California sensitivity of	a Native Amer will identify Register of His the FFTOD S	ican tribe. A any significa torical Resor pecific Plan	Cultural nt tribal urces, or Area for
ii) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code § 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code § 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.				

Potentially Significant Impact. Pursuant to Assembly Bill 52, the lead agency is required to consult with a California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of a project if the tribe requested to the lead agency, in writing, to be informed by the lead agency of proposed projects in that geographic area. As the lead agency, DRP will consult with California Native American tribes that request consultation in association with the Project. If any tribal cultural resources are identified during the Assembly Bill 52 process, the impact may be considered potentially significant. Therefore, this issue will be further analyzed in the EIR.

19. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Would the project:	impaci	meosposateu	impact	трисс
a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment, storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunication facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Implementation of the	FFTOD Spe	cific Plan and	the resultin	g future
development could result in an increase in population and a	higher demai	nd for water, w	vastewater tro	<u>eatment,</u>
storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecor potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EII		facilities. The	impact is co	<u>nsidered</u>
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				
Potentially Significant Impact. As discussed in Response 1 and the resulting future development could result in an incre				
for the foreseeable future. The impact is considered potentia EIR.	ally significant	t and will be fu	irther analyze	ed in the
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The Los Angeles County S for the FFTOD Specific Plan Area. As previously discussed and the resulting future development could result in an ir wastewater treatment and services. The impact is considered in the EIR.	d, implement acrease in po	ation of the F pulation and a	FTOD Spec 1 higher dem	ific Plan nand for
d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Waste management serv	ices within th	ne FFTOD Sp	pecific Plan	Area are

provided by the Florence/Firestone/Willowbrook Garbage Disposal District administered by LA County and private waste haulers. According to the Los Angeles County Public Works 2018 Countywide Integrated Waste

Management Plan, to meet disposal capacity needs for LA Co	•	· /		
further increase their waste reduction and diversion efforts, a	mong othe	r strategies. As	previously d	liscussed,
implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan and the resulting	g future de	velopment coul	d result in an	<u>increase</u>
in population, which would translate to an increase in the gen	eration of	solid waste. The	impact is co	<u>onsidered</u>
potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.				
e) Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

Potentially Significant Impact. Future developments pursuant to implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan would be required to comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations regarding solid waste, including LA County's Construction and Demolition Debris Recycling and Reuse Ordinance and the Roadmap to Sustainable Waste Management Future (Roadmap). The Roadmap establishes a goal to divert 80 percent of solid waste generated in unincorporated areas of LA County, including the FFTOD Specific Plan Area, by 2025, 90 percent by 2035, and 95 percent or more by 2045. However, as previously discussed, implementation of the FFTOD Specific Plan and the resulting future development could result in an increase in population and associated generation of solid waste, which could conflict with solid waste reduction statutes. The impact is considered potentially significant and will be further analyzed in the EIR.

References

Los Angeles County Public Works, 2019, Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan 2018 Annual Report, accessed February 22, 2020.

20. WILDFIRE

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:				
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
No Impact. According to the California Fire Hazard SerFFTOD Specific Plan Area is not within or near a Very I Responsibility Area or a State Responsibility Area. Therefore zones would occur. This issue will not be analyzed further in	High Fire Ha re, no impact	zard Severity	Zone within	a Local
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				
No Impact. See Response 20a.				
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?				
No Impact. See Response 20a.				
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				
No Impact. See Response 20a.				
e) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?				
No Impact. See Response 20a.				

Reference

California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE), California Fire Hazard Severity Zone Viewer, available at https://gis.data.ca.gov/datasets/789d5286736248f69c4515c04f58f414, accessed November 12, 2020.

21. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
Potentially Significant Impact. Potentially significant impace aesthetics, air quality, cultural resources, energy, geology and hazardous materials, hydrology and water quality, land use and services, recreation, transportation, tribal cultural resources, these impacts will be evaluated in the EIR.	<u>d soils, green</u> l planning, no	nhouse gas em pise, population	nissions, haza n and housin	ards and g, public
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific I considerable when considered in conjunction with other cur projects. The EIR will address the potential cumulative impact in the EIR.	rent projects	and the effect	ts of probabl	<u>le future</u>
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				
Potentially Significant Impact. The FFTOD Specific P substantially adversely affect human beings, either directly o evaluated in the EIR.	•			•