

ENVIRONMENTAL INITIAL STUDY & NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Parcel Map 21-0002
Lavoie

January 3, 2022

ENVIRONMENTAL INITIAL STUDY &
MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION
WITH
References and Documentation

Prepared by
SHASTA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
PLANNING DIVISION
1855 Placer Street, Suite 103
Redding, California 96001

**SHASTA COUNTY
ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM
INITIAL STUDY & MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION**

- 1. Project Title:**
Parcel Map 21-0002 (Lavoie)
- 2. Lead agency name and address:**
Shasta County Department of Resource Management, Planning Division
1855 Placer Street, Suite 103
Redding, CA 96001-1759
- 3. Contact Person and Phone Number:**
Elisabeth Towers, Assistant Planner (530) 225-5532
- 4. Project Location:**
The project is located approximately 0.15 miles southwest of the intersection of Kimberly Road and Balls Ferry Road on an approximately 28.97-acre property on the southeast side of Kimberly Road, Anderson, CA 96007 (Assessor Parcel Number 091-310-012-000)
- 5. Owner/Applicant Name and Address:**
Claude and Lisa Lavoie
4750 Kimberly Farms Drive
Anderson, CA 96007
- 6. Representative Name and Address:**
Duane K. Miller Civil Engineering, Inc.
P.O. Box 1307
Anderson, CA 96007
- 7. General Plan Designation:**
Agricultural-Part-Time Cropland/Grazing (A-cg)
- 8. Zoning:**
Limited Agriculture (A-1)
- 9. Description of Project:**
The proposed project is the subdivision of an approximately 28.97-acre parcel into four parcels of 5.95 acres, 6.30 acres, 7.56 acres and 9.16 acres. The property is in the Limited-Agriculture (A-1) district and has a Part-Time Agriculture (A-cg) General Plan Land Use Designation. Proposed improvements include an approximately 890-foot long access road off Kimberly Road with a crossing over the Anderson Cottonwood Irrigation District (A.C.I.D.) canal. The proposed parcels would be serviced by individual onsite wastewater treatment systems and private wells.
- 10. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:**
Surrounding land uses are generally comprised of limited agricultural/rural residential, and full-time agricultural uses on all sides, including single-family residences, agricultural accessory buildings, and agricultural uses, including field crops and irrigated pastureland. Adjacent properties are in the Limited Agriculture (A-1), Limited Agriculture combined with Mobile Home (A-1-T), Unclassified (U), and Exclusive Agricultural (EA) zone districts.

The 28.97-acre project site is generally located in the south central region of Shasta County. The project site is undeveloped

and consists of irrigated pasture with the Anderson Cottonwood Irrigation District (A.C.I.D.) canal running across a portion of the northeast corner. The topography of the site is predominantly level, with a gentle slope to the south.

11. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement.):
None.

12. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

In accordance with Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 21080.3.1, the Wintu Tribe of Northern California & Toyon-Wintu Center (Tribe) filed and Shasta County received a request for formal notification of proposed projects within an area of Shasta County that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the Tribe. Pursuant to PRC §21080.3.1 the Department of Resource Management sent a certified letter to notify the Tribe that the project was under review and to provide the Tribe 30 days from the receipt of the letter to request formal consultation on the project in writing. To date, no response has been received.

NOTE: Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process. (See Public Resources Code section 21080.3.2.) Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3(c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a “Potentially Significant Impact” as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics		Agricultural Resources		Air Quality
	Biological Resources		Cultural Resources		Energy
	Geology / Soils		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Hazards & Hazardous
	Hydrology / Water Quality		Land Use / Planning		Mineral Resources
	Noise		Population / Housing		Public Services
	Recreation		Transportation		Tribal Cultural Resources
	Utilities / Service Systems		Wildfire		Mandatory Findings of Significance

DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of the initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

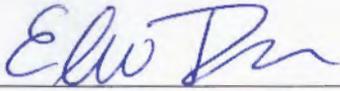
I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.

I find that the proposed project MAY have a “potentially significant impact” or “potentially significant unless mitigated” impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

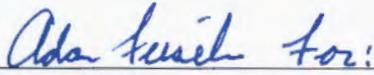
Copies of the Initial Study and related materials and documentation may be obtained at the Planning Division of the Department of Resource Management, 1855 Placer Street, Suite 103, Redding, CA 96001. Contact Elisabeth Towers, Assistant Planner at (530) 225-5532.



Elisabeth Towers
Assistant Planner

1/3/2022

Date



Paul A. Hellman
Director of Resource Management

1/3/2022

Date

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except “No Impact” answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parenthesis following each question. A “No Impact” answer is adequately supported if all the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A “No Impact” answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less-than-significant with mitigation, or less-than-significant. “Potentially Significant Impact” is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more, “Potentially Significant Impact” entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4) “Negative Declaration: Less-than-significant With Mitigation Incorporated” applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from “Potentially Significant Impact” to a “Less-than-significant Impact.” The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less-than-significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVIII, “Earlier Analyses,” may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration. Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures: For effects that are “Less-than-significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated,” describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g. General Plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project’s environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify the following:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less-than-significant.

I. AESTHETICS: Except as provided in Public Resources Code Section 21099, would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				✓
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a State scenic highway?				✓
c) In non-urbanized areas, substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from a publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area, would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?				✓
d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			✓	

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not result in any adverse effect on a scenic vista. The project surroundings are agricultural/rural residential land uses on all sides. Potential post-project development of proposed parcels could lead to four future homesites, which would be consistent with the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings. There is no view of the project site which includes a scenic vista and the project would not visually obstruct a scenic vista.
- b) The project would not substantially damage any scenic resource. The project site is not visible from a designated scenic highway.
- c) The project would not degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings. The project surroundings are agricultural/rural residential land uses. Potential post-project residential development of proposed parcels would be consistent with the existing visual character and quality of the site and its surroundings.
- d) The project would not create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in a non-urbanized area. Potential post-project development could lead to new sources of lighting consistent with residential development of the newly created parcels. The introduction of such lighting would be consistent with the surrounding visual character and quality of the site and would not result in substantial light or glare. The County Zoning Plan requires that all lighting, exterior and interior, shall be designed and located so as to confine direct lighting to the premises. A light source shall not shine upon or illuminate directly on any surface other than the area required to be lighted. No lighting shall be of the type or in a location such that constitutes a hazard to vehicular traffic, either on private property or on abutting streets.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

II. AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES: In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. In determining whether impacts to forest resources, including timberland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to information compiled by the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection regarding the state’s inventory of forest land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project and the Forest Legacy Assessment project; and forest carbon measurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols adopted by the California Air Resources Board. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?		✓		
b) Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract?				✓
c) Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				✓
d) Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				✓
e) Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project site contains approximately 1.68 acres of Prime Farmland along the eastern property line, and approximately 3.72 acres of Farmland of Statewide Importance located on the northern portion of the property. No Unique Farmland has been mapped on the project site. General Plan Objective AG-2 for the A-cg land use designation calls for the preservation of agricultural lands at a size capable of supporting part-time or second income, but not full-time, agricultural operations, in order to allow the continuation of such uses and to provide opportunities for the future expansion and/or establishment of such uses.

General Plan Policy AG-g specifies that lands designated A-cg shall be maintained to support both short- and long-term part-time agricultural activities as the primary land use while allowing subordinate auxiliary uses, including single family residences. Removal of agricultural soils and other activities which reduce the potential for agricultural production as the primary land use are prohibited, except as otherwise allowed for in the General Plan for mineral extraction or mining activities. The A-1 zone district is consistent with the A-cg land use designation and requires a 5-acre minimum lot area for any newly created parcel, with actual lot sizes determined by county development standards, which could result in parcels larger than five acres.

The proposed land division meets the minimum parcel size requirements of the A-1 zone district and A-cg land use designation. In the case of the part-time operator, it is assumed that a parcel of the size required would yield an economic return, but this return would not provide a self-sustaining annual family income. The four potential homesites would be consistent with the subordinate auxiliary uses allowed by the A-cg land use designation and permitted outright in the A-1 zone district. An approximately 1-acre building envelope has been proposed for each parcel with the remaining land to be preserved for agricultural uses. Therefore, with

the proposed mitigation measures the project would not convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use.

- b) Neither this property nor the surrounding properties are in a Williamson Act Contract. The project site and all adjacent properties are in the A-1 or Unclassified (U) zone districts. The proposed parcels meet the minimum 5-acre lot requirement for parcels in the A-1 zone district. The potential residential development on the proposed parcels are uses permitted outright in the A-1 zone district. Therefore, the project would not conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act Contract.
- c) The project site is not forest land, timberland or zoned Timberland Production. Therefore, the project would not conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g)).
- d) The project site is not forest land. Therefore, the project would not result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use.
- e) The project would not result in any other changes in the existing environment that could result in conversion of Farmland to non-agricultural use, or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Future residential development of the proposed parcels would not limit the use of the land for part-time agricultural uses. The new parcels will have use of the existing private irrigation facilities generally located along the northeastern property line to receive irrigation water. The project would be conditioned to require that these rights of the newly created parcels to access the irrigation facilities for operations and maintenance will need to be reserved.

Mitigation/Monitoring: With the following mitigation measures, the impacts from the project to biological resources would be less-than-significant.

- II.a.1) Removal of agricultural soils and other activities which reduce the potential for agricultural production as the primary land use are prohibited, except as otherwise permitted under Policy AG-g of the General Plan regarding mineral extraction or mining.
- II.a.2) The site planning, design, and construction of on-site and off-site improvements for nonagricultural development in agricultural areas shall avoid any short- and long-term impacts on facilities, such as irrigation ditches, used to supply water to agricultural operations.
- III.a.3) All future residential development shall be limited to building envelopes as shown on the recorded map.

III. AIR QUALITY: Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				✓
b) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable Federal or State ambient air quality standard?			✓	
c) Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			✓	
d) Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?			✓	
e) Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			✓	

Discussion: Based on related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a-b) The project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the Northern Sacramento Valley Planning Area (NSVPA) 2018 Triennial Air Quality Attainment Plan for Northern Sacramento Valley Air Basin as adopted by Shasta County, or any other

applicable air quality plan. The potential construction of a single-family residence on the newly created parcels, along with possible accessory structures and associated site improvements, such as the proposed driveways, and potential for limited agricultural uses, would not conflict with or obstruct with implementation of the NSVPA Air Quality Attainment Plan (2018). A single-family residence would generally be expected to generate 9.52 trips per unit per day, including one trip during each of the morning and evening peak hours. Thus, the potential post-project residential development of 4 additional homesites would generate approximately 42 new vehicle trips per day. This is an insignificant increase in traffic. The project is consistent with the A-cg General Plan land use designation and the air quality attainment plan.

The NSVPA Air Quality Attainment Plan (2018) designates Shasta County as an area of Nonattainment with respect to the ozone California ambient air quality standards. Nitrogen oxides (NOx) are a group of highly reactive gasses and are also known as "oxides of nitrogen." Because NOx is an ingredient in the formation of ozone, it is referred to as an ozone precursor. NOx is emitted from combustion sources such as cars, trucks and buses, power plants, and off-road equipment. Construction equipment and activities generate air contaminants, including oxides of nitrogen (NOx), reactive organic gases (ROG), carbon dioxide (CO2) and particulate matter (PM10), in the form of engine exhaust and fugitive dust.

Access improvements would include an approximately 890-foot long access road off Kimberly Road with a crossing over the A.C.I.D. canal. Construction equipment and activities associated with these improvements would generate air contaminants, including NOx, ROG, CO2 and PM10, in the form of engine exhaust and fugitive dust. This would also be true of any construction equipment and activities associated with potential post-project development of second residences or accessory dwelling units on the resulting parcels. The scope of the required project improvements is relatively limited and will not involve extensive vegetation removal or ground disturbance, require a significant number of equipment hours to complete, or generate significant traffic volumes during construction. Therefore, the project is not expected to be a significant source of air contaminants.

In addition, the Shasta County General Plan requires Standard Mitigation Measures and Best Available Mitigation Measures on all discretionary land use applications as recommended by the AQMD in order to mitigate both direct and indirect emissions of non-attainment pollutants. Application of this requirement will not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable Federal or State ambient air quality standard and would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of the NSVPA Air Quality Attainment Plan (2018) as adopted by Shasta County, or any other applicable air quality plan.

- c-d) Residential uses exist adjacent to and in the vicinity of the project site. Equipment used to construct the proposed improvements would temporarily produce emissions that some may find objectionable. As described above, substantial pollutant concentrations are not anticipated as a result of potential post-project construction activities on the resulting parcels. Nor, does the project involve the establishment of any new uses that would generate substantial pollution concentrations. Therefore, nearby sensitive receptors would not be exposed to substantial pollution concentrations. Nor would a substantial number of people be exposed to objectionable odors

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

IV. <u>BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES:</u> Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Have a substantial effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		✓		
b) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		✓		
c) Have a substantial adverse effect on state or Federally protected wetlands (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				✓

IV. <u>BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES:</u> Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		✓		
e) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				✓
f) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community, Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or State habitat conservation plan?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a,b) No species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) or the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service have been identified on the project site. The California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB) indicates known occurrences of the Tricolored Blackbird (*Agelaius tricolor*), a state listed threatened species within a 2-mile radius of the project site. Tricolor blackbird nesting habitat includes native emergent marshes, silage and other grain fields, thickets of Himalayan blackberry and other flooded and upland habitats. Typically, this species nests in the spring between the months of March and April in dense colonies. A biological survey will be required to be conducted in the spring (March-April) prior to the start of construction unless it can be clearly demonstrated that potential habitat is not present on site through consultation with CDFW. With the proposed mitigation measures, the impacts from the project would be less than significant.
- c) There are no vernal pools or wetlands identified on the subject property based on the Vernal Pools, Wetlands, and Waterways Map of Shasta County prepared by the Geographic Information Center, California State University, Chico, on August 24, 1996 and there are no known occurrences of wetlands on the property.
- d) The required improvements would be constructed in areas that are previously and continually disturbed from agricultural related activities. Construction of the required improvements may require some vegetation removal along the path of the proposed access road. No tree removal is proposed. Potential project development would occur within areas that have been highly or moderately disturbed by agricultural related activities and within areas where no trees are present. However, project construction activities conducted during the bird nesting season (September 1 through January 31) could potentially impact nesting migratory birds. With the proposed mitigation measures, the impacts from the project would be less than significant.
- e) The project site is not an oak woodland and no removal of trees is proposed as part of this map approval. The project would not conflict with any ordinances or policies which protect biological resources. Shasta County Board of Supervisors’ Resolution No. 95-157 provides guidance regarding use and protection of oak trees on a voluntary basis.
- f) There are no adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community, Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or State habitat conservation plans for the project site or project area.

Mitigation/Monitoring: With the following mitigation measures, the impacts from the project to biological resources would be less-than-significant.

Tricolored Blackbird (*Agelaius tricolor*)

IV.a-b.1) In order to avoid impacts to the Tricolored Blackbird (*Agelaius tricolor*) one of the following shall be implemented:

- a. Prior to the start of construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct a biological survey for the presence of tricolored blackbird habitat during the months of April-March; or

- b. Prior to the start of construction, demonstrate through consultation with CDFW that it can clearly be shown that the potential habitat is not present onsite.

Nesting Birds and/Raptors

IV.d.1) In order to avoid impacts to nesting migratory birds and/or raptors protected under federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Fish and Game Code Section 3503 and Section 3503.5, including their nests and eggs, one of the following shall be implemented:

- a. Vegetation removal and other ground-disturbance activities associated with construction shall occur between September 1 and January 31 when birds are not nesting; or
- b. b. If vegetation removal or ground disturbance activities occur during the nesting season (February 1 through August 31), a pre-construction nesting survey shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within 14 days of vegetation removal or construction activities. If an active nest is located during the preconstruction surveys, a non-disturbance buffer shall be established around the nest by a qualified biologist in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). No vegetation removal or construction activities shall occur within this non-disturbance buffer until the young have fledged, as determined through additional monitoring by the qualified biologist. The results of the pre-construction surveys shall be sent electronically to CDFW at RICEQARedding@wildlife.ca.gov.

<u>V. CULTURAL RESOURCES</u> – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5?				✓
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				✓
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a-b) There are no evident above surface historical or cultural resources present within the property. Potential post-project development of single-family residences on the proposed parcels would occur on building sites in areas that have been highly or moderately disturbed due to previous agricultural uses. Therefore, the project would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource or archeological resource.

In accordance with Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 21080.3.1, the Wintu Tribe of Northern California & Toyon-Wintu Center (Tribe) filed and Shasta County received a request for formal notification of proposed projects within an area of Shasta County that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the Tribe. Pursuant to PRC §21080.3.1 the Department of Resource Management sent a certified letter to notify the Tribe that the project was under review and to provide the Tribe 30 days from the receipt of the letter to request formal consultation on the project in writing. To date, no response has been received.

- c) The project site is not on or adjacent to any known cemetery or burial area. Therefore, there is no evidence to suggest that the project would disturb any human remains.

Although there is no evidence to suggest that the project would result in any significant effect to archaeological, historical, or paleontological resources, there is always the possibility that such resources could be encountered. Therefore, a condition of project approval will require that if, in the course of development, any archaeological, historical, or paleontological resources are uncovered, discovered or otherwise detected or observed, development activities in the affected area shall cease and a qualified archaeologist shall be contacted to review the site and advise the County of the site's significance. If the findings are deemed significant by the Environmental Review Officer, appropriate mitigation shall be required.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

<u>VI. ENERGY</u> – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Result in potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources during project construction or operation?				✓
b) Conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not result in a potentially significant environmental impact due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary consumption of energy resources during project construction or operation. During construction of any future residential development there would be a temporary consumption of energy resources required for the movement of equipment and materials. Compliance with local, State, and Federal regulations (e.g., limit engine idling times, requirement for the recycling of construction debris, etc.) would reduce and/or minimize short-term energy demand during construction to the extent feasible, and construction would not result in a wasteful or inefficient use of energy. Furthermore, through compliance with applicable requirements and/or regulations of the 2016 California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part 6 – California Energy Code, individual project elements (e.g., building design, HVAC equipment, etc.) would be consistent with State reduction policies and strategies, and would not consume energy resources in a wasteful or inefficient manner.
- b) The project would not conflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for renewable energy or energy efficiency. State and local agencies regulate the use and consumption of energy through various methods and programs. As a result of the passage of Assembly Bill 32 (AB 32) (the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006) which seeks to reduce the effects of Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions, a majority of the state regulations are intended to reduce energy use and GHG emissions. These include, among others, California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part 6 – California Energy Code, and the California Code of Regulations, Title 24, Part 11– California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen). At the local level, the County’s Building Division enforces the applicable requirements of the Energy Efficiency Standards and Green Building Standards in Title 24.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

<u>VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS</u> – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) Rupture of a known earthquake, fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publications 42. ii) Strong seismic ground shaking? iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction? iv) Landslides? 			✓	
b) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				✓

<u>VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS</u> – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
c) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?				✓
d) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?				✓
e) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				✓
f) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

a) The project would not directly or indirectly cause potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:

i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault;

According to the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Maps for Shasta County, there is no known earthquake fault on the project site.

ii) Strong seismic ground shaking;

According to the Shasta County General Plan Section 5.1, Shasta County has a low level of historic seismic activity. The entire County is in Seismic Design Category D. According to the Seismic Hazards Assessment for the City of Redding, California, prepared by Woodward Clyde, dated July 6, 1995, the most significant earthquake at the project site may be a background (random) North American crustal event up to 6.5 on the Richter scale at distances of 10 to 20 km. All structures shall be constructed according to the seismic requirements of the currently adopted California Building Standards Code (Code).

iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction;

The project site is located in the South Central Region (SCR), which is identified as an area of moderate liquification potential in Section 5.1 of the Shasta County General Plan. The currently adopted Code requires preparation and review of a site specific soils report as part of the building design and approval process. The soils report must be prepared by a California registered professional engineer and would address potential seismic-related ground failure concerns, if any. There is no evidence of seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction on or near the project site.

iv) Landslides.

The project site is relatively flat and is not located at the top or toe of any significant slope. There is no evidence of landslides on the subject property or the surrounding area.

b) The project would not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil. The project site is flat. The Soil Survey of Shasta County, completed by the United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service and Forest Service in August, 1974, identified four soil map units on the project site: 1) Moda loam, 0 to 3% slopes, with a hazard of erosion from none to slight; 2) Moda loam, seeped, 0 to 3% slopes, with a hazard of erosion from none to slight; 3) Perkins gravelly loam, gravelly clay loam substratum, 0 to 3% slopes, with a hazard of erosion from none to slight; and 4) Perkins gravelly loam, moderately deep, 3 to 8% slopes, hazard of slight to moderate.

A grading permit is required prior to any grading activities. The grading permit includes requirements for erosion and sediment control, including retention of topsoil. Therefore, the project would not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil.

- c) The project would not be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse. The topography of the site is predominantly level. According to the Shasta County General Plan Section 5.1, Shasta County has a low level of historic seismic activity. Based on records of construction in the area, there is no evidence to support a conclusion that the project is on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable. The threat of landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse is insignificant as the geology of the area demonstrates great stability.
- d) The site soils are not described as expansive soils in the “Soil Survey of Shasta County.” The Code enforced by Shasta County requires a soils report be prepared and submitted with building permit applications for residential structures. The report must be prepared by a California Licensed Engineer and would adequately address soil conditions at the site.
- e) The project would not have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater. The soils on the project site have been tested for wastewater treatment and have demonstrated compliance with adopted sewage disposal criteria.
- f) Upon review of the Minerals Element of the General Plan, there is no evidence to suggest that the project would directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			✓	
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				✓

Discussion: Based on these comments, the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

a-b) In 2005, the Governor of California signed Executive Order S-3-05, establishing that it is the State of California's goal to reduce statewide greenhouse gas (GHG) emission levels. Subsequently, in 2006, the California State Legislature adopted Assembly Bill AB 32, the California Global Warming Solutions Act. In part, AB 32 requires the California Air Resources Board to develop and adopt regulations to achieve a reduction in the State's GHG emissions to year 1990 levels by year 2020.

California Senate Bill 97 established that an individual project's effect on GHG emission levels and global warming must be assessed under CEQA. SB 97 further directed that the State Office of Planning and Research (OPR) develop guidelines for the assessment of a project's GHG emissions. Those guidelines for GHG emissions were subsequently included as amendments to the CEQA Guidelines. The guidelines did not establish thresholds of significance and there are currently no state, regional, county, or city guidelines or thresholds with which to direct project-level CEQA review. As a result, Shasta County reserves the right to use a qualitative and/or quantitative threshold of significance until a specific quantitative threshold is adopted by the state or regional air district.

The City of Redding currently utilizes a quantitative non-zero project-specific threshold based on a methodology recommended by the California Air Pollution Officers Association (CAPCOA) and accepted by the California Air Resources Board. According to CAPCOA's Threshold 2.3, CARB Reporting Threshold, 10,000 metric tons of carbon-dioxide equivalents per year (mtCO₂eq/yr) is recommended as a quantitative non-zero threshold. This threshold would be the operational equivalent of 550 dwelling units, 400,000 square feet of office use, 120,000 square feet of retail, or 70,000 square feet of supermarket use. This approach is estimated to capture over half the future residential and commercial development projects in the State of California and is designed to support the goals of AB 32 and not hinder it. The use of this quantitative non-zero project-specific threshold by Shasta County, as lead agency, would be consistent with certain practices of other lead agencies in the County and throughout the State of California.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) identifies four primary constituents that are most representative of the GHG emissions. They are:

- Carbon Dioxide (CO₂): Emitted primarily through the burning of fossil fuels. Other sources include the burning of solid waste and wood and/or wood products and cement manufacturing.
- Methane (CH₄): Emissions occur during the production and transport of fuels, such as coal and natural gas. Additional emissions are generated by livestock and agricultural land uses, as well as the decomposition of solid waste.
- Nitrous Oxide (N₂O): The principal emitters include agricultural and industrial land uses and fossil fuel and waste combustion.

- Fluorinated Gases: These can be emitted during some industrial activities. Also, many of these gases are substitutes for ozone-depleting substances, such as CFC's, which have been used historically as refrigerants. Collectively, these gases are often referred to as "high global-warming potential" gases.

The primary generators of GHG emissions in the United States are electricity generation and transportation. The EPA estimates that nearly 85 percent of the nation's GHG emissions are comprised of carbon dioxide (CO2). The majority of CO2 is generated by petroleum consumption associated with transportation and coal consumption associated with electricity generation. The remaining emissions are predominately the result of natural-gas consumption associated with a variety of uses.

This request is for the subdivision of an approximately 28.97-acre parcel into four parcels of 5.95 acres, 6.30 acres, 7.56 acres, and 9.16 acres for limited agricultural/rural residential uses. Potential development of the proposed parcels would increase operational GHG emissions, impacts would be less-than significant. Operational GHG emissions associated with potential post-project development are well below the threshold of 550 dwelling units. The scope of the required project improvements and potential post-project development will not involve extensive ground disturbance, require a significant number of equipment hours to complete, or generate significant traffic volumes during construction. Therefore, the potential impact of this project for both construction and operational emissions would be less-than-significant.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			✓	
b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			✓	
c) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				✓
d) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				✓
e) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				✓
f) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				✓
g) Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires?				✓

Discussion: Based on these comments, the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a-b) The scope of the required project improvements and any potential post-project residential development would be relatively limited and would not require the transport, use, storage, or disposal of significant quantities of hazardous materials commonly used in construction projects such as fuel, oil, solvents, etc. Therefore, the project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials; or through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment.
- c) The project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school.

- d) The project is not located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled by the California Department of Toxic Substances Control pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5.
- e) The project is not located within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport.
- f) A review of the project and the Shasta County and City of Anderson Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, and the Shasta County Emergency Operations Plan, indicates that the proposed project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.
- g) The project is located in an area designated as “Urban Unzoned and Non-Wildland/Non-Urban” fire hazard severity zone. The site is not adjacent to or intermixed with wildlands, and is not adjacent to any property within the High or Very High fire hazard severity zone. The proposed subdivision and potential post-project development will be required to comply the Shasta County Fire Safety Standards. These standards require, but are not limited to, the clearing of combustible vegetation around all structures for a distance of not less than 30 feet on each side or to the property line. The California Public Resources Code Section 4291 includes a “Defensible Space” requirement of clearing 100 feet around all buildings or to the property line, whichever is less.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

X. <u>HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY:</u> Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?				✓
b) Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin.				✓
c) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner which would: (i) result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site; (ii) substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite; (iii) create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or (iv) impede or redirect flows?			✓	
d) In flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?				✓
e) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable management plan?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality. Through adherence to construction standards, including erosion and sediment control measures, water quality and waste discharge standards will not be violated. Nor would surface or ground water quality be otherwise substantially degraded. Grading for the project would require review and approval of a grading permit. The provisions of the permit will address erosion and siltation containment on- and off-site.

A range of pollutants can be found in runoff from irrigated lands, such as pesticides, fertilizers, salts, pathogens, and sediment. At high enough concentrations, these pollutants can harm aquatic life or make water unusable for drinking water or agricultural uses. The Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program (ILRP) was initiated in 2003 by the Water Board to prevent agricultural runoff from impairing surface waters and in 2012, groundwater regulations were added to the program. Waste discharge requirements, which protect both surface water and groundwater, address irrigated agricultural discharges throughout the Central Valley. The property

is currently used as irrigated pastureland and this existing use is proposed to continue. As the existing agricultural use is not commercial irrigated land, the ILRP requirements do not apply. If the existing agricultural use ever becomes commercial, compliance with all ILPR requirements would apply.

- b) The project would not substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin. Private, groundwater wells will provide domestic water to future residences. New development requiring a domestic water supply would increase groundwater extraction; however, sufficient groundwater resources are available in the project area to serve potential development at the site. The Shasta County Environmental Health Division will evaluate the well permit at time of application.
- c) The project would not substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, or add impervious surfaces, in a manner which would (i) result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site; (ii) substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or offsite; (iii) create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or (iv) impede or redirect flows.

The topography of the site is predominantly flat with gentle slopes with the majority of the site being used for irrigated pastureland.

The project site is undeveloped with the Anderson Cottonwood Irrigation District (A.C.I.D.) canal running across a portion of the northeast corner. Proposed improvements include an approximately 890-foot long access road off Kimberly Road with a crossing over the ACID canal running across the northeast corner of the property. A grading permit will be required for the road and driveway improvements and any future development on proposed parcels, and compliance with all provisions of the permit which will address erosion and siltation containment on- and off-site. The drainage pattern will not be altered. The runoff would sheet flow into the existing drainage channels on the site. This will preserve the existing drainage pattern and not require alteration of the natural drainage courses.

- d) The project is not in a flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zone.
- e) The project would not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable management plan.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Physically divide an established community?				✓
b) Cause a significant environmental impact due to a conflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project does not include the creation of any road, ditch, wall, or other feature which would physically divide an established community.
- b) The project would not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect. The project is consistent with the project site's A-cg General Plan land use designation and the A-1 zone district. The purpose of the A-1 zone district is to preserve agricultural lands at a size capable of supporting part-time agricultural operations, typically operated as a hobby or to supplement the occupant's income. This zone district is consistent with the A-cg land use designation. Minimum lot area in the A-1 zone district is five acres. Four lots of 5.95 acres, 6.30 acres, 7.56 acres and 9.16 acres are proposed.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

<u>XII. MINERAL RESOURCES</u> – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the State?				✓
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local General Plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the State. There are no known mineral resources of regional value located on or near the project site.
- b) The project would not result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan. The project site is not identified in the General Plan Minerals Element as containing a locally-important mineral resource. There is no other land use plan which addresses minerals.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

<u>XIII. NOISE</u> – Would the project result in:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			✓	
b) Generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels				✓
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not generate a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local General Plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. Per the County’s General Plan, noise created by new proposed non-transportation noise sources shall be mitigated so as not to exceed the noise level standards of Table N-IV of the Noise Element as measured immediately within the property line of lands designated for noise-sensitive uses. These noise level performance standards for non-transportation sources are 55dB hourly Leq for daytime (7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m.) hours and 50dB hourly Leq for nighttime (10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m.) hours. The project would not generate noise levels in excess of this standard. The project is not located in a high noise area that would result in exposure of persons to noise levels in excess of this standard. Improvement of the existing gravelly driveway and potential post-project residential development of proposed Parcels 2 and 3 would cause temporary and periodic increases in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity. There would be increased noise levels during construction, and increased noise levels caused by the daily activities of new residence. However, these increases are not expected to be significant.
- b) The project would not result in generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels.
- c) The project is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan, or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING – Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			✓	
b) Displace substantial numbers of existing people or housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not induce substantial unplanned population growth in an area, either directly or indirectly. This request would subdivide one parcel into four parcels. The population growth resulting from the potential residential construction of three additional parcels would lead to an insignificant potential population growth within the County which has a total estimated population of approximately 178,773 people (California Department of Finance 2019). The project does not include the extension of any permanent roads or other infrastructure and would not create any new jobs.
- b) The project does not include destruction of any existing housing. The project would not displace any substantial number of people or existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES: Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
Fire Protection?			✓	
Police Protection?			✓	
Schools?			✓	
Parks?				✓
Other public facilities?			✓	

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

The project would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for:

Fire Protection:

The project is located in an area which is designated as a “Non-Wildland/Non-Urban” fire hazard severity zone. The property is within the State Responsibility Area and receives fire protection services from the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (Cal Fire) which operates as the Fire Department for the County. The proposed land division would not trigger any requirement for additional fire apparatus, personnel, or otherwise significantly impact fire protection services. The site is not adjacent to or intermixed with wildlands, and is not adjacent to any property within the High or Very High fire hazard severity zone. The proposed subdivision and potential post-project development will be required to comply the Shasta County Fire Safety Standards. No significant additional level of fire protection or fire water system improvements is necessary. Potential impacts to fire protection will be mitigated through the

payment of applicable development impact fees prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Police Protection:

The County employs a total of 165 sworn and 69 non-sworn County peace officers (Sheriff’s deputies) to serve a population of 66,850 persons that reside in the unincorporated area of the County (United States Census Bureau April 1, 2020). This level of staffing equates to a ratio of approximately one officer per 286 persons. The project will not result in additional residences or uses that would significantly increase the need of police protection and the project would not warrant any additional Sheriff’s deputies. The project may result in the development of 4 residential units. This is not considered significant enough to warrant any additional sworn or non-sworn peace officers. No significant additional level of police protection is necessary. Additionally, potential impacts to police protection will be mitigated through the payment of applicable development impact fees prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Schools:

Potential impacts to schools will be mitigated through the payment of applicable development impact fees prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Parks:

The project is located in the unincorporated portion of Shasta County which does not have a formal park and recreation program normally found within incorporated cities.

Other public facilities:

Potential impacts to general government services, public health, the library system, animal control, and the roadway system will be mitigated through the payment of applicable development impact fees prior to the issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XVI. RECREATION:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				✓
b) Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated. The County does not have a neighborhood or regional parks system or other recreational facilities.
- b) The project would not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment.

School facilities are typically used for sports and recreation. The City of Redding and City of Anderson also have a number of recreational facilities. In addition, there are tens of thousands of acres of rivers, lakes, forests, and other public land available for recreation in Lassen National Park, the Shasta and Whiskeytown National Recreation Areas, the National Forests, and other public land administered by the Bureau of Land Management.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XVII. <u>TRANSPORTATION</u>: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Conflict with a program, plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities?			✓	
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				✓
c) Substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				✓
d) Result in inadequate emergency access?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not conflict with a program, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle, and pedestrian facilities. This request would subdivide one parcel into four parcels. The project may result in additional residential development for each of the newly created parcels. A one-family residence is expected to generate ten vehicle trips per day. This proposed project would not produce a significant increase in traffic. The project would not generate enough traffic to significantly reduce the volume-to-capacity ratio of adjacent roadways to a reduced level of service.
- b) The project would not exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the County congestion management agency for designated roads or highways. There is no County congestion management agency, and no level of service established by such an agency.
- c) The project would not substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature or incompatible uses.
- d) The project would not result in inadequate emergency access. The project has been reviewed by the Shasta County Fire Department which has determined that there is adequate emergency access.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
<p>a) Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:</p> <p>i) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k), or</p> <p>ii) A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. In applying the criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resource Code Section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe.</p>				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource as there is no evidence of historical resources at the site that are listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources; or a resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1.

In accordance with Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 21080.3.1, the Wintu Tribe of Northern California & Toyon-Wintu Center (Tribe) filed and Shasta County received a request for formal notification of proposed projects within an area of Shasta County that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the Tribe. Pursuant to PRC §21080.3.1 the Department of Resource Management sent a certified letter to notify the Tribe that the project was under review and to provide the Tribe 30 days from the receipt of the letter to request formal consultation on the project in writing. To date, no response has been received.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocations of which could cause significant environmental effects?				✓
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?				✓
c) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand				✓

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS: Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
d) Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?				✓
e) Comply with Federal, State, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) The project would not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water or, wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocations of which could cause significant environmental effects.

The project will be served by individual wells. Well log data from the vicinity indicates that there is sufficient groundwater to serve the project. On-site septic systems will be used. Each parcel has an identified site for sewage disposal and soil test information has demonstrated adequate area to meet sewage disposal standards. The project would not require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities. This is a rural large-lot land division that does not require any drainage facilities.

- b) The project would have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years. The project will be served by individual wells. Well log data from the vicinity indicates that there is sufficient groundwater to serve the project.
- c) The project would result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the projected project demand in addition to the providers existing commitments because such services are not supplied by a wastewater treatment provider. Privately constructed and maintained on-site wastewater treatment systems will be used. Each parcel has an identified site for sewage disposal. No other wastewater treatment system would be affected by the project.
- d) The project would not generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals. The project would be served by Waste Management disposal services and by the West Central Landfill which has sufficient capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.
- e) The project would comply with Federal, State, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste. The project will not generate any new solid waste other than common household waste. Recycling facilities are available in the major shopping areas available to the project site.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XX. WILDFIRE: If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				✓
b) Due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to, pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?				✓
c) Require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the				✓

XX. WILDFIRE: If located in or near state responsibility areas or lands classified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
environment?				
d) Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?				✓

Discussion: Based on the related documents listed in the Sources of Documentation for Initial Study Checklist, staff review of the project, observations on the project site and in the vicinity, the following findings can be made:

- a) A review of the project and the Shasta County and City of Anderson Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, and the Shasta County Emergency Operations Plan, indicates that the proposed project would not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan.
- b) The project is in the “Urban Unzoned and Non-Wildland/Non-Urban” fire hazard severity zone with topography on the site being predominantly flat. The project would not exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire.
- c) The project would not require the installation or maintenance of associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment.
- d) The project would not expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes.

Mitigation/Monitoring: None proposed.

XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less-Than-Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	Less-Than-Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below the self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?		✓		
b) Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (“Cumulatively considerable” means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?			✓	
c) Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			✓	

Discussion:

- a) Based on the discussion and findings in Section II. Agricultural and Forestry Resources and Section IV. Biological Resources, there is evidence to support a finding that the project would have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below the self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, or substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal. With the incorporation of mitigation measures into the project specified in Section II. Agricultural and Section IV. Biological Resources, the impacts will be less-than-significant.

Based on the discussion and findings in Section V. Cultural Resources, there is no evidence to support a finding that the project would have the potential to eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.

- b) Based on the discussion and findings in all Sections above, there is no evidence to suggest that the project would have significant impacts that are cumulatively considerable.
- c) Based on the discussion and findings in all Sections above, there is no evidence to support a finding that the project would have environmental effects which would cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

Mitigation/Monitoring: With the mitigation measures being proposed, the impacts from the project would be less-than-significant. See the attached Mitigation Monitoring Program (MMP) for a complete listing of the proposed mitigation measures, timing/implementation of the measures, and enforcement/monitoring agent(s).

INITIAL STUDY COMMENTS

PROJECT NUMBER PM21-0002 – Lavoie

GENERAL COMMENTS:

Special Studies: The following project-specific studies have been completed for the proposal and will be considered as part of the record of decision for the Mitigated Negative Declaration. These studies are available for review through the Shasta County Planning Division.

1. California Department of Conservation Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model, Kevin Sevier, Gallaway Enterprises, October 25, 2021.

Agency Referrals: Prior to an environmental recommendation, referrals for this project were sent to agencies thought to have responsible agency or reviewing agency authority. The responses to those referrals (attached), where appropriate, have been incorporated into this document and will be considered as part of the record of decision for the Mitigated Negative Declaration. Copies of all referral comments may be reviewed through the Shasta County Planning Division. To date, referral comments have been received from the following State agencies or any other agencies which have identified CEQA concerns:

1. California Department of Fish and Wildlife

Conclusion/Summary: Based on a field review by the Planning Division and other agency staff, early consultation review comments from other agencies, information provided by the applicant, and existing information available to the Planning Division, the project, as revised and mitigated, is not anticipated to result in any significant environmental impacts.

SOURCES OF DOCUMENTATION FOR INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All headings of this source document correspond to the headings of the initial study checklist. In addition to the resources listed below, initial study analysis may also be based on field observations by the staff person responsible for completing the initial study. Most resource materials are on file in the office of the Shasta County Department of Resource Management, Planning Division, 1855 Placer Street, Suite 103, Redding, CA 96001, Phone: (530) 225-5532.

GENERAL PLAN AND ZONING

1. Shasta County General Plan and land use designation maps.
2. Applicable community plans, airport plans and specific plans.
3. Shasta County Zoning Ordinance (Shasta County Code Title 17) and zone district maps.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

I. AESTHETICS

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.8 Scenic Highways, and Section 7.6 Design Review.
2. Zoning Standards per Shasta County Code, Title 17.

II. AGRICULTURAL AND FORESTRY RESOURCES

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.1 Agricultural Lands.
2. Shasta County Important Farmland 2016 Map, California Department of Conservation.
3. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.2 Timber Lands.
4. Soil Survey of Shasta County Area, California, published by U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service and Forest Service, August 1974.

III. AIR QUALITY

1. Shasta County General Plan Section, 6.5 Air Quality.
2. Northern Sacramento Valley Air Basin, 2018 Air Quality Attainment Plan.
3. Records of, or consultation with, the Shasta County Department of Resource Management, Air Quality Management District.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.2 Timberlands, and Section 6.7 Fish and Wildlife Habitat.
2. Designated Endangered, Threatened, or Rare Plants and Candidates with Official Listing Dates, published by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.
3. Natural Diversity Data Base Records of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.
4. Federal Listing of Rare and Endangered Species.
5. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.7 Fish and Wildlife Habitat.
6. State and Federal List of Endangered and Threatened Animals of California, published by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.
7. Natural Diversity Data Base Records of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife.

V. CULTURAL RESOURCES

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.10 Heritage Resources.
2. Records of, or consultation with, the following:
 - a. The Northeast Information Center of the California Historical Resources Information System, Department of Anthropology, California State University, Chico.
 - b. State Office of Historic Preservation.
 - c. Local Native American representatives.
 - d. Shasta Historical Society.

VI. ENERGY

1. California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 (AB 32)
2. California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 6 – California Energy Code
3. California Code of Regulations Title 24, Part 11 – California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen)

VII. GEOLOGY AND SOILS

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 5.1 Seismic and Geologic Hazards, Section 6.1 Agricultural Lands, and Section 6.3 Minerals.
2. County of Shasta, Erosion and Sediment Control Standards, Design Manual
3. Soil Survey of Shasta County Area, California, published by U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service and Forest Service, August 1974.
4. Alquist - Priolo, Earthquake Fault Zoning Maps.

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

1. Shasta Regional Climate Action Plan
2. California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (White Paper) CEQA & Climate Change, Evaluating and Addressing

IX. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 5.4 Fire Safety and Sheriff Protection, and Section 5.6 Hazardous Materials.
2. County of Shasta Multi-Hazard Functional Plan
3. Records of, or consultation with, the following:
 - a. Shasta County Department of Resource Management, Environmental Health Division.
 - b. Shasta County Fire Prevention Officer.
 - c. Shasta County Sheriff's Department, Office of Emergency Services.
 - d. Shasta County Department of Public Works.
 - e. California Environmental Protection Agency, California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Central Valley Region.

X. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 5.2 Flood Protection, Section 5.3 Dam Failure Inundation, and Section 6.6 Water Resources and Water Quality.
2. Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps and Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Shasta County prepared by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, as revised to date.
3. Records of, or consultation with, the Shasta County Department of Public Works acting as the Flood Control Agency and Community Water Systems manager.

XI. LAND USE AND PLANNING

1. Shasta County General Plan land use designation maps and zone district maps.
2. Shasta County Assessor's Office land use data.

XII. MINERAL RESOURCES

1. Shasta County General Plan Section 6.3 Minerals.

XIII. NOISE

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 5.5 Noise and Technical Appendix B.

XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 7.1 Community Organization and Development Patterns.
2. Census data from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
3. Census data from the California Department of Finance.
4. Shasta County General Plan, Section 7.3 Housing Element.
5. Shasta County Department of Housing and Community Action Programs.

XV. PUBLIC SERVICES

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 7.5 Public Facilities.
2. Records of, or consultation with, the following:
 - a. Shasta County Fire Prevention Officer.
 - b. Shasta County Sheriff's Department.
 - c. Shasta County Office of Education.
 - d. Shasta County Department of Public Works.

XVI. RECREATION

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 6.9 Open Space and Recreation.

XVII. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

1. Shasta County General Plan, Section 7.4 Circulation.
2. Records of, or consultation with, the following:
 - a. Shasta County Department of Public Works.
 - b. Shasta County Regional Transportation Planning Agency.
 - c. Shasta County Congestion Management Plan/Transit Development Plan.
3. Institute of Transportation Engineers, Trip Generation Rates.

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

1. Tribal Consultation in accordance with Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1

XIX. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS

1. Records of, or consultation with, the following:
 - a. Pacific Gas and Electric Company.
 - b. Pacific Power and Light Company.
 - c. Pacific Bell Telephone Company.
 - d. Citizens Utilities Company.
 - e. T.C.I.
 - f. Marks Cablevision.

- g. Shasta County Department of Resource Management, Environmental Health Division.
- h. Shasta County Department of Public Works.

XX. WILDFIRE

- 1. Office of the State Fire Marshall-CALFIRE Fire Hazard Severity Zone Maps

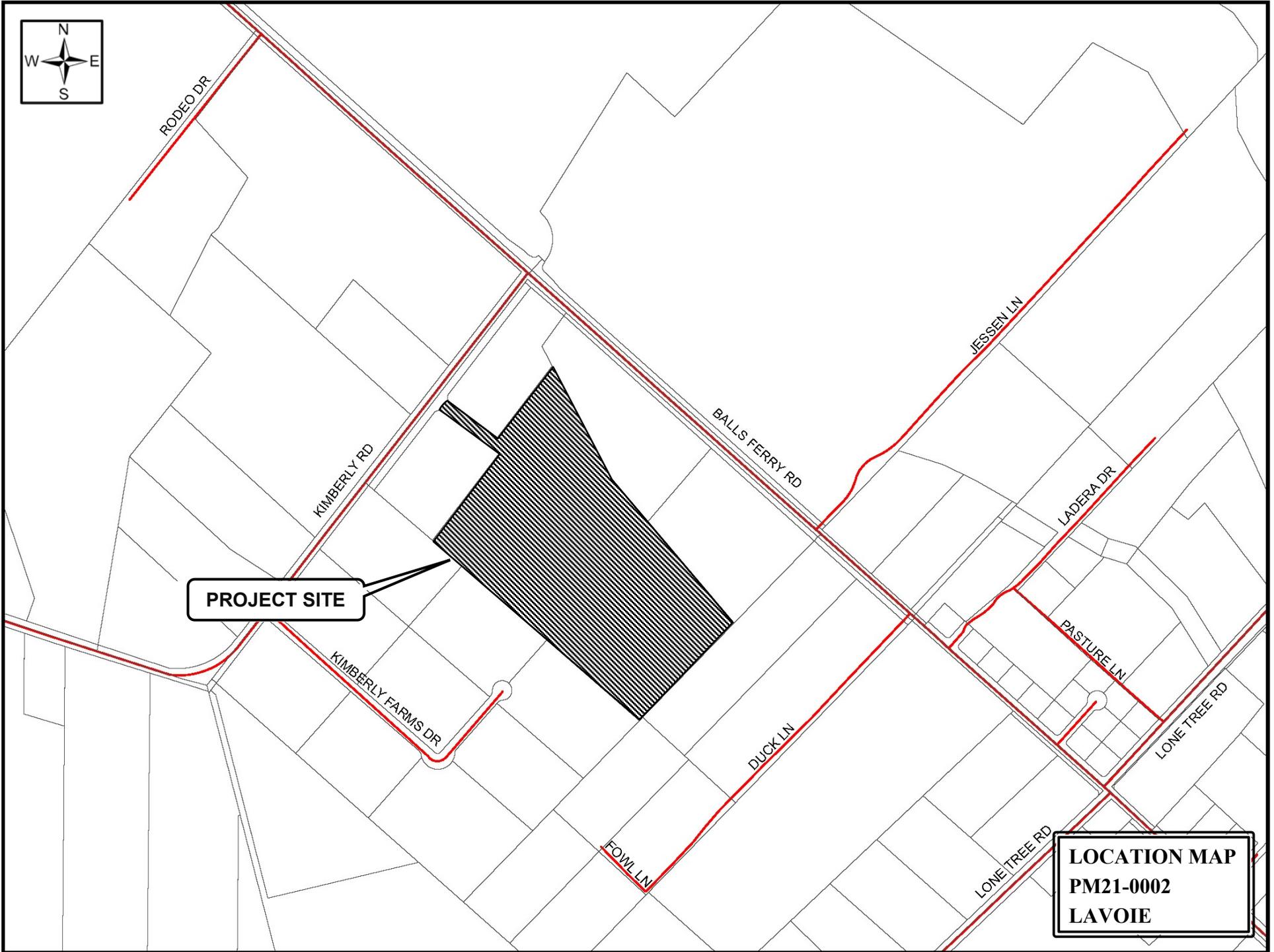
XXI. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE

None

**MITIGATION MONITORING PROGRAM (MMP)
FOR PARCEL MAP 21-0002 – Lavoie**

Mitigation Measure/Condition	Timing/Implementation	Enforcement/Monitoring	Verification (Date & Initials)
<p>Section II. Agricultural and Forestry Resources</p> <p>II.a.1) Removal of agricultural soils and other activities which reduce the potential for agricultural production as the primary land use are prohibited, except as otherwise permitted under Policy AG-g of the General Plan regarding mineral extraction or mining.</p> <p>II.a.2) The site planning, design, and construction of on-site and off-site improvements for nonagricultural development in agricultural areas shall avoid any short- and long-term impacts on facilities, such as irrigation ditches, used to supply water to agricultural operations.</p> <p>III.a.3) All future residential development shall be limited to building envelopes as shown on the recorded map.</p>	<p>Prior to Issuance of Grading Permit</p> <p>Prior to Issuance of Building Permit Final Inspection of Building Permit</p> <p>Prior to Recordation of the Parcel Map / Prior to issuance of a Building Permit</p>	<p>Resource Management, Planning Division / Shasta County Department of Agriculture</p> <p>Resource Management, Planning Division / Anderson-Cottonwood Irrigation District</p> <p>Resource Management, Planning Division</p>	
<p>Section IV. Biological Resources</p> <p><u>Tricolored Blackbird (<i>Agelaius tricolor</i>)</u></p> <p>IV.a-b.1) In order to avoid impacts to the Tricolored Blackbird (<i>Agelaius tricolor</i>) one of the following shall be implemented:</p> <p>a. Prior to the start of construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct a biological survey for the presence of tricolored blackbird habitat during the months of April-March; or</p> <p>b. Prior to the start of construction, demonstrate through consultation with CDFW that it can clearly be shown that the potential habitat is not present onsite.</p> <p><u>Nesting Birds and/Raptors</u></p> <p>IV.d.1) In order to avoid impacts to nesting migratory birds and/or raptors protected under federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Fish and Game Code Section 3503 and Section 3503.5, including their nests and eggs, one of the following shall be implemented:</p>	<p>Prior to issuance of a Grading or Building Permit</p> <p>Prior to Issuance of Building Permit Final Inspection of Building Permit</p>	<p>Resource Management, Planning Division / CA Department of Fish and Wildlife</p> <p>Resource Management, Planning Division / CA Department of Fish and Wildlife</p>	

Mitigation Measure/Condition	Timing/Implementation	Enforcement/Monitoring	Verification (Date & Initials)
<p>a. Vegetation removal and other ground-disturbance activities associated with construction shall occur between September 1 and January 31 when birds are not nesting; or</p> <p>b. If vegetation removal or ground disturbance activities occur during the nesting season (February 1 through August 31), a pre-construction nesting survey shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within 14 days of vegetation removal or construction activities. If an active nest is located during the preconstruction surveys, a non-disturbance buffer shall be established around the nest by a qualified biologist in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). No vegetation removal or construction activities shall occur within this non-disturbance buffer until the young have fledged, as determined through additional monitoring by the qualified biologist. The results of the pre-construction surveys shall be sent electronically to CDFW at R1CEQARedding@wildlife.ca.gov.</p>			



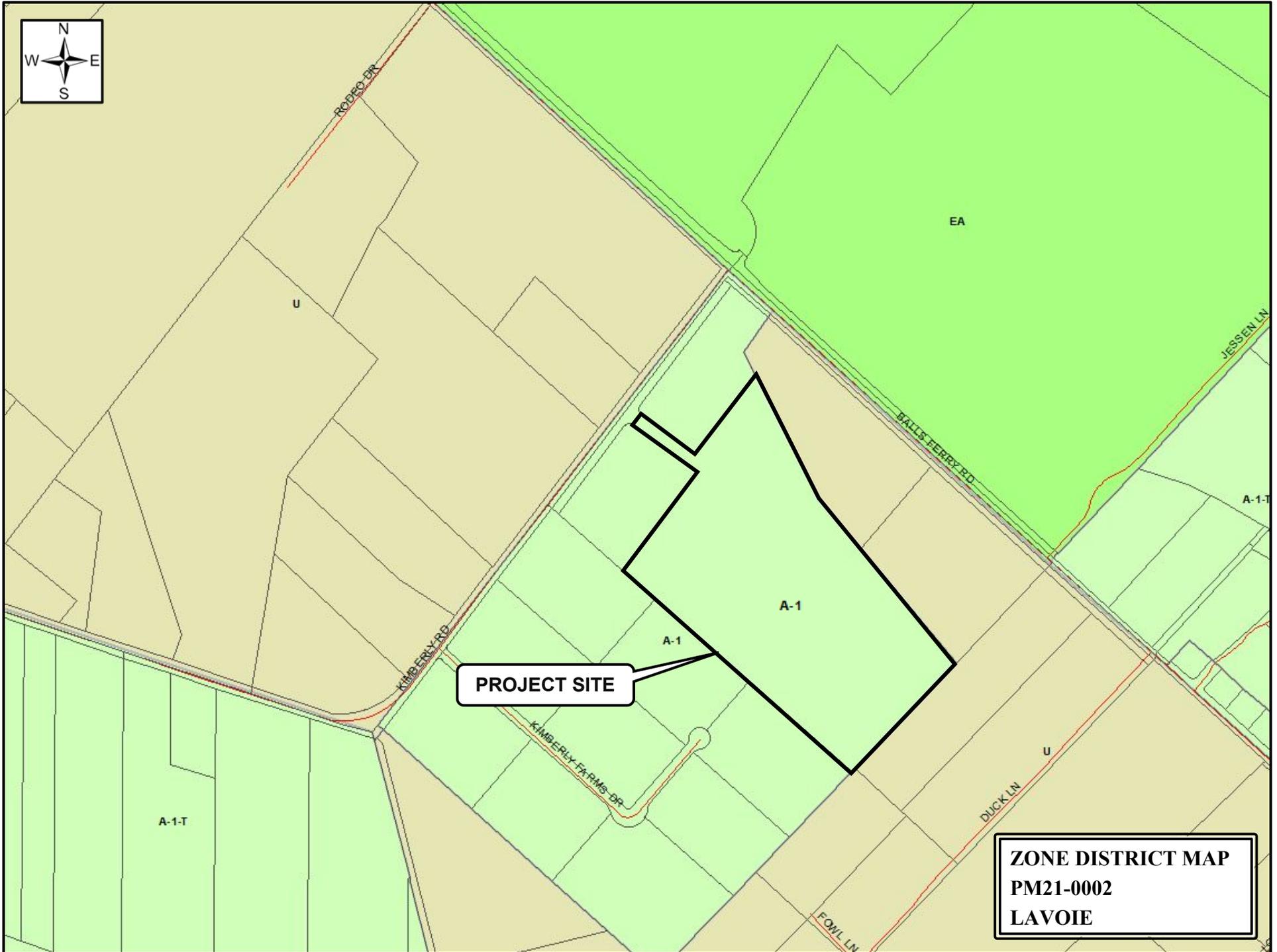
PROJECT SITE

LOCATION MAP
PM21-0002
LAVOIE



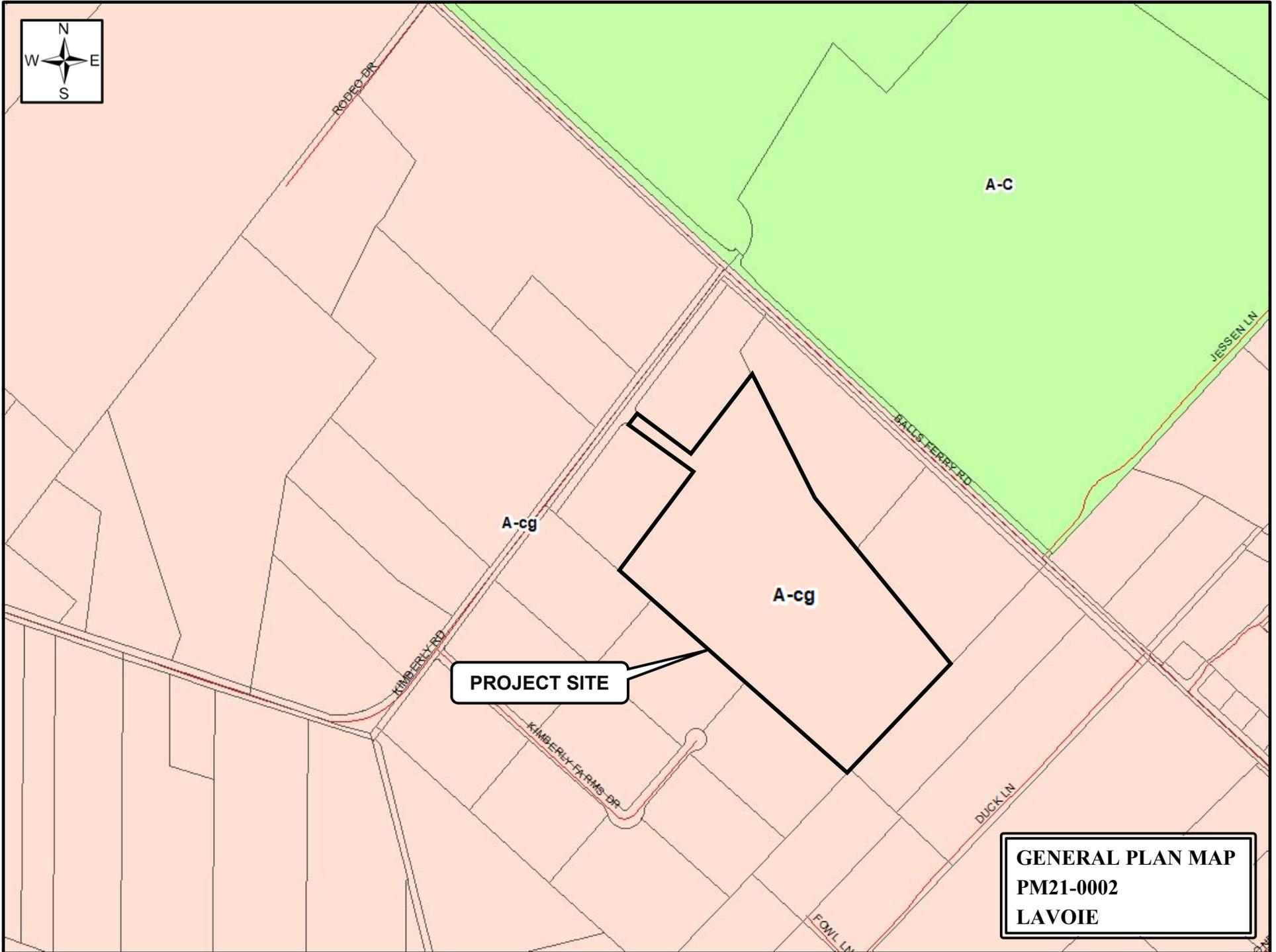
PROJECT SITE

**PROJECT AERIAL
PM21-0002
LAVOIE**



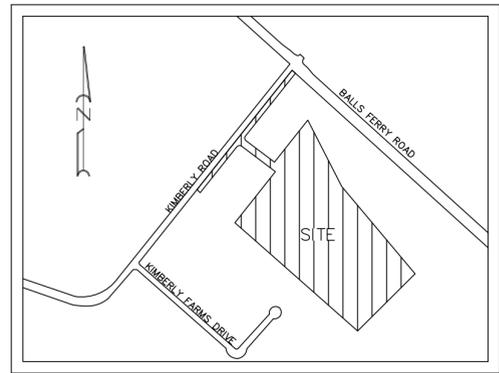
PROJECT SITE

ZONE DISTRICT MAP
PM21-0002
LAVOIE



PROJECT SITE

**GENERAL PLAN MAP
PM21-0002
LAVOIE**



VICINITY MAP
NOT TO SCALE

OWNER
 CLAUDE AND LISA LAVOIE
 4750 KIMBERLY FARMS DRIVE
 ANDERSON, CA 96007

ENGINEER
 DUANE K. MILLER
 CIVIL ENGINEER, INC.
 PO BOX 1307
 ANDERSON, CA 96007

PROJECT ADDRESS
 NSN KIMBERLY ROAD
 ANDERSON, CA 96007

WATER/SEWER
 WELL/SEPTIC

ELECTRICITY
 PG&E

TELEPHONE
 AT&T

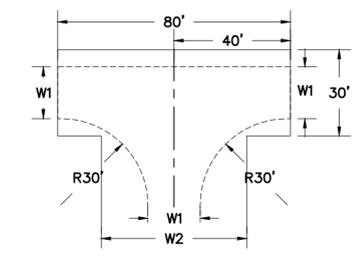
APN
 091-310-012

TOTAL AREA
 28.97 ACRES

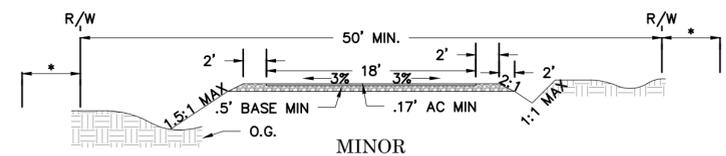
ZONING
 A-1: LIMITED AGRICULTURE

GENERAL PLAN
 A-cg: AGRICULTURAL SMALL SCALE
 CROPLAND/GRAZING

DENSITY
 1 UNIT / 7.24 ACRES



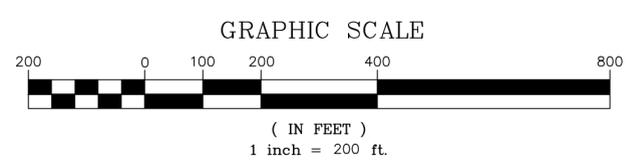
TURNAROUND ALTERNATE A
 W1: WIDTH OF PAVEMENT
 W2: WIDTH OF REQUIRED R/W



MINOR SECTION A-A
 * 15' UTILITY EASEMENT AND SLOPE EASEMENT
 MIN. TRAFFIC INDEX = 4.5
 NOTE: FINAL STRUCTURAL SECTION TO BE DETERMINED BY 'R' VALUE TESTING

LEGEND

- RECORD BOUNDARY
- - - (N) PARCEL BOUNDARY
- - - ADJACENT PARCEL
- - - RIGHT OF WAY
- AV ALFALFA VALVES
- (X) FENCE
- (X) ROAD
- (N) HMA
- NON-IRRIGATABLE AREA (5.28 ACRES)
- (EX) SEWER DISPERSION AREA
- (N) BUILDING ENVELOPE ~1 ACRE PER LOT
- (N) PERC TEST LOCATION
- (N) SOIL TEST PIT
- (W) PROPOSED WELL SITE



PLANS PREPARED UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF:



TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP

THE REMAINDER PARCEL OF PM 04-031, RECORDED IN BK 36 PM 28 ALSO BEING A PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST ONE QUARTER OF SECTION 58, P.B. READING GRANT, IN THE UNINCORPORATED TERRITORY OF SHASTA COUNTY, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

FOR
CLAUDE LAVOIE

BY
DUANE K. MILLER
 CIVIL ENGINEER, INC.

6172 MEISTER WAY, UNIT 1
 PO BOX 1307
 ANDERSON, CA 96007
 (530) 365-5610

SCALE 1" = 200'

SHEET 1 OF 1

SHASTA COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
PLANNING DIVISION

1855 Placer Street, Suite 103, Redding, California 96001 Phone (530) 225-5532 FAX (530) 245-6468

ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION FORM

RECEIVED
MAY 11 2021
PM 2:00
COUNTY OF SHASTA
HERMIT COUNTER

INITIAL STUDY PART I
(To be completed by the Applicant or Representative)

NOTE: Please answer all questions as accurately and completely as possible to avoid possible delays in processing.

I. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1. Project Title: PARCEL MAP
2. Describe the proposed project in as much detail as is possible: THIS VACANT OF
STRUCTURE AND TREE. IT SLOPE GENTLY TO THE
SOUTH

II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

(Use one copy of the tentative map or site plan to plot any necessary information)

1. Attach a copy of the appropriate United States Geological Survey (USGS) topographic map, and indicate the location of the proposed project. (The maps are available from sporting goods stores.)
2. Attach photographs of the site, if possible.
3. Describe the existing use(s) on the project site (including the type and number of any structures, roads, etc.):
NO STRUCTURES BEING USED AS PASTURE

4. Describe the existing land use on adjacent properties. Also note any major natural or man-made features (i.e., highways, stream channels, etc.):

- North: SFR
- East: SFR W/ IRRIGATED PASTURE
- West: SFR
- South: SFR W IRRIGATED PASTURE

5. Describe the existing topography on-site (i.e., landforms, slopes, etc.). Any data on soils and geology would also be helpful:

FLAT SLOPING SOUTH AT APPROXIMATELY
1-2%

6. Describe existing drainage courses or eroded areas on or near the project site (i.e., rivers, creeks, drainage ditches):

HAS 1 ABANDONED IRRIGATION DITCH TRAVERSING
THE PROPERTY

7. Describe the existing vegetation on-site and the percentage of the site it covers:

PASTURE GRASS 100% NO TREES

8. Describe the existing wildlife on-site:

GOPHER AND FIELD MICE

9. Are there any cemeteries, structures, or other items of historical or archaeological interest on the property? [] No [] Yes, specify:

10. Describe any site alterations which would result from the proposed project specifically address the amount and location of grading, cuts and fills, vegetation removal, alterations to drainage, removal of existing structures, etc.):

A MINOR ROAD WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AT GRADE
WITH CUTS & FILLS OF APPROXIMATELY 1.0 FT ±
SLOPING SOUTH AT APPROXIMATELY 1%

11. Please include a copy of any studies (soils, geology, marketing, etc.) that you had prepared for this project or project site.

III. SERVICES

1. Indicate how the following services will be provided for your project and availability of service.

- a. Electricity: PG&E
- b. Natural Gas: PG&E
- c. Water Supply: IND WEL
- d. Sewage Disposal: SEPTIC TANK AND LEACH FIELD
- e. Solid Waste Disposal: WASTE MANAGEMENT

2. If an extension of service lines is necessary, indicate which service(s) and the distance of the extension(s): _____

IV. INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL PROJECTS

1. Total number of employees and number of employees on the largest shift:

NA

2. Types of equipment and/or machines to be used:

NA

3. Number of on-site parking spaces proposed: NA

4. Types of materials, chemicals, and/or products to be processed, packaged, or stored:

NA

5. Describe any hazardous substances to be used on the project site:

NA

6. Estimate the type and amount of air emissions or odors:

NA

7. Will the project change the ambient noise levels for adjacent properties?

[] No [] Yes, specify:

CERTIFICATION: *I certify that the information provided herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.*



Signature of Applicant or Authorized Representative

FEB 01/2021

Date

From: [Henderson, Amy@Wildlife](mailto:Henderson.Amy@Wildlife)
To: [Elisabeth Towers](mailto:Elisabeth.Towers)
Cc: [Blanchard, Katherine@Wildlife](mailto:Blanchard.Katherine@Wildlife); [McKannay, Adam@Wildlife](mailto:McKannay.Adam@Wildlife)
Subject: Parcel Map 21-0002 (LaVoie)
Date: Monday, December 20, 2021 4:29:56 PM

EXTERNAL SENDER: Do not follow links or open attachments unless you recognize the sender and know the content is safe.

Dear Elisabeth Towers,

The California Department of Fish and Wildlife (Department) has reviewed the consultation request for the above-referenced project (Project). As a trustee for the State's fish and wildlife resources, the Department has jurisdiction over the conservation, protection, and management of fish, wildlife, native plants, and their habitat. As a responsible agency, the Department administers the California Endangered Species Act (CESA) and other provisions of the Fish and Game Code (FGC) that conserve the State's fish and wildlife public trust resources. The Department offers the following comments and recommendations on this Project in our role as a trustee and responsible agency pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), California Public Resources Code section 21000 et seq. The following are informal comments intended to assist the Lead Agency in making informed decisions early in the Project development and review process.

Project Description

According to the referral, the project is a request for approval of a parcel map to subdivide a 28.97-acre lot into four lots at 5.95 acres, 6.30 acres, 7.56 acres and 9.16 acres. The property is in the Limited-Agriculture (A-1) district and has a Part-Time Agriculture (A-cg) General Plan Land Use Designation. The project site is relatively flat with an Anderson-Cottonwood Irrigation District (ACID) canal running through the northeast portion of the property. Most of the property has no trees, having been used for irrigated pasture. Proposed improvements include an approximately 890-foot-long access road off Kimberly Road with a crossing over the ACID canal. The proposed parcels would be serviced by individual onsite wastewater treatment systems and private wells. The Project is located off Kimberly Road on Assessor's parcel Number 091-310-012-000, Shasta County.

Biological Resources

A query of the California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDDB) resulted in the following special-status species present within a 2-mile radius of the Project site:

Tricolored blackbird (*Agelaius tricolor*) – State listed as threatened

A site visit to the Project area was not conducted; therefore, Department staff utilized Google Earth aerial imagery to determine potential habitat onsite. Dark green areas are scattered throughout the property (mostly in Parcel 2), which Department staff is assuming are Himalayan blackberry thickets. Tricolored blackbirds nest in a variety of habitats including native emergent marshes, silage and other grain fields, thickets of Himalayan blackberry, and other flooded and upland habitats. The

species nests in the spring in dense colonies. The Department has not been provided sufficient biological information to determine if there is tricolored blackbird habitat present on the Project site. The Department strongly encourages biological surveys be conducted for tricolored blackbirds in the spring prior to the start of construction unless it can be clearly shown that habitat is not present onsite.

California Endangered Species Act

-
Please be advised that a CESA permit must be obtained if the project has the potential to result in “take” of plants or animals listed under CESA, either during construction or over the life of the project. Issuance of a CESA Permit is subject to CEQA documentation; the CEQA document must specify impacts, mitigation measures, and a mitigation monitoring and reporting program. If the Project will result in take of a CESA-listed species, early consultation is encouraged, as significant modification to the Project and mitigation measures may be required to obtain a CESA Permit. Information on how to attain a CESA permit is available here:
<https://wildlife.ca.gov/Conservation/CESA/Permitting>.

Nesting Birds

If the Project has the potential to directly impact nesting bird habitat or indirectly disturb nesting birds through audio or visual disturbance, the Department recommends to following measures be implemented to protect nesting birds and raptors protected under FGC sections 3503 and 3503.5:

- a. Conduct vegetation removal and other ground-disturbance activities associated with construction from September 1 through January 31, when birds are not nesting; or
- b. Conduct pre-construction surveys for nesting birds if vegetation removal or ground disturbing activities are to take place during the nesting season (February 1 through August 31). These surveys shall be conducted by a qualified biologist no more than one week (7 days) prior to vegetation removal or construction activities during the nesting season. If an active nest is located during the preconstruction surveys, a non-disturbance buffer shall be established around the nest by a qualified biologist in consultation with the Department. No vegetation removal or construction activities shall occur within this non-disturbance buffer until the young have fledged, as determined through additional monitoring by the qualified biologist. The results of the pre-construction surveys shall be sent electronically to the Department at R1CEQARedding@wildlife.ca.gov.

Should you have further questions, please do not hesitate to email, or call my cell.

Sincerely,

Amy Henderson
Senior Environmental Scientist (Specialist)
Interior Conservation and Cannabis
601 Locust Street

Redding, CA 96001

(530) 598-7194 (cell)

Amy.Henderson@wildlife.ca.gov

**Technical Memorandum:
California Department of Conservation Land Evaluation and Site Assessment
Lavoie (TPM 21-002), Shasta County, CA**

Introduction

Gallaway Enterprises has completed a Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) for the 29.30 acre Lavoie Tentative Parcel Map (TPM) 21-002 in Shasta County, CA. The following information sources were utilized in the development of this evaluation:

- California Department of Conservation LESA Model Instruction Manual (1997)
- California Department of Conservation – Land Conservation Act of 1965 (Williamson Act)
- California Department of Conservation – Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
- Farm Service Agency – National Agricultural Imagery Program (NAIP)
- Geographic Information Systems (GIS)
- Natural Resource Conservation Service - Soil Survey

The location and extents of the proposed TPM Lavoie were cross referenced with the aforementioned information sources per the directions contained within the LESA Model Instruction Manual.

Results

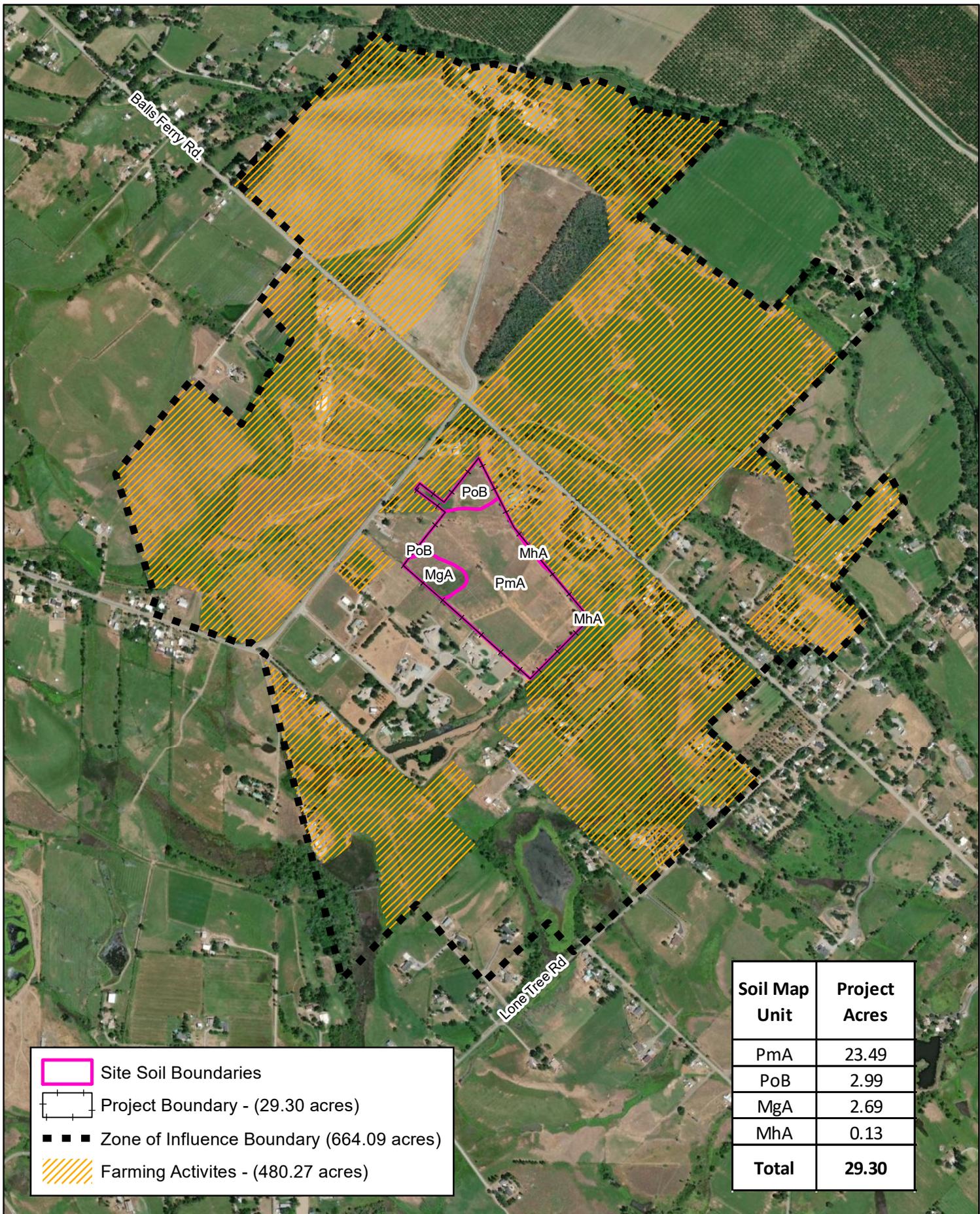
The Land Evaluation (LE) score is 34.4 with a Site Assessment (SA) score of 27.8 and a combined LESA score of 62.1. LESA scores of 62.1 are considered significant unless either LE or SA subscore is less than 20 points. For a complete set of values from the LESA Model, please see the enclosed Attachment A. Based on the results of the LESA Model for the Lavoie TPM 21-002 project, there will be a significant impact with regards to the conversion of agricultural land to non-agricultural use and may impair the agricultural productivity of agricultural land.

Prepared by,



Kevin Sevier
Vice President
Gallaway Enterprises

Attach: Map of site and LESA data extents
Appendix A – LESA Model Tables and Calculations



Soil Map Unit	Project Acres
PmA	23.49
PoB	2.99
MgA	2.69
MhA	0.13
Total	29.30



1:12,500

0 0.25 Miles

NORTH

Data Sources: ESRI, NRCS, FMMP, DOC, Maxar 09/11/2019

Land Evaluation and Site Assessment
 TPM Lavoie PM 21-002
 Shasta County, CA

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GE: #21-111 Map Date: 10/25/2021

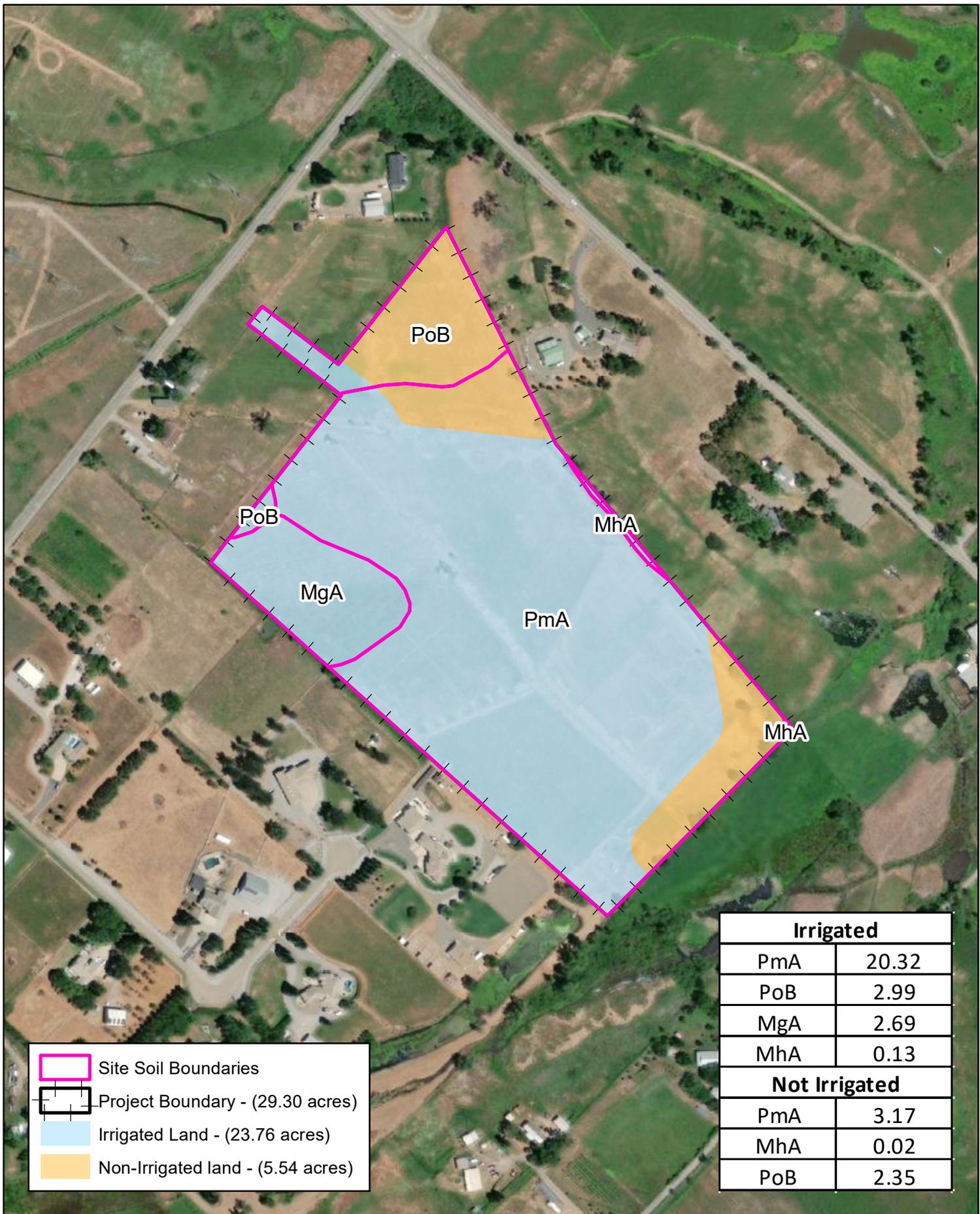
Table 1A. Land Evaluation Worksheet
Land Capability Classification (LCC) and Storie Index Scores

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Soil Map Unit	Project Acres	Proportion of Project Area	LCC	LCC Rate	LCC Score	Storie Index	Storie Index Score
PmA	20.32	69%	3s	60	41.6	87.3	60.5
PmA	3.17	10.8%	2s	80	8.7	87.3	9.4
PoB	2.99	10.2%	3e	70	7.2	24.8	2.5
MgA	2.69	9.2%	3s	60	5.5	18.5	1.7
MhA	0.13	0.4%	4w	40	0.2	8.9	0.04
Total	29.30	100.0%		LCC Total	63.1	Storie Index Total	74.3

Table 1B. Site Assessment Worksheet 1
Project Size Score

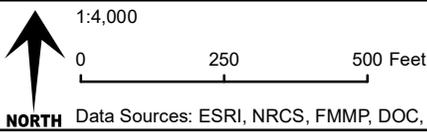
	I	J	K
	LCC Class I-II	LCC Class III	LCC Class IV-VIII
	3.170	20.320	0.130
		2.994	
		2.690	
Total Acres	3.170	26.00	0.130
Project Size Scores	0	30	0

Highest Project Size Score	30
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Site Soil Boundaries
 Project Boundary - (29.30 acres)
 Irrigated Land - (23.76 acres)
 Non-Irrigated land - (5.54 acres)

Irrigated	
PmA	20.32
PoB	2.99
MgA	2.69
MhA	0.13
Not Irrigated	
PmA	3.17
MhA	0.02
PoB	2.35



Land Evaluation and Site Assessment
 TPM Lavoie TPM 21-002
 Shasta County, CA

gallaway
 ENTERPRISES

GE: #21-111 Map Date: 10/25/2021

Data Sources: ESRI, NRCS, FMMP, DOC, Maxar 09/11/2019

Table 3. Project Size Scoring

LCC Class I or II soils		LCC Class III soils		LCC Class IV or lower	
Acres	Score	Acres	Score	Acres	Score
80 or above	100	160 or above	100	320 or above	100
60-79	90	120-159	90	240-319	80
40-59	80	80-119	80	160-239	60
20-39	50	60-79	70	100-159	40
10-19	30	40-59	60	40-99	20
fewer than 10	0	20-39	30	fewer than 40	0
		10-19	10		
		fewer than 10	0		

Table 4. Site Assessment Worksheet 2. - Water Resources Availability *

A	B	C	D	E
Project Portion	Water Source	Proportion of Project Area	Water Availability Score	Weighted Availability Score (C x D)
1	Irrigation District Water	81.0%	85	68.85
2	Not Irrigated	19.0%	25	4.75

*Per Duane Miller Engineering

Table 5. Water Resource Availability Scoring

Option	Non-Drought Years			Drought Years			WATER RESOURCE SCORE
	RESTRICTIONS			RESTRICTIONS			
	Irrigated Production Feasible?	Physical Restrictions ?	Economic Restrictions ?	Irrigated Production Feasible?	Physical Restrictions ?	Economic Restrictions ?	
1	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	NO	100
2	YES	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES	95
3	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	YES	90
4	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	NO	85
5	YES	NO	NO	YES	YES	YES	80
6	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	NO	75
7	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	65
8	YES	NO	NO	NO	--	--	50
9	YES	NO	YES	NO	--	--	45
10	YES	YES	NO	NO	--	--	35
11	YES	YES	YES	NO	--	--	30
12	Irrigated production not feasible, but rainfall adequate for dryland production in both drought and non-drought years						25
13	Irrigated production not feasible, but rainfall adequate for dryland production in non-drought years (but not in drought years)						20
14	Neither irrigated nor dryland production feasible						0

Table 6. Surrounding Agricultural Land Rating

Percentage of Project's Zone of Influence in Agricultural Use	Surrounding Agricultural Land Score
90-100%	100 Points
80-89	90
75-79	80
70-74	70
65-69	60
60-64	50
55-59	40
50-54	30
45-49	20
40-44	10
40 >	0

*Based on FMMP Prime farmland, Farmland of Statewide Importance, Unique Farmland, Farmland of Local Importance, and Grazing Land

Zone of Influence Acres	Acres in Agricultural Use
664.09	480.27
Percentage =	72%

Table 7. Surrounding Protected Resource Land Rating

Percentage of Project's Zone of Influence Defined as Protected	Surrounding Protected Resource Land Score
90-100%	100 Points
80-89	90
75-79	80
70-74	70
65-69	60
60-64	50
55-59	40
50-54	30
45-49	20
40-44	10
40 >	0

Zone of Influence Acres	Acres in Zone of Influence Defined as Protected
664.09	0
Percentage =	0%

Table 8. Final LESA Scoresheet

A	B	C	D	E	F
Factor Name	Factor Rating (0-100 points)	x	Factor Weighting (Total = 1.00)	=	Weighted Factor Rating
Land Evaluation					
1. Land Capability Classification	63.1	x	0.25	=	15.8
2. Storie Index Rating	74.3	x	0.25	=	18.6
LE Subtotal score					34.4
Site Assessment					
1. Project Size	30	x	0.15	=	4.5
2. Water Resource Availability	85	x	0.15	=	12.8
3. Surrounding Agricultural Lands	70	x	0.15	=	10.5
4. Protected Resource Lands	0	x	0.05	=	0.0
SA Subtotal Score					27.8
Total LESA Score					62.1

Table 9. California LESA Model Scoring Thresholds

Total LESA Score	Scoring Decision
0 to 39 Points	Not Considered Significant
40 to 59 Points	Considered Significant <u>only</u> if LE and SA subscores are each <u>greater</u> than or equal to 20 points
60 to 79 Points	Considered Significant <u>unless</u> either LE or SA subscore is <u>less</u> than 20 points
80 to 100 Points	Considered Significant