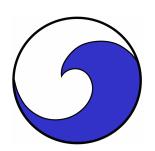
Utilities

Water Availability Letter



County Waterworks District No. 8 City of Simi Valley

2929 Tapo Canyon Road, Simi Valley, California 93063 (805) 583-6700

WATER AVAILABILITY LETTER

Date: 04/01/2024

SVJV Partners, LLC PO Box 701 North 44th Street Phoenix, AZ 85008

SUBJECT: CONSTRUCTION OF 160-SFR AND 50-MFR

0 east of Falcon St. Simi Valley, CA 93063 APN: 6150500075

To: SVJV Partners, LLC,

With regard to the availability of water service for the proposed development, the following relates to the availability of the public water system:

- 1. <u>Project Location:</u> The subject property is located within Zone <u>1248 AND 1190</u> of Waterworks District No. 8 (District) service area and is therefore eligible for public water service.
- 2. <u>Availability of Water Service:</u> Based on the information provided in your Application, the District has determined the following for the subject property and it's proposed use:
 - Average water demand is 154 gallons per minute (gpm)
 - Peak water demand is 344 gpm
 - Water service pressure is 45 pounds per square inch (psi)
 - Fire flow requirement is 1,500 gpm with a residual pressure of 20 psi at the fire hydrant(s) for the property
- 3. Water Delivery: Potable water is available for the proposed project. Additional on-site and off-site water improvements will need to be installed to provide potable water to the site. It is the Applicant's responsibility to provide the infrastructure from the District's point of connection to the proposed development. The Applicant shall construct all water facilities in compliance with the Water Design and Construction Standards adopted by the District Board of Directors on July 26, 2021, and subsequent revisions.

Next step for Applicant: Obtain a "Water Will-Serve Letter" from the District and all applicable water service connection fees are to be paid prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (805) 583-6767.

Sincerely,

Michelle Elorde, P.E.

Principal Engineer, Waterworks District No. 8

Whale.

TetraTech Hydraulic Report Jun 21, 2021





Technical Memorandum

Date:	June 21, 2021
To:	Keith Christiansen, Christiansen & Company
From:	Ken Berard
Project:	Simi Valley – North Canyon Ranch Development
Subject:	Water System Hydraulic Analysis for Tentative Tract 5658-A

1.0 Background

1.1 Location

The proposed North Canyon Ranch development (Tentative Tract Map 5658) is located in the City of Simi Valley and is bounded by the Simi Valley Town Center to the south and the Big Sky Ranch residential development to the east. Currently, the site is an undeveloped mountain/hillside that generally slopes from north to south.

1.2 Proposed Project

The North Canyon Ranch project site area is approximately 160 acres. The proposed development will consist of 159 lots of low density single family housing, 50-units of multi-family housing, and a park. The lots range from an elevation of 998.9 ft. to 1137.7 ft. The tentative tract map of the development is included in Appendix 1.

1.3 Water System

The proposed potable water system consists of a series of branching and looped pipelines of various diameter PVC pipes. The proposed system will tie into the City of Simi Valley's water system at Falcon St. to the southeast, which is at pressure zone 1248. It will also tie into the City's lower pressure zone of 1190 in the southwest with a normally closed Pressure Reducing connection. Proposed pipe diameters range from 6" up to 12". Figure 1 shows the proposed water system layout.

2.0 Criteria

The proposed potable water system has been analyzed in accordance with the Ventura County Waterworks District No. 8 (VCWWD #8) *Water Design and Construction Standards* which is summarized as follows.

2.1 Pressure Criteria

Water mains shall be designed to provide for service pressures between a minimum of **40 psi** and a maximum of **150 psi**. A minimum service pressures of 40 psi should be available during a high demand period and when the source tank is at its lowest operating level. The maximum available service pressure should not exceed 150 psi, and should be analyzed during a low demand period and when the source tank is at its highest level. The preferred operating service pressure range is between 45 psi and 80 psi. Static service pressures in excess of 80

psi will require installation of individual pressure regulators at the house or building on the customer side of the meter.

2.2 Velocity Criteria

Water mains shall be designed to provide a mean velocity of not more than **5 ft/s** under maximum day demands.

2.3 Fire Flow Criteria

The North Canyon Ranch Development consists of low to medium density residences. Fire flow required is **1500 gpm** at **20 psi** residual pressure.

Fire hydrant locations can be spaced a maximum of 500' and a fire hydrant must be placed within 150' from the last house in a cul-de-sac.

2.4 Demands

The Average Day Demand (ADD) are calculated based on a water duty for "small detached residential" of **420 gpd/unit** and **259 gpd/unit** for "condominium". The Maximum Day Demand (MDD) peaking factor is **2.15** times the ADD and the Peak Hour Demand (PHD) peaking factor is **4.50** times the ADD.

3.0 Hydraulic Model

3.1 Hydraulic Modeling Software

The proposed water system for the development was modeled using H2ONET™ Version 13.5 from Innovyze, that runs as an AutoCAD add-on.

3.2 Model Development

The hydraulic model pipeline alignment was created using the proposed water alignment of the tentative tract map no. 5658-A, where the pipe alignment follows street centerline. Pipe sizing generally followed the Potable Water Analysis Report prepared by TGA Engineering Inc., in 2009 (updated in 2016). However, the previous analysis report was based on a somewhat different lot configuration, and assumptions were made for pipe size at certain locations as well as pipe sizing adjustments based on model results.

Model nodes are located at dead ends, pipe intersections, and strategic locations along pipe spans to adequately capture lot demands. Node elevations were set based on street surface elevation. For the purposes of fire flow analysis, nodes were located at a maximum spacing of 500' along residential streets which matches the *Water Design and Construction Standards* maximum of 500 ft. spacing for fire hydrants.

The connection to pressure zone 1248 at Falcon St. to the east was modeled as a pump with a multi-point curve in order to represent the ability of the existing system to provide flow to the development. The points along the pump curve were calculated based on the static and dynamic pressure/flow readings from the fire flow test conducted in March of 2021. City staff mentioned that the fire flow test was performed during the high demand period of the day, and the tank level noted during the flow test was at the low operating tank level of 18 ft. The fire flow test was performed during a high demand period and low tank level to represent the possibility of a fire occurring when the system is already stressed by high demands.

The fire flow test results performed by the City are included in Appendix 6. The test form indicates a static pressure of 98 psi (at 0 gpm flow). The test form also indicates a dynamic flow of 7,814.4 gpm @ 20 psi.

System supply curves were developed based on the fire flow test and input into the hydraulic model. The system curves are included in Appendix 7. Two curves were developed: one based on a high demand period when the level in the tank is at 18' and one based on when the tank is full at 32'.

The connection to pressure zone 1190 is at the end of First St. and the location where the Falcon St. extension connects. This location was modeled as a normally closed valve, separating pressure zone 1248 and 1190.

The complete modeled system is shown in Figure 1.

3.3 User Demands

The user demands were determined based on the number of lots, the water duty noted in the Criteria section and the peaking factors noted in the Criteria section. A summary of node demands for ADD, MDD, and PHD is included in Appendix 2.

4.0 Analysis and Results

4.1 Average Day Demand Runs (High Pressure Scenario)

The average day demand scenario is run to simulate high pressure conditions in the system. The average day demand scenario was modeled with a system curve corresponding to the high tank level. High system pressure will occur at low elevation locations. High pressure is considered as pressure exceeding the criteria of 80 psi, as previously defined. At these locations, individual pressure regulating devices will need to be installed.

Pressures under the ADD scenario range from 48 psi to 110 psi. It was found that pressure exceeded 80 psi in all but the highest area of the development. Lots 43 to 96, that are located at higher elevations, do not exceed 80 psi, and do not require pressure regulators. All other lots require pressure regulators. It should be noted that at the highest elevation in the development, the pressure in the distribution system gets as low as 47 psi, which is above the preferred minimum pressure.

Pressure results for average day demand runs are included in Appendix 3 and a table of the lots requiring pressure regulators is included in Appendix 8.

4.2 Peak Hour Demand Runs (Low Pressure/High Velocity Scenario)

The peak hour demand scenario is run to simulate low pressure conditions and high average velocities in the system. The peak hour demand scenario was modeled with a system curve corresponding to the low operating tank level. The peak hour demand occurs one time out of the year. Low system pressure will often occur at high elevations. Desired pressure is a minimum of 45 psi, and low pressure is considered as pressure below 40 psi. Under PHD, only Node J56 at elevation 1136 ft. is just above the minimum pressure and is estimated to be 41 psi, measured at the watermain in the street (i.e. in the City's system). It is estimated that this will equate to about 40 psi at the building pad elevation of the last lot in the cul-de-sac (lot 70). In addition, lots 68 and 69 are expected to have pressure between 40 and 43 psi. All other lots will have pressures of 45 psi or higher.

The peak hour demand scenario is also run to simulate high pipeline velocities, however, there are no pipe velocity concerns for this run. All pipe velocities are below 1 ft/s which is well below the maximum velocity of 5 ft/s. Since there are no high velocities under peak hour demands, there will be no high velocities under maximum day demand (maximum day demand is the criteria for checking velocities).

Pressure and velocity for peak hour demand runs are included in Appendix 3 and Appendix 4, respectively.

4.3 Maximum Day Plus Fire Flow Runs

The maximum day plus fire flow scenario is run to determine if adequate fire flow can be provided. The maximum day plus fire flow scenario was modeled with a system curve corresponding to the low operating tank level. As previously stated, the criteria for fire flow is 1500 gpm at 20 psi residual pressure. The specific locations for the fire hydrants were not available at the time of this analysis, and fire flow analysis was run for all nodes in the model.

Results indicate that all nodes can provide the minimum fire flow. The nodes with the lowest available fire flows are typically at the end of cul-de-sacs at higher elevations. Node J72 is located at the end of the street near lot 10 and has an available fire flow of 1,641 gpm. Node J56 is located at the highest elevation near lot 70 and has an available fire flow of 1,565 gpm. Both nodes meet the minimum required fire flow.

Fire flows of 1,500 gpm in a 6-inch watermain with only one flow direction (e.g. at a cul-de-sac) result in velocities of just over 17 ft/s. Fire flows of 1,500 gpm in a 6-inch watermain where flow is served from two

directions (e.g. at the middle of a block) result in velocities just over 10 ft/s. Since a maximum velocity during fire flow is not published, we checked with the City and verified that 6-inch watermains at cul-de-sacs are acceptable where they can provide the required fire flow.

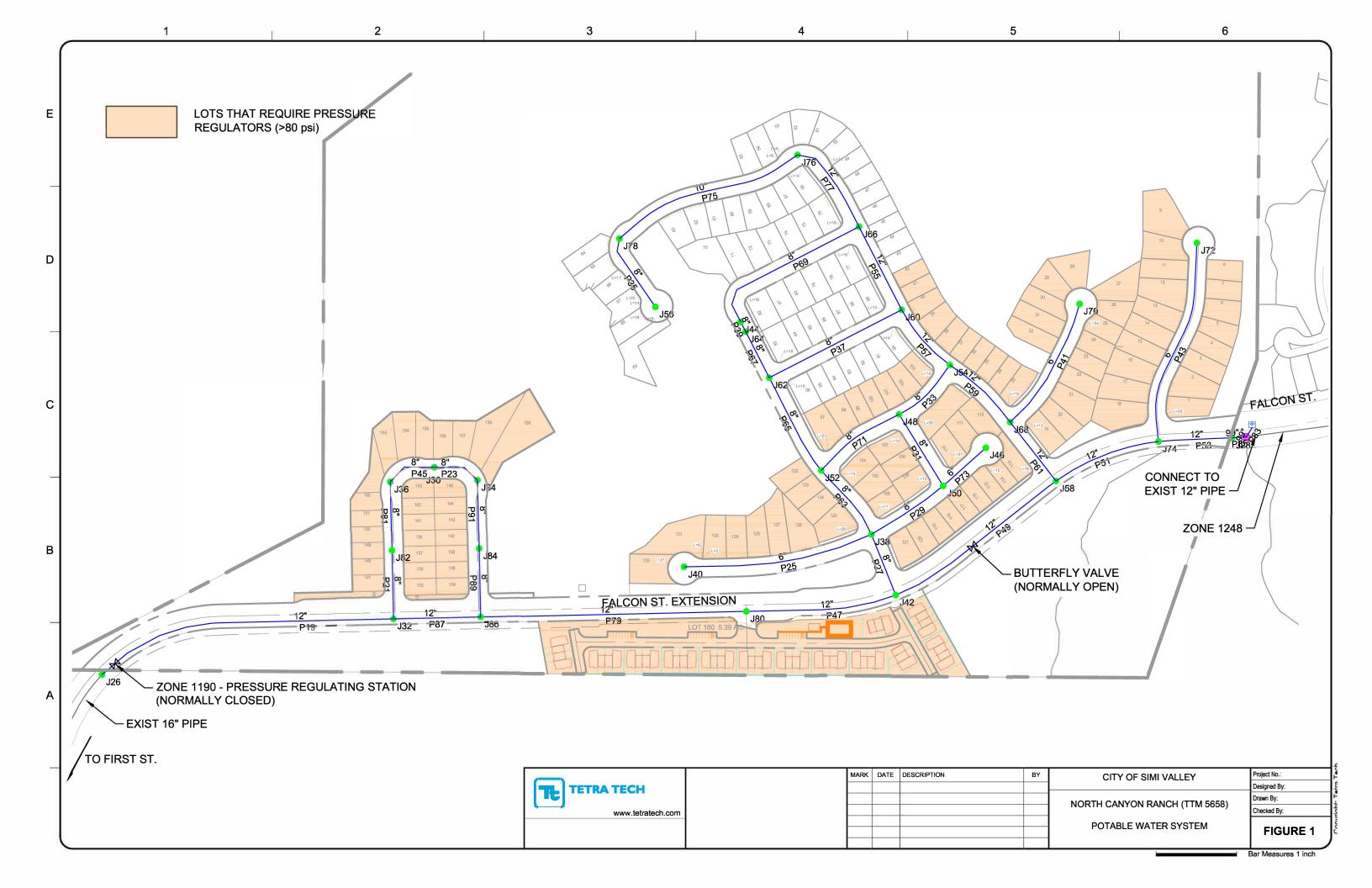
Fire flow results are included in Appendix 5.

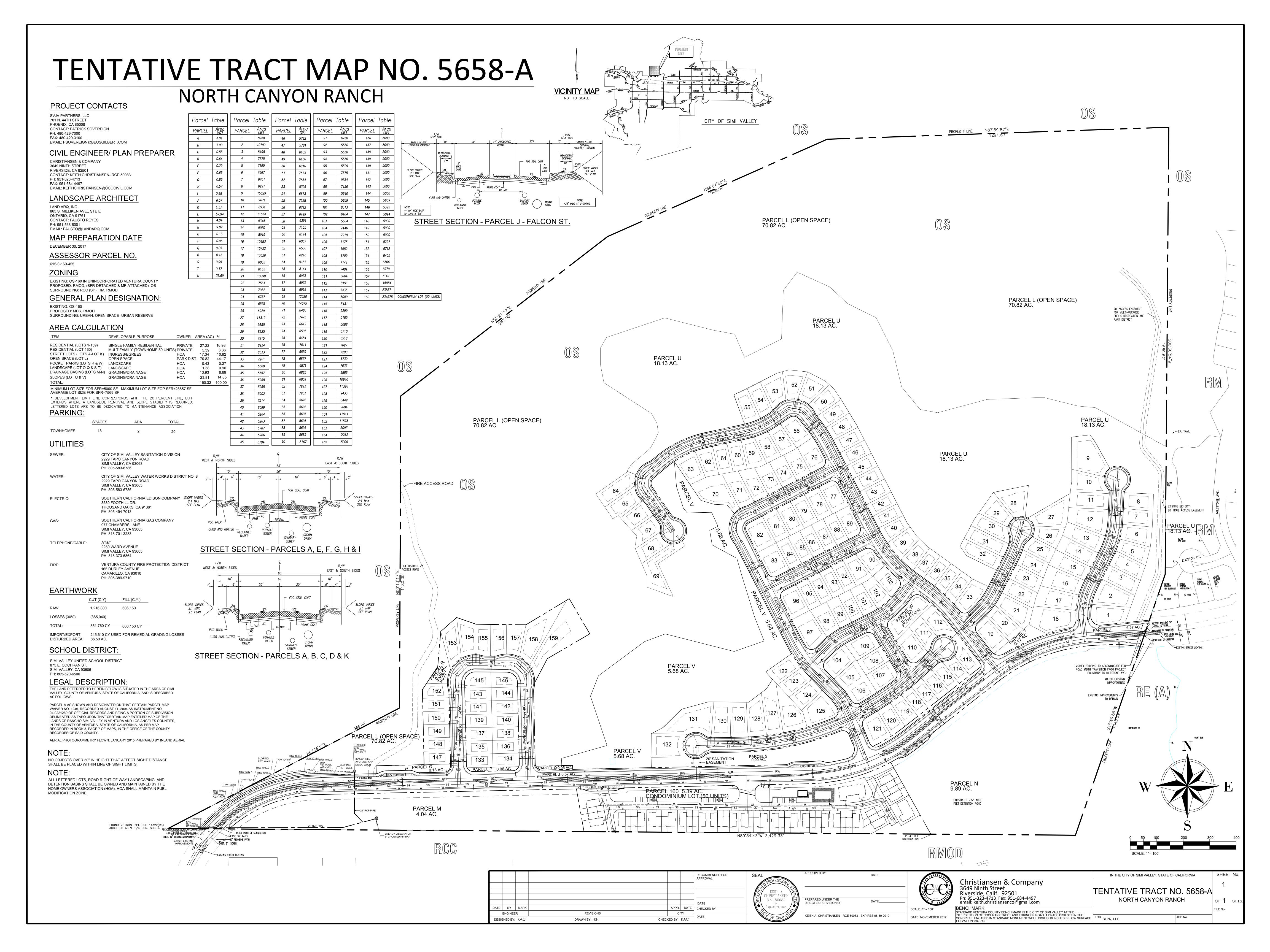
5.0 Conclusion

Because of the range in elevations of the development, the system experiences a wide range of pressures. A majority of the development will require individual pressure regulators since system pressures will be above the 80 psi maximum. Refer to Figure 1 For pipeline sizes and locations of lots requiring individual pressure regulators.

All lots will meet the minimum required pressure of 40 psi as shown in Appendix 8.

All lots will meet the minimum fire flow requirement at 20 psi.





APPENDIX 2

	DEMAND ALLOCATION						
				ADD Demand	De	emand (GPI	M)
ID (Char)	Elevation (ft)	No. of Residential Homes	No. of Condos	(GPD/unit)	ADD	MDD	PHD
J26	967.5	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J28	1,009.00	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J30	1,008.50	4	0	420	1.17	2.51	5.25
J32	994	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J34	1,006.00	5	0	420	1.46	3.14	6.56
J36	1,004.00	6	0	420	1.75	3.76	7.88
J38	1,037.50	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J40	1,029.50	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J42	1,030.40	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J44	1,079.00	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J46	1,032.00	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J48	1,048.30	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J50	1,035.60	8	0	420	2.33	5.02	10.50
J52	1,050.00	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J54	1,041.00	5	0	420	1.46	3.14	6.56
J56	1,136.00	3	0	420	0.88	1.88	3.94
J58	1,029.40	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J60	1,053.90	10	0	420	2.92	6.27	13.13
J62	1,068.90	7	0	420	2.04	4.39	9.19
J64	1,077.00	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J66	1,067.00	12	0	420	3.50	7.53	15.75
J68	1,029.90	6	0	420	1.75	3.76	7.88
J70	1,048.50	10	0	420	2.92	6.27	13.13
J72	1,044.10	18	0	420	5.25	11.29	23.63
J74	1,016.00	0	0		0.00	0.00	0.00
J76	1,081.00	10	0	420	2.92	6.27	13.13
J78	1,121.00	8	0	420	2.33	5.02	10.50
*J80	1,017.80	0	50	259	108.99	119.34	140.47
J82	994.00	8	0	420	2.33	5.02	10.50
J84	1,001.00	4	0	420	1.17	2.51	5.25
J86	998.00	0	0		0	0	0
	,			TOTAL	154.20	216.53	343.91

^{*}includes 100 gpm irrigation demand for multi-family common areas

APPENDIX 3

	PRESSURE						
			Pressure				
ID (Char)	Elevation (ft)	ADD	MDD	PHD			
J26	967.5	121.2	114.74	113.91			
J28	1,009.00	103.25	96.81	96.06			
J30	1,008.50	103.43	96.97	96.14			
J32	994	109.72	103.25	102.43			
J34	1,006.00	104.52	98.05	97.22			
J36	1,004.00	105.38	98.92	98.09			
J38	1,037.50	90.88	84.42	83.6			
J40	1,029.50	94.34	87.89	87.06			
J42	1,030.40	93.95	87.49	86.68			
J44	1,079.00	72.9	66.44	65.62			
J46	1,032.00	93.26	86.8	85.98			
J48	1,048.30	86.2	79.74	78.92			
J50	1,035.60	91.7	85.24	84.42			
J52	1,050.00	85.46	79	78.18			
J54	1,041.00	89.37	82.91	82.09			
J56	1,136.00	48.2	41.74	40.92			
J58	1,029.40	94.39	87.94	87.13			
J60	1,053.90	83.78	77.32	76.5			
J62	1,068.90	77.28	70.82	70			
J64	1,077.00	73.77	67.31	66.49			
J66	1,067.00	78.1	71.64	70.82			
J68	1,029.90	94.18	87.72	86.91			
J70	1,048.50	86.12	79.66	78.84			
J72	1,044.10	88.03	81.59	80.79			
J74	1,016.00	100.21	93.77	92.99			
J76	1,081.00	72.03	65.57	64.75			
J78	1,121.00	54.7	48.24	47.42			
J80	1,017.80	99.4	92.94	92.11			
J82	994.00	107.98	101.52	100.69			
J84	1,001.00	106.68	100.22	99.39			
J86	998.00	107.98	101.52	100.69			

APPENDIX 4

	VELOCITY						
ID	Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Flow (gpm)	Velocity (ft/s)			
P19	12	945.85	0	0			
P21	8	212.34	18.36	0.12			
P23	8	148.94	5.27	0.03			
P25	6	593.99	9.19	0.1			
P27	8	201.83	10.99	0.07			
P29	8	268.56	2.82	0.02			
P31	8	259.83	22.51	0.14			
P33	8	222.2	44.73	0.29			
P35	8	248.63	3.94	0.03			
P37	8	460.56	20.13	0.13			
P39	8	33.85	2.58	0.02			
P41	6	430.04	13.13	0.15			
P43	6	638.58	24.94	0.28			
P45	8	156.22	0	0			
P47	12	468.21	175.91	0.5			
P49	12	610.57	164.92	0.47			
P51	12	343.4	325.57	0.92			
P53	12	228.07	350.51	0.99			
P55	12	288.76	55.09	0.16			
P57	12	228.48	88.35	0.25			
P59	12	258.83	139.64	0.4			
P61	12	230.85	160.65	0.46			
P63	8	253.34	17.36	0.11			
P65	8	329.54	13.52	0.09			
P67	8	159.96	2.58	0.02			
P69	8	534.37	11.77	0.08			
P71	8	300.24	13.03	0.08			
P73	6	177.21	9.19	0.1			
P75	10	619.01	14.44	0.06			
P77	12	308.25	27.57	0.08			
P79	12	823.28	35.44	0.1			
P81	8	212.34	7.86	0.05			
P87	12	269.98	18.36	0.05			
P89	8	212	17.08	0.11			
P91	8	212	11.83	0.08			

APPENDIX 5

	FIRE FLOW							
ID	Fire-Flow Demand (gpm)	Available Flow at Hydrant (gpm)	Available Flow Pressure (psi)	Check				
J26	1,500.00	4,570.40	20	GOOD				
J28	1,500.00	7,595.85	20	GOOD				
J30	1,500.00	4,041.37	20	GOOD				
J32	1,500.00	4,771.40	20	GOOD				
J34	1,500.00	4,108.08	20	GOOD				
J36	1,500.00	4,120.57	20	GOOD				
J38	1,500.00	5,119.02	20	GOOD				
J40	1,500.00	1,749.98	20	GOOD				
J42	1,500.00	5,463.97	20	GOOD				
J44	1,500.00	3,781.92	20	GOOD				
J46	1,500.00	2,806.32	20	GOOD				
J48	1,500.00	4,861.09	20	GOOD				
J50	1,500.00	4,777.07	20	GOOD				
J52	1,500.00	4,778.17	20	GOOD				
J54	1,500.00	5,325.07	20	GOOD				
J56	1,500.00	1,571.66	20	GOOD				
J58	1,500.00	5,918.44	20	GOOD				
J60	1,500.00	4,919.10	20	GOOD				
J62	1,500.00	4,240.12	20	GOOD				
J64	1,500.00	3,841.56	20	GOOD				
J66	1,500.00	4,429.76	20	GOOD				
J68	1,500.00	5,691.26	20	GOOD				
J70	1,500.00	1,904.18	20	GOOD				
J72	1,500.00	1,641.10	20	GOOD				
J74	1,500.00	6,827.31	20	GOOD				
J76	1,500.00	3,886.71	20	GOOD				
J78	1,500.00	2,239.65	20	GOOD				
J80	1,500.00	5,321.50	20	GOOD				
J82	1,500.00	4,335.11	20	GOOD				
J84	1,500.00	4,334.88	20	GOOD				
J86	1,500.00	4,856.18	20	GOOD				



Full Flow - TAYK Level 18 FT

VENTURA COUNTY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION

165 Durley Avenue, Camarillo, CA 93010 Phone: (805) 389-9738 Web: www.fire.countyofventura.org

REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION - APPLICATION

Notice: Approval of this application expires 6 months from date of issuance, unless a building permit for this project has been applied for, in which case this approval expires at the date of building permit expiration.

	Section I
Project Address Falcon St. Near Erringer Rd. Simi Valle	ey 93065
NUMBER - NUMBER	STREET CITY ZIP CODE
	Tent 5658-A Lot No Planning No
BUILDING DESCRIPTION: Sq. Ft. Proposed N/A	Existing No. of Stories
Use of Building SFR & MFR	Construction Type VB
Existing structure has automatic fire sprinklers inst	alled.
☐ Manufactured Home - (see instructions for importa	ant note)
Applicant Name Keith Christiansen	Owner Name SVJV Partners, LLC
Address 3649 Nonth St.	Address 701 N. 44th St.
STREET	STREET
Riverside 92501	Phoenix AZ 85008 CITY ZIP CODE
Phone 951-323-4713	Phone 480-429-3000
Email keith@ccocivil.com	Email PSOVEREIGN@BEUSGILBERT.COM
Contractor/Professional License #	
When complete:	or Mail to: 🔳 Applicant 🔲 Owner
Time. Semplete. Gail for Flore up Hallibor.	or man to: owner
I certify that water and access for Fire Protection will be pro	vided as specified in the Fire District's requirements.
SIGNATURE OF OWNER/APPLICANT	,
OIOIWITOILE OF OWNERWAFFLIOANT	
Se	ection II
Fire flow shall not be less than GF	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire Prevention (Initials)
(WATER SUPPLY TO BE FIL	LED OUT BY WATER PURVEYOR)
Static Head at Fire Hydrant 96 System is	
Size and Location of Main	Distance from Parcel
Nearest Fire Hydrant Location West End OF	
Type wer have Size (c"	No. of outlets 1 2½"
Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant	No. of obtlets 2/2
	. Test during peak demand period. Note 1248 reservoir water level.
VCWWD8	Bran C 3-8-21
WATER PURVEYOR	SIGNATURE DATE
Private on-site water system proposed. Separate	
	stem in their service area (Purveyor signature required above)
The state of the s	
FOR C	DFFICIAL USE ONLY
Fire District Record #: FNC =	
STATIC 951 - 98	Residual - 08
	U - L A 163 CIC
	KETIDUAL - 60
2000	KETIOURIL - 60

VCFPD - 126-A (Rev. 11/13)



PARTIAL FLOW - TANK LOVER 18FT

VENTURA COUNTY FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT **BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION**

165 Durley Avenue, Camarillo, CA 93010 Phone: (805) 389-9738 Web: www.fire.countyofventura.org

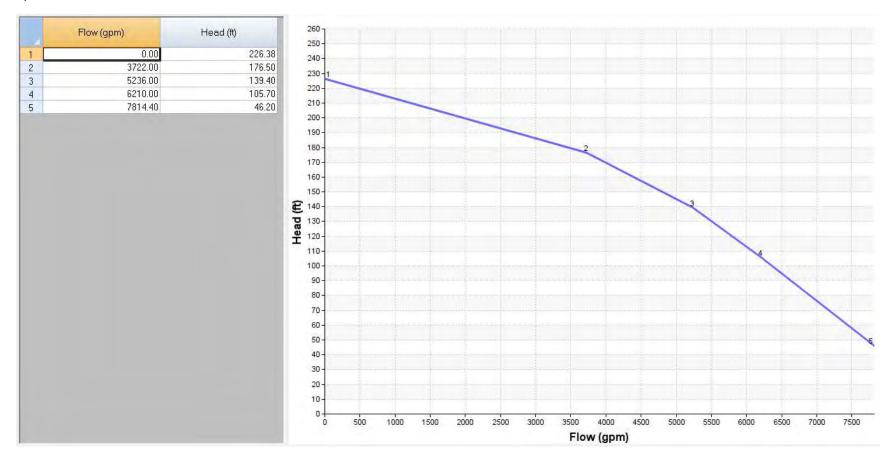
REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION – APPLICATION

Notice: Approval of this application expires 6 months from date of issuance, unless a building permit for this project has been applied for, in which case this approval expires at the date of building permit expiration.

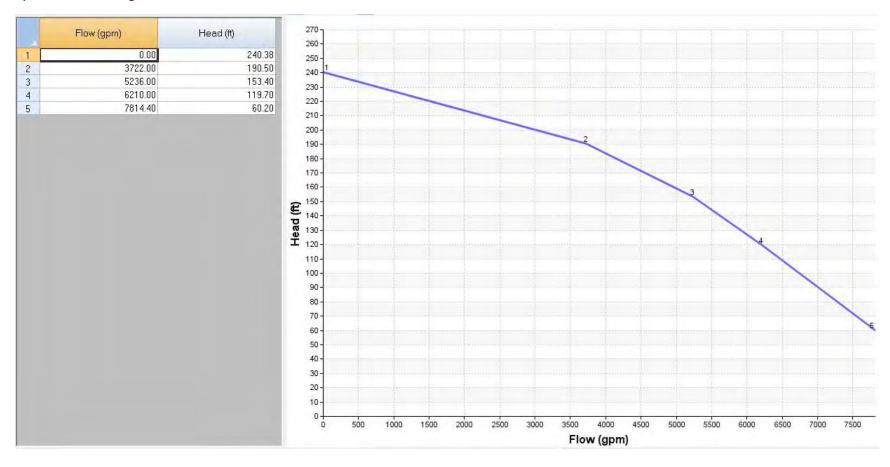
Project Address Falcon St. Near Erringer Rd. Simi Vall		
APN 615-160-455 - Tract No.	STREET	CITY ZIP CODE
	Tent 5858-A Lot No.	
BUILDING DESCRIPTION: Sq. Ft. Proposed N/A		No. of Stories
Use of Building SFR & MFR	Construction Type	VB
Existing structure has automatic fire sprinklers ins		
☐ Manufactured Home - (see instructions for import	·	
Applicant Name Keith Christiansen	Owner NameSV	
Address 3649 Nonth St.	Address 701 N. 44th	
STREET Riverside 92501	Phoenix AZ 85008	STREET
CITY ZIP CODE Phone 951-323-4713	Phone 480-429-30	
	3	///
Email keith@ccocivil.com	Email PSOVEREIG	SN@BEUSGILBERT.COM
Contractor/Professional License #	-	
When complete: Call for Pick up number:	or Ma	ail to: 🔳 Applicant 🗌 Owner
I certify that water and access for Fire Protection will be pro	ovided as specified in the Ei	m District's requirements
	ovide as specified in the Fi	re District's requirements
SIGNATURE OF OWNER/APPLICANT		
The state of the s		
	ection	Provention (Initials)
Fire flow shall not be less than G	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire	Prevention (Initials)
Fire flow shall not be less than G (WATER SUPPLY TO BE FIL	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire	PURVEYOR)
Fire flow shall not be less than G (WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LLED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI
Fire flow shall not be less than (WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LLED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation G WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE System is System is	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER F Designed for Normal Flo Distan FALCE Distan	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size Size Size	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LLED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan FALCA Distan No. of outlets	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 4" (2½")
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan Distan No. of outlets Test during peak demand	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 1 4" (21/2") period. Note 1248 reservoir water level.
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan FALCA Distan No. of outlets	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 4" (2½")
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCWWD8 WATER PURVEYOR	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER I Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets SIGNATURE	PURVEYOR) w of 3652.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 4" 1 (2½) period. Note 1248 reservoir water level.
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantrabotation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCWWD8 WATER PURVEYOR Private on-site water system proposed. Separate	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets SIGNATURE Plan submittal required.	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 1 4" (2½") period. Note 1248 reservoir water level. OATE
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCWWD8 WATER PURVEYOR	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets SIGNATURE Plan submittal required.	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel ce from Parcel 1 4" (2½") period. Note 1248 reservoir water level. OATE
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCVWVD8 WATER PURVEYOR Private on-site water system proposed. Separate Water Purveyor approves use of private water system	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets S. Test during peak demand SIGNATURE Plan submittal required. Stem in their service area	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel d "
WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCVWVD8 WATER PURVEYOR Private on-site water system proposed. Separate Water Purveyor approves use of private water system	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets SIGNATURE Plan submittal required.	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel d "
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WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCVWVD8 WATER PURVEYOR Private on-site water system proposed. Separate Water Purveyor approves use of private water system	PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets SIGNATURE SIGNATURE STEM IN THEIR SERVICE AREA OFFICIAL USE ONLY	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel d "
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WATER SUPPLY TO BE FILE Static Head at Fire Hydrant System is Size and Location of Main Nearest Fire Hydrantraptation Type Size Size of Reservoir Serving Fire Hydrant Other Request static, full flow, and partial flow data points VCWWD8 WATER PURVEYOR Private on-site water system proposed. Separate Water Purveyor approves use of private water system FOR (PM @ 20 P.S.I. Fire LED OUT BY WATER IS Designed for Normal Flo Distan No. of outlets S. Test during peak demand Plan submittal required. Stem in their service area	PURVEYOR) w of 3052.5 GPM @ 20 PSI ce from Parcel d "

VCFPD - 126-A (Rev. 11/13)

System Curve @ Low Tank Level, 18 ft.:



System Curve @ High Tank Level, 32 ft.:



APPENDIX 8

			Lot Pressures		
			Low Pressure	High Static Pressure	High Pressure
		Low Pressure, PHD	Mitigation	, ADD	Mitigation
Lot#	Pad Elev.	(psi)	Required?	(psi)	Required?
1	1018.9	91.70	No	98.94	Yes
2	1025	89.06	No	96.30	Yes
3	1028.4	87.59	No	94.83	Yes
4	1031.7	86.16	No	93.40	Yes
5	1034.1	85.12	No	92.36	Yes
6	1037	83.86	No	91.10	Yes
7	1040.4	82.39	No	89.63	Yes
8	1043.5	81.05	No	88.29	Yes
9	1045.9	80.01	No	87.25	Yes
10	1045.2	80.31	No	87.55	Yes
11	1043.4	81.09	No	88.33	Yes
12	1039.9	82.61	No	89.85	Yes
13	1033.9	85.21	No	92.45	Yes
14	1029.8	86.98	No	94.22	Yes
15	1026.4	88.45	No	95.69	Yes
16	1023.4	89.75	No	96.99	Yes
17	1020.2	91.14	No	98.38	Yes
18	1017.2	92.44	No	99.68	Yes
19	1036.1	84.23	No	91.50	Yes
20	1038.2	83.32	No	90.59	Yes
21	1040.4	82.36	No	89.63	Yes
22	1043.1	81.20	No	88.47	Yes
23	1045.8	80.01	No	87.29	Yes
24	1048.3	78.93	No	86.21	Yes
25	1049.5	78.41	No	85.69	Yes
26	1049.9	78.23	No	85.51	Yes
27	1050.4	78.02	No	85.30	Yes
28	1050.4	78.02	No	85.30	Yes
29	1050	78.19	No	85.47	Yes
30	1049.5	78.41	No	85.69	Yes
31	1048.5	78.84	No	86.12	Yes
32	1045.9	79.97	No	87.25	Yes
33	1036.5	84.05	No	91.32	Yes
34	1038.5	83.19	No	90.46	Yes
35	1040.9	82.13	No	89.41	Yes
36	1043.1	81.18	No	88.46	Yes
37	1045.5	80.14	No	87.42	Yes
38	1048.5	78.84	No	86.12	Yes
39	1052.5	77.11	No	84.39	Yes
40	1055.7	75.72	No	83.00	Yes

41	1058	74.73	No	82.01	Yes
42	1060.5	73.64	No	80.92	Yes
43	1063	72.55	No	79.83	No
44	1065.6	71.43	No	78.71	No
45	1068.2	70.30	No	77.58	No
46	1070.7	69.22	No	76.50	No
47	1073.1	68.18	No	75.46	No
48	1075.5	67.14	No	74.42	No
49	1077.8	66.14	No	73.42	No
50	1080	65.18	No	72.46	No
51	1081.5	64.53	No	71.81	No
52	1083	63.88	No	71.16	No
53	1085.3	62.89	No	70.17	No
54	1088.3	61.59	No	68.87	No
55	1092.3	59.86	No	67.14	No
56	1085.4	62.85	No	70.13	No
57	1088	61.72	No	69.00	No
58	1090.9	60.46	No	67.74	No
59	1094	59.11	No	66.39	No
60	1097.5	57.59	No	64.87	No
61	1101.3	55.95	No	63.23	No
62	1106.2	53.83	No	61.11	No
63	1112.3	51.19	No	58.47	No
64	1123.4	46.38	No	53.66	No
65	1126.8	44.91	No	52.19	No
66	1131.4	42.92	No	50.20	No
67	1135	41.35	No	48.63	No
68	1136.6	40.66	No	47.94	No
69	1137.7	40.18	No	47.46	No
70	1082.3	64.19	No	71.47	No
71	1081.4	64.58	No	71.86	No
72	1080.4	65.01	No	72.29	No
73	1077.2	66.40	No	73.68	No
74	1074	67.79	No	75.07	No
75	1070.8	69.17	No	76.45	No
76	1067.7	70.52	No	77.80	No
77	1067.6	70.56	No	77.84	No
78	1070.7	69.22	No	76.50	No
79	1073.8	67.88	No	75.16	No
80	1076.9	66.53	No	73.81	No
81	1080.1	65.14	No	72.42	No
82	1081.3	64.62	No	71.90	No
83	1068.5	70.17	No	77.45	No
84	1068.7	70.09	No	77.37	No
85	1068.7	70.09	No	77.37	No
86	1068.3	70.26	No	77.54	No
87	1067.8	70.47	No	77.75	No

88	1067.4	70.65	No	77.93	No
89	1066.9	70.86	No	78.14	No
90	1066.9	70.87	No	78.15	No
91	1067.4	70.66	No	77.94	No
92	1067.9	70.44	No	77.72	No
93	1068.4	70.22	No	77.50	No
94	1068.7	70.09	No	77.37	No
95	1068.7	70.09	No	77.37	No
96	1068.4	70.22	No	77.50	No
97	1052.5	77.10	No	84.38	Yes
98	1052.8	76.97	No	84.25	Yes
99	1052.6	77.06	No	84.34	Yes
100	1051.9	77.36	No	84.64	Yes
101	1050.8	77.84	No	85.12	Yes
102	1048.8	78.70	No	85.98	Yes
103	1046.5	79.70	No	86.98	Yes
104	1050.5	77.96	No	85.24	Yes
105	1047.8	79.13	No	86.41	Yes
106	1044.8	80.43	No	87.71	Yes
107	1049.7	78.32	No	85.60	Yes
108	1048.1	79.01	No	86.29	Yes
109	1043.4	81.04	No	88.32	Yes
110	1036.5	84.03	No	91.31	Yes
111	1035.5	84.46	No	91.74	Yes
112	1034.5	84.90	No	92.18	Yes
113	1034.5	84.90	No	92.18	Yes
114	1035.3	84.55	No	91.83	Yes
115	1036	84.25	No	91.53	Yes
116	1036.8	83.90	No	91.18	Yes
117	1037.5	83.60	No	90.88	Yes
118	1038.2	83.29	No	90.57	Yes
119	1039	82.95	No	90.23	Yes
120	1039.7	82.65	No	89.93	Yes
121	1039.7	82.65	No	89.93	Yes
122	1055.9	75.63	No	82.91	Yes
123	1053.3	76.75	No	84.03	Yes
124	1050.6	77.92	No	85.20	Yes
125	1047.6	79.22	No	86.50	Yes
126	1040.7	82.21	No	89.49	Yes
127	1038.9	82.99	No	90.27	Yes
128	1036.8	83.90	No	91.18	Yes
129	1034.3	84.98	No	92.26	Yes
130	1032	85.98	No	93.26	Yes
131	1031.4	86.24	No	93.52	Yes
132	1031.8	86.06	No	93.34	Yes
133	996.4	99.65	No	106.94	Yes
134	1000.8	99.48	No	106.77	Yes

135	998	98.96	No	106.25	Yes
136	1001.8	99.04	No	106.33	Yes
137	999.5	98.31	No	105.60	Yes
138	1002.9	98.57	No	105.86	Yes
139	1001.5	97.44	No	104.73	Yes
140	1004	98.09	No	105.38	Yes
141	1002.8	98.61	No	105.90	Yes
142	1005	97.65	No	104.95	Yes
143	1004	98.09	No	105.38	Yes
144	1006	97.22	No	104.52	Yes
145	1006	97.22	No	104.51	Yes
146	1007.5	96.57	No	103.86	Yes
147	996.8	99.48	No	106.77	Yes
148	998.4	98.79	No	106.08	Yes
149	1000	98.09	No	105.38	Yes
150	1001.6	97.40	No	104.69	Yes
151	1003.2	98.44	No	105.73	Yes
152	1005	97.66	No	104.95	Yes
153	1007.6	96.53	No	103.82	Yes
154	1009	95.93	No	103.22	Yes
155	1010	95.49	No	102.78	Yes
156	1010	95.49	No	102.78	Yes
157	1009.3	95.79	No	103.09	Yes
158	1013	94.19	No	101.49	Yes
159	1015	93.32	No	100.62	Yes
160	1000	99.82	No	107.11	Yes

Sewer Availability Letter



County Waterworks District No. 8 City of Simi Valley

2929 Tapo Canyon Road, Simi Valley, California 93063 (805) 583-6700

WATER AVAILABILITY LETTER

Date: 04/01/2024

SVJV Partners, LLC PO Box 701 North 44th Street Phoenix, AZ 85008

SUBJECT: CONSTRUCTION OF 160-SFR AND 50-MFR

0 east of Falcon St. Simi Valley, CA 93063 APN: 6150500075

To: SVJV Partners, LLC,

With regard to the availability of water service for the proposed development, the following relates to the availability of the public water system:

- 1. <u>Project Location:</u> The subject property is located within Zone <u>1248 AND 1190</u> of Waterworks District No. 8 (District) service area and is therefore eligible for public water service.
- 2. <u>Availability of Water Service:</u> Based on the information provided in your Application, the District has determined the following for the subject property and it's proposed use:
 - Average water demand is 154 gallons per minute (gpm)
 - Peak water demand is 344 gpm
 - Water service pressure is 45 pounds per square inch (psi)
 - Fire flow requirement is 1,500 gpm with a residual pressure of 20 psi at the fire hydrant(s) for the property
- 3. Water Delivery: Potable water is available for the proposed project. Additional on-site and off-site water improvements will need to be installed to provide potable water to the site. It is the Applicant's responsibility to provide the infrastructure from the District's point of connection to the proposed development. The Applicant shall construct all water facilities in compliance with the Water Design and Construction Standards adopted by the District Board of Directors on July 26, 2021, and subsequent revisions.

Next step for Applicant: Obtain a "Water Will-Serve Letter" from the District and all applicable water service connection fees are to be paid prior to issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.

If you have any questions, please contact the undersigned at (805) 583-6767.

Sincerely,

Michelle Elorde, P.E.

Principal Engineer, Waterworks District No. 8

Whale.

North Canyon Ranch (TTM 5658-A) Preliminary Sewer Study

Prepared for:

The City of Simi Valley Department of Public Works

SLPR, LLC.

710 North 44th Street Phoenix, Arizona 85008

Prepared by:



Christiansen & Company 3649 Ninth Street Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 323-4713 Office (951) 684-4497 Fax



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Section 1 - Introduction and Background

1.1 Existing Site Conditions

The proposed North Canyon Ranch (TTM 5658A) development is located in Simi Valley and is bound by the Simi Valley Town Center to the south and the Big Sky Ranch residential development to the east. The development will consist of single family housing and multi-family housing. Currently the site is undeveloped mountain/hillside that generally slopes from north to south.

1.2 Proposed Project

The North Canyon Ranch (TTM 5658A) development project site consists of approximately 160 acres, 75.5 of which is planned to be developed. The proposed development will consist of single family housing and multi-family housing.

1.3 Scope of Work

This report provides an evaluation of the proposed sanitary sewer system for the North Canyon Ranch (TTM 5658) development, and addresses average and peak loading for the proposed conditions as well as determines the effectiveness of the proposed system and impact to the existing sewer system.

1.4 Previous Studies

The sanitary sewer system downstream of the proposed project was evaluated in the Sanitary Sewer Master Plan for Simi Valley TownCenter at N. Side of I-118 Between First Street and Erringer Road by Paller-Roberts Engineering, Inc. (November 2003). Based on this report, the sanitary sewer system downstream of the Town Center accounted for sewer flow of 0.07 cfs (0.21 cfs peak). The report discusses the limitation of the existing sewer in First Street just north of the 118 Freeway. The existing 8-inch line flowing at a slope of 1.1% was determined to have a capacity of 0.63 cfs. Under the Town Center build out phase, the generated flow from the Town Center, the Unocal property (now known as TTM5658), and the existing flow would generate approximately 0.78 cfs and would exceed the capacity of the existing pipe. The recommendation was to add a second sewer line around the critical pipe. Section 2.4 further discusses the downstream impact.



Section 2 - Approach and Methodology

2.1 Standards and Guidelines

The proposed sanitary sewer system has been analyzed according to the City of Simi Valley Public Works Departments *Manual & Standard Plans* for the Design and Construction of Sanitary Sewerage Facilities dated August 28, 2006.

2.2 Assumptions

The analysis presented in this report assumes an un-pressurized, steady state system with uniform flow and normal depth. A Manning's roughness coefficient of 0.011 was also assumed for the analysis even though the proposed sewer mains will be HDPE/PVC and would correspond to a lower coefficient. For older pipes south of Simi Valley Town Center Way, a roughness coefficient of 0.013 was used. The proposed sanitary sewer system will consist of gravity mains and manholes. Due to the location of the project and the sloped terrain, pumps, wet wells and force mains are unnecessary.

2.3 Methodology and Approach

The average dry weather flow rates within the proposed system were determined according to the designated land use (Table 2.1) and number of equivalent dwelling units (Table 2.2) as outlined in the *Manual & Standard Plans for the Design and Construction of Sanitary Sewerage Facilities.* Calculations were prepared to account for the sewer flow going to First Street and for sewer flow going to Erringer Road. This study was also expanded to include the downstream conditions all the way to the main sewer trunk in Easy Street.



Sewer Flow to Erringer Road

The generated sewer flow from the proposed easterly single family units will be conveyed to the Erringer Road sewer system. The average dry weather flow rate calculated using designated land use is 0.053 cfs, while the average flow rate calculated using equivalent dwelling units is 0.062 cfs. Since the flow rate based on designated land use is the greatest, it is accepted as the average dry weather flow rate for the project and was used for pipe sizing and analysis. Table 1-1 contains a summary of the results for each method.

With the average dry weather flow rate established, the dry weather peak flow rate was determined using Standard Drawing SV-40-310. According to said standard, an average dry weather flow rate of **0.059** cfs corresponds to a peak dry weather flow rate of **0.16** cfs (using a peaking factor of 3.0). Appendix A includes a copy of Standard SV 40-310.

	TAI	BLE 1-1: DRY W		OW I	RATE	
Method 1	<u>.</u>	,	,			
		Coefficient				
Land Use		(Table 2.1)	Quantity		GPD	Flow (cfs)
Residenti	al	100 gpcd	340 people	1	34000	0.053 cfs
					Peak Flow	0.159 cfs
Method 2	1					
Land Use		EDU's (table 2-2)	Quantity		GPD	Flow (cfs)
Residenti	al	1	104		28600	0.044 cfs
Note:	1-(20 people/ad	re)(17.39 acres)=340 pe	eople (using res. I	Lot area))	
	3- 1 EDU=275 gp	,, ,	, , ,	,		



Sewer Flow to First Street

The generated sewer flow from the proposed westerly 28 lots and the proposed apartments will be conveyed to the First Street sewer system. The overall average dry weather flow rate calculated using designated land use was 0.068 cfs, while the overall average flow rate calculated using equivalent dwelling units was 0.040 cfs. Since the flow rate based on designated land use was the greatest, it is assumed to be the average dry weather flow rate for this portion of the project. Table 1-2 contains a summary of the results for each method. Using Standard Drawing SV-40-310, an average dry weather flow rate of **0.068** cfs corresponds to a peak dry weather prorated flow rate of approximately **0.224** cfs (using a 3.3 peaking factor).

TA	BLE 1-2: DRY V	VEATHER F	LOW	RATE	
	(TRIBUTARY TO F	IRST STREET)			
Method 1					
	Coefficient				
Land Use	(Table 2.1)	Quantity	Note	GPD	Flow (cfs)
Residential Multi Family	100 gpcd	100 people	1	10000	0.015 cfs
Residential	100 gpcd	187 people	2	18700	0.053 cfs
				Total	0.068 cfs
				Peak Flow	0.224 cfs
Method 2					
Land Use	EDU's (table 2-2)	Quantity		GPD (3)	Flow (cfs)
Multi Family Residential	0.75	50 units		10312	0.016 cfs
Residential	1	56 sf homes		15400	0.024 cfs
				Total	0.040 cfs
Note: 1-(20 people/a	cre)(5 acres)=100 peop	le			
2-(20 people/a	cre)(9.33 acres)=187 pe	ople			
3- 1 EDU=275 gg	od				



Sewer Flow to Easy Street

The sewer flow from First Street is conveyed to the sewer trunk in Easy Street. The existing lines travel west in Cochran Street then travel southerly across easements until it reaches the trunk in Easy Street. The overall average dry weather flow rate calculated using the designated land use was 0.153 cfs, while the overall average flow rate calculated using equivalent dwelling units was 0.073 cfs. Since the flow rate based on designated land use was the greatest, it is assumed to be the average dry weather flow rate for this portion of the project. Table 1-3 contains a summary of the results for each method. The combined flows from First Street including TTM5658A, the Simi Valley Town Center and the existing flow plus the expected sewer from undeveloped areas along with combine for a total of **0.38** cfs.

The previous report mentioned that 0.07 cfs was measured in a manhole located south of Chambers Lane. This implies that the sewer flow from all the development areas in 2004 was already measured in the 0.07cfs. This report includes the expected sewer from all the undeveloped areas in 2004 as well as present and future conditions.

Map 2 shows the mentioned areas. Table 1-3 shows the mentioned flows along with individual flows specific to Pipes 125 through 128. Using Standard Drawing SV-40-310, an average dry weather flow rate of **0.377** cfs corresponds to a total peak dry weather flow rate of **1.11** cfs (using a peaking factor of 2.95).

TABLE 1	TABLE 1-3: DRY WEATHER FLOW RATE				Cummulative Totals		
Method 1	TRIBUTARY TO EASY ST	REET FROM FIRST STE	REET)		Easy St.	First St 2	Peak Receiving Pipe
	Coefficient					& Easy St	(cfs)
Land Use	(Table 2.1)	Quantity		Flow (cfs)		Totals	
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.006 cfs/acre	6.3 acres		0.038	0.038	0.262	0.79 To Pipe 22
Gen. Commercial	0.006 cfs/acre	0.9 acres		0.005	0.043	0.267	0.80
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.006 cfs/acre	3.5 acres		0.021	0.064	0.288	0.84 To Pipe 125
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.006 cfs/acre	4.8 acres		0.029	0.093	0.317	0.92 To Pipe 126
Light Industrial	0.008 cfs/acre	3.6 acres		0.029	0.122	0.346	1.04 To Pipe 127
Light Industrial	0.008 cfs/acre	3.9 acres		0.031	0.153	0.377	1.11 To Pipe 128
			Total	0.153	0.153	0.377	1.11 To P129 &130
Method 2							
Land Use	EDU's (Table 2-2)	Quantity ⁴	GPD 3&5	Flow (cfs)			Totals
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.33 & 0.22 /1,000 SF	137,214 SF	10,996	0.017	0.017	0.24	0.73 To Pipe 22
Gen. Commercial	0.33 & 0.22 /1,000 SF	19,602 SF	3,881	0.006	0.023	0.25	0.74
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.33 & 0.22 /1,000 SF	76,230 SF	7,307	0.011	0.034	0.26	0.76 To Pipe 125
Office / Gen. Commercial	0.33 & 0.22 /1,000 SF	104,544 SF	9,020	0.014	0.048	0.27	0.80 To Pipe 126
Light Industrial	0.36/1,000 SF	78,408 SF	7,762	0.012	0.06	0.28	0.84 To Pipe 127
Light Industrial	0.36 / 1,000 SF	84, 942 SF	8,409	0.013	0.073	0.30	0.88 To Pipe 128
2- Includes 0.224 fro	m TTM5658A, Ex flow,	+ Town Cntr	Total	0.073	0.073	0.30	0.80 To P129 &130
Note: 3- 1 EDU=275 gpd							
4- Area (SF) is assun	ned to be 50% of the si	te					
5- 0.33 EDU per first	10,000 SF, then 0.22 pe	er additional 1,000 SF	:				



Pipes

Pipe capacities were determined using Manning's equation for uniform flow at normal depth. As mentioned previously, the recommended roughness coefficient of 0.011 was used for the analysis, except for pipes south of Town Center Way where a coefficient of 0.013 was used. All pipes less than 12 inches in diameter were assumed to be "at capacity at 50% of the pipe depth (half full). Tables 2-1 and 2-2 summarize the pipe capacities according to pipe diameter and slope. Pipes 12-inch or greater pipes are deemed at capacity when measured two-thirds full using the peak flow rate.

Finally, the pipe capacities were compared to the dry weather peak flow rate to ensure that the proposed system was sufficient to convey the peak flow rate. Section 2-4 below discussed the findings.



TABLE 2-1: PIPE CAPACITIES

Pipe No.	Slope (ft/ft)	Pipe Size (in)	Manning's n	Max. Flow ¹ (cfs)	Velocity (fps)
SS-1	0.07	8	0.011	1.89	10.83
SS-2	0.06	8	0.011	1.75	10.03
SS-3	0.05	8	0.011	1.60	9.17
SS-4	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-5	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-6	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-7	0.02	8	0.011	1.01	5.79
SS-8	0.07	8	0.011	1.89	10.83
SS-9	0.01	8	0.011	0.71	4.07
SS-10	0.04	8	0.011	1.01	5.79
SS-11	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-12	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-13	0.05	8	0.011	1.60	9.17
SS-14	0.006	8	0.011	0.55	3.15
SS-15	0.11	8	0.011	2.37	13.58
SS-16	0.007	8	0.011	0.60	3.44
SS-17	0.04	8	0.011	1.43	8.19
SS-18	0.006	8	0.011	0.55	3.15
SS-19	0.02	8	0.011	1.01	5.79
SS-20	0.02	8	0.011	1.01	5.79
SS-21	0.03	8	0.011	1.24	7.10
SS-22	0.06	8 Offsite in	0.011 First Street	1.75	10.03
19	0.06	8	0.011	1.75	10.03
20	0.0518	8	0.011	1.63	9.34
21	0.0465	8	0.013	1.31	7.51
22 ³	0.0101	8	0.013	0.61	3.50
22	0.01	10	0.013	1.3	4.77
23	0.0421	8	0.013	1.24	7.10
24	0.05	8	0.013	1.35	7.73
		y to Easy S	treet (west		
125	0.0252	8	0.013	0.96	5.50
126	0.006	10	0.013	0.85	3.12
126 ³	0.006	10	0.011	1.01	3.70
127	0.0081	10	0.013	1	3.67
127 ³	0.0081	10	0.011	1.17	4.29
128	0.013	10	0.013	1.25	4.58
129	0.0278	8	0.013	1.01	5.79
129 ³	0.0278	10	0.011	2.16	7.92
130	0.0195	10	0.013	1.53	5.61
		Offsite In	Falcon Stree	et	
28	0.006	8	0.011	0.55	3.15
29	0.006	8	0.011	0.55	3.15

Notes

1- Maximum flows calculated at 1/2 full

2- Using Mannings n = per table

3- 10-inch PVC/HDPE replacement

4- Pipes 22, 126, 127 & 129 are critical segments



TABLE 2-2: PIPE CAPACITIES

		12	Velocity (fps)	
Pipe No.	Slope (ft/ft)	Max. Flow¹ (cfs)		
	Offsite Flo	w In Eminger Road	1	
30	0.025	5.16	9.38	
31	0.01	3.26	5.93	
32	0.044	6.84	12.45	
33	0.052	7.44	13.53	
34	0.01	3.26	5.93	
35	0.0128	3.25	5.91	
36	0.010	2.95	5.36	

NOTES: 1- Maximum flows calculated at 2/3 full for 12"

2- Using Mannings n = 0.01

3- P35/P36 Using Mannings n = 0.013

4- Using an actual size of 11.19", HDPE

Sewer Layout

The proposed sewer system was designed with the pipes located in the streets. The sewer system generally flows from north to south and then from west to east for the 104 lots within the residential development and east to west for remaining 29 homes of the main residential area, 27 lots in the southwest corner of the development and the townhomes. The proposed system consists of a branching system of 8-inch PVC/HDPE pipes which will either tie into the existing 8-inch sewer located to the west in First Street or will tie at the easterly tract boundary in Falcon Street. Map 2 illustrates the proposed sewer layout and points of connection.

2.4 Downstream Impact on Existing Facilities

Existing Sewer in First Street

According to the Sanitary Sewer Master Plan for the Simi Valley Town Center, the existing flow prior to the Town Center was 2.8 inches deep with an average velocity of 0.58 fps and computed to be an average flow of 0.07 cfs. The Town Center at build-out generated an average of 0.12 cfs while the expected sewer average rate from TTM 5668A was estimated to be 0.07 cfs. A total average flow of 0.26 cfs computed a peak total of 0.78 cfs. If we subtract the estimated Unocal property peak flow rate 0.21 cfs (0.07 cfs avg.) and add the calculated peak flow rate of 0.22 cfs from Table 1-2, we obtain a new peak flow of 0.79 cfs (0.78-



0.21+0.22). In addition, 0.112 cfs (0.038 cfs avg) from 6.3 ac development noted on Map (Del taco/Office area) were considered in this report providing a peak total of 0.90 cfs.

The Paller-Roberts report identified a critical pipe north of the 118- Freeway to have a maximum capacity of 0.63 cfs with a slope of 0.011 (and using a Manning's "n" value of 0.013). This report found that the critical pipe north of the 118-Fwy and south of Enchanted Way had a slightly lower slope of 0.0101. Using the flatter slope and a Manning's "n" value of 0.013, the actual capacity of the critical sewer segment (Pipe 22) was found to be 0.61 cfs. We concur with the Paller-Roberts report that improvements may be required during the Town Center build-out. Given that the build-out was completed without making these improvements, the southwesterly 29 homes of the main residential area, 27 lots in the southwest corner of the development and the townhomes may be required to make the improvements. If the improvements are warranted, we recommend the existing 8-inch line be replaced with a 10-inch sewer line. A temporary sewer bypass will be required during construction. A 10-inch pipe with a slope of 1.0% calculates to have a capacity of approximately 1.30 cfs. Prior to any design and/or improvements, we recommend that the sewer depth be field measured at the manhole located upstream of the critical pipe to measure a real flow rate. With the exception of Pipe 22 (critical pipe), discussed above, all other proposed and existing pipes in First Street will have ample capacity to convey the existing and proposed peak sewer flows.

Existing Sewer to Easy Street (in Cochran St & Easements)

The study was expanded to include the area west of First Street and south of Cochran Street to analyze the impacts up to the sewer trunk in Easy Street. This study found three critical segments. However, it must be noted that this study was prepared without the benefit of a current sewer flow test at the site to verify the true peak flow rates. It is our professional opinion that such a test may remove or minimize the extent of improvements proposed in this section. Until then, this report must follow the criteria in the *Manual & Standard Plans for the Design and Construction of Sanitary Sewerage Facilities*. The identified critical segments are existing Pipes 126, 127 and 129. Existing Pipes 126 and 127 use 10-inch line, but flow at a slope of 0.6% and 0.81%, with a capacity of 0.85 cfs and 1.00 cfs, respectively. Yet the required capacity is 0.94 cfs and 1.03 cfs, respectively. The solution would be to replace the segments with a new 10-inch



PVC or HDPE line which will lower Manning's coefficient to 0.011. This will increase the capacity in Pipe 126 to 1.01 cfs and 1.17 cfs in Pipe 127.

Existing Pipe 129 is an 8-inch line flowing at 2.78% and has a capacity of 1.01 cfs. The minimum peak flow was calculated to be 1.12 cfs. This line needs to be replaced with a 10-inch line with a capacity greater than 1.3 cfs, unless field testing during final engineering proves otherwise.

The recommended locations for sewer flow measurements are at manholes located at 1) First Street and Enchanted Way, 2) First Street and Cochran Street and 3) south of Chambers Lane at the rail road.

Existing Sewer Erringer Road

The Erringer Road sewer system consists of 12-inch main sewer pipes with a slope ranging from 1.0% to 6.7%. Sewer from 104 single family homes from the proposed development contribute to the Erringer sewer system and is conveyed through an 8-inch sewer line in Falcon Street. TTM5658A connects to the existing sewer at the easterly boundary in Falcon Street.

The previous study identified a sewer segment south of Cochran Street to be the critical segment. This report concurs with those findings. Pipe segments (P31 and P34) in Erringer Road north and south of Alamo Street were also found to be flowing at a 1% slope. However, they do not carry Town Center generated sewer. Therefore Pipe 36 can be considered the most critical in the Erringer sewer system. The previously mentioned study accounted for an existing peak flow of 1.78 cfs (0.65 avg.) prior to the Town Center development. The Town Center added another 0.82 cfs (0.30 avg) for a combined total of 2.6 cfs peak flow rate (0.95 avg.). The North Canyon Ranch (TTM5658A) development will increase the peak flow rate by 0.16 cfs for a grand total of 2.76 cfs. Previous flows are shown in Appendix B. Table 2-2 shows the capacity of the critical segment (Pipe 36) to be 2.95 cfs. Therefore all existing pipe segments, including Pipe 36, and proposed sewer to Erringer Road have ample capacity to convey the existing and proposed peak sewer flows. Clearly, the downstream facilities will not be adversely impacted. Downstream improvements in Erringer Road are not deemed necessary. However, it is recommended that sewer flow depth at the critical segment be measured during final engineering as a final confirmation. More specifically, the flow measurement should be taken in Erringer Road at the closest manhole south of Cochran Street.



Section 3 - Results, Conclusions and Recommendations

The generated peak dry weather sewer flow rate will be well below the pipe capacity in the sewer system within the proposed development. The existing sewer system in Erringer Road is adequate and can accommodate the expected sewer rate from the proposed project. The generated peak dry weather sewer flow rate that contributes to the sewer in First Street and Easy Street, after mitigation, will be below the pipe capacity in the existing system. It is important to note that the sewer improvements are not needed until the westerly lots or apartment sites are ready for construction. The easterly single family lots from TTM5658A can be developed with no restrictions or conditions requiring downstream improvements.



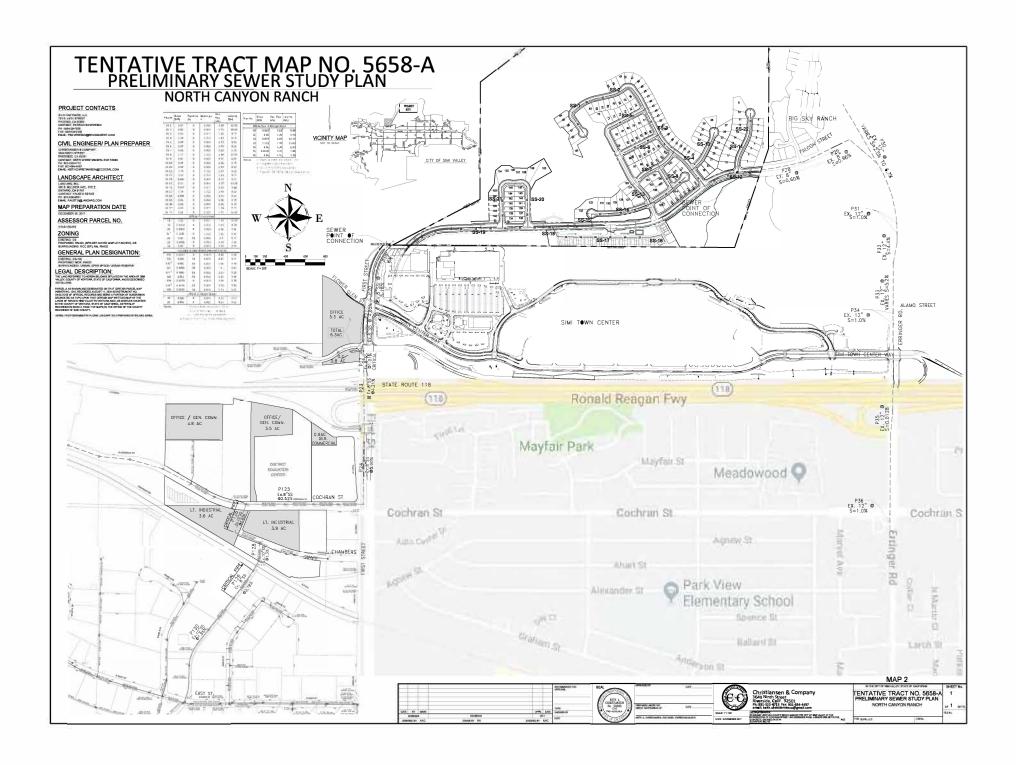
North Canyon Ranch (TTM 5658) Preliminary Sewer Study



VICINITY MAP

MAP 1

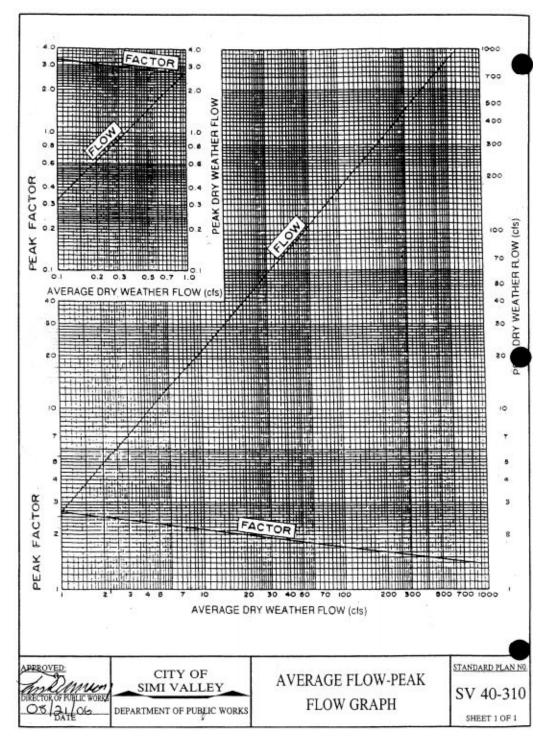




Appendix A

Average Flow-Peak Flow Graph

City Standard SV 40-310





Appendix B

Excerpts from the Sanitary Sewer Master Plan for Simi Valley Town Center

prepared by Paller-Roberts Engineering, Inc.



Existing Sewer System

The site is proposed to be served from two existing sewer lines. An 8 inch diameter sewer pipe exists in First Street, flowing southerly, across the Freeway bridge, and southerly in First Street to a 10 inch pipe in Cochran Street. This then flows westerly and southerly connecting into a 36 inch and 48 inch trunk main in Los Angeles Street which extends to the existing Sewage Treatment Plant. A 12 inch diameter sewer pipe exists in Erringer Road, flowing southerly beneath the Freeway overpass and connecting into the 36 inch and 48 inch trunk main in Los Angeles Street.

Analysis of Existing Sewer Systems

First Street:

The City of Simi Valley provided flow data at a manhole in the existing 10 inch sewer line. The manhole is located just south of Chambers Lane. The average flow measured approximately 2,8 inches deep with an average velocity of approximately **265** to see enclosed data). This computes to an average flow of 0.07 cfs. (see enclosed calculation) Note that this flow includes areas beyond our point of connection which would reduce the flows somewhat. For purposes of this report we will ignore that fact.

Computed pipe capacities at pipe segments at critical locations such as the Freeway bridge or flatter slopes are indicated in the enclosed calculations. The minimum capacity of 0.63 cfs occurs at a segment of pipe located just north of the Freeway bridge. (See Exhibit A)

Erringer Road: The City of Simi Valley provided flow and calculations for the 12 inch sewer pipe in Erringer Road, prepared by William Rose and Associates, Inc., dated December 13, 2001. The average existing flows plus the Big Sky project were calculated to be 0.65 cfs per the above data.

> Per the above referenced calculations, the critical segment of this system consists of a 12 inch diameter pipe at 1.0% slope. The capacity of this seament at 2/3 full is 2.81 cfs. The seament this project is proposed to connect to is a 12 inch pipe at 1.45% slope which has a capacity of 3.41 cfs. (See Exhibit A)

Proposed Sewer Systems

An 8 inch diameter sewer is proposed to be extended northerly in First Street to serve a portion of the Town and Country District and also the Unocal property to the north of subject site.

Since the available capacity of the existing system in Erringer Road is greater than the First Street system, we propose to connect the majority of the project to the Erringer Road system.

An 8 inch diameter pipe is proposed to extend from the existing 8 inch pipe in First Street, easterly in "A" Street, to the main driveway into the Town and Country District. This system would only provide service to the Town and Country District. The remainder of the site would be served by a system of 8 inch and 10 inch diameter pipes extending westerly in "A" and "B" Streets from the existing 12 inch pipe in Erringer Road. (see enclosed plan)

Projected Sewage Loads

See the attached Estimated Sewage Flow calculations. The calculations are separated into "Maximum Project" and "Proposed Project" flows based on the different building areas. Note the approved EIR included larger building areas than the currently proposed project. We also included the future expansion of the Mall in the "Proposed Project" calculations.

The flows to Erringer have very little differences. We therefore propose to use the larger flows for design purposes. The flows to First Street vary from 0.78 cfs (Maximum) to 0.56 cfs (Proposed). The critical pipe segment in First Street has a capacity of 0.63 cfs. We propose to use the larger flows for design purposes. Initially these smaller flows would apply and should the buildings contained in the Town and Country District be increased in size at a later date, an additional sewer pipe can be extended around the critical pipe segment at that time or the 8 inch pipe could be allowed to flow slightly greater than ½ full. (57% or 4.6 inches deep)

Summary of Project Flows

		Avg. Flow	Peak Flow
First Street		0.12 cfs	0.38 cfs
Erringer Road		_0.30 cfs	0.89 cfs
	Total	0.42 cfs	1.27 cfs

Summary of Total Flows (includes existing and proposed)

	Avg. Flow	Peak Flow
First Street	0.26 cfs	0.78 cfs
Erringer Road	0.95 cfs	2.60 cfs

Analysis of Impact on Existing System

First Street -

As discussed above, the segment of 8 inch piping with the flattest slope (1.1%), which occurs just north of the Freeway bridge, has a capacity of 0.63 cfs at ½ full. The total proposed flow to this segment with full buildout is 0.78 cfs. This flow will cause the 8 inch pipe to flow at 4.6 inches deep instead of the 4 inch depth per City criteria. Please note that this only occurs when the project is expanded beyond the current proposal. Also note that the existing flows provided were taken downstream of this segment and contain flows which do not exist at this upstream location.

Erringer Road - As discussed above, the segment of 12 inch piping with the flattest slope (1%) has a capacity of 2.81 cfs. The total proposed flow to this segment with full buildout is 2.6 cfs. The existing piping system therefore has the capacity to

accommodate these flows.

Conclusion

The existing sanitary sewer piping systems in First Street and Erringer Road have sufficient capacity to handle the anticipated flows from this project as well as the Big Sky and Unocal residential projects located north of the Simi Valley Town Center site. Flows from this project have been adjusted to take advantage of the excess capacities that exist in the respective systems, as discussed above.

EXHIBIT A

SIMI VALLEY TOWN CENTER

11/20/2003

EXISTING SEWAGE FLOW @ FIRST STREET

Flow data provided by City at the Manhole south of Chambers Lane on the 10" diameter sewer main:

Average Depth = 2.8"
Average Velocity = 0.58 fps

Average Q = Avg. Depth X Avg. Velocity = 0.23 ft. X 0.58 fps = 0.07 cfs (See attached Calculation for additional data)

CAPACITIES OF EXISTING 8" PIPE IN FIRST STREET (Critical Pipe Segments)

At bridge (4.2% slope @ 1/2 full): (See attached SS Pipe Flow Tabulation) = 1.22 cfs

North of bridge (1.1% slope @1/2 full): (See attached SS Pipe Flow Tabulation) = 0.63 cfs

In Cochran Street west of First (2.3% slope @ 1/2 full): (See attached SS Pipe Flow Tabulation) = 0.91 cfs

EXISTING SEWAGE FLOW @ ERRINGER ROAD

Calculation prepared by William Rose & Associates, dated 12/13/2001, provided by City, indicates the anticipated average flows in the 12 inch sewer line to be 0.65 cfs including the Big Sky project.

CAPACITIES OF EXISTING 12 INCH PIPE IN ERRINGER ROAD (Critical Pipe Segment)

South of Cochran Street (1.0% slope @ 2/3 full): (See attached SS Pipe Flow Tabulation) = 2.81 cfs

SIMI VALLEY TOWN CENTER

<u>ESTIMATED SEWAGE FLOWS</u> (First Street)

11/20/2003

GENERATION RATES:

USE	GALLONS PER DAY	
Retail	100 Gal./ 1,000 sf	
Hotel	150 Gal./ room	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Offices	150 Gal./ 1,000 sf	
Multi-Family Residential	75% of SFE (275 Gal.) = 206 Gal./ Unit	
Restaurant	715 Gal./ 42 seats (assume 100 sf/ seat)) = 170 Gal./ 1,000 sf

ESTIMATED FLOWS (Includes full buildout per EIR - Maximum Project)

PROJECT:

USE	RATE	QUANTITY	AVG. GPD
Home Improvement	100 Gal./ 1,000 sf	117	11,700
Hotel	150 Gal./ room	140	21,000
Retail	100 Gal./ 1,000 sf	107	10,700
Restaurant	170 Gal./ 1,000 sf	18	3,060
Retail/Office	150 Gal./ 1,000 sf	203	30,450
		Total	76 010

Use 77,000 gpd = 0.12 cfs

UNOCAL SITE:

Per Specific Plan 165 single family residential units are proposed at 275 gpd each = 45,375 GPD = 0.07 CFS

SUMMARY

				reu k
EXISTING			26.9%	0.21 cfs
UNOCAL		0.07 cfs	26.9%	0,216\$5
PROJECT	si	0.12 cfs		0.36 cfs
				6.78 css
Total		0.26 cfs A		0.0 8

Peak Flow per Plate 2 = 0.78 cfs

SIMI VALLEY TOWN CENTER

<u>ESTIMATED SEWAGE FLOWS</u> (Erringer Road)

11/20/2003

GENERATION RATES:

USE GALLONS PER DAY

Retail 100 Gal./ 1,000 sf Hotel 150 Gal./ room Offices 150 Gal./ 1,000 sf

Multi-Family Residential 75% of SFE (275 Gal.) = 206 Gal./ Unit

Restaurant 715 Gal./ 42 seats (assume 100 sf/ seat) = 170 Gal./ 1,000 sf

ESTIMATED FLOWS (Includes full buildout per EIR - Maximum Project)

PROJECT:

USE	RATE	QUANTITY	AVG. GPD
Residential	206 Gal./ Unit	500	103,000
Retail	100 Gal./ 1,000 sf	800	80,000
Restaurant	170 Gal./ 1,000 sf	40	6,800
Retail/Office	150 Gal./ 1,000 sf	45	6,750
		: Total	196.550

Use 197,000 gpd = 0.30 cfs

EXISTING FLOWS:

Per calculations prepared by William Rose & Associates, dated December 13, 2001, existing average flow = 0.65 cfs including the Big Sky project.

SUMMARY

EXISTING PROJECT

0.65 cfs 68.4% of 0.30 cfs 31.6% 1.78 cfs 0.82 cfs 2.6 cfs

Tributary to P3/2P34

Total

0.95 cfs Average

Peak Flow per Plate 2 = 2.6 cfs

SANITARY SEWER PIPE FLOWS

(Manning's Equation)

6/24/2004

ə	qiq "Sr	90	qi 9 "0 f	90	qi q " 8	
VEL.	FLOW	VEL.	FLOW	VEL.	FLOW	SLOPE
(sdj)	(cfs)	(sdj)	(cfs)	(sdj)	(cfs)	(A\A)
2.46	8£.1	15.00				₽200.0
2.75	₽ G. Γ					£00.0
3,18	87.r	2.55	7.0	2.18	85.0	₽00.0
8.£	2,18	3.12	98.0	79.2	94.0	900.0
G 'Þ	25.52	3.6	66.0	3.09	65.0	800.0
5.03	18.2	4.03	11.1	3.45	9.0	10.0
16.8	80.8	14.4	12.1	87.£	99.0	0.012
96.8	3.33	97.4	15.1	80.4	17.0	410.0
96.3	3.56	60.8	p.l	75.4	67.0	910.0
67.8	3.77	4.2	84.1	€9.4	8.0	810.0
11.7	3.98	69.6	1.56	88.4	₽8.0	20.0
34.7	217	76.8	1.64	51.8	68.0	220.0
67.7	9£.4	6.24	121	36.3	26.0	0.024
11.8	£3.4	64.8	87.1	95.3	96.0	920.0
14.8	17.4	47.8	28.1	TT.B	1	820.0
17.8	78.A	76.8	26.1	86.8	1.03	£0.0
14.6	92.2	£8.7	2.07	9 ₽.9	21.1	360.0
30.01	29.8	20.8	2.21	6.9	61.1	40.0
		42.8	2.35	ZE.7	1.27	S40.0
	T	16	74.5	127.7	1.33	90.0

NOTES: 1. 8" and 10" pipe flows computed at 1/2 full.

2. 12" pipe flows computed at 2/3 full.

3. n = .013

HDPE - DR17 piping is manufactured to dimensions slightly less than the diameters of DIP and PVC pipe which is allowed by City standards. The following sizes are from the HDPE pycleps:

catalog:

 Mominal Size
 Actual Size

 "7.5.7"
 "8"

 10"
 9.435"

 10"
 "21"

Using these values, HDPE - DR17 pipe has a capacity of approximately 90% of the above values.

C&C Sewer Plan Map Jan 5, 2023

