



Ethanac and Barnett Warehouse

AIR QUALITY IMPACT ANALYSIS

CITY OF MENIFEE

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LIST OF ABBREVIATED TERMS

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| % | Percent |
| °F | Degrees Fahrenheit |
| (1) | Reference |
| µg/m ³ | Microgram per Cubic Meter |
| <i>1992 CO Plan</i> | <i>1992 Federal Attainment Plan for Carbon Monoxide</i> |
| <i>1993 CEQA Handbook</i> | <i>SCAQMD's CEQA Air Quality Handbook (1993)</i> |
| <i>2016-2040 RTP/SCS</i> | <i>2016-2040 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy</i> |
| AB 2595 | California Clean Air Act |
| AQIA | Air Quality Impact Analysis |
| AQMP | Air Quality Management Plan |
| BACT | Best Available Control Technology |
| BC | Black Carbon |
| <i>Brief</i> | <i>Brief of Amicus Curiae by the SCAQMD in the Friant Ranch Case</i> |
| C ₂ Cl ₄ | Perchloroethylene |
| C ₄ H ₆ | 1,3-butadiene |
| C ₆ H ₆ | Benzene |
| C ₂ H ₃ Cl | Vinyl Chloride |
| C ₂ H ₄ O | Acetaldehyde |
| CAA | Federal Clean Air Act |
| CAAQS | California Ambient Air Quality Standards |
| CalEEMod | California Emissions Estimator Model |
| CalEPA | California Environmental Protection Agency |
| CALGreen | California Green Building Standards Code |
| CAP | Climate Action Plan |
| CAPCOA | California Air Pollution Control Officers Association |
| CARB | California Air Resources Board |
| CCR | California Code of Regulations |
| CEC | California Energy Commission |
| CEQA | California Environmental Quality Act |
| <i>CEQA Guidelines</i> | <i>2019 CEQA Statute and Guidelines</i> |
| CH ₂ O | Formaldehyde |
| City | City of Menifee |
| CO | Carbon Monoxide |
| COH | Coefficient of Haze |

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| COHb | Carboxyhemoglobin |
| Cr(VI) | Chromium |
| CTP | Clean Truck Program |
| DPM | Diesel Particulate Matter |
| DRRP | Diesel Risk Reduction Plan |
| EC | Elemental Carbon |
| EIR | Environmental Impact Report |
| EMFAC | Emissions FACTor Model |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| ETW | Equivalent Test Weight |
| EV | Electric Vehicle |
| GHG | Greenhouse Gas |
| GVWR | Gross Vehicle Weight Rating |
| H ₂ S | Hydrogen Sulfide |
| HDT | Heavy-Duty Trucks |
| HHDT | Heavy-Heavy-Duty Trucks |
| HI | Hazard Index |
| hp | Horsepower |
| I-215 | Interstate 215 |
| lbs | Pounds |
| lbs/day | Pounds Per Day |
| LDA | Light Duty Auto |
| LDT1/LDT2 | Light-Duty Trucks |
| LHDT1/LHDT2 | Light-Heavy-Duty Trucks |
| LST | Localized Significance Threshold |
| <i>LST Methodology</i> | <i>Final Localized Significance Threshold Methodology</i> |
| MATES | Multiple Air Toxics Exposure Study |
| MCY | Motorcycles |
| MDV | Medium-Duty Vehicles |
| MHDT | Medium-Heavy-Duty Trucks |
| MICR | Maximum Individual Cancer Risk |
| MM | Mitigation Measures |
| mph | Miles Per Hour |
| MWELO | California Department of Water Resources' Model Water Efficient |
| N ₂ | Nitrogen |
| N ₂ O | Nitrous Oxide |
| NAAQS | National Ambient Air Quality Standards |

| | |
|---------------------------|--|
| NO | Nitric Oxide |
| NO ₂ | Nitrogen Dioxide |
| NO _x | Nitrogen Oxides |
| O ₂ | Oxygen |
| O ₃ | Ozone |
| O ₂ Deficiency | Chronic Hypoxemia |
| OBD-II | On-Board Diagnostic |
| ODC | Ozone Depleting Compounds |
| Pb | Lead |
| PM | Particulate Matter |
| PM ₁₀ | Particulate Matter 10 microns in diameter or less |
| PM _{2.5} | Particulate Matter 2.5 microns in diameter or less |
| POLA | Port of Los Angeles |
| POLB | Port of Long Beach |
| ppm | Parts Per Million |
| Project | Ethanac and Barnett Warehouse |
| RECLAIM | Regional Clean Air Incentives Market |
| RFG-2 | Reformulated Gasoline Regulation |
| ROG | Reactive Organic Gases |
| SB | Senate Bill |
| SCAB | South Coast Air Basin |
| SCAG | Southern California Association of Governments |
| SCAQMD | South Coast Air Quality Management District |
| sf | Square Feet |
| SIPs | State Implementation Plans |
| SO ₂ | Sulfur Dioxide |
| SO ₄ | Sulfates |
| SO _x | Sulfur Oxides |
| SRA | Source Receptor Area |
| TAC | Toxic Air Contaminant |
| Title 24 | California Building Code |
| TITLE I | Non-Attainment Provisions |
| TITLE II | Mobile Sources Provisions |
| UFP | Ultrafine Particles |
| URBEMIS | URBan EMISsions |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| vph | Vehicles Per Hour |

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

ES.1 SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

The results of this *Ethanac and Barnett Warehouse Air Quality Impact Analysis* (AQIA) are summarized below based on the significance criteria in Section 3 of this report consistent with Appendix G of the *CEQA Guidelines* (CEQA Guidelines) (1). Table ES-1 shows the findings of significance for each potential air quality impact under CEQA before and after any required mitigation measures (MM) described below.

TABLE ES-1: SUMMARY OF CEQA SIGNIFICANCE FINDINGS

| Analysis | Report Section | Significance Findings | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------|
| | | Unmitigated | Mitigated |
| Regional Construction Emissions | 3.4 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Localized Construction Emissions | 3.7 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Regional Operational Emissions | 3.5 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Localized Operational Emissions | 3.8 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| CO "Hot Spot" Analysis | 3.9 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Air Quality Management Plan | 3.10 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Sensitive Receptors | 3.11 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Odors | 3.12 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |
| Cumulative Impacts | 3.13 | <i>Less Than Significant</i> | <i>n/a</i> |

ES.2 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

There are numerous requirements that development projects must comply with by law, and that were put in place by federal, State, and local regulatory agencies for the improvement of air quality.

Any operation or activity that might cause the emission of any smoke, fly ash, dust, fumes, vapors, gases, or other forms of air pollution, which can cause damage to human health, vegetation, or

other forms of property, or can cause excessive soiling on any other parcel shall conform to the requirements of the SCAQMD.

SCAQMD RULES

SCAQMD Rules that are currently applicable during construction activity for this Project are described below.

SCAQMD RULE 402

A person shall not discharge from any source whatsoever such quantities of air contaminants or other material that cause injury, detriment, nuisance, or annoyance to any considerable number of persons or to the public, or that endanger the comfort, repose, health, or safety of any such persons or the public, or that cause, or have a natural tendency to cause, injury or damage to business or property. The provisions of this rule do not apply to odors emanating from agricultural operations necessary for the growing of crops or the raising of fowl or animals.

Odor Emissions. All uses shall be operated in a manner such that no offensive odor is perceptible at or beyond the property line of that use.

SCAQMD RULE 403

This rule is intended to reduce the amount of particulate matter (PM) entrained in the ambient air as a result of anthropogenic (human-made) fugitive dust sources by requiring actions to prevent and reduce fugitive dust emissions. Rule 403 applies to any activity or human-made condition capable of generating fugitive dust and requires best available control measures to be applied to earth moving and grading activities.

Dust Control, Operations. Any operation or activity that might cause the emission of any smoke, fly ash, dust, fumes, vapors, gases, or other forms of air pollution, which can cause damage to human health, vegetation, or other forms of property, or can cause excessive soiling on any other parcel, shall conform to the requirements of the SCAQMD.

SCAQMD RULE 1113

This rule serves to limit the Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) content of architectural coatings used on projects in the SCAQMD. This rule applies to any person who supplies, sells, offers for sale, or manufactures any architectural coating for use on projects.

SCAQMD RULE 1301

This rule is intended to provide that pre-construction review requirements to ensure that new or relocated facilities do not interfere with progress in attainment of the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), while future economic growth within the SCAQMD is not unnecessarily restricted. The specific air quality goal is to achieve no net increases from new or modified permitted sources of nonattainment air contaminants or their precursors. Rule 1301 also limits emission increases of ammonia, and Ozone Depleting Compounds (ODCs) from new, modified or relocated facilities by requiring the use of Best Available Control Technology (BACT).

SCAQMD RULE 1401

A person shall not discharge into the atmosphere from any single source of emission whatsoever any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than three minutes in any 1 hour that is as dark or darker in shade as that designated No. 1 on the Ringelmann Chart, as published by the United States (U.S.) Bureau of Mines.

SCAQMD RULE 2305

The SCAQMD adopted Rule 2305, the Warehouse Indirect Source Rule, on May 7, 2021. Owners and operators associated with warehouses 100,000 square feet (sf) or larger are required to directly reduce nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and particulate matter emissions, or to otherwise facilitate emission and exposure reductions of these pollutants in nearby communities.

Although the Project would comply with the above regulatory requirements, it should be noted that there is no way to quantify these reductions in the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod). The two most pertinent regulatory requirements that could be modeled, are Rule 403 (Fugitive Dust) (2) and Rule 1113 (Architectural Coatings) (3). Because they are required by law, credit for Rule 403 and Rule 1113 have been taken in the analysis.

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1 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the AQIA prepared by Urban Crossroads, Inc., for the proposed Ethanac and Barnett Warehouse (Project). The purpose of this AQIA is to evaluate the potential impacts to air quality associated with construction and operation of the Project and recommend measures to mitigate impacts considered potentially significant in comparison to thresholds established by the SCAQMD.

1.1 SITE LOCATION

The proposed Project is located on the southwest corner of Ethanac Road and Barnett Road in the City of Menifee, as shown on Exhibit 1-A.

1.2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project is proposed to consist of two industrial buildings totaling 251,912-square-feet (sf). This analysis assumes up to 25,191-sf manufacturing use (10% of the total industrial building sf) and 226,721-sf of warehouse use (90% of industrial building). The site plan for the proposed Project is shown on Exhibit 1-B.

EXHIBIT 1-A: LOCATION MAP

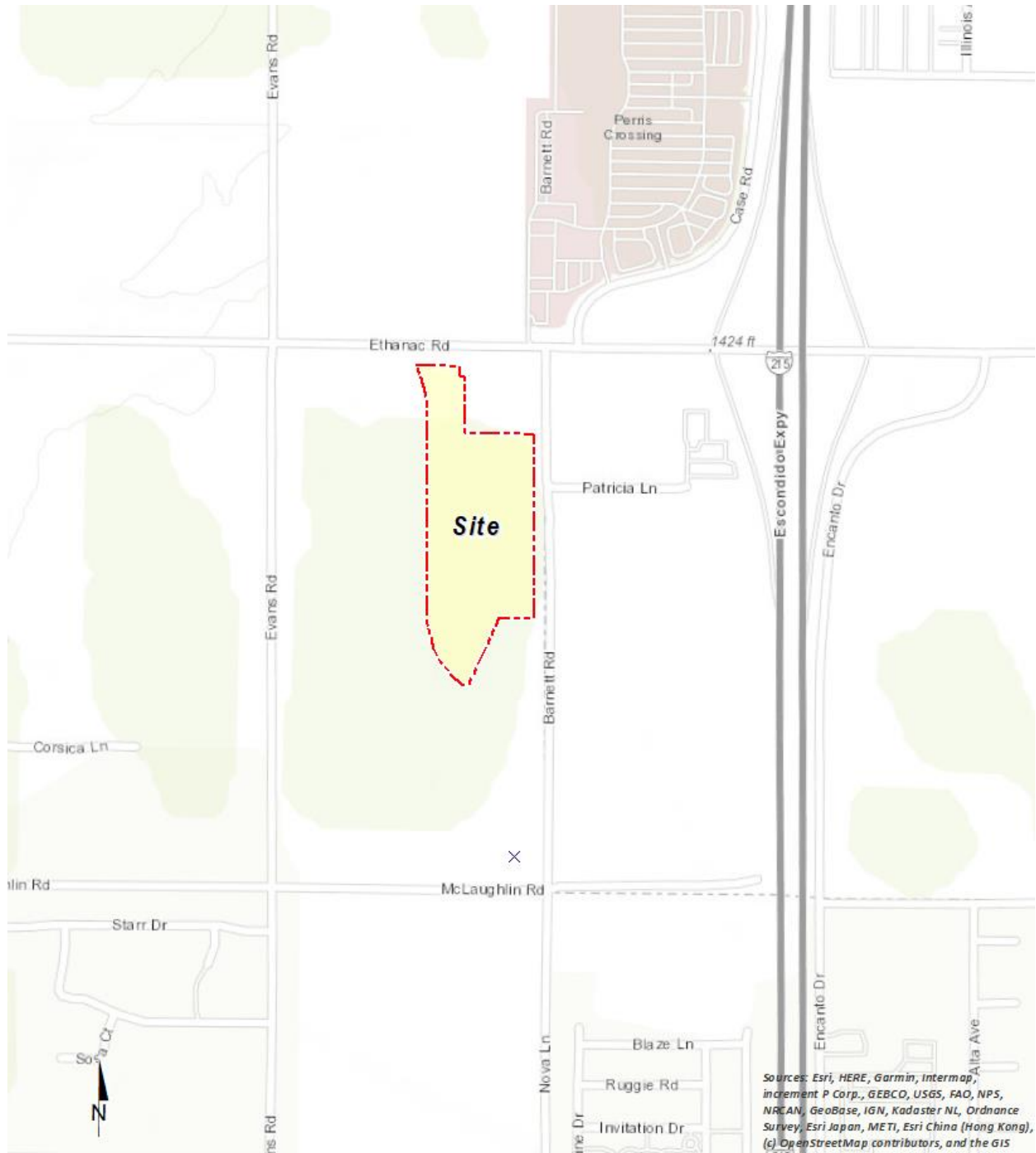
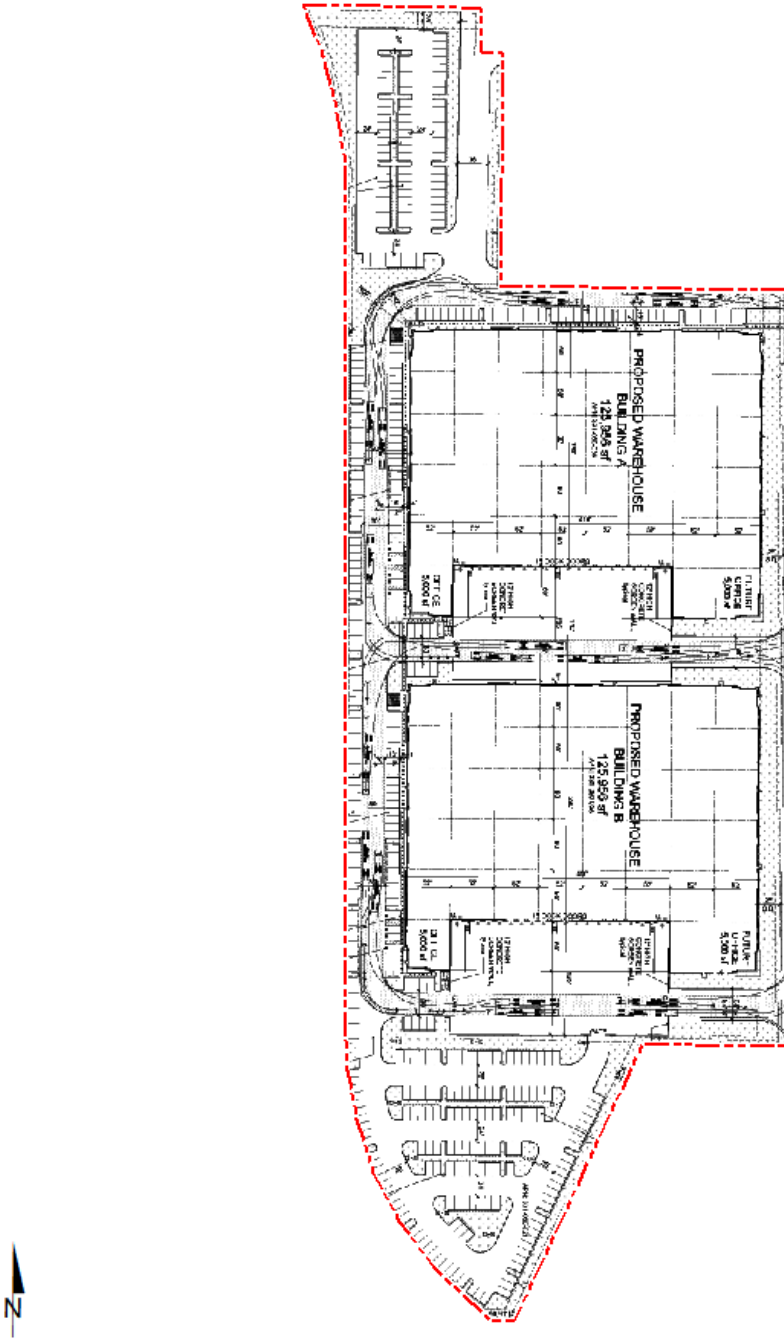


EXHIBIT 1-B: SITE PLAN



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2 AIR QUALITY SETTING

This section provides an overview of the existing air quality conditions in the Project area and region.

2.1 SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN

The Project site is located in the South Coast Air Basin (SCAB) within the jurisdiction of SCAQMD (4). The SCAQMD was created by the 1977 Lewis-Presley Air Quality Management Act, which merged four county air pollution control bodies into one regional district. Under the Act, the SCAQMD is responsible for bringing air quality in areas under its jurisdiction into conformity with federal and state air quality standards. As previously stated, the Project site is located within the SCAB, a 6,745-square mile subregion of the SCAQMD, which includes the non-desert portions of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino Counties, and all of Orange County.

The SCAB is bounded by the Pacific Ocean to the west and the San Gabriel, San Bernardino, and San Jacinto Mountains to the north and east, and the San Diego Air Basin to the south.

2.2 REGIONAL CLIMATE

The regional climate has a substantial influence on air quality in the SCAB. In addition, the temperature, wind, humidity, precipitation, and amount of sunshine influence the air quality.

The annual average temperatures throughout the SCAB vary from the low to middle 60s degrees Fahrenheit (°F). Due to a decreased marine influence, the eastern portion of the SCAB shows greater variability in average annual minimum and maximum temperatures. January is the coldest month throughout the SCAB, with average minimum temperatures of 47°F in downtown Los Angeles and 36°F in San Bernardino. All portions of the SCAB have recorded maximum temperatures above 100°F.

Although the climate of the SCAB can be characterized as semi-arid, the air near the land surface is quite moist on most days because of the presence of a marine layer. This shallow layer of sea air is an important modifier of SCAB climate. Humidity restricts visibility in the SCAB, and the conversion of sulfur dioxide (SO₂) to sulfates (SO₄) is heightened in air with high relative humidity. The marine layer provides an environment for that conversion process, especially during the spring and summer months. The annual average relative humidity within the SCAB is 71% along the coast and 59% inland. Since the ocean effect is dominant, periods of heavy early morning fog are frequent and low stratus clouds are a characteristic feature. These effects decrease with distance from the coast.

More than 90% of the SCAB's rainfall occurs from November through April. The annual average rainfall varies from approximately nine inches in Riverside to fourteen inches in downtown Los Angeles. Monthly and yearly rainfall totals are extremely variable. Summer rainfall usually consists of widely scattered thunderstorms near the coast and slightly heavier shower activity in the eastern portion of the SCAB with frequency being higher near the coast.

Due to its clear weather, about three-quarters of available sunshine is received in the SCAB. The remaining one-quarter is absorbed by clouds. The ultraviolet portion of this abundant radiation is a key factor in photochemical reactions. On the shortest day of the year, there are approximately 10 hours of sunshine, and on the longest day of the year, there are approximately 14½ hours of sunshine.

The importance of wind to air pollution is considerable. The direction and speed of the wind determines the horizontal dispersion and transport of the air pollutants. During the late autumn to early spring rainy season, the SCAB is subjected to wind flows associated with the traveling storms moving through the region from the northwest. This period also brings five to ten periods of strong, dry offshore winds, locally termed “Santa Anas” each year. During the dry season, which coincides with the months of maximum photochemical smog concentrations, the wind flow is bimodal, typified by a daytime onshore sea breeze and a nighttime offshore drainage wind. Summer wind flows are created by the pressure differences between the cold ocean and the unevenly heated and cooled land surfaces that modify the general northwesterly wind circulation over southern California. Nighttime drainage begins with the radiational cooling of the mountain slopes. Heavy, cool air descends the slopes and flows through the mountain passes and canyons as it follows the lowering terrain toward the ocean. Another characteristic wind regime in the SCAB is the “Catalina Eddy,” a low level cyclonic (counterclockwise) flow centered over Santa Catalina Island which results in an offshore flow to the southwest. On most spring and summer days, some indication of an eddy is apparent in coastal sections.

In the SCAB, there are two distinct temperature inversion structures that control vertical mixing of air pollution. During the summer, warm high-pressure descending (subsiding) air is undercut by a shallow layer of cool marine air. The boundary between these two layers of air is a persistent marine subsidence/inversion. This boundary prevents vertical mixing which effectively acts as an impervious lid to pollutants over the entire SCAB. The mixing height for the inversion structure is normally situated 1,000 to 1,500 feet above mean sea level.

A second inversion-type forms in conjunction with the drainage of cool air off the surrounding mountains at night followed by the seaward drift of this pool of cool air. The top of this layer forms a sharp boundary with the warmer air aloft and creates nocturnal radiation inversions. These inversions occur primarily in the winter when nights are longer and onshore flow is weakest. They are typically only a few hundred feet above mean sea level. These inversions effectively trap pollutants, such as nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and carbon monoxide (CO) from vehicles, as the pool of cool air drifts seaward. Winter is therefore a period of high levels of primary pollutants along the coastline.

2.3 WIND PATTERNS AND PROJECT LOCATION

The distinctive climate of the Project area and the SCAB is determined by its terrain and geographical location. The SCAB is located in a coastal plain with connecting broad valleys and low hills, bounded by the Pacific Ocean in the southwest quadrant with high mountains forming the remainder of the perimeter.

Wind patterns across the south coastal region are characterized by westerly and southwesterly onshore winds during the day and easterly or northeasterly breezes at night. Winds are characteristically light although the speed is greater during the dry summer months than during the rainy winter season.

2.4 CRITERIA POLLUTANTS

Criteria pollutants are pollutants that are regulated through the development of human health based and/or environmentally based criteria for setting permissible levels. Criteria pollutants, their typical sources, and health effects are identified below (5):

TABLE 2-1: CRITERIA POLLUTANTS

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|--------------------|--|--|---|
| CO | CO is a colorless, odorless gas produced by the incomplete combustion of carbon-containing fuels, such as gasoline or wood. CO concentrations tend to be the highest during the winter morning, when little to no wind and surface-based inversions trap the pollutant at ground levels. Because CO is emitted directly from internal combustion engines, unlike ozone (O ₃), motor vehicles operating at slow speeds are the primary source of CO in the SCAB. The highest ambient CO concentrations are found near congested transportation corridors and intersections. | Any source that burns fuel such as automobiles, trucks, heavy construction equipment, farming equipment and residential heating. | Individuals with a deficient blood supply to the heart are the most susceptible to the adverse effects of CO exposure. The effects observed include earlier onset of chest pain with exercise, and electrocardiograph changes indicative of decreased oxygen (O ₂) supply to the heart. Inhaled CO has no direct toxic effect on the lungs but exerts its effect on tissues by interfering with O ₂ transport and competing with O ₂ to combine with hemoglobin present in the blood to form carboxyhemoglobin (COHb). Hence, conditions with an increased demand for O ₂ supply can be adversely affected by exposure to CO. Individuals most at risk include fetuses, patients with diseases involving heart and blood vessels, and patients with chronic hypoxemia (O ₂ deficiency) as seen at high altitudes. |
| SO ₂ | SO ₂ is a colorless, extremely irritating gas or liquid. It enters the atmosphere as a pollutant | Coal or oil burning power plants and industries, | A few minutes of exposure to low levels of SO ₂ can result in airway constriction in some |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|
| | <p>mainly as a result of burning high sulfur-content fuel oils and coal and from chemical processes occurring at chemical plants and refineries. When SO₂ oxidizes in the atmosphere, it forms SO₄. Collectively, these pollutants are referred to as sulfur oxides (SO_x).</p> | <p>refineries, diesel engines</p> | <p>asthmatics, all of whom are sensitive to its effects. In asthmatics, increase in resistance to air flow, as well as reduction in breathing capacity leading to severe breathing difficulties, are observed after acute exposure to SO₂. In contrast, healthy individuals do not exhibit similar acute responses even after exposure to higher concentrations of SO₂.</p> <p>Animal studies suggest that despite SO₂ being a respiratory irritant, it does not cause substantial lung injury at ambient concentrations. However, very high levels of exposure can cause lung edema (fluid accumulation), lung tissue damage, and sloughing off of cells lining the respiratory tract.</p> <p>Some population-based studies indicate that the mortality and morbidity effects associated with fine particles show a similar association with ambient SO₂ levels. In these studies, efforts to separate the effects of SO₂ from those of fine particles have not been successful. It is not clear whether the two pollutants act synergistically, or one pollutant alone is the predominant factor.</p> |
| <p>NO_x</p> | <p>NO_x consist of nitric oxide (NO), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) and nitrous oxide (N₂O) and are formed when nitrogen (N₂) combines with O₂. Their lifespan in the atmosphere ranges from</p> | <p>Any source that burns fuel such as automobiles, trucks, heavy construction equipment, farming</p> | <p>Population-based studies suggest that an increase in acute respiratory illness, including infections and respiratory symptoms in children (not infants), is</p> |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| | <p>one to seven days for nitric oxide and nitrogen dioxide, to 170 years for nitrous oxide. NO_x is typically created during combustion processes and are major contributors to smog formation and acid deposition. NO₂ is a criteria air pollutant and may result in numerous adverse health effects; it absorbs blue light, resulting in a brownish-red cast to the atmosphere and reduced visibility. Of the seven types of nitrogen oxide compounds, NO₂ is the most abundant in the atmosphere. As ambient concentrations of NO₂ are related to traffic density, commuters in heavy traffic may be exposed to higher concentrations of NO₂ than those indicated by regional monitoring station.</p> | <p>equipment and residential heating.</p> | <p>associated with long-term exposure to NO₂ at levels found in homes with gas stoves, which are higher than ambient levels found in Southern California. Increase in resistance to air flow and airway contraction is observed after short-term exposure to NO₂ in healthy subjects. Larger decreases in lung functions are observed in individuals with asthma or chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (e.g., chronic bronchitis, emphysema) than in healthy individuals, indicating a greater susceptibility of these sub-groups.</p> <p>In animals, exposure to levels of NO₂ higher than ambient concentrations result in increased susceptibility to infections, due to the observed changes in cells involved in maintaining immune functions. The severity of lung tissue damage associated with high levels of O₃ exposure increases when animals are exposed to a combination of O₃ and NO₂.</p> |
| <p>O₃</p> | <p>O₃ is a highly reactive and unstable gas that is formed when VOCs and NO_x, both byproducts of internal combustion engine exhaust, undergo slow photochemical reactions in the presence of sunlight. O₃ concentrations are highest during the summer months when direct sunlight, light wind, and warm temperature conditions are favorable to the formation of this pollutant.</p> | <p>Formed when reactive organic gases (ROG) and NO_x react in the presence of sunlight. ROG sources include any source that burns fuels, (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil) solvents, petroleum</p> | <p>Individuals exercising outdoors, children, and people with preexisting lung disease, such as asthma and chronic pulmonary lung disease, are considered to be the most susceptible sub-groups for O₃ effects. Short-term exposure (lasting for a few hours) to O₃ at levels typically observed in Southern California can result in breathing pattern changes, reduction of breathing capacity, increased</p> |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|--------------------|--|---|--|
| | | processing, storage, and pesticides. | <p>susceptibility to infections, inflammation of the lung tissue, and some immunological changes. Elevated O₃ levels are associated with increased school absences. In recent years, a correlation between elevated ambient O₃ levels and increases in daily hospital admission rates, as well as mortality, has also been reported. An increased risk for asthma has been found in children who participate in multiple outdoor sports and live in communities with high O₃ levels.</p> <p>O₃ exposure under exercising conditions is known to increase the severity of the responses described above. Animal studies suggest that exposure to a combination of pollutants that includes O₃ may be more toxic than exposure to O₃ alone. Although lung volume and resistance changes observed after a single exposure diminish with repeated exposures, biochemical and cellular changes appear to persist, which can lead to subsequent lung structural changes.</p> |
| Particulate Matter | PM ₁₀ : A major air pollutant consisting of tiny solid or liquid particles of soot, dust, smoke, fumes, and aerosols. Particulate matter pollution is a major cause of reduce visibility (haze) which is caused by the scattering of light and consequently the significant reduction air clarity. The size of the particles (10 microns or smaller, about 0.0004 inches or less) allows them to easily enter the lungs where they may be | Sources of PM ₁₀ include road dust, windblown dust and construction. Also formed from other pollutants (acid rain, NO _x , SO _x , organics). Incomplete combustion of any fuel. PM _{2.5} comes from | A consistent correlation between elevated ambient fine particulate matter (PM ₁₀ and PM _{2.5}) levels and an increase in mortality rates, respiratory infections, number and severity of asthma attacks and the number of hospital admissions has been observed in different parts of the United States and various areas around the world. In |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|--------------------|--|---|---|
| | <p>deposited, resulting in adverse health effects. Additionally, it should be noted that PM₁₀ is considered a criteria air pollutant.</p> <p>PM_{2.5}: A similar air pollutant to PM₁₀ consisting of tiny solid or liquid particles which are 2.5 microns or smaller (which is often referred to as fine particles). These particles are formed in the atmosphere from primary gaseous emissions that include SO₄ formed from SO₂ release from power plants and industrial facilities and nitrates that are formed from NO_x release from power plants, automobiles, and other types of combustion sources. The chemical composition of fine particles highly depends on location, time of year, and weather conditions. PM_{2.5} is a criteria air pollutant.</p> | <p>fuel combustion in motor vehicles, equipment, and industrial sources, residential and agricultural burning. Also formed from reaction of other pollutants (acid rain, NO_x, SO_x, organics).</p> | <p>recent years, some studies have reported an association between long-term exposure to air pollution dominated by fine particles and increased mortality, reduction in lifespan, and an increased mortality from lung cancer.</p> <p>Daily fluctuations in PM_{2.5} concentration levels have also been related to hospital admissions for acute respiratory conditions in children, to school and kindergarten absences, to a decrease in respiratory lung volumes in normal children, and to increased medication use in children and adults with asthma. Recent studies show lung function growth in children is reduced with long term exposure to particulate matter.</p> <p>The elderly, people with pre-existing respiratory or cardiovascular disease, and children are more susceptible to the effects of high levels of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}.</p> |
| VOC | <p>VOCs are hydrocarbon compounds (any compound containing various combinations of hydrogen and carbon atoms) that exist in the ambient air. VOCs contribute to the formation of smog through atmospheric photochemical reactions and/or may be toxic. Compounds of carbon (also known as organic compounds) have different levels of reactivity; that is, they do not react at the same speed or do not form O₃ to the same extent when exposed to photochemical processes. VOCs often have an odor, and some examples include gasoline, alcohol, and the</p> | <p>Organic chemicals are widely used as ingredients in household products. Paints, varnishes, and wax all contain organic solvents, as do many cleaning, disinfecting, cosmetic, degreasing and hobby products. Fuels are made up of organic chemicals. All of these products can release organic</p> | <p>Breathing VOCs can irritate the eyes, nose, and throat, can cause difficulty breathing and nausea, and can damage the central nervous system as well as other organs. Some VOCs can cause cancer. Not all VOCs have all these health effects, though many have several.</p> |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|--------------------|---|---|---|
| | <p>solvents used in paints. Exceptions to the VOC designation include CO, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates, and ammonium carbonate. VOCs are a criteria pollutant since they are a precursor to O₃, which is a criteria pollutant. The terms VOC and ROG (see below) interchangeably.</p> | <p>compounds while you are using them, and, to some degree, when they are stored.</p> | |
| <p>ROG</p> | <p>Similar to VOC, ROGs are also precursors in forming O₃ and consist of compounds containing methane, ethane, propane, butane, and longer chain hydrocarbons, which are typically the result of some type of combustion/decomposition process. Smog is formed when ROG and NO_x react in the presence of sunlight. ROGs are a criteria pollutant since they are a precursor to O₃, which is a criteria pollutant. The terms ROG and VOC (see previous) interchangeably.</p> | <p>Sources similar to VOCs.</p> | <p>Health effects similar to VOCs.</p> |
| <p>Lead (Pb)</p> | <p>Pb is a heavy metal that is highly persistent in the environment and is considered a criteria pollutant. In the past, the primary source of Pb in the air was emissions from vehicles burning leaded gasoline. The major sources of Pb emissions are ore and metals processing, particularly Pb smelters, and piston-engine aircraft operating on leaded aviation gasoline. Other stationary sources include waste incinerators, utilities, and lead-acid battery manufacturers. It should be noted that the Project does not include operational activities such as metal processing or Pb acid battery manufacturing. As such, the Project is not anticipated to</p> | <p>Metal smelters, resource recovery, leaded gasoline, deterioration of Pb paint.</p> | <p>Fetuses, infants, and children are more sensitive than others to the adverse effects of Pb exposure. Exposure to low levels of Pb can adversely affect the development and function of the central nervous system, leading to learning disorders, distractibility, inability to follow simple commands, and lower intelligence quotient. In adults, increased Pb levels are associated with increased blood pressure.</p> <p>Pb poisoning can cause anemia, lethargy, seizures, and death; although it appears that there are no direct effects of Pb on the respiratory system. Pb can be</p> |

| Criteria Pollutant | Description | Sources | Health Effects |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| | generate a quantifiable amount of Pb emissions. | | stored in the bone from early age environmental exposure, and elevated blood Pb levels can occur due to breakdown of bone tissue during pregnancy, hyperthyroidism (increased secretion of hormones from the thyroid gland) and osteoporosis (breakdown of bony tissue). Fetuses and breast-fed babies can be exposed to higher levels of Pb because of previous environmental Pb exposure of their mothers. |
| Odor | Odor means the perception experienced by a person when one or more chemical substances in the air come into contact with the human olfactory nerves (6). | Odors can come from many sources including animals, human activities, industry, natures, and vehicles. | Offensive odors can potentially affect human health in several ways. First, odorant compounds can irritate the eye, nose, and throat, which can reduce respiratory volume. Second, studies have shown that the VOCs that cause odors can stimulate sensory nerves to cause neurochemical changes that might influence health, for instance, by compromising the immune system. Finally, unpleasant odors can trigger memories or attitudes linked to unpleasant odors, causing cognitive and emotional effects such as stress. |

2.5 EXISTING AIR QUALITY

Existing air quality is measured at established SCAQMD air quality monitoring stations. Monitored air quality is evaluated in the context of ambient air quality standards. These standards are the levels of air quality that are considered safe, with an adequate margin of safety, to protect the public health and welfare. National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) and California Ambient Air Quality Standards (CAAQS) currently in effect are shown in Table 2-2 (7).

The determination of whether a region's air quality is healthful or unhealthful is determined by comparing contaminant levels in ambient air samples to the state and federal standards. At the time of this AQIA, the most recent state and federal standards were updated by CARB on May ,4 2016 and are presented in Table 2-2. The air quality in a region is considered to be in attainment by the state if the measured ambient air pollutant levels for O₃, CO (except 8-hour Lake Tahoe), SO₂ (1 and 24 hour), NO₂, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} are not to be exceeded. All others are not to be equaled or exceeded. It should be noted that the three-year period is presented for informational purposes and is not the basis for how the State assigns attainment status. Attainment status for a pollutant means that the SCAQMD meets the standards set by the EPA or the California EPA (CalEPA). Conversely, nonattainment means that an area has monitored air quality that does not meet the NAAQS or CAAQS standards. In order to improve air quality in nonattainment areas, a State Implementation Plan (SIP) is drafted by CARB. The SIP outlines the measures that the state will take to improve air quality. Once nonattainment areas meet the standards and additional redesignation requirements, the EPA will designate the area as a maintenance area (8).

TABLE 2-2: AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS (1 OF 2)

| Ambient Air Quality Standards | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Pollutant | Averaging Time | California Standards ¹ | | National Standards ² | | | |
| | | Concentration ³ | Method ⁴ | Primary ^{3,5} | Secondary ^{3,6} | Method ⁷ | |
| Ozone (O ₃) ⁸ | 1 Hour | 0.09 ppm (180 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Photometry | — | Same as Primary Standard | Ultraviolet Photometry | |
| | 8 Hour | 0.070 ppm (137 µg/m ³) | | 0.070 ppm (137 µg/m ³) | | | |
| Respirable Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀) ⁹ | 24 Hour | 50 µg/m ³ | Gravimetric or Beta Attenuation | 150 µg/m ³ | Same as Primary Standard | Inertial Separation and Gravimetric Analysis | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 20 µg/m ³ | | — | | | |
| Fine Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5}) ⁹ | 24 Hour | — | — | 35 µg/m ³ | Same as Primary Standard | Inertial Separation and Gravimetric Analysis | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 12 µg/m ³ | Gravimetric or Beta Attenuation | 12.0 µg/m ³ | | | 15 µg/m ³ |
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 1 Hour | 20 ppm (23 mg/m ³) | Non-Dispersive Infrared Photometry (NDIR) | 35 ppm (40 mg/m ³) | — | Non-Dispersive Infrared Photometry (NDIR) | |
| | 8 Hour | 9.0 ppm (10 mg/m ³) | | 9 ppm (10 mg/m ³) | | | |
| | 8 Hour (Lake Tahoe) | 6 ppm (7 mg/m ³) | | — | | | |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) ¹⁰ | 1 Hour | 0.18 ppm (339 µg/m ³) | Gas Phase Chemiluminescence | 100 ppb (188 µg/m ³) | — | Gas Phase Chemiluminescence | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 0.030 ppm (57 µg/m ³) | | 0.053 ppm (100 µg/m ³) | | | Same as Primary Standard |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) ¹¹ | 1 Hour | 0.25 ppm (655 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Fluorescence | 75 ppb (196 µg/m ³) | — | Ultraviolet Fluorescence; Spectrophotometry (Parosanaline Method) | |
| | 3 Hour | — | | — | | | 0.5 ppm (1300 µg/m ³) |
| | 24 Hour | 0.04 ppm (105 µg/m ³) | | 0.14 ppm (for certain areas) ¹¹ | | | — |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | — | | 0.030 ppm (for certain areas) ¹¹ | | | — |
| Lead ^{12,13} | 30 Day Average | 1.5 µg/m ³ | Atomic Absorption | — | — | High Volume Sampler and Atomic Absorption | |
| | Calendar Quarter | — | | 1.5 µg/m ³ (for certain areas) ¹² | | | Same as Primary Standard |
| | Rolling 3-Month Average | — | | 0.15 µg/m ³ | | | |
| Visibility Reducing Particles ¹⁴ | 8 Hour | See footnote 14 | Beta Attenuation and Transmittance through Filter Tape | No National Standards | | | |
| Sulfates | 24 Hour | 25 µg/m ³ | Ion Chromatography | | | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | 1 Hour | 0.03 ppm (42 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Fluorescence | | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride ¹² | 24 Hour | 0.01 ppm (26 µg/m ³) | Gas Chromatography | | | | |

See footnotes on next page ...

For more information please call ARB-PIO at (916) 322-2990

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TABLE 2-2: AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS (2 OF 2)

1. California standards for ozone, carbon monoxide (except 8-hour Lake Tahoe), sulfur dioxide (1 and 24 hour), nitrogen dioxide, and particulate matter (PM10, PM2.5, and visibility reducing particles), are values that are not to be exceeded. All others are not to be equaled or exceeded. California ambient air quality standards are listed in the Table of Standards in Section 70200 of Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations.
2. National standards (other than ozone, particulate matter, and those based on annual arithmetic mean) are not to be exceeded more than once a year. The ozone standard is attained when the fourth highest 8-hour concentration measured at each site in a year, averaged over three years, is equal to or less than the standard. For PM10, the 24 hour standard is attained when the expected number of days per calendar year with a 24-hour average concentration above $150 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ is equal to or less than one. For PM2.5, the 24 hour standard is attained when 98 percent of the daily concentrations, averaged over three years, are equal to or less than the standard. Contact the U.S. EPA for further clarification and current national policies.
3. Concentration expressed first in units in which it was promulgated. Equivalent units given in parentheses are based upon a reference temperature of 25°C and a reference pressure of 760 torr. Most measurements of air quality are to be corrected to a reference temperature of 25°C and a reference pressure of 760 torr; ppm in this table refers to ppm by volume, or micromoles of pollutant per mole of gas.
4. Any equivalent measurement method which can be shown to the satisfaction of the ARB to give equivalent results at or near the level of the air quality standard may be used.
5. National Primary Standards: The levels of air quality necessary, with an adequate margin of safety to protect the public health.
6. National Secondary Standards: The levels of air quality necessary to protect the public welfare from any known or anticipated adverse effects of a pollutant.
7. Reference method as described by the U.S. EPA. An "equivalent method" of measurement may be used but must have a "consistent relationship to the reference method" and must be approved by the U.S. EPA.
8. On October 1, 2015, the national 8-hour ozone primary and secondary standards were lowered from 0.075 to 0.070 ppm.
9. On December 14, 2012, the national annual PM2.5 primary standard was lowered from $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ to $12.0 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The existing national 24-hour PM2.5 standards (primary and secondary) were retained at $35 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, as was the annual secondary standard of $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The existing 24-hour PM10 standards (primary and secondary) of $150 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ also were retained. The form of the annual primary and secondary standards is the annual mean, averaged over 3 years.
10. To attain the 1-hour national standard, the 3-year average of the annual 98th percentile of the 1-hour daily maximum concentrations at each site must not exceed 100 ppb. Note that the national 1-hour standard is in units of parts per billion (ppb). California standards are in units of parts per million (ppm). To directly compare the national 1-hour standard to the California standards the units can be converted from ppb to ppm. In this case, the national standard of 100 ppb is identical to 0.100 ppm.
11. On June 2, 2010, a new 1-hour SO_2 standard was established and the existing 24-hour and annual primary standards were revoked. To attain the 1-hour national standard, the 3-year average of the annual 99th percentile of the 1-hour daily maximum concentrations at each site must not exceed 75 ppb. The 1971 SO_2 national standards (24-hour and annual) remain in effect until one year after an area is designated for the 2010 standard, except that in areas designated nonattainment for the 1971 standards, the 1971 standards remain in effect until implementation plans to attain or maintain the 2010 standards are approved.
 Note that the 1-hour national standard is in units of parts per billion (ppb). California standards are in units of parts per million (ppm). To directly compare the 1-hour national standard to the California standard the units can be converted to ppm. In this case, the national standard of 75 ppb is identical to 0.075 ppm.
12. The ARB has identified lead and vinyl chloride as 'toxic air contaminants' with no threshold level of exposure for adverse health effects determined. These actions allow for the implementation of control measures at levels below the ambient concentrations specified for these pollutants.
13. The national standard for lead was revised on October 15, 2008 to a rolling 3-month average. The 1978 lead standard ($1.5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a quarterly average) remains in effect until one year after an area is designated for the 2008 standard, except that in areas designated nonattainment for the 1978 standard, the 1978 standard remains in effect until implementation plans to attain or maintain the 2008 standard are approved.
14. In 1989, the ARB converted both the general statewide 10-mile visibility standard and the Lake Tahoe 30-mile visibility standard to instrumental equivalents, which are "extinction of 0.23 per kilometer" and "extinction of 0.07 per kilometer" for the statewide and Lake Tahoe Air Basin standards, respectively.

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2.6 REGIONAL AIR QUALITY

Air pollution contributes to a wide variety of adverse health effects. The EPA has established NAAQS for six of the most common air pollutants: CO, Pb, O₃, particulate matter (PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}), NO₂, and SO₂ which are known as criteria pollutants. The SCAQMD monitors levels of various criteria pollutants at 37 permanent monitoring stations and 5 single-pollutant source Pb air monitoring sites throughout the air district (9). On January 5, 2021, CARB posted the 2020 amendments to the state and national area designations. See Table 2-3 for attainment designations for the SCAB (10). Appendix 2.1 provides geographic representation of the state and federal attainment status for applicable criteria pollutants within the SCAB.

TABLE 2-3: ATTAINMENT STATUS OF CRITERIA POLLUTANTS IN THE SCAB

| Criteria Pollutant | State Designation | Federal Designation |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| O ₃ – 1-hour standard | Nonattainment | -- |
| O ₃ – 8-hour standard | Nonattainment | Nonattainment |
| PM ₁₀ | Nonattainment | Attainment |
| PM _{2.5} | Nonattainment | Nonattainment |
| CO | Attainment | Unclassifiable/Attainment |
| NO ₂ | Attainment | Unclassifiable/Attainment |
| SO ₂ | Attainment | Unclassifiable/Attainment |
| Pb ¹ | Attainment | Unclassifiable/Attainment |

Note: See Appendix 2.1 for a detailed map of State/National Area Designations within the SCAB
 "--" = The national 1-hour O₃ standard was revoked effective June 15, 2005.

2.7 LOCAL AIR QUALITY

The SCAQMD has designated general forecast areas and air monitoring areas (referred to as Source Receptor Areas [SRA]) throughout the district in order to provide Southern California residents about the air quality conditions. The Project site is located within the Perris Valley area (SRA 24). The Perris Valley monitoring station is located approximately 3.9 miles north of the Project site and reports air quality statistics for O₃ and PM₁₀. As the Perris Valley monitoring station does not provide data for CO, NO₂, or PM_{2.5}, the next nearest monitoring stations will be utilized. Data for CO and NO₂ was obtained from the Elsinore Valley monitoring station, located in SRA 25, approximately 8.4 miles southwest of the Project site. The nearest station for PM_{2.5} data was obtained from the Metropolitan Riverside County monitoring station which is located approximately 22.0 miles northwest of the Project site in SRA 23. It should be noted that data from Elsinore Valley and Metropolitan Riverside County monitoring stations were utilized in lieu of the Perris Valley monitoring station only in instances where data was not available.

The most recent three (3) years of data available is shown on Table 2-4 and identifies the number of days ambient air quality standards were exceeded for the study area, which is considered to

¹ The Federal nonattainment designation for lead is only applicable towards the Los Angeles County portion of the SCAB.

be representative of the local air quality at the Project site. Data for O₃, CO, NO₂, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} for 2018 through 2020 was obtained from the SCAQMD Air Quality Data Tables (11). Additionally, data for SO₂ has been omitted as attainment is regularly met in the SCAB and few monitoring stations measure SO₂ concentrations.

TABLE 2-4: PROJECT AREA AIR QUALITY MONITORING SUMMARY 2018-2020

| Pollutant | Standard | Year | | |
|--|-------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| O₃ | | | | |
| Maximum Federal 1-Hour Concentration (ppm) | | 0.117 | 0.118 | 0.125 |
| Maximum Federal 8-Hour Concentration (ppm) | | 0.103 | 0.095 | 0.106 |
| Number of Days Exceeding State 1-Hour Standard | > 0.09 ppm | 31 | 26 | 34 |
| Number of Days Exceeding State/Federal 8-Hour Standard | > 0.070 ppm | 67 | 64 | 74 |
| CO | | | | |
| Maximum Federal 1-Hour Concentration | > 35 ppm | 1.1 | 1.6 | 0.9 |
| Maximum Federal 8-Hour Concentration | > 20 ppm | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| NO₂ | | | | |
| Maximum Federal 1-Hour Concentration | > 0.100 ppm | 0.041 | 0.038 | 0.044 |
| Annual Federal Standard Design Value | | 0.009 | 0.007 | 0.007 |
| PM₁₀ | | | | |
| Maximum Federal 24-Hour Concentration (µg/m ³) | > 150 µg/m ³ | 64 | 97 | 77 |
| Annual Federal Arithmetic Mean (µg/m ³) | | 29.7 | 25.3 | 35.9 |
| Number of Days Exceeding Federal 24-Hour Standard | > 150 µg/m ³ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Number of Days Exceeding State 24-Hour Standard | > 50 µg/m ³ | 3 | 4 | 6 |
| PM_{2.5} | | | | |
| Maximum Federal 24-Hour Concentration (µg/m ³) | > 35 µg/m ³ | 50.70 | 46.70 | 41.00 |
| Annual Federal Arithmetic Mean (µg/m ³) | > 12 µg/m ³ | 12.41 | 11.13 | 12.63 |
| Number of Days Exceeding Federal 24-Hour Standard | > 35 µg/m ³ | 2 | 4 | 4 |

ppm = Parts Per Million

µg/m³ = Microgram per Cubic Meter

Source: Data for O₃, CO, NO₂, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} was obtained from SCAQMD Air Quality Data Tables.

2.8 REGULATORY BACKGROUND

2.8.1 FEDERAL REGULATIONS

The EPA is responsible for setting and enforcing the NAAQS for O₃, CO, NO_x, SO₂, PM₁₀, and Pb (12). The EPA has jurisdiction over emissions sources that are under the authority of the federal government including aircraft, locomotives, and emissions sources outside state waters (Outer Continental Shelf). The EPA also establishes emission standards for vehicles sold in states other than California. Automobiles sold in California must meet the stricter emission requirements of CARB.

The Federal Clean Air Act (CAA) was first enacted in 1955 and has been amended numerous times in subsequent years (1963, 1965, 1967, 1970, 1977, and 1990). The CAA establishes the federal air quality standards, the NAAQS, and specifies future dates for achieving compliance (13). The CAA also mandates that states submit and implement SIPs for local areas not meeting these standards. These plans must include pollution control measures that demonstrate how the standards will be met.

The 1990 amendments to the CAA that identify specific emission reduction goals for areas not meeting the NAAQS require a demonstration of reasonable further progress toward attainment and incorporate additional sanctions for failure to attain or to meet interim milestones. The sections of the CAA most directly applicable to the development of the Project site include Title I (Non-Attainment Provisions) and Title II (Mobile Source Provisions) (14) (15). Title I provisions were established with the goal of attaining the NAAQS for the following criteria pollutants O₃, NO₂, SO₂, PM₁₀, CO, PM_{2.5}, and Pb. The NAAQS were amended in July 1997 to include an additional standard for O₃ and to adopt a NAAQS for PM_{2.5}. Table 2-3 (previously presented) provides the NAAQS within the SCAB.

Mobile source emissions are regulated in accordance with Title II provisions. These provisions require the use of cleaner burning gasoline and other cleaner burning fuels such as methanol and natural gas. Automobile manufacturers are also required to reduce tailpipe emissions of hydrocarbons and NO_x. NO_x is a collective term that includes all forms of NO_x which are emitted as byproducts of the combustion process.

2.8.2 CALIFORNIA REGULATIONS

CARB

CARB, which became part of CalEPA in 1991, is responsible for ensuring implementation of the California Clean Air Act (AB 2595), responding to the federal CAA, and for regulating emissions from consumer products and motor vehicles. AB 2595 mandates achievement of the maximum degree of emissions reductions possible from vehicular and other mobile sources in order to attain the state ambient air quality standards by the earliest practical date. CARB established the CAAQS for all pollutants for which the federal government has NAAQS and, in addition, establishes standards for SO₄, visibility, hydrogen sulfide (H₂S), and vinyl chloride (C₂H₃Cl). However, at this time, H₂S and C₂H₃Cl are not measured at any monitoring stations in the SCAB because they are not considered to be a regional air quality problem. Generally, the CAAQS are more stringent than the NAAQS (16) (12).

Local air quality management districts, such as the SCAQMD, regulate air emissions from stationary sources such as commercial and industrial facilities. All air pollution control districts have been formally designated as attainment or non-attainment for each CAAQS.

Serious non-attainment areas are required to prepare Air Quality Management Plans (AQMP) that include specified emission reduction strategies in an effort to meet clean air goals. These plans are required to include:

- Application of Best Available Retrofit Control Technology to existing sources;

- Developing control programs for area sources (e.g., architectural coatings and solvents) and indirect sources (e.g. motor vehicle use generated by residential and commercial development);
- A District permitting system designed to allow no net increase in emissions from any new or modified permitted sources of emissions;
- Implementing available transportation control measures and assuring a substantial reduction in growth rate of vehicle trips and miles traveled;
- Significant use of low emissions vehicles by fleet operators;
- Sufficient control strategies to achieve a 5% or more annual reduction in emissions or 15% or more in a period of three years for ROG_s, NO_x, CO and PM₁₀. However, air basins may use alternative emission reduction strategy that achieves a reduction of less than 5% per year under certain circumstances.

TITLE 24 ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS AND CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS

California Code of Regulations (CCR) Title 24 Part 6: The California Energy Code was first adopted in 1978 in response to a legislative mandate to reduce California's energy consumption.

The standards are updated periodically to allow consideration and incorporation of new energy efficient technologies and methods. CCR, Title 24, Part 11: California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen) is a comprehensive and uniform regulatory code for all residential, commercial, and school buildings that went in effect on August 1, 2009, and is administered by the California Building Standards Commission.

CALGreen is updated on a regular basis, with the most recent approved update consisting of the 2022 California Green Building Code Standards that will be effective on January 1, 2023. The CEC anticipates that the 2022 energy code will provide \$1.5 billion in consumer benefits and reduce GHG emissions by 10 million metric tons (17). The Project would be required to comply with the applicable standards in place at the time plan check submittals are made. These require, among other items (18):

NONRESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES

- Short-term bicycle parking. If the new project or an additional alteration is anticipated to generate visitor traffic, provide permanently anchored bicycle racks within 200 feet of the visitors' entrance, readily visible to passers-by, for 5% of new visitor motorized vehicle parking spaces being added, with a minimum of one two-bike capacity rack (5.106.4.1.1).
- Long-term bicycle parking. For new buildings with tenant spaces that have 10 or more tenant-occupants, provide secure bicycle parking for 5% of the tenant-occupant vehicular parking spaces with a minimum of one bicycle parking facility (5.106.4.1.2).
- Designated parking for clean air vehicles. In new projects or additions to alterations that add 10 or more vehicular parking spaces, provide designated parking for any combination of low-emitting, fuel-efficient and carpool/van pool vehicles as shown in Table 5.106.5.2 (5.106.5.2).

- EV charging stations. New construction shall facilitate the future installation of EV supply equipment. The compliance requires empty raceways for future conduit and documentation that the electrical system has adequate capacity for the future load. The number of spaces to be provided for is contained in Table 5.106.5.3.3 (5.106.5.3). Additionally, Table 5.106.5.4.1 specifies requirements for the installation of raceway conduit and panel power requirements for medium- and heavy-duty EV supply equipment for warehouses, grocery stores, and retail stores.
- Outdoor light pollution reduction. Outdoor lighting systems shall be designed to meet the backlight, upright and glare ratings per Table 5.106.8 (5.106.8).
- Construction waste management. Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65% of the nonhazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with Section 5.408.1.1, 5.405.1.2, or 5.408.1.3; or meet a local construction and demolition waste management ordinance, whichever is more stringent (5.408.1).
- Excavated soil and land clearing debris. 100% of trees, stumps, rocks and associated vegetation and soils resulting primarily from land clearing shall be reuse or recycled. For a phased project, such material may be stockpiled on site until the storage site is developed (5.408.3).
- Recycling by Occupants. Provide readily accessible areas that serve the entire building and are identified for the depositing, storage, and collection of non-hazardous materials for recycling, including (at a minimum) paper, corrugated cardboard, glass, plastics, organic waste, and metals or meet a lawfully enacted local recycling ordinance, if more restrictive (5.410.1).
- Water conserving plumbing fixtures and fittings. Plumbing fixtures (water closets and urinals) and fittings (faucets and showerheads) shall comply with the following:
 - Water Closets. The effective flush volume of all water closets shall not exceed 1.28 gallons per flush (5.303.3.1)
 - Urinals. The effective flush volume of wall-mounted urinals shall not exceed 0.125 gallons per flush (5.303.3.2.1). The effective flush volume of floor-mounted or other urinals shall not exceed 0.5 gallons per flush (5.303.3.2.2).
 - Showerheads. Single showerheads shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 1.8 gallons per minute and 80 psi (5.303.3.3.1). When a shower is served by more than one showerhead, the combine flow rate of all showerheads and/or other shower outlets controlled by a single valve shall not exceed 1.8 gallons per minute at 80 psi (5.303.3.3.2).
 - Faucets and fountains. Nonresidential lavatory faucets shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 0.5 gallons per minute at 60 psi (5.303.3.4.1). Kitchen faucets shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 1.8 gallons per minute of 60 psi (5.303.3.4.2). Wash fountains shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 1.8 gallons per minute (5.303.3.4.3). Metering faucets shall not deliver more than 0.20 gallons per cycle (5.303.3.4.4). Metering faucets for wash fountains shall have a maximum flow rate not more than 0.20 gallons per cycle (5.303.3.4.5).
- Outdoor potable water uses in landscaped areas. Nonresidential developments shall comply with a local water efficient landscape ordinance or the current California Department of Water Resources' Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO), whichever is more stringent (5.304.1).

- Water meters. Separate submeters or metering devices shall be installed for new buildings or additions in excess of 50,000 sf or for excess consumption where any tenant within a new building or within an addition that is project to consume more than 1,000 gallons per day (GPD) (5.303.1.1 and 5.303.1.2).
- Outdoor water uses in rehabilitated landscape projects equal or greater than 2,500 sf. Rehabilitated landscape projects with an aggregate landscape area equal to or greater than 2,500 sf requiring a building or landscape permit (5.304.3).
- Commissioning. For new buildings 10,000 sf and over, building commissioning shall be included in the design and construction processes of the building project to verify that the building systems and components meet the owner's or owner representative's project requirements (5.410.2).

2.8.3 AQMP

Currently, the NAAQS and CAAQS are exceeded in most parts of the SCAB. In response, the SCAQMD has adopted a series of AQMP to meet the state and federal ambient air quality standards (19). AQMPs are updated regularly to ensure an effective reduction in emissions, accommodate growth, and to minimize any negative fiscal impacts of air pollution control on the economy. A detailed discussion on the AQMP and Project consistency with the AQMP is provided in Section 3.10.

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3 PROJECT AIR QUALITY IMPACT

3.1 INTRODUCTION

This study quantifies air quality emissions generated by construction and operation of the Project and addresses whether the Project conflicts with implementation of the SCAQMD’s AQMP and Lead Agency planning regulations. The analysis of Project-generated air emissions determines whether the Project would result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the SCAB is in non-attainment under an applicable NAAQS and CAAQS. Additionally, the Project has been evaluated to determine whether the Project would expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations and the impacts of odors. The significance of these potential impacts is described in the following sections.

3.2 STANDARDS OF SIGNIFICANCE

The criteria used to determine the significance of potential Project-related air quality impacts are taken from the *CEQA Guidelines* (14 CCR §§15000, et seq.). Based on these thresholds, a project would result in a significant impact related to air quality if it would (1):

- Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan.
- Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is in non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard.
- Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations.
- Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors) adversely affecting a substantial number of people.

The SCAQMD has also developed regional significance thresholds for other regulated pollutants, as summarized at Table 3-1 (20). The SCAQMD’s *CEQA Air Quality Significance Thresholds* (April 2019) indicate that any projects in the SCAB with daily emissions that exceed any of the indicated thresholds should be considered as having an individually and cumulatively significant air quality impact.

TABLE 3-1: MAXIMUM DAILY REGIONAL EMISSIONS THRESHOLDS

| Pollutant | Regional Construction Threshold | Regional Operational Thresholds |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NO _x | 100 lbs/day | 55 lbs/day |
| VOC | 75 lbs/day | 55 lbs/day |
| PM ₁₀ | 150 lbs/day | 150 lbs/day |
| PM _{2.5} | 55 lbs/day | 55 lbs/day |
| SO _x | 150 lbs/day | 150 lbs/day |
| CO | 550 lbs/day | 550 lbs/day |
| Pb | 3 lbs/day | 3 lbs/day |

lbs/day = Pounds Per Day

3.3 MODELS EMPLOYED TO ANALYZE AIR QUALITY

3.3.1 CALFEEMOD

Land uses such as the Project affect air quality through construction-source and operational-source emissions.

In May 2022, the California Air Pollution Control Officers Association (CAPCOA) in conjunction with other California air districts, including SCAQMD, released the latest version of CalFEEMod version 2022.1. The purpose of this model is to calculate construction-source and operational-source criteria pollutant (VOCs, NO_x, SO_x, CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}) and GHG emissions from direct and indirect sources; and quantify applicable air quality and GHG reductions achieved from mitigation measures (21). Accordingly, the latest version of CalFEEMod has been used for this Project to determine construction and operational air quality emissions. Output from the model runs for both construction and operational activity are provided in Appendices 3.1 through 3.3.

3.4 CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS

3.4.1 CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

Construction activities associated with the Project would result in emissions of VOCs, NO_x, SO_x, CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}. Construction related emissions are expected from the following construction activities:

- Site Preparation
- Grading
- Building Construction
- Paving
- Architectural Coating

GRADING ACTIVITIES

Dust is typically a major concern during grading activities. Because such emissions are not amenable to collection and discharge through a controlled source, they are called “fugitive emissions”. Fugitive dust emissions rates vary as a function of many parameters (soil silt, soil moisture, wind speed, area disturbed, number of vehicles, depth of disturbance or excavation, etc.). CalFEEMod was utilized to calculate fugitive dust emissions resulting from this phase of activity. Based on information provided by the Project Applicant, the Project will balance on-site.

OFF-SITE UTILITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS

In addition, to support the Project development, there may be paving for off-site improvements associated with roadway construction and utility installation for the Project. It is expected that the off-site construction activities would not take place at one location for the entire duration of construction. Impacts associated with these activities are not expected to exceed the emissions identified for Project-related construction activities since the off-site construction areas would have physical constraints on the amount of daily activity that could occur. The physical

constraints would limit the amount of construction equipment that could be used, and any off-site and utility infrastructure construction would not use equipment totals that would exceed the equipment totals on Table 3-4. As such, no impacts beyond what has already been identified in this report are expected to occur.

ON-ROAD TRIPS

Construction generates on-road vehicle emissions from vehicle usage for workers and vendors trucks commuting to and from the site. The number of worker and vendor trips are presented below in Table 3-2. Worker trips are based on CalEEMod defaults. It should be noted that for vendor trips, specifically, CalEEMod only assigns vendor trips to the Building Construction phase. Vendor trips would occur during all phases of construction. As such, the CalEEMod defaults for vendor trips have been adjusted based on a ratio of the total vendor trips to the number of days of each subphase of activity.

TABLE 3-2: CONSTRUCTION TRIP ASSUMPTIONS

| Construction Activity | Worker Trips Per Day | Vendor Trips Per Day |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Site Preparation | 18 | 2 |
| Grading | 20 | 6 |
| Building Construction | 106 | 34 |
| Paving | 15 | 0 |
| Architectural Coating | 21 | 0 |

3.4.2 CONSTRUCTION DURATION

For purposes of analysis, construction of Project is expected to commence in September 2023 and would last through August 2024. The construction schedule utilized in the analysis, shown in Table 3-3, represents a “worst-case” analysis scenario should construction occur any time after the respective dates since emission factors for construction decrease as time passes and the analysis year increases due to emission regulations becoming more stringent². The duration of construction activity and associated equipment represents a reasonable approximation of the expected construction fleet as required per *CEQA Guidelines* (1).

3.4.3 CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

Consistent with industry standards and typical construction practices, each piece of equipment listed in Table 3-4 will operate up to a total of eight (8) hours per day, or more than two-thirds of the period during which construction activities are allowed pursuant to the code.

² As shown in the CalEEMod User’s Guide Version 2022.1, Section 4.3 “Off-Road Equipment” as the analysis year increases, emission factors for the same equipment pieces decrease due to the natural turnover of older equipment being replaced by newer less polluting equipment and new regulatory requirements.

TABLE 3-3: CONSTRUCTION DURATION

| Construction Activity | Start Date | End Date | Days |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------|
| Site Preparation | 09/05/2023 | 09/18/2023 | 10 |
| Grading | 09/19/2023 | 10/30/2023 | 30 |
| Building Construction | 10/31/2023 | 08/05/2024 | 200 |
| Paving | 07/09/2024 | 08/05/2024 | 20 |
| Architectural Coating | 06/11/2024 | 08/05/2024 | 40 |

TABLE 3-4: CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT ASSUMPTIONS

| Construction Activity | Equipment ¹ | Amount | Hours Per Day |
|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|---------------|
| Site Preparation | Crawler Tractors | 4 | 8 |
| | Rubber Tired Dozers | 3 | 8 |
| Grading | Crawler Tractors | 2 | 8 |
| | Excavators | 2 | 8 |
| | Graders | 1 | 8 |
| | Rubber Tired Dozers | 1 | 8 |
| | Scrapers | 2 | 8 |
| Building Construction | Cranes | 2 | 8 |
| | Crawler Tractors | 4 | 8 |
| | Forklifts | 4 | 8 |
| | Generators Sets | 2 | 8 |
| | Welders | 2 | 8 |
| Pavers | Pavers | 2 | 8 |
| | Paving Equipment | 2 | 8 |
| | Rollers | 2 | 8 |
| Architectural Coating | Air Compressors | 1 | 8 |

¹ In order to account for fugitive dust emissions, Crawler Tractors were used in lieu of Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes during the site preparation and grading phases of Project construction.

3.4.4 CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS SUMMARY

IMPACTS WITHOUT MITIGATION

The estimated maximum daily construction emissions without mitigation are summarized on Table 3-5. Detailed construction model outputs are presented in Appendix 3.1. Under the assumed scenarios, emissions resulting from the Project construction will not exceed the thresholds established by the SCAQMD for emissions of any criteria pollutant.

TABLE 3-5: OVERALL CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS SUMMARY

| Year | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | VOC | NO _x | CO | SO _x | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Summer | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 5.69 | 48.40 | 51.20 | 0.07 | 8.58 | 5.09 |
| 2024 | 37.50 | 37.80 | 48.70 | 0.07 | 4.12 | 2.34 |
| Winter | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 7.76 | 44.30 | 86.70 | 0.11 | 5.15 | 2.91 |
| 2024 | 3.58 | 28.80 | 32.00 | 0.05 | 3.22 | 1.83 |
| Maximum Daily Emissions | 37.50 | 48.40 | 86.70 | 0.11 | 8.58 | 5.09 |
| SCAQMD Regional Threshold | 75 | 100 | 550 | 150 | 150 | 55 |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

Source: CalEEMod construction-source (unmitigated) emissions are presented in Appendix 3.1.

3.5 OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS

Operational activities associated with the Project would result in emissions of VOCs, NO_x, SO_x, CO, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}. Operational emissions are expected from the following primary sources:

- Area Source Emissions
- Energy Source Emissions
- Mobile Source Emissions
- On-Site Cargo Handling Equipment Emissions
- Stationary Source Emissions

3.5.1 AREA SOURCE EMISSIONS

ARCHITECTURAL COATINGS

Over a period of time the buildings that are part of this Project would require maintenance and would therefore produce emissions resulting from the evaporation of solvents contained in paints, varnishes, primers, and other surface coatings. The emissions associated with architectural coatings were calculated using CalEEMod.

CONSUMER PRODUCTS

Consumer products include, but are not limited to detergents, cleaning compounds, polishes, personal care products, and lawn and garden products. Many of these products contain organic compounds which when released in the atmosphere can react to form ozone and other photochemically reactive pollutants. The emissions associated with use of consumer products were calculated based on defaults provided within CalEEMod.

LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT

Landscape maintenance equipment would generate emissions from fuel combustion and evaporation of unburned fuel. Equipment in this category would include lawnmowers, shredders/grinders, blowers, trimmers, chain saws, and hedge trimmers used to maintain the landscaping of the Project. It should be noted that as October 9, 2021, Governor Gavin Newsom signed AB 1346. The bill aims to ban the sale of new gasoline-powered equipment under 25 gross horsepower (known as small off-road engines [SOREs]) by 2024. For purposes of analysis, the emissions associated with landscape maintenance equipment were calculated based on assumptions provided in CalEEMod.

3.5.2 ENERGY SOURCE EMISSIONS

COMBUSTION EMISSIONS ASSOCIATED WITH ELECTRICITY

Criteria pollutant emissions are emitted through the generation of electricity. However, because electrical generating facilities for the Project area are located either outside the region (state) or offset through the use of pollution credits (RECLAIM) for generation within the SCAB, criteria pollutant emissions from offsite generation of electricity are excluded from the evaluation of significance. Based on information provided by the Project applicant, the site is also not expected to utilize natural gas for the building envelope, and therefore would not generate any emissions from direct energy consumption.

3.5.3 MOBILE SOURCE EMISSIONS

The Project related operational air quality emissions derive primarily from vehicle trips generated by the Project, including employee trips to and from the site and truck trips associated with the proposed uses.

It should be noted that CalEEMod has different trip rates for different days of the week. In order to accurately determine mobile-source emission from vehicle activity generated by the proposed Project, the CalEEMod default trip rates were adjusted for weekday, Saturday, and Sunday utilizing the trip rates based on trip-generation statistics published in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Trip Generation Manual (11th Edition, 2021) (22). The following trip generation rates and vehicle mix were utilized for calculating the trip generation for the proposed Project:

- ITE land use code 140 (Manufacturing) has been used to derive site specific trip generation estimates for up to 100,000 sf. The vehicle mix has been obtained from the ITE's Trip Generation Manual Supplement (dated February 2020).
- ITE land use code 150 (Warehousing) has been used to derive site specific trip generation estimates for up to 139,971 sf. The vehicle mix has been obtained from the ITE's Trip Generation Manual Supplement (dated February 2020).

APPROACH FOR ANALYSIS OF THE PROJECT

To determine emissions from passenger car vehicles, the CalEEMod defaults were utilized for trip length and trip purpose for the proposed industrial land uses. For the proposed industrial uses,

this analysis assumes that passenger cars include Light-Duty-Auto vehicles (LDA), Light-Duty-Trucks (LDT1³ & LDT2⁴), Medium-Duty-Vehicles (MDV), and Motorcycles (MCY) vehicle types. In order to account for emissions generated by passenger cars, the fleet mix in Table 3-6 was utilized.

TABLE 3-6: PASSENGER CAR FLEET MIX

| Land Use | % Vehicle Type | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-------|--------|--------|-------|
| | LDA | LDT1 | LDT2 | MDV | MCY |
| Manufacturing | 55.76% | 4.52% | 22.17% | 15.30% | 2.25% |
| Warehouse | | | | | |

Note: The Project-specific passenger car fleet mix used in this analysis is based on a proportional split utilizing the default CalEEMod percentages assigned to LDA, LDT1, LDT2, and MDV vehicle types.

To determine emissions from trucks for the proposed industrial uses, the analysis incorporated the SCAQMD recommended truck trip length of 15.3 miles for 2-axle (LHDT1, LHDT2), 14.2 miles for 3-axle (MHDT) trucks, and 40 miles for 4+-axle (HHDT) trucks and weighting the average trip lengths using traffic trip percentages. The trip length function for the industrial uses have been revised to 30.7 miles and 30.5 miles for the manufacturing and warehouse uses, respectively, an assumption of 100% primary trips for the proposed industrial land uses. Trucks are broken down by truck type. The truck fleet mix is estimated by rationing the trip rates for each truck type based on information provided by the SCAQMD recommended truck mix, by axle type. Heavy trucks are broken down by truck type (or axle type) and are categorized as either Light-Heavy-Duty Trucks (LHDT1⁵ & LHDT2⁶)/2-axle, Medium-Heavy-Duty Trucks (MHDT)/3-axle, and Heavy-Heavy-Duty Trucks (HHDT)/4+-axle. To account for emissions generated by trucks, the following fleet mix was utilized in this analysis:

TABLE 3-7: TRUCK FLEET MIX

| Land Use | % Vehicle Type | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-------|--------|--------|
| | LHDT1 | LHDT2 | MHDT | HHDT |
| Manufacturing | 11.82% | 3.34% | 21.21% | 63.64% |
| Warehouse | 13.12% | 3.70% | 20.56% | 62.62% |

Note: Project-specific truck fleet mix is based on the number of trips generated by each truck type (LHDT1, LHDT2, MHDT, and HHDT) relative to the total number of truck trips.

³ Vehicles under the LDT1 category have a gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of less than 6,000 lbs. and equivalent test weight (ETW) of less than or equal to 3,750 lbs.

⁴ Vehicles under the LDT2 category have a GVWR of less than 6,000 lbs. and ETW between 3,751 lbs. and 5,750 lbs.

⁵ Vehicles under the LHDT1 category have a GVWR of 8,501 to 10,000 lbs.

⁶ Vehicles under the LHDT2 category have a GVWR of 10,001 to 14,000 lbs.

FUGITIVE DUST RELATED TO VEHICULAR TRAVEL

Vehicles traveling on paved roads would be a source of fugitive emissions due to the generation of road dust inclusive of brake and tire wear particulates. The emissions estimate for travel on paved roads were calculated using CalEEMod.

3.5.4 ON-SITE CARGO HANDLING EQUIPMENT SOURCE EMISSIONS

It is common for industrial buildings to require the operation of exterior cargo handling equipment in the building’s truck court areas. For this particular Project, on-site modeled operational equipment includes up to two (2) 175 horsepower (hp), natural gas-powered cargo handling equipment – port tractor operating 4 hours a day⁷ for 365 days of the year.

3.5.5 OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS SUMMARY

As previously stated, CalEEMod utilizes summer and winter EMFAC2021 emission factors in order to derive vehicle emissions associated with Project operational activities, which vary by season. The estimated operational-source emissions are summarized on Table 3-8. Detailed operation model outputs for the Project are presented in Appendix 3.2. As shown on Table 3-8, the Project’s daily regional emissions from on-going operations would not exceed the thresholds of significance for emissions of any criteria pollutant.

TABLE 3-8: SUMMARY OF PEAK OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS (1 OF 2)

| Source | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | VOC | NO _x | CO | SO _x | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Summer | | | | | | |
| Mobile Source | 1.78 | 12.54 | 22.38 | 0.14 | 3.26 | 0.81 |
| Area Source | 7.88 | 0.09 | 10.96 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| On-Site Equipment Source | 0.23 | 0.75 | 32.89 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Project Maximum Daily Emissions | 9.89 | 13.38 | 66.23 | 0.14 | 3.33 | 0.88 |
| SCAQMD Regional Threshold | 55 | 55 | 550 | 150 | 150 | 55 |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

⁷ Based on Table II-3, Port and Rail Cargo Handling Equipment Demographics by Type, from CARB’s Technology Assessment: Mobile Cargo Handling Equipment document, a single piece of equipment could operate up to 2 hours per day (Total Average Annual Activity divided by Total Number Pieces of Equipment). As such, the analysis conservatively assumes that the tractor/loader/backhoe would operate up to 4 hours per day.

TABLE 3-8: SUMMARY OF PEAK OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS (2 OF 2)

| Source | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | VOC | NO _x | CO | SO _x | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Winter | | | | | | |
| Mobile Source | 1.70 | 13.13 | 18.84 | 0.13 | 3.26 | 0.81 |
| Area Source | 6.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| On-Site Equipment Source | 0.23 | 0.75 | 32.89 | 0.00 | 0.06 | 0.05 |
| Project Maximum Daily Emissions | 8.02 | 13.88 | 51.73 | 0.13 | 3.32 | 0.86 |
| SCAQMD Regional Threshold | 55 | 55 | 550 | 150 | 150 | 55 |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO |

Source: CalEEMod operational-source emissions are presented in Appendix 3.2.

3.6 LOCALIZED SIGNIFICANCE

BACKGROUND ON LST DEVELOPMENT

The analysis makes use of methodology included in the SCAQMD *Final Localized Significance Threshold Methodology* (LST Methodology). The SCAQMD has established that impacts to air quality are significant if there is a potential to contribute or cause localized exceedances of the federal and/or state ambient air quality standards (NAAQS/CAAQS). Collectively, these are referred to as Localized Significance Thresholds (LSTs).

The SCAQMD established LSTs in response to the SCAQMD Governing Board’s Environmental Justice Initiative I-4⁸. LSTs represent the maximum emissions from a project that would not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the most stringent applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard at the nearest residence or sensitive receptor. The SCAQMD states that lead agencies can use the LSTs as another indicator of significance in its air quality impact analyses.

LSTs were developed in response to environmental justice and health concerns raised by the public regarding exposure of individuals to criteria pollutants in local communities. To address the issue of localized significance, the SCAQMD adopted LSTs that show whether a project would cause or contribute to localized air quality impacts and thereby cause or contribute to potential localized adverse health effects. The analysis makes use of methodology included in the *LST Methodology* (23).

⁸ The purpose of SCAQMD’s Environmental Justice program is to ensure that everyone has the right to equal protection from air pollution and fair access to the decision-making process that works to improve the quality of air within their communities. Further, the SCAQMD defines Environmental Justice as “...equitable environmental policymaking and enforcement to protect the health of all residents, regardless of age, culture, ethnicity, gender, race, socioeconomic status, or geographic location, from the health effects of air pollution.”

APPLICABILITY OF LSTs FOR THE PROJECT

For this Project, the appropriate SRA for the LST analysis is the SCAQMD Perris Valley (SRA 24). LSTs apply to CO, NO₂, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}. The SCAQMD produced look-up tables for projects less than or equal to 5 acres in size.

In order to determine the appropriate methodology for determining localized impacts that could occur as a result of Project-related construction, the following process is undertaken:

- Identify the maximum daily on-site emissions that would occur during construction activity:
 - The maximum daily on-site emissions could be based on information provided by the Project Applicant; or
 - The SCAQMD's *Fact Sheet for Applying CalEEMod to Localized Significance Thresholds* and *CalEEMod User's Guide Appendix A: Calculation Details for CalEEMod* can be used to determine the maximum site acreage that is actively disturbed based on the construction equipment fleet and equipment hours as estimated in CalEEMod (24) (25).
- If the total acreage disturbed is less than or equal to 5 acres per day, then the SCAQMD's screening look-up tables are utilized to determine if a Project has the potential to result in a significant impact. The look-up tables establish a maximum daily emissions threshold in lbs/day that can be compared to CalEEMod outputs.
- If the total acreage disturbed is greater than 5 acres per day, then LST impacts may still be conservatively evaluated using the LST look-up tables for a 5-acre disturbance area. Use of the 5-acre disturbance area thresholds can be used to show that even if the daily emissions from all construction activity were emitted within a 5-acre area, and therefore concentrated over a smaller area which would result in greater site adjacent concentrations, the impacts would still be less than significant if the applicable 5-acre thresholds are utilized.
- The *LST Methodology* presents mass emission rates for each SRA, project sizes of 1, 2, and 5 acres, and nearest receptor distances of 25, 50, 100, 200, and 500 meters. For project sizes between the values given, or with receptors at distances between the given receptors, the methodology uses linear interpolation to determine the thresholds.

EMISSIONS CONSIDERED

Based on SCAQMD's *LST Methodology*, emissions for concern during construction activities are on-site NO_x, CO, PM_{2.5}, and PM₁₀. The *LST Methodology* clearly states that "off-site mobile emissions from the Project should not be included in the emissions compared to LSTs (26)." As such, for purposes of the construction LST analysis, only emissions included in the CalEEMod "on-site" emissions outputs were considered.

MAXIMUM DAILY DISTURBED-ACREAGE

The "acres disturbed" for analytical purposes are based on specific equipment type for each subcategory of construction activity and the estimated maximum area a given piece of equipment can pass over in an 8-hour workday (as shown on Table 3-9). The equipment-specific grading rates are summarized in the SCAQMD's *Fact Sheet for Applying CalEEMod to Localized Significance Thresholds* and *CalEEMod User's Guide Appendix C: Emission Calculation Details for CalEEMod* (24) (27). The disturbed area per day is representative of a piece of equipment

making multiple passes over the same land area. In other words, one Rubber Tired Dozer can make multiple passes over the same land area totaling 0.5 acres in a given 8-hour day. Based on Table 3-9, the Project’s construction activities could actively disturb approximately 3.5 acres per day during site preparation and 4.0 acres per day during grading activities. For purposes of analysis and in order to use linear regression, this analysis conservatively assumes that 5 acres can be disturbed during grading activities.

TABLE 3-9: MAXIMUM DAILY DISTURBED-ACREAGE

| Construction Activity | Equipment Type | Equipment Quantity | Acres graded per 8-hour day | Operating Hours per Day | Acres graded per day |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Site Preparation | Crawler Tractors | 4 | 0.5 | 8 | 2.0 |
| | Rubber Tired Dozers | 3 | 0.5 | 8 | 1.5 |
| Total acres disturbed per day during Site Preparation | | | | | 3.5 |
| Grading | Crawler Tractors | 2 | 0.5 | 8 | 1.0 |
| | Graders | 1 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 |
| | Rubber Tired Dozers | 1 | 0.5 | 8 | 0.5 |
| | Scrapers | 2 | 1 | 8 | 2.0 |
| Total acres disturbed per day during Grading | | | | | 4.0 |

Source: Maximum daily disturbed acreage based on equipment list presented in Appendix 4.1.

RECEPTORS

As previously stated, LSTs represent the maximum emissions from a project that would not cause or contribute to an exceedance of the most stringent applicable NAAQS and CAAQS at the nearest residence or sensitive receptor. Receptor locations are off-site locations where individuals may be exposed to emissions from Project activities.

Some people are especially sensitive to air pollution and are given special consideration when evaluating air quality impacts from projects. These groups of people include children, the elderly, and individuals with pre-existing respiratory or cardiovascular illness. Structures that house these persons or places where they gather are defined as “sensitive receptors”. These structures typically include uses such as residences, hotels, and hospitals where an individual can remain for 24 hours. Consistent with the LST Methodology, the nearest land use where an individual could remain for 24 hours to the Project site has been used to determine construction and operational air quality impacts for emissions of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}, since PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} thresholds are based on a 24-hour averaging time.

LSTs apply, even for non-sensitive land uses, consistent with *LST Methodology* and SCAQMD guidance. Per the *LST Methodology*, commercial and industrial facilities are not included in the definition of sensitive receptor because employees and patrons do not typically remain onsite for a full 24 hours but are typically onsite for 8 hours or less. However, *LST Methodology* explicitly states that “LSTs based on shorter averaging periods, such as the NO₂ and CO LSTs, could also be

applied to receptors such as industrial or commercial facilities since it is reasonable to assume that a worker at these sites could be present for periods of one to eight hours (26).” Therefore, any adjacent land use where an individual could remain for 1 or 8-hours, that is located at a closer distance to the Project site than the receptor used for PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} analysis, must be considered to determine construction and operational LST air impacts for emissions of NO₂ and CO since these pollutants have an averaging time of 1 and 8-hours.

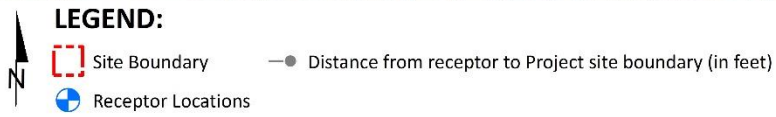
PROJECT-RELATED RECEPTORS

Receptors in the Project study area are described below and shown on Exhibit 4-A. Localized air quality impacts were evaluated at sensitive receptor land uses nearest the Project site. All distances are measured from the Project site boundary to the outdoor living areas (e.g., backyards) or at the building façade, whichever is closer to the Project site.

- R1: Location R1 represents the existing residence at 26038 Hull Street, approximately 1,816 feet west of the Project site. R1 is placed in the private outdoor living areas (backyard) facing the Project site.
- R2: Location R2 represents the existing residence at 26515 Alta Avenue, approximately 2,435 feet southeast of the Project site. Since there are no private outdoor living areas facing the Project site, receptor R2 is placed at the building façade.
- R3: Location R3 represents the existing residence at 26635 Summer Sunshine Drive, approximately 1,710 feet southeast of the Project site. R3 is placed in the private outdoor living areas (backyard) facing the Project site.
- R4: Location R4 represents existing residence at 26458 Starr Drive, approximately 1,535 feet southwest of the Project site. Since there are no private outdoor living areas facing the Project site, receptor R4 is placed at the building façade.
- R5: Location R5 represents existing residence at 26342 Corsica Lane, approximately 1,445 feet southwest of the Project site. Since there are no private outdoor living areas facing the Project site, receptor R5 is placed at the building façade.
- R6: Location R6 represents the Circle K convenience store located at 3150 Case Road, approximately 445 feet northeast of the Project site.
- R7: Location R7 represents the 7-Eleven convenience store located at 3155 Case Road, approximately 747 feet northeast of the Project site.
- R8: Location R8 represents the nearest sensitive receptor location within the planned DR Horton residential project located approximately 1,092 feet south of the Project site. Receptor R8 is placed in the private outdoor living areas (backyards) facing the Project site.

The SCAQMD recommends that the nearest sensitive receptor be considered when determining the Project’s potential to cause an individual a cumulatively significant impact. The nearest land use where an individual could remain for 24 hours to the Project site has been used to determine localized construction and operational air quality impacts for emissions of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} (since PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} thresholds are based on a 24-hour averaging time). The nearest receptor used for evaluation of localized impacts of PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} is the planned DR Horton residential project, represented by R8, approximately 1,092 feet (332 meters) north of the Project site. As such, a 332-meter distance will be used for evaluation of localized PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5}.

EXHIBIT 3-A: RECEPTOR LOCATIONS



As previously stated, and consistent with *LST Methodology*, the nearest commercial/industrial use to the Project site is used to determine construction and operational LST air impacts for emissions of NO_x and CO as the averaging periods for these pollutants are shorter (8 hours or less) and it is reasonable to assumed that an individual could be present at these sites for periods of one to 8 hours. The nearest receptor used for evaluation of localized impacts of NO_x and CO is the Circle K convenience store located at 3150 Case Road, represented by R6, approximately 445 feet (136 meters) south of the Project site. As such, a 134-meter distance will be used for evaluation of localized NO_x and CO.

3.7 CONSTRUCTION-SOURCE EMISSIONS LST ANALYSIS

3.7.1 LOCALIZED THRESHOLDS FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY

Since the total acreage disturbed is less than five acres per day for site preparation grading activities, the SCAQMD’s screening look-up tables are utilized in determining impacts. Consistent with SCAQMD guidance, the thresholds presented in Table 3-10 were calculated by interpolating the threshold values for the Project’s disturbed acreage.

TABLE 3-10: MAXIMUM DAILY LOCALIZED CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS THRESHOLDS

| Construction Activity | Construction Localized Thresholds | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | NO _x | CO | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Site Preparation | 362 lbs/day | 4,005 lbs/day | 134 lbs/day | 58 lbs/day |
| Grading | 380 lbs/day | 4,227 lbs/day | 138 lbs/day | 60 lbs/day |

Source: Localized Thresholds presented in this table are based on the SCAQMD Final LST Methodology, July 2008

3.7.2 CONSTRUCTION-SOURCE LOCALIZED EMISSIONS

IMPACTS WITHOUT MITIGATION

Table 3-11 identifies the localized impacts at the nearest receptor location in the vicinity of the Project. Without mitigation, localized construction emissions would not exceed the applicable SCAQMD LSTs for emissions of any criterial pollutant. Outputs from the model runs for unmitigated construction LSTs are provided in Appendix 3.1.

TABLE 3-11: LOCALIZED CONSTRUCTION-SOURCE EMISSIONS – WITHOUT MITIGATION (1 OF 2)

| Construction Activity | Year | Scenario | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | |
|-----------------------|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | NO _x | CO | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Site Preparation | 2023 | Summer | 47.00 | 38.00 | 8.19 | 5.02 |
| | | Winter | n/a | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| | | Maximum Daily Emissions | 47.00 | 38.00 | 8.19 | 5.02 |
| | | SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 362 | 4,005 | 134 | 58 |
| | | Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO |

TABLE 3-11: LOCALIZED CONSTRUCTION-SOURCE EMISSIONS – WITHOUT MITIGATION (2 OF 2)

| Construction Activity | Year | Scenario | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | |
|-----------------------|------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | | | NO _x | CO | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Grading | 2023 | Summer | 40.90 | 32.70 | 4.63 | 2.78 |
| | | Winter | 40.90 | 32.70 | 4.63 | 2.78 |
| | | Maximum Daily Emissions | 81.80 | 65.40 | 9.26 | 5.56 |
| | | SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 380 | 4,227 | 138 | 60 |
| | | Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO |

Source: CalEEMod unmitigated localized construction-source emissions are presented in Appendix 3.1.

3.8 OPERATIONAL-SOURCE EMISSIONS LST ANALYSIS

As previously stated, the Project is located on an approximately 13.89-acre parcel. As noted previously, the *LST Methodology* provides look-up tables for sites with an area with daily disturbance of 5 acres or less. For projects that exceed 5 acres, the 5-acre LST look-up tables can be used as a screening tool to determine whether pollutants require additional detailed analysis. This approach is conservative as it assumes that all on-site emissions associated with the Project would occur within a concentrated 5-acre area. This screening method would therefore over-predict potential localized impacts, because by assuming that on-site operational activities are occurring over a smaller area, the resulting concentrations of air pollutants are more highly concentrated once they reach the smaller site boundary than they would be for activities if they were spread out over a larger surface area. On a larger site, the same amount of air pollutants generated would disperse over a larger surface area and would result in a lower concentration once emissions reach the project-site boundary. As such, LSTs for a 5-acre site during operations are used as a screening tool to determine if further detailed analysis is required.

The LST analysis generally includes on-site sources (area, energy, mobile, on-site cargo handling equipment, and stationary equipment – are previously discussed in Section 3.5 of this report). However, it should be noted that the CalEEMod outputs do not separate on-site and off-site emissions from mobile sources. As such, in an effort to establish a maximum potential impact scenario for analytic purposes, the emissions shown on Table 3-13 represent all on-site Project-related stationary (area) sources and Project-related mobile sources. It should be noted that the longest on-site distance is roughly 0.80 mile for both trucks and passenger cars. Modeling based on these assumptions demonstrates that even within broad encompassing parameters, Project operational-source emissions would not exceed applicable LSTs.

3.8.1 LOCALIZED THRESHOLDS FOR OPERATIONAL ACTIVITY

Consistent with SCAQMD guidance, the thresholds presented in Table 3-12 were calculated by interpolating the threshold values for the Project’s acreage.

TABLE 3-12: MAXIMUM DAILY LOCALIZED OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS THRESHOLDS

| Operational Localized Thresholds | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|
| NO _x | CO | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| 418 lbs/day | 4,669 lbs/day | 35 lbs/day | 16 lbs/day |

Source: Localized Thresholds presented in this table are based on the SCAQMD Final LST Methodology, July 2008

3.8.2 OPERATIONAL-SOURCE LOCALIZED EMISSIONS

IMPACTS WITHOUT MITIGATION

As shown on Table 3-13 operational emissions would not exceed the LST thresholds for the nearest sensitive receptor. Therefore, the Project would have a less than significant localized impact during operational activity.

TABLE 3-13: LOCALIZED SIGNIFICANCE SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

| Scenario | Emissions (lbs/day) | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | NO _x | CO | PM ₁₀ | PM _{2.5} |
| Summer | 2.81 | 48.11 | 0.20 | 0.11 |
| Winter | 2.82 | 37.38 | 0.19 | 0.09 |
| Maximum Daily Emissions | 2.82 | 48.11 | 0.20 | 0.11 |
| SCAQMD Localized Threshold | 418 | 4,669 | 35 | 16 |
| Threshold Exceeded? | NO | NO | NO | NO |

Source: CalEEMod localized operational-source emissions are presented in Appendix 3.3.

3.9 CO “HOT SPOT” ANALYSIS

As discussed below, the Project would not result in potentially adverse CO concentrations or “hot spots.” Further, detailed modeling of Project-specific CO “hot spots” is not needed to reach this conclusion. An adverse CO concentration, known as a “hot spot”, would occur if an exceedance of the state one-hour standard of 20 ppm or the eight-hour standard of 9 ppm were to occur.

It has long been recognized that CO hotspots are caused by vehicular emissions, primarily when idling at congested intersections. In response, vehicle emissions standards have become increasingly stringent in the last twenty years. Currently, the allowable CO emissions standard in California is a maximum of 3.4 grams/mile for passenger cars (there are requirements for certain vehicles that are more stringent). With the turnover of older vehicles, introduction of cleaner fuels, and implementation of increasingly sophisticated and efficient emissions control technologies, CO concentration in the SCAB is now designated as attainment. To establish a more accurate record of baseline CO concentrations affecting the SCAB, a CO “hot spot” analysis was conducted in 2003 for four busy intersections in Los Angeles at the peak morning and afternoon time periods. This “hot spot” analysis did not predict any violation of CO standards, as shown on Table 3-14.

TABLE 3-14: CO MODEL RESULTS

| Intersection Location | CO Concentrations (ppm) | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|--------|
| | Morning 1-hour | Afternoon 1-hour | 8-hour |
| Wilshire Boulevard/Veteran Avenue | 4.6 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Sunset Boulevard/Highland Avenue | 4 | 4.5 | 3.5 |
| La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard | 3.7 | 3.1 | 5.2 |
| Long Beach Boulevard/Imperial Highway | 3 | 3.1 | 8.4 |

Source: 2003 AQMP, Appendix V: Modeling and Attainment Demonstrations

Notes: Federal 1-hour standard is 35 ppm and the deferral 8-hour standard is 9.0 ppm.

Based on the SCAQMD's 2003 AQMP and the 1992 Federal Attainment Plan for Carbon Monoxide (*1992 CO Plan*), peak carbon monoxide concentrations in the SCAB were a result of unusual meteorological and topographical conditions and not a result of traffic volumes and congestion at a particular intersection. As evidence of this, for example, 8.4 ppm 8-hr CO concentration measured at the Long Beach Blvd. and Imperial Hwy. intersection (highest CO generating intersection within the “hot spot” analysis), only 0.7 ppm was attributable to the traffic volumes and congestion at this intersection; the remaining 7.7 ppm were due to the ambient air measurements at the time the 2003 AQMP was prepared (28). In contrast, an adverse CO concentration, known as a “hot spot”, would occur if an exceedance of the state one-hour standard of 20 parts per million (ppm) or the eight-hour standard of 9 ppm were to occur.

The ambient 1-hr and 8-hr CO concentration within the Project study area is estimated to be 0.9 ppm and 0.7 ppm, respectively (data from Perris Valley monitoring station for 2020). Therefore, even if the traffic volumes for the proposed Project were double or even triple of the traffic volumes generated at the Long Beach Blvd. and Imperial Hwy. intersection, coupled with the on-going improvements in ambient air quality, the Project would not be capable of resulting in a CO “hot spot” at any study area intersections.

Similar considerations are also employed by other Air Districts when evaluating potential CO concentration impacts. More specifically, the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) concludes that under existing and future vehicle emission rates, a given project would have to increase traffic volumes at a single intersection by more than 44,000 vehicles per hour (vph)—or 24,000 vph where vertical and/or horizontal air does not mix—in order to generate a significant CO impact (29). Traffic volumes generating the CO concentrations for the “hot spot” analysis is shown on Table 3-15. The busiest intersection evaluated was that at Wilshire Boulevard and Veteran Avenue, which has a daily traffic volume of approximately 100,000 vph and AM/PM traffic volumes of 8,062 vph and 7,719 vph respectively (28). The 2003 AQMP estimated that the 1-hour concentration for this intersection was 4.6 ppm; this indicates that, should the daily traffic volume increase four times to 400,000 vehicles per day, CO concentrations (4.6 ppm x 4= 18.4 ppm) would still not likely exceed the most stringent 1-hour CO standard (20.0 ppm)⁹.

⁹ Based on the ratio of the CO standard (20.0 ppm) and the modeled value (4.6 ppm)

TABLE 3-15: TRAFFIC VOLUMES

| Intersection Location | Peak Traffic Volumes (vph) | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| | Eastbound (AM/PM) | Westbound (AM/PM) | Southbound (AM/PM) | Northbound (AM/PM) | Total (AM/PM) |
| Wilshire Boulevard/Veteran Avenue | 4,954/2,069 | 1,830/3,317 | 721/1,400 | 560/933 | 8,062/7,719 |
| Sunset Boulevard/Highland Avenue | 1,417/1,764 | 1,342/1,540 | 2,304/1,832 | 1,551/2,238 | 6,614/5,374 |
| La Cienega Boulevard/Century Boulevard | 2,540/2,243 | 1,890/2,728 | 1,384/2,029 | 821/1,674 | 6,634/8,674 |
| Long Beach Boulevard/Imperial Highway | 1,217/2,020 | 1,760/1,400 | 479/944 | 756/1,150 | 4,212/5,514 |

Source: 2003 AQMP

3.10 AQMP

The Project site is located within the SCAB, which is characterized by poor air quality. The SCAQMD has jurisdiction over an approximately 10,743 square-mile area consisting of the four-county Basin and the Los Angeles County and Riverside County portions of what use to be referred to as the Southeast Desert Air Basin. In these areas, the SCAQMD is principally responsible for air pollution control, and works directly with the SCAG, county transportation commissions, local governments, as well as state and federal agencies to reduce emissions from stationary, mobile, and indirect sources to meet state and federal ambient air quality standards.

Currently, these state and federal air quality standards are exceeded in most parts of the SCAB. In response, the SCAQMD has adopted a series of AQMPs to meet the state and federal ambient air quality standards. AQMPs are updated regularly in order to more effectively reduce emissions, accommodate growth, and to minimize any negative fiscal impacts of air pollution control on the economy.

In March 2017, the SCAQMD released the *Final 2016 AQMP (2016 AQMP)*. The *2016 AQMP* continues to evaluate current integrated strategies and control measures to meet the NAAQS, as well as explore new and innovative methods to reach its goals. Some of these approaches include utilizing incentive programs, recognizing existing co-benefit programs from other sectors, and developing a strategy with fair-share reductions at the federal, state, and local levels (30). Similar to the 2012 AQMP, the *2016 AQMP* incorporates scientific and technological information and planning assumptions, including the *2016-2040 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (2016-2040 RTP/SCS)*, a planning document that supports the integration of land use and transportation to help the region meet the federal CAA requirements (19). The Project’s consistency with the AQMP will be determined using the *2016 AQMP* as discussed below.

The 2022 AQMP is currently being developed by SCAQMD to address the EPA’s strengthened ozone standard. Development of the 2022 AQMP is in its early stages and no formal timeline for completion and adoption is currently known.

Criteria for determining consistency with the AQMP are defined in Chapter 12, Section 12.2, and Section 12.3 of the *1993 CEQA Handbook* (31). These indicators are discussed below:

3.10.1 CONSISTENCY CRITERION No. 1

The proposed Project will not result in an increase in the frequency or severity of existing air quality violations or cause or contribute to new violations or delay the timely attainment of air quality standards or the interim emissions reductions specified in the AQMP.

The violations that Consistency Criterion No. 1 refer to are the CAAQS and NAAQS. CAAQS and NAAQS violations would occur if regional or localized significance thresholds were exceeded.

Construction Impacts – Consistency Criterion 1

Consistency Criterion No. 1 refers to violations of the CAAQS and NAAQS. CAAQS and NAAQS violations would occur if localized or regional significance thresholds were exceeded. As evaluated, the Project’s localized and regional construction-source emissions would not exceed applicable regional significance threshold and LST thresholds. As such, a less than significant impact is expected.

Operational Impacts – Consistency Criterion 1

As evaluated, the Project’s localized and regional operation-source emissions would not exceed applicable regional significance threshold and LST thresholds. As such, a less than significant impact is expected.

On the basis of the preceding discussion, the Project is determined to be consistent with the first criterion.

3.10.2 CONSISTENCY CRITERION No. 2

The Project will not exceed the assumptions in the AQMP based on the years of Project build-out phase.

The *2016 AQMP* demonstrates that the applicable ambient air quality standards can be achieved within the timeframes required under federal law. Growth projections from local general plans adopted by cities in the district are provided to the SCAG, which develops regional growth forecasts, which are then used to develop future air quality forecasts for the AQMP. Development consistent with the growth projections in City of Menifee General Plan is considered to be consistent with the AQMP.

Construction Impacts – Consistency Criterion 2

Peak day emissions generated by construction activities are independent of land use assignments but are a function of development scope and maximum area of disturbance. Irrespective of the site’s land use designation, development of the site to its maximum potential would occur, with disturbance of the entire site occurring during construction activities. As such, when considering that no emissions thresholds will be exceeded, a less than significant impact would result.

Operational Impacts – Consistency Criterion 2

The Project site is designated for Economic Development Corridor (EDC) uses. The intent of the Economic Development Corridor(EDC) designation is to identify areas where a mixture of residential, commercial, office, industrial, entertainment, educational, and/or recreational uses, or other uses is planned. Both horizontal and vertical mixed uses are permitted. In general, areas designated as EDC are envisioned to develop primarily as nonresidential uses with residential uses playing a supporting role. In addition to identifying a citywide preferred land use mix for all property designated as EDC, the General Plan will also identify a preferred mix of uses desired for each of the City's five EDC subareas (see above). Each subarea has a unique identity and plays a specific role in the City of Menifee. The General Plan will use these subareas to focus policy direction in the Land Use and Community Design elements. The Project is located within the Northern Gateway subarea. This area is envisioned as an employment center at Menifee's northern gateway that focuses on providing opportunity for business park development and more traditional industrial (less office) than envisioned for the Southern Gateway (Scott Road) EDC area. Limited residential development maybe appropriate between new business park uses and existing single-family homes, or in places where residential projects have already been approved. Emphasis should be on job creation and creating connections to regional transportation corridors, including Interstate 215 (I-215) and the railroad (32).

As previously stated, the Project proposes to construct consist of two industrial buildings totaling 251,912-sf. This analysis assumes up to 25,191-sf manufacturing use (10% of the total industrial building sf) and 226,721-sf of warehouse use (90% of industrial building). As such, the Project's proposed uses are generally consistent with the site's land use designations.

On the basis of the preceding discussion, the Project is determined to be consistent with the second criterion.

AQMP CONSISTENCY CONCLUSION

The Project would not have the potential to result in or cause NAAQS or CAAQS violations. The Project's proposed uses are consistent with the General Plan land use designation. Additionally, the Project would not exceed the regional or localized construction and operational thresholds, as such, the Project's development intensity is consistent with the development intensities allowed within the General Plan as previously stated. As such, the Project is considered to be consistent with the AQMP.

3.11 POTENTIAL IMPACTS TO SENSITIVE RECEPTORS

The potential impact of Project-generated air pollutant emissions at sensitive receptors has also been considered. Results of the LST analysis indicate that the Project would not exceed the SCAQMD localized significance thresholds during construction. Therefore, sensitive receptors would not be exposed to substantial pollutant concentrations during Project construction.

Additionally, the Project would not exceed the SCAQMD localized significance thresholds during operational activity. Further Project traffic would not create or result in a CO "hotspot." Therefore, sensitive receptors would not be exposed to substantial pollutant concentrations as the result of Project operations.

3.11.1 FRIANT RANCH CASE

In December 2018, in the case of *Sierra Club v. County of Fresno* (2018) 6 Cal.5th 502, the California Supreme Court held that an Environmental Impact Report's (EIR) air quality analysis must meaningfully connect the identified air quality impacts to the human health consequences of those impacts, or meaningfully explain why that analysis cannot be provided.

Most local agencies, including the City of Menifee, lack the data to do their own assessment of potential health impacts from criteria air pollutant emissions, as would be required to establish customized, locally specific thresholds of significance based on potential health impacts from an individual development project. The use of national or "generic" data to fill the gap of missing local data would not yield accurate results because such data does not capture local air patterns, local background conditions, or local population characteristics, all of which play a role in how a population experiences air pollution. Because it is impracticable to accurately isolate the exact cause of a human disease (for example, the role a particular air pollutant plays compared to the role of other allergens and genetics in causing asthma), existing scientific tools cannot accurately estimate health impacts of the Project's air emissions without undue speculation. Instead, readers are directed to the Project's air quality impact analysis above, which provides extensive information concerning the quantifiable and non-quantifiable health risks related to the Project's construction and long-term operation.

Notwithstanding, this AQIA does evaluate the proposed Project's localized impact to air quality for emissions of CO, NO_x, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} by comparing the proposed project's on-site emissions to the SCAQMD's applicable LST thresholds. The LST analysis above determined that the Project would not result in emissions exceeding SCAQMD's LSTs. Therefore, the proposed Project would not be expected to exceed the most stringent applicable federal or state ambient air quality standards for emissions of CO, NO_x, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5}.

As the Project's emissions would comply with federal, state, and local air quality standards, the proposed Project's emissions are not sufficiently high enough to use a regional modeling program to correlate health effects on a basin-wide level and would not provide a reliable indicator of health effects if modeled.

3.12 ODORS

The potential for the Project to generate objectionable odors has also been considered. Land uses associated with odor complaints include:

- Agricultural uses (livestock and farming)
- Wastewater treatment plants
- Food processing plants
- Chemical plants
- Composting operations
- Refineries
- Landfills

- Dairies
- Fiberglass molding facilities

The Project does not contain land uses typically associated with emitting objectionable odors. Potential odor sources associated with the proposed Project may result from construction equipment exhaust and the application of asphalt and architectural coatings during construction activities and the temporary storage of typical solid waste (refuse) associated with the proposed Project's (long-term operational) uses. Standard construction requirements would minimize odor impacts from construction. The construction odor emissions would be temporary, short-term, and intermittent in nature and would cease upon completion of the respective phase of construction and is thus considered less than significant. It is expected that Project-generated refuse would be stored in covered containers and removed at regular intervals in compliance with current solid waste regulations. The proposed Project would also be required to comply with SCAQMD Rule 402 to prevent occurrences of public nuisances. Therefore, odors and other emissions (such as those leading to odors) associated with construction and operations activities of the proposed Project would be less than significant and no mitigation is required (33).

3.13 CUMULATIVE IMPACTS

As previously shown in Table 2-3, the CAAQS designate the Project site as nonattainment for O₃, PM₁₀, and PM_{2.5} while the NAAQS designates the Project site as nonattainment for O₃ and PM_{2.5}.

The SCAQMD has published a report on how to address cumulative impacts from air pollution: *White Paper on Potential Control Strategies to Address Cumulative Impacts from Air Pollution* (34). In this report the SCAQMD clearly states (Page D-3):

"...the SCAQMD uses the same significance thresholds for project specific and cumulative impacts for all environmental topics analyzed in an Environmental Assessment or EIR. The only case where the significance thresholds for project specific and cumulative impacts differ is the Hazard Index (HI) significance threshold for TAC emissions. The project specific (project increment) significance threshold is HI > 1.0 while the cumulative (facility-wide) is HI > 3.0. It should be noted that the HI is only one of three TAC emission significance thresholds considered (when applicable) in a CEQA analysis. The other two are the maximum individual cancer risk (MICR) and the cancer burden, both of which use the same significance thresholds (MICR of 10 in 1 million and cancer burden of 0.5) for project specific and cumulative impacts.

Projects that exceed the project-specific significance thresholds are considered by the SCAQMD to be cumulatively considerable. This is the reason project-specific and cumulative significance thresholds are the same. Conversely, projects that do not exceed the project-specific thresholds are generally not considered to be cumulatively significant."

Therefore, this analysis assumes that individual projects that do not generate operational or construction emissions that exceed the SCAQMD's recommended daily thresholds for project-specific impacts would also not cause a cumulatively considerable increase in emissions for those pollutants for which SCAB is in nonattainment, and, therefore, would not be considered to have a significant, adverse air quality impact. Alternatively, individual project-related construction and operational emissions that exceed SCAQMD thresholds for project-specific impacts would be considered cumulatively considerable.

CONSTRUCTION IMPACTS

The Project-specific evaluation of emissions presented in the preceding analysis demonstrates that proposed Project construction-source air pollutant emissions would not result in exceedances of regional thresholds. Therefore, proposed Project construction-source emissions would be considered less than significant on a Project-specific and cumulative basis.

OPERATIONAL IMPACTS

The Project-specific evaluation of emissions presented in the preceding analysis demonstrates that proposed Project operation-source air pollutant emissions would not result in exceedances of regional thresholds. Therefore, proposed Project operation-source emissions would be considered less than significant on a project-specific and cumulative basis.

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5 CERTIFICATIONS

The contents of this air study report represent an accurate depiction of the environmental impacts associated with the proposed Ethanac and Barnett Warehouse. The information contained in this air quality impact assessment report is based on the best available data at the time of preparation. If you have any questions, please contact me directly at hqureshi@urbanxroads.com

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EDUCATION

Master of Science in Environmental Studies
California State University, Fullerton • May 2010

Bachelor of Arts in Environmental Analysis and Design
University of California, Irvine • June, 2006

PROFESSIONAL AFFILIATIONS

AEP – Association of Environmental Planners
AWMA – Air and Waste Management Association
ASTM – American Society for Testing and Materials

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATIONS

Planned Communities and Urban Infill – Urban Land Institute • June 2011
Indoor Air Quality and Industrial Hygiene – EMSL Analytical • April 2008
Principles of Ambient Air Monitoring – CARB • August 2007
AB2588 Regulatory Standards – Trinity Consultants • November 2006
Air Dispersion Modeling – Lakes Environmental • June 2006

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APPENDIX 2.1:

STATE/FEDERAL ATTAINMENT STATUS OF CRITERIA POLLUTANTS

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APPENDIX C

***MAPS AND TABLES OF AREA DESIGNATIONS FOR
STATE AND NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS***

APPENDIX C

MAPS AND TABLES OF AREA DESIGNATIONS FOR STATE AND NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

This attachment fulfills the requirement of Health and Safety Code section 40718 for CARB to publish maps that identify areas where one or more violations of any State ambient air quality standard (State standard) or national ambient air quality standard (national standard) have been measured. The national standards are those promulgated under section 109 of the federal Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7409).

This attachment is divided into three parts. The first part comprises a table showing the levels, averaging times, and measurement methods for each of the State and national standards. This is followed by a section containing maps and tables showing the area designations for each pollutant for which there is a State standard in the California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 70200. The last section contains maps and tables showing the most current area designations for the national standards.

Ambient Air Quality Standards

(Updated 5/4/16)

| Pollutant | Averaging Time | California Standards ¹ | | National Standards ² | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | Concentration ³ | Method ⁴ | Primary ^{3,5} | Secondary ^{3,6} | Method ⁷ | |
| Ozone (O ₃) ⁸ | 1 Hour | 0.09 ppm (180 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Photometry | — | Same as Primary Standard | Ultraviolet Photometry | |
| | 8 Hour | 0.070 ppm (137 µg/m ³) | | 0.070 ppm (137 µg/m ³) | | | |
| Respirable Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀) ⁹ | 24 Hour | 50 µg/m ³ | Gravimetric or Beta Attenuation | 150 µg/m ³ | Same as Primary Standard | Inertial Separation and Gravimetric Analysis | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 20 µg/m ³ | | — | | | |
| Fine Particulate Matter (PM _{2.5}) ⁹ | 24 Hour | — | — | 35 µg/m ³ | Same as Primary Standard | Inertial Separation and Gravimetric Analysis | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 12 µg/m ³ | Gravimetric or Beta Attenuation | 12.0 µg/m ³ | | | 15 µg/m ³ |
| Carbon Monoxide (CO) | 1 Hour | 20 ppm (23 mg/m ³) | Non-Dispersive Infrared Photometry (NDIR) | 35 ppm (40 mg/m ³) | — | Non-Dispersive Infrared Photometry (NDIR) | |
| | 8 Hour | 9.0 ppm (10 mg/m ³) | | 9 ppm (10 mg/m ³) | | | |
| | 8 Hour (Lake Tahoe) | 6 ppm (7 mg/m ³) | | — | | | — |
| Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂) ¹⁰ | 1 Hour | 0.18 ppm (339 µg/m ³) | Gas Phase Chemiluminescence | 100 ppb (188 µg/m ³) | — | Gas Phase Chemiluminescence | |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | 0.030 ppm (57 µg/m ³) | | 0.053 ppm (100 µg/m ³) | | | Same as Primary Standard |
| Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂) ¹¹ | 1 Hour | 0.25 ppm (655 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Fluorescence | 75 ppb (196 µg/m ³) | — | Ultraviolet Fluorescence; Spectrophotometry (Pararosaniline Method) | |
| | 3 Hour | — | | — | | | 0.5 ppm (1300 µg/m ³) |
| | 24 Hour | 0.04 ppm (105 µg/m ³) | | 0.14 ppm (for certain areas) ¹¹ | | | — |
| | Annual Arithmetic Mean | — | | 0.030 ppm (for certain areas) ¹¹ | | | — |
| Lead ^{12, 13} | 30 Day Average | 1.5 µg/m ³ | Atomic Absorption | — | — | High Volume Sampler and Atomic Absorption | |
| | Calendar Quarter | — | | 1.5 µg/m ³ (for certain areas) ¹² | | | Same as Primary Standard |
| | Rolling 3-Month Average | — | | 0.15 µg/m ³ | | | |
| Visibility Reducing Particles ⁴ | 8 Hour | See footnote 14 | Beta Attenuation and Transmittance through Filter Tape | No National Standards | | | |
| Sulfates | 24 Hour | 25 µg/m ³ | Ion Chromatography | | | | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | 1 Hour | 0.03 ppm (42 µg/m ³) | Ultraviolet Fluorescence | | | | |
| Vinyl Chloride ¹² | 24 Hour | 0.01 ppm (26 µg/m ³) | Gas Chromatography | | | | |

See footnotes on next page ...

1. California standards for ozone, carbon monoxide (except 8-hour Lake Tahoe), sulfur dioxide (1- and 24-hour), nitrogen dioxide, and particulate matter (PM10, PM2.5, and visibility reducing particles), are values that are not to be exceeded. All others are not to be equaled or exceeded. California ambient air quality standards are listed in the Table of Standards in Section 70200 of Title 17 of the California Code of Regulations.
2. National standards (other than ozone, particulate matter, and those based on annual arithmetic mean) are not to be exceeded more than once a year. The ozone standard is attained when the fourth highest 8-hour concentration measured at each site in a year, averaged over three years, is equal to or less than the standard. For PM10, the 24-hour standard is attained when the expected number of days per calendar year with a 24-hour average concentration above 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ is equal to or less than one. For PM2.5, the 24-hour standard is attained when 98 percent of the daily concentrations, averaged over three years, are equal to or less than the standard. Contact the U.S. EPA for further clarification and current national policies.
3. Concentration expressed first in units in which it was promulgated. Equivalent units given in parentheses are based upon a reference temperature of 25°C and a reference pressure of 760 torr. Most measurements of air quality are to be corrected to a reference temperature of 25°C and a reference pressure of 760 torr; ppm in this table refers to ppm by volume, or micromoles of pollutant per mole of gas.
4. Any equivalent measurement method which can be shown to the satisfaction of the CARB to give equivalent results at or near the level of the air quality standard may be used.
5. National Primary Standards: The levels of air quality necessary, with an adequate margin of safety to protect the public health.
6. National Secondary Standards: The levels of air quality necessary to protect the public welfare from any known or anticipated adverse effects of a pollutant.
7. Reference method as described by the U.S. EPA. An "equivalent method" of measurement may be used but must have a "consistent relationship to the reference method" and must be approved by the U.S. EPA.
8. On October 1, 2015, the national 8-hour ozone primary and secondary standards were lowered from 0.075 to 0.070 ppm.
9. On December 14, 2012, the national annual PM2.5 primary standard was lowered from 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ to 12.0 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The existing national 24-hour PM2.5 standards (primary and secondary) were retained at 35 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, as was the annual secondary standard of 15 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The existing 24-hour PM10 standards (primary and secondary) of 150 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ also were retained. The form of the annual primary and secondary standards is the annual mean, averaged over 3 years.
10. To attain the 1-hour national standard, the 3-year average of the annual 98th percentile of the 1-hour daily maximum concentrations at each site must not exceed 100 ppb. Note that the national 1-hour standard is in units of parts per billion (ppb). California standards are in units of parts per million (ppm). To directly compare the national 1-hour standard to the California standards the units can be converted from ppb to ppm. In this case, the national standard of 100 ppb is identical to 0.100 ppm.
11. On June 2, 2010, a new 1-hour SO₂ standard was established and the existing 24-hour and annual primary standards were revoked. To attain the 1-hour national standard, the 3-year average of the annual 99th percentile of the 1-hour daily maximum concentrations at each site must not exceed 75 ppb. The 1971 SO₂ national standards (24-hour and annual) remain in effect until one year after an area is designated for the 2010 standard, except that in areas designated nonattainment for the 1971 standards, the 1971 standards remain in effect until implementation plans to attain or maintain the 2010 standards are approved.

Note that the 1-hour national standard is in units of parts per billion (ppb). California standards are in units of parts per million (ppm). To directly compare the 1-hour national standard to the California standard the units can be converted to ppm. In this case, the national standard of 75 ppb is identical to 0.075 ppm.
12. The CARB has identified lead and vinyl chloride as 'toxic air contaminants' with no threshold level of exposure for adverse health effects determined. These actions allow for the implementation of control measures at levels below the ambient concentrations specified for these pollutants.
13. The national standard for lead was revised on October 15, 2008 to a rolling 3-month average. The 1978 lead standard (1.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ as a quarterly average) remains in effect until one year after an area is designated for the 2008 standard, except that in areas designated nonattainment for the 1978 standard, the 1978 standard remains in effect until implementation plans to attain or maintain the 2008 standard are approved.
14. In 1989, the CARB converted both the general statewide 10-mile visibility standard and the Lake Tahoe 30-mile visibility standard to instrumental equivalents, which are "extinction of 0.23 per kilometer" and "extinction of 0.07 per kilometer" for the statewide and Lake Tahoe Air Basin standards, respectively.

Area Designations for the State Ambient Air Quality Standards

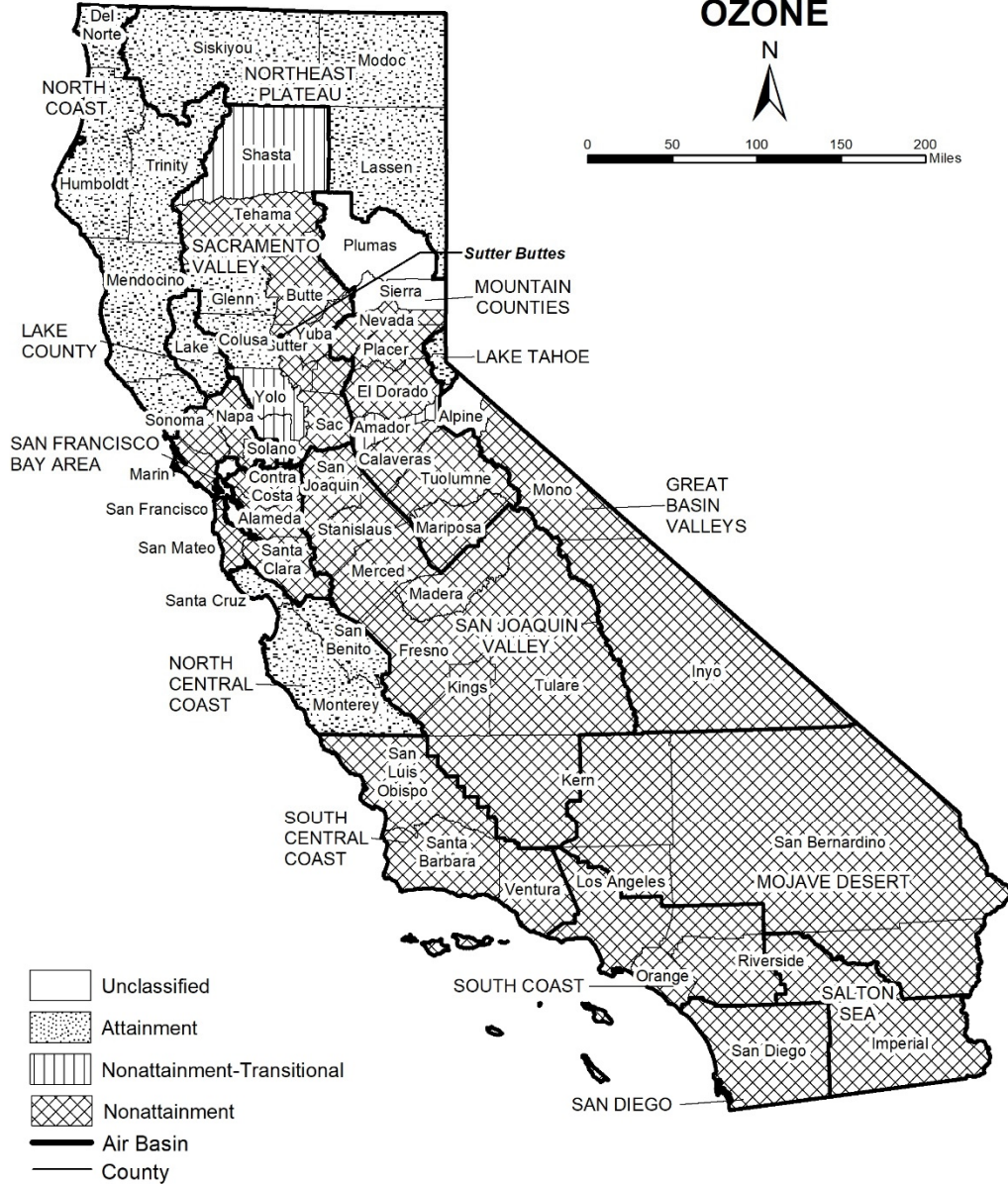
The following maps and tables show the area designations for each pollutant with a State standard set forth in the California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 60200. Each area is identified as attainment, nonattainment, nonattainment-transitional, or unclassified for each pollutant, as shown below:

| | |
|----------------------------|------|
| Attainment | A |
| Nonattainment | N |
| Nonattainment-Transitional | NA-T |
| Unclassified | U |

In general, CARB designates areas by air basin for pollutants with a regional impact and by county for pollutants with a more local impact. However, when there are areas within an air basin or county with distinctly different air quality deriving from sources and conditions not affecting the entire air basin or county, CARB may designate a smaller area. Generally, when boundaries of the designated area differ from the air basin or county boundaries, the description of the specific area is referenced at the bottom of the summary table.

FIGURE 1

**2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
OZONE**



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 1

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Ozone ¹**

| | N | NA-T | U | A |
|---|---|------|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Alpine County | | | X | |
| Inyo County | X | | | |
| Mono County | X | | | |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | X | | | |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Amador County | | X | | |
| Calaveras County | X | | | |
| El Dorado County (portion) | X | | | |
| Mariposa County | X | | | |
| Nevada County | X | | | |
| Placer County (portion) | X | | | |
| Plumas County | | | X | |
| Sierra County | | | X | |
| Tuolumne County | X | | | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Colusa and Glenn Counties | | | | X |
| Shasta County | | X | | |
| Sutter/Yuba Counties | | | | |
| Sutter Buttes | X | | | |
| Remainder of Sutter County | X | | | |
| Yuba County | X | | | |
| Yolo/Solano Counties | | X | | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | X | | | |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | X | | | |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | X | | | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | X | | | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | X | | | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | | |
| San Luis Obispo County | X | | | |
| Santa Barbara County | X | | | |
| Ventura County | X | | | |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | X | | | |

¹ AB 3048 (Olberg) and AB 2525 (Miller) signed into law in 1996, made changes to Health and Safety Code, section 40925.5. One of the changes allows nonattainment districts to become nonattainment-transitional for ozone by operation of law.

FIGURE 2

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
PM10



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 2

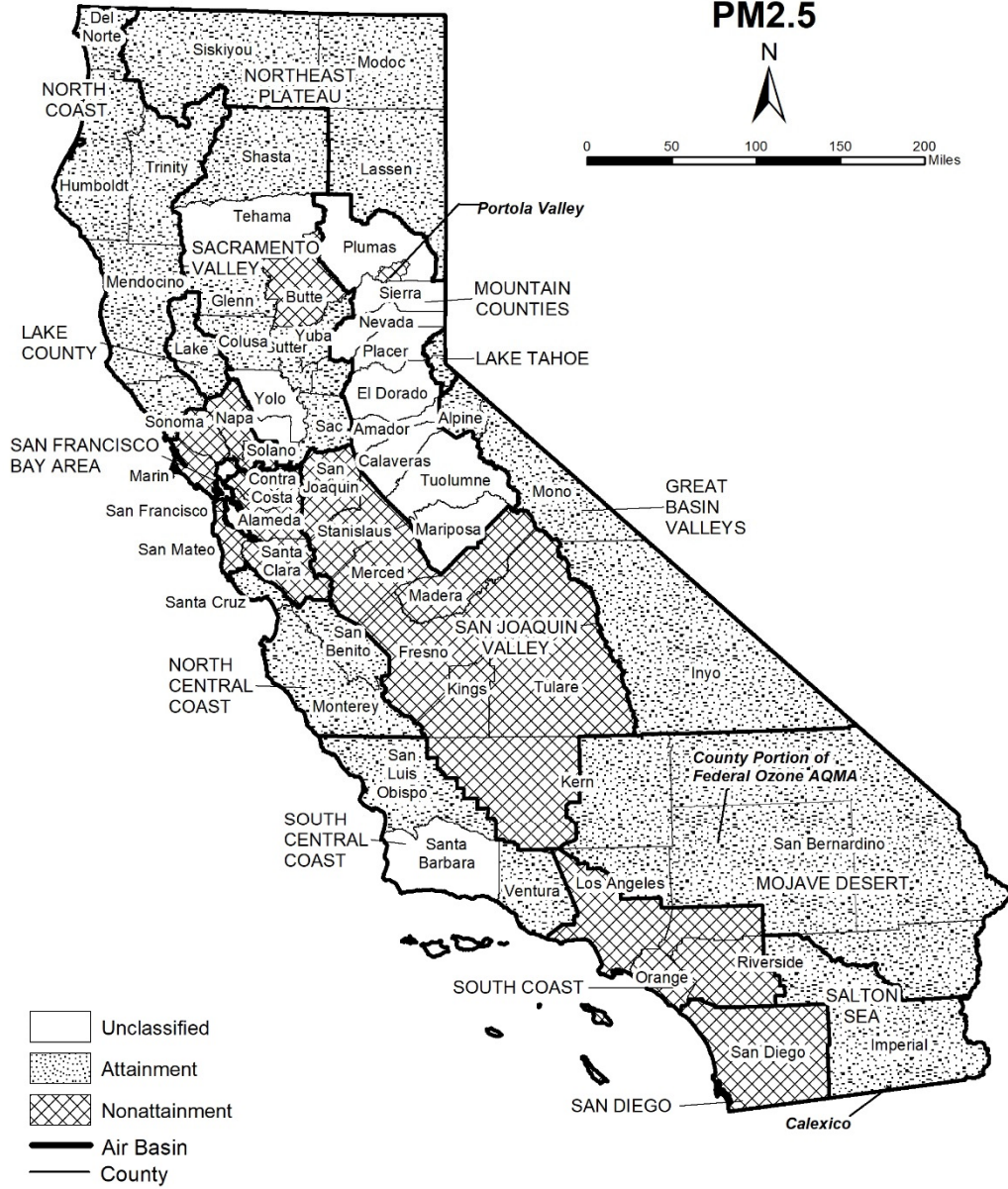
**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Suspended Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)**

| | N | U | A |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | X | | |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | X | | |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | X | | |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | |
| Amador County | | X | |
| Calaveras County | X | | |
| El Dorado County (portion) | X | | |
| Mariposa County | | | |
| - Yosemite National Park | X | | |
| - Remainder of County | | X | |
| Nevada County | X | | |
| Placer County (portion) | X | | |
| Plumas County | X | | |
| Sierra County | X | | |
| Tuolumne County | | X | |

| | N | U | A |
|--|---|---|---|
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | X | | |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | |
| Del Norte, Sonoma (portion) and Trinity Counties | | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | X | | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | |
| Siskiyou County | | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X | |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | |
| Shasta County | | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | X | | |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | X | | |

FIGURE 3

2020
**Area Designations for State
 Ambient Air Quality Standards
 PM_{2.5}**



Last Updated: October 2020
 Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 3

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Fine Particulate Matter (PM_{2.5})**

| | N | U | A |
|---|---|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | |
| San Bernardino County | | | |
| - County portion of federal Southeast Desert Modified AQMA for Ozone ¹ | | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | |
| Plumas County | | | |
| - Portola Valley ² | X | | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | |
| Butte County | X | | |
| Colusa County | | | X |
| Glenn County | | | X |
| Placer County (portion) | | | X |
| Sacramento County | | | X |
| Shasta County | | | X |
| Sutter and Yuba Counties | | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X | |

| | N | U | A |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | |
| Imperial County | | | |
| - City of Calexico ³ | X | | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | | X |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | X | | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | |
| San Luis Obispo County | | | X |
| Santa Barbara County | | X | |
| Ventura County | | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | X | | |

¹ California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 60200(b)

² California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 60200(c)

³ California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 60200(a)

FIGURE 4

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
CARBON MONOXIDE



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 4

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Carbon Monoxide***

| | N | NA-T | U | A | | N | NA-T | U | A |
|---------------------------------|---|------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|------|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | | | SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Alpine County | | | X | | Butte County | | | | X |
| Inyo County | | | | X | Colusa County | | | X | |
| Mono County | | | | X | Glenn County | | | X | |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | | X | Placer County (portion) | | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | | X | Sacramento County | | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | | | Shasta County | | | X | |
| Kern County (portion) | | | X | | Solano County (portion) | | | | X |
| Los Angeles County (portion) | | | | X | Sutter County | | | | X |
| Riverside County (portion) | | | X | | Tehama County | | | X | |
| San Bernardino County (portion) | | | | X | Yolo County | | | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | | | Yuba County | | | X | |
| Amador County | | | X | | SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| Calaveras County | | | X | | SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| El Dorado County (portion) | | | X | | SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| Mariposa County | | | X | | SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Nevada County | | | X | | Fresno County | | | | X |
| Placer County (portion) | | | X | | Kern County (portion) | | | | X |
| Plumas County | | | | X | Kings County | | | X | |
| Sierra County | | | X | | Madera County | | | X | |
| Tuolumne County | | | | X | Merced County | | | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | | | San Joaquin County | | | | X |
| Monterey County | | | | X | Stanislaus County | | | | X |
| San Benito County | | | X | | Tulare County | | | | X |
| Santa Cruz County | | | X | | SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | | | SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| Del Norte County | | | X | | | | | | |
| Humboldt County | | | | X | | | | | |
| Mendocino County | | | | X | | | | | |
| Sonoma County (portion) | | | X | | | | | | |
| Trinity County | | | X | | | | | | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X | | | | | | |

* The area designated for carbon monoxide is a county or portion of a county

FIGURE 5

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
NITROGEN DIOXIDE



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 5

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Nitrogen Dioxide**

| | N | U | A |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X |

| | N | U | A |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | |
| CA 60 Near-road Portion of San Bernardino, Riverside, and Los Angeles Counties | X | | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | | X |

FIGURE 6

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
SULFUR DIOXIDE



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 6

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Sulfur Dioxide***

| | N | A | | N | A |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X | SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X | SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X | SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | X | SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | X | SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X | | | |

* The area designated for sulfur dioxide is a county or portion of a county. Since all areas in the State are in attainment for this standard, air basins are indicated here for simplicity.

FIGURE 7

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
SULFATES



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 7

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Sulfates**

| | N | U | A |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X |

| | N | U | A |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |

FIGURE 8

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
LEAD



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 8

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Lead (particulate)***

| | N | U | A |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |

| | N | U | A |
|----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |

* The area designated for lead is a county or portion of a county. Since all areas in the State are in attainment for this standard, air basins are indicated here for simplicity.

FIGURE 9

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
HYDROGEN SULFIDE



Last Updated: October 2020
 Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 9

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Hydrogen Sulfide***

| | N | NA-T | U | A |
|---|---|------|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Alpine County | | | X | |
| Inyo County | | | | X |
| Mono County | | | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Kern County (portion) | | | X | |
| Los Angeles County (portion) | | | X | |
| Riverside County (portion) | | | X | |
| San Bernardino County (portion) | | | | |
| - Searles Valley Planning Area ¹ | X | | | |
| - Remainder of County | | | X | |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Amador County | | | | |
| - City of Sutter Creek | X | | | |
| - Remainder of County | | | X | |
| Calaveras County | | | X | |
| El Dorado County (portion) | | | X | |
| Mariposa County | | | X | |
| Nevada County | | | X | |
| Placer County (portion) | | | X | |
| Plumas County | | | X | |
| Sierra County | | | X | |
| Tuolumne County | | | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | | |
| Del Norte County | | | X | |
| Humboldt County | | | | X |
| Mendocino County | | | X | |
| Sonoma County (portion) | | | | |
| - Geysler Geothermal Area ² | | | | X |
| - Remainder of County | | | X | |
| Trinity County | | | X | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | | |
| San Luis Obispo County | | | | X |
| Santa Barbara County | | | | X |
| Ventura County | | | X | |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |

* The area designated for hydrogen sulfide is a county or portion of a county

¹ 52 Federal Register 29384 (August 7, 1987)

² California Code of Regulations, title 17, section 60200(d)

FIGURE 10

2020
Area Designations for State
Ambient Air Quality Standards
VISIBILITY REDUCING PARTICLES



Last Updated: October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division, CARB

TABLE 10

**California Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designation for Visibility Reducing Particles**

| | N | NA-T | U | A |
|-------------------------------|---|------|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| MOJAVE DESERT AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | | X | |

| | N | NA-T | U | A |
|----------------------------------|---|------|---|---|
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SALTON SEA AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN DIEGO AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X | |

Area Designations for the National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The following maps and tables show the area designations for each pollutant with a national ambient air quality standard. Additional information about the federal area designations is available on the U.S. EPA website:

<https://www.epa.gov/green-book>

Over the last several years, U.S. EPA has been reviewing the levels of the various national standards. The agency has already promulgated new standard levels for some pollutants and is considering revising the levels for others. Information about the status of these reviews is available on the U.S. EPA website:

<https://www.epa.gov/criteria-air-pollutants>

Designation Categories

Suspended Particulate Matter (PM₁₀). The U.S. EPA uses three categories to designate areas with respect to PM₁₀:

- Attainment (A)
- Nonattainment (N)
- Unclassifiable (U)

Ozone, Fine Suspended Particulate Matter (PM_{2.5}), Carbon Monoxide (CO), and Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂). The U.S. EPA uses two categories to designate areas with respect to these standards:

- Nonattainment (N)
- Unclassifiable/Attainment (U/A)

The national 1-hour ozone standard was revoked effective June 15, 2005, and the area designations map reflects the 2015 national 8-hour ozone standard of 0.070 ppm. Area designations were finalized on August 3, 2018.

On December 14, 2012, the U.S. EPA established a new national annual primary PM_{2.5} standard of 12.0 µg/m³. Area designations were finalized in December 2014. The current designation map reflects the most recently revised (2012) annual average standard of 12.0 µg/m³ as well as the 24-hour standard of 35 µg/m³, revised in 2006.

On January 22, 2010, the U.S. EPA established a new national 1-hour NO₂ standard of 100 parts per billion (ppb) and retained the annual average standard of 53 ppb. Designations for the primary NO₂ standard became effective on February 29, 2012. All areas of California meet this standard.

Sulfur Dioxide (SO₂). The U.S. EPA uses three categories to designate areas with respect to the 24-hour and annual average sulfur dioxide standards. These designation categories are:

- Nonattainment (N),
- Unclassifiable (U), and
- Unclassifiable/Attainment (U/A).

On June 2, 2010, the U.S. EPA established a new primary 1-hour SO₂ standard of 75 parts per billion (ppb). At the same time, U.S. EPA revoked the 24-hour and annual

average standards. Area designations for the 1-hour SO₂ standard were finalized on December 21, 2017 and are reflected in the area designations map.

Lead (particulate). The U.S. EPA promulgated a new rolling 3-month average lead standard in October 2008 of 0.15 µg/m³. Designations were made for this standard in November 2010.

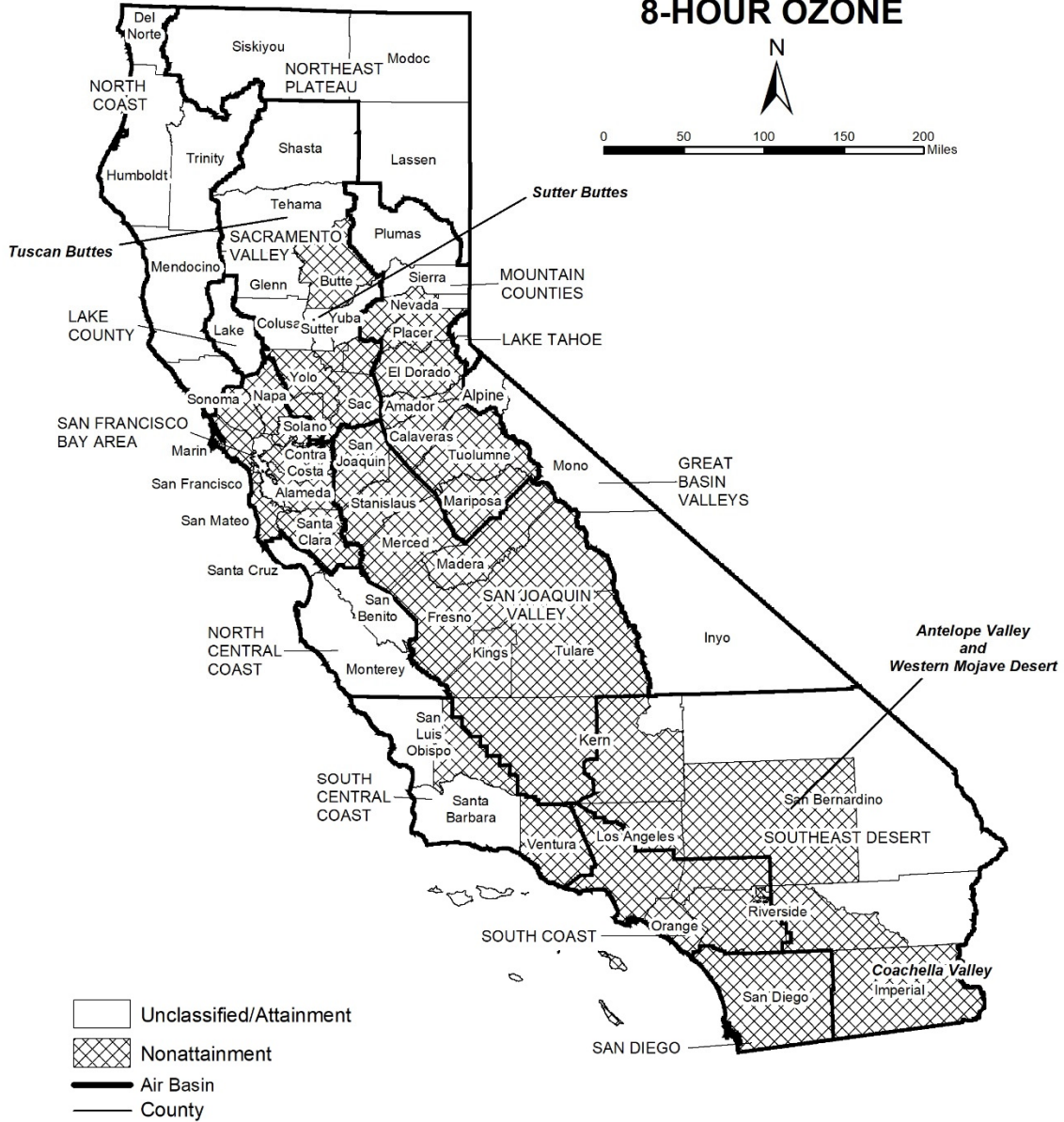
Designation Areas

From time to time, the boundaries of the California air basins have been changed to facilitate the planning process. CARB generally initiates these changes, and they are not always reflected in the U.S. EPA's area designations. For purposes of consistency, the maps in this attachment reflect area designation boundaries and nomenclature as promulgated by the U.S. EPA. In some cases, these may not be the same as those adopted by CARB. For example, the national area designations reflect the former Southeast Desert Air Basin. In accordance with Health and Safety Code section 39606.1, CARB redefined this area in 1996 to be the Mojave Desert Air Basin and Salton Sea Air Basin. The definitions and boundaries for all areas designated for the national standards can be found in Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Chapter I, Subchapter C, Part 81.305. They are available on the web at:

https://ecfr.io/Title-40/se40.20.81_1305

FIGURE 11

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards 8-HOUR OZONE



Source Date:
August 2019
Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 11

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for 8-Hour Ozone***

| | N | U/A |
|--|---|-----|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | |
| Amador County | X | |
| Calaveras County | X | |
| El Dorado County (portion) ¹ | X | |
| Mariposa County | X | |
| Nevada County | | |
| - Western Nevada County | X | |
| - Remainder of County | | X |
| Placer County (portion) ¹ | X | |
| Plumas County | | X |
| Sierra County | | X |
| Tuolumne County | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | |
| Butte County | X | |
| Colusa County | | X |
| Glenn County | | X |
| Sacramento Metro Area ¹ | X | |
| Shasta County | | X |
| Sutter County | | |
| - Sutter Buttes | X | |
| - Southern portion of Sutter County ¹ | X | |
| - Remainder of Sutter County | | X |
| Tehama County | | |
| - Tuscan Buttes | X | |
| - Remainder of Tehama County | | X |

| | N | U/A |
|--|---|-----|
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN (cont.) | | |
| Yolo County ¹ | X | |
| Yuba County | | X |
| SAN DIEGO COUNTY | X | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | X | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | X | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN ² | | |
| San Luis Obispo County | | |
| - Eastern San Luis Obispo County | X | |
| - Remainder of County | | X |
| Santa Barbara County | | X |
| Ventura County | | |
| - Area excluding Anacapa and San Nicolas Islands | X | |
| - Channel Islands ² | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN ² | X | |
| SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | |
| Kern County (portion) | X | |
| - Indian Wells Valley | | X |
| Imperial County | X | |
| Los Angeles County (portion) | X | |
| Riverside County (portion) | | |
| - Coachella Valley | X | |
| - Non-AQMA portion | | X |
| San Bernardino County | | |
| - Western portion (AQMA) | X | |
| - Eastern portion (non-AQMA) | | X |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305.

NOTE: This map and table reflect the 2015 8-hour ozone standard of 0.070 ppm.

¹ For this purpose, the Sacramento Metro Area comprises all of Sacramento and Yolo Counties, the Sacramento Valley Air Basin portion of Solano County, the southern portion of Sutter County, and the Sacramento Valley and Mountain Counties Air Basins portions of Placer and El Dorado counties.

² South Central Coast Air Basin Channel Islands:

Santa Barbara County includes Santa Cruz, San Miguel, Santa Rosa, and Santa Barbara Islands.

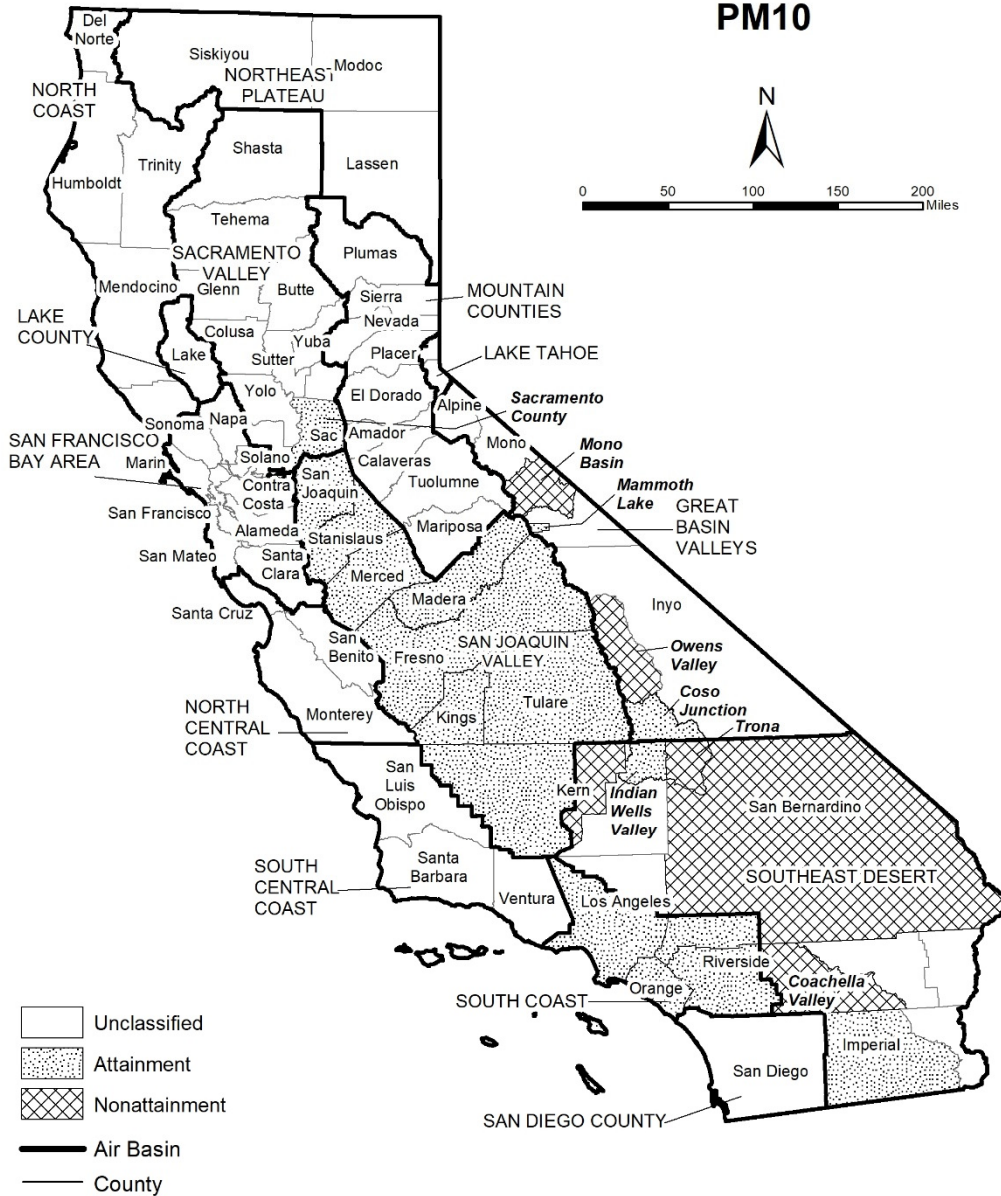
Ventura County includes Anacapa and San Nicolas Islands.

South Coast Air Basin:

Los Angeles County includes San Clemente and Santa Catalina Islands.

FIGURE 12

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards PM10



Source Date:
October 2020
Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 12

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Suspended Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)***

| | N | U | A |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | | |
| Alpine County | | X | |
| Inyo County | | | |
| - Owens Valley Planning Area | X | | |
| - Coso Junction | | | X |
| - Remainder of County | | X | |
| Mono County | | | |
| - Mammoth Lake Planning Area | | | X |
| - Mono Lake Basin | X | | |
| - Remainder of County | | X | |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X | |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X | |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | | |
| Placer County (portion) ¹ | | X | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X | |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X | |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X | |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | |
| Butte County | | X | |
| Colusa County | | X | |
| Glenn County | | X | |
| Placer County (portion) ¹ | | X | |
| Sacramento County ² | | | X |
| Shasta County | | X | |
| Solano County (portion) | | X | |
| Sutter County | | X | |
| Tehama County | | X | |
| Yolo County | | X | |
| Yuba County | | X | |

| | N | U | A |
|---|---|---|---|
| SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X | |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X | |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | | X |
| SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | | |
| Eastern Kern County | | | |
| - Indian Wells Valley | | | X |
| - Portion within San Joaquin Valley Planning Area | X | | |
| - Remainder of County | | X | |
| Imperial County | | | |
| - Imperial Valley Planning Area ³ | | | X |
| - Remainder of County | | X | |
| Los Angeles County (portion) | | X | |
| Riverside County (portion) | | | |
| - Coachella Valley ⁴ | X | | |
| - Non-AQMA portion | | X | |
| San Bernardino County | | | |
| - Trona | X | | |
| - Remainder of County | X | | |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305.

¹ U.S. EPA designation puts the Sacramento Valley Air Basin portion of Placer County in the Mountain Counties Air Basin.

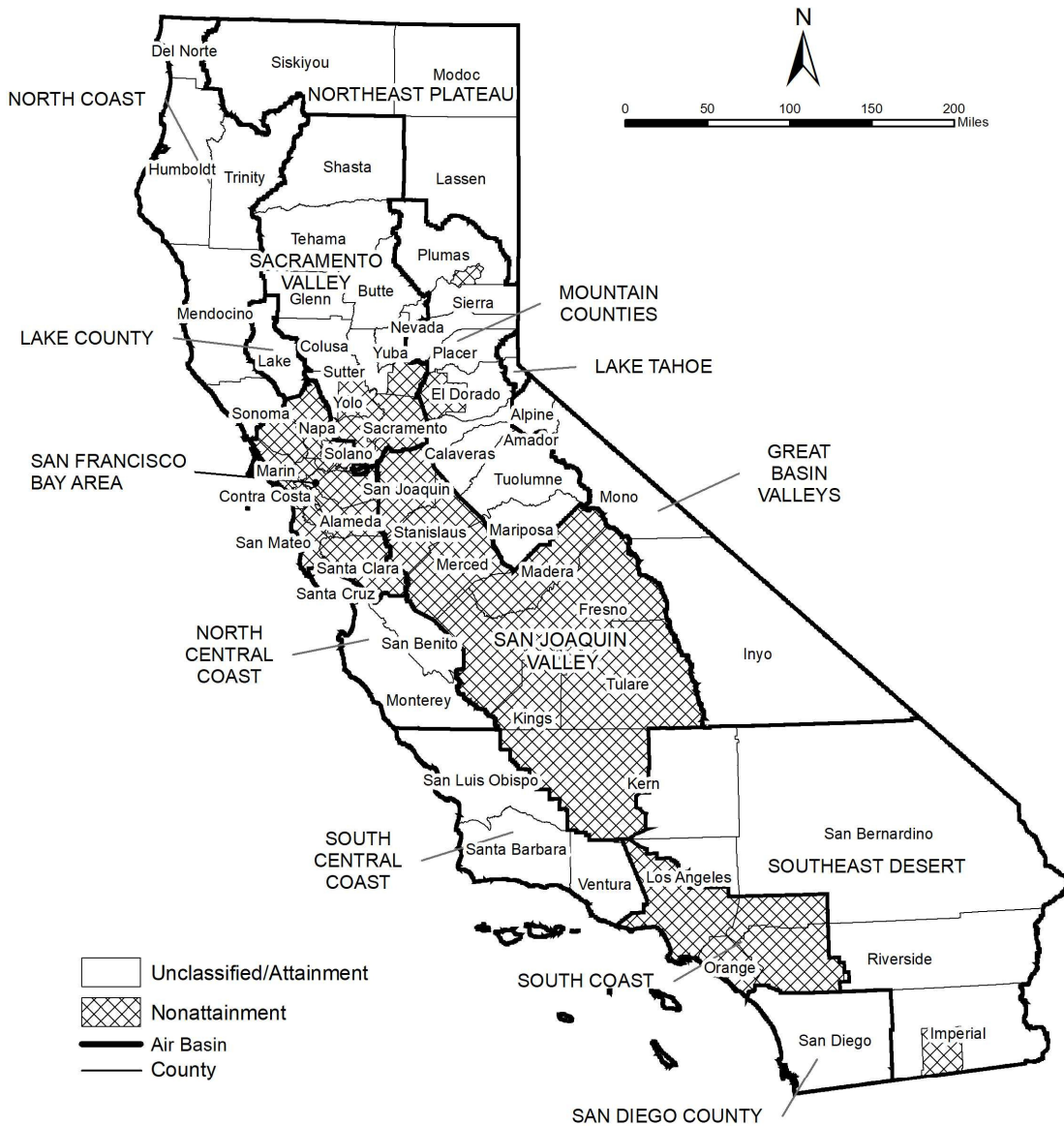
² Air quality in Sacramento County meets the national PM₁₀ standards. The request for redesignation to attainment was approved by U.S. EPA in September 2013.

³ The request for redesignation to attainment for the Imperial Valley Planning Area was approved by U.S. EPA and in September 2020, effective October 2020.

⁴ Air quality in Coachella Valley meets the national PM₁₀ standards. A request for redesignation to attainment has been submitted to U.S. EPA.

FIGURE 13

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards PM2.5



Source Date:
August 2019
Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 13

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Fine Particulate Matter (PM_{2.5})**

| | N | U/A |
|------------------------------------|---|-----|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | |
| Plumas County | | |
| - Portola Valley Portion of Plumas | X | |
| - Remainder of Plumas County | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | |
| Sacramento Metro Area ¹ | X | |
| Sutter County | | X |
| Yuba County (portion) | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X |

| | N | U/A |
|---|---|-----|
| SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN ² | X | |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | X | |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN ³ | X | |
| SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | |
| Imperial County (portion) ⁴ | X | |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305. This map reflects the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard as well as the 1997 and 2012 PM_{2.5} annual standards.

¹ For this purpose, Sacramento Metro Area comprises all of Sacramento and portions of El Dorado, Placer, Solano, and Yolo Counties. Air quality in this area meets the national PM_{2.5} standards. A Determination of Attainment for the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard was made by U.S. EPA in June 2017.

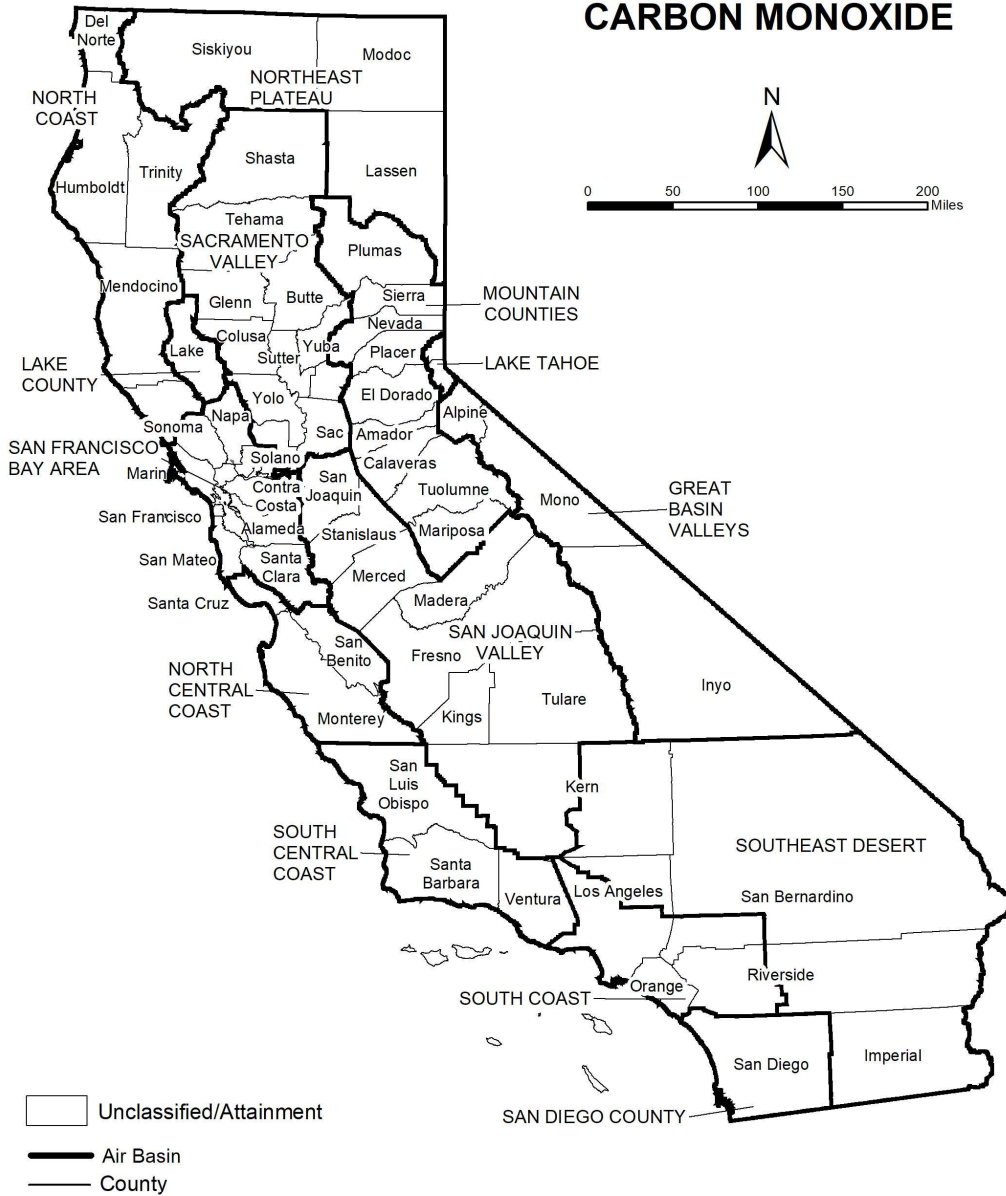
² Air quality in this area meets the national PM_{2.5} standards. A Determination of Attainment for the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard was made by U.S. EPA in June 2017.

³ Those lands of the Santa Rosa Band of Cahulla Mission Indians in Riverside County are designated Unclassifiable/Attainment.

⁴ That portion of Imperial County encompassing the urban and surrounding areas of Brawley, Calexico, El Centro, Heber, Holtville, Imperial, Seeley, and Westmorland. Air quality in this area meets the national PM_{2.5} standards. A Determination of Attainment for the 2006 24-hour PM_{2.5} standard was made by U.S. EPA in June 2017.

FIGURE 14

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards CARBON MONOXIDE



Source Date:
August 2019
Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 14

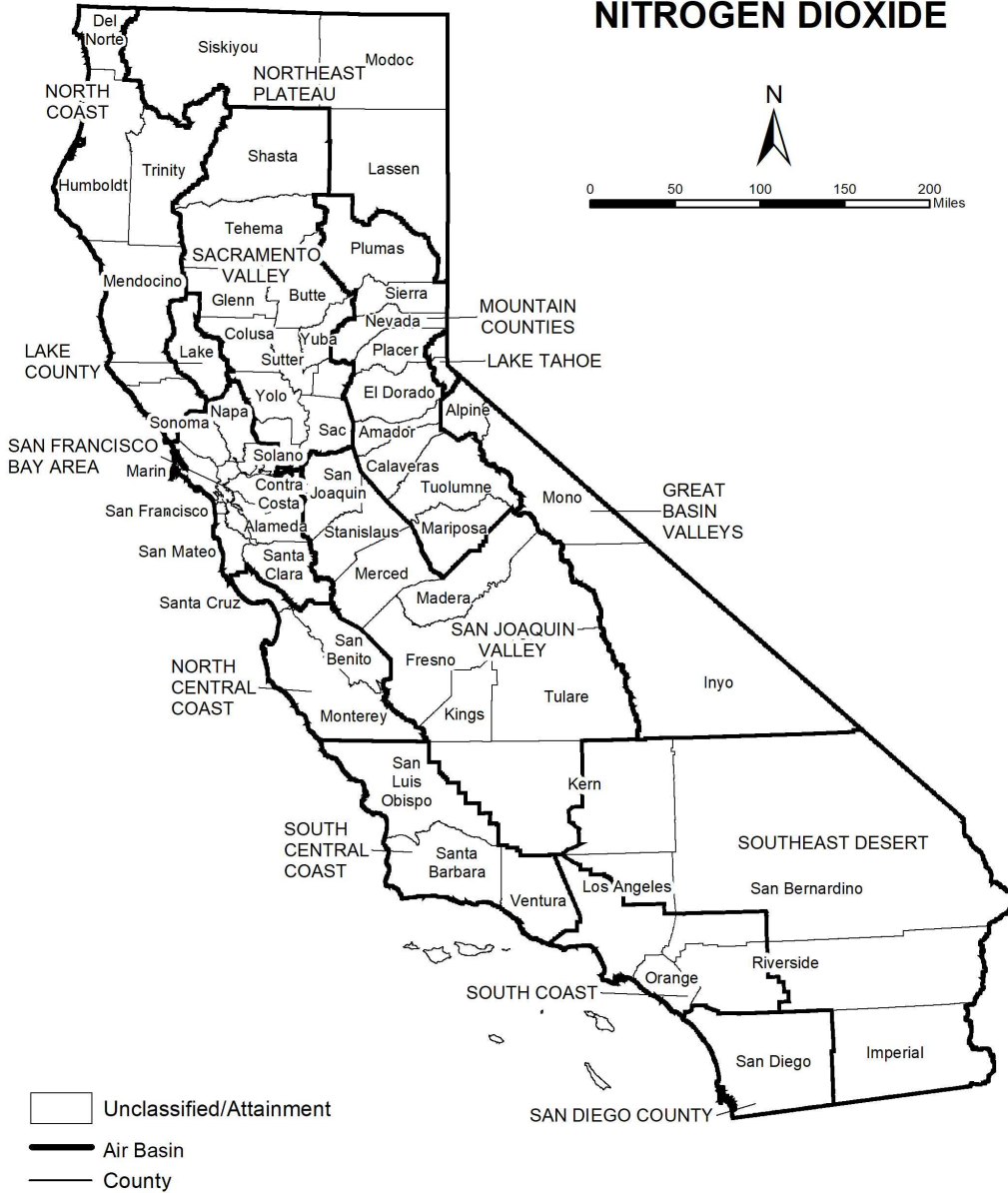
**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Carbon Monoxide***

| | N | U/A | | N | U/A |
|-------------------------------|---|-----|----------------------------------|---|-----|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X | SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X | SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X | SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | X | SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | X |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305.

FIGURE 15

**Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards
NITROGEN DIOXIDE**



Source Date:
 August 2019
 Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 15

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Nitrogen Dioxide***

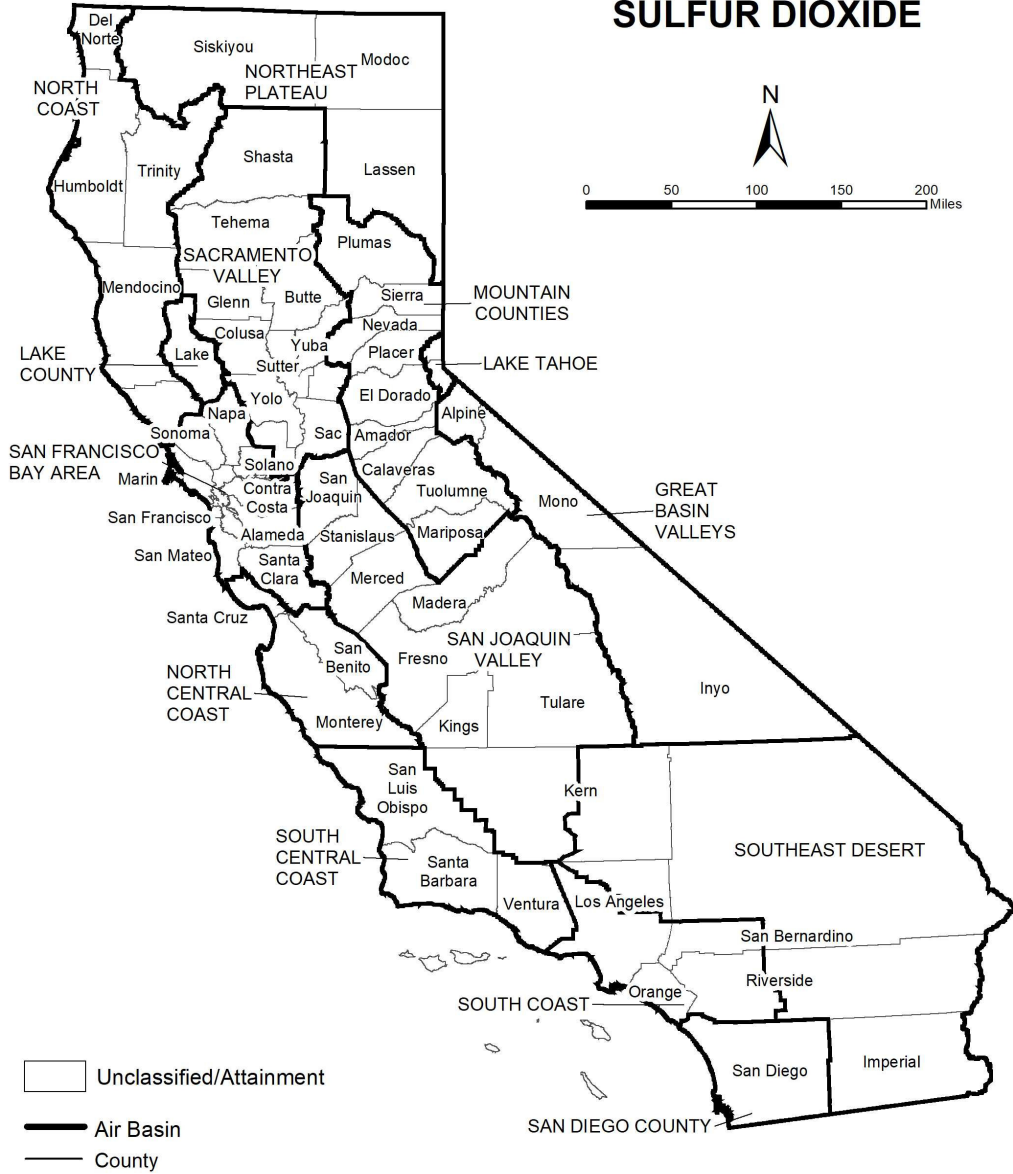
| | N | U/A |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X |

| | N | U/A |
|----------------------------------|----------|------------|
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | X |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305.

FIGURE 16

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards SULFUR DIOXIDE



Source Date:
 August 2019
 Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 16

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Sulfur Dioxide***

| | N | U/A |
|----------------------------------|---|-----|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X |
| SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X |
| SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | |
| Fresno County | | X |
| Kern County (portion) | | X |
| Kings County | | X |
| Madera County | | X |
| Merced County | | X |
| San Joaquin County | | X |
| Stanislaus County | | X |
| Tulare County | | X |

| | N | U/A |
|-------------------------------|---|-----|
| SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | |
| San Luis Obispo County | | X |
| Santa Barbara County | | X |
| Ventura County | | X |
| Channel Islands ¹ | | X |
| SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | |
| Imperial County | | X |
| Remainder of Air Basin | | X |

* Definitions and references for all areas can be found in 40 CFR, Chapter I, Part 81.305.
NOTE: This map and table reflect the 2010 1-hour SO₂ standard of 75 ppb.

¹ South Central Coast Air Basin Channel Islands:

Santa Barbara County includes Santa Cruz, San Miguel, Santa Rosa, and Santa Barbara Islands.

Ventura County includes Anacapa and San Nicolas Islands.

Note that the San Clemente and Santa Catalina Islands are considered part of Los Angeles County, and therefore, are included as part of the South Coast Air Basin.

FIGURE 17

Area Designations for National Ambient Air Quality Standards LEAD



Source Date:
August 2019
Air Quality Planning and Science Division

TABLE 17

**National Ambient Air Quality Standards
Area Designations for Lead (particulate)**

| | N | U/A | | N | U/A |
|-------------------------------|---|-----|---|---|-----|
| GREAT BASIN VALLEYS AIR BASIN | | X | SAN DIEGO COUNTY | | X |
| LAKE COUNTY AIR BASIN | | X | SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA AIR BASIN | | X |
| LAKE TAHOE AIR BASIN | | X | SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X |
| MOUNTAIN COUNTIES AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X |
| NORTH CENTRAL COAST AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTH COAST AIR BASIN | | |
| NORTH COAST AIR BASIN | | X | Los Angeles County (portion) ¹ | X | |
| NORTHEAST PLATEAU AIR BASIN | | X | Remainder of Air Basin | | X |
| SACRAMENTO VALLEY AIR BASIN | | X | SOUTHEAST DESERT AIR BASIN | | X |

¹ Portion of County in Air Basin, not including Channel Islands

APPENDIX 3.1:

CALEEMOD PROJECT CONSTRUCTION EMISSIONS MODEL OUTPUTS

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Ethanac & Barnett (Construction - Unmitigated) Detailed Report

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1. Basic Project Information

1.1. Basic Project Information

| Data Field | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Project Name | Ethanac & Barnett (Construction - Unmitigated) |
| Lead Agency | — |
| Land Use Scale | Project/site |
| Analysis Level for Defaults | County |
| Windspeed (m/s) | 2.50 |
| Precipitation (days) | 0.20 |
| Location | 33.740681538531234, -117.1943078395602 |
| County | Riverside-South Coast |
| City | Menifee |
| Air District | South Coast AQMD |
| Air Basin | South Coast |
| TAZ | 5512 |
| EDFZ | 11 |
| Electric Utility | Southern California Edison |
| Gas Utility | Southern California Gas |

1.2. Land Use Types

| Land Use Subtype | Size | Unit | Lot Acreage | Building Area (sq ft) | Landscape Area (sq ft) | Special Landscape Area (sq ft) | Population | Description |
|----------------------------------|------|----------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Manufacturing | 25.2 | 1000sqft | 0.79 | 25,191 | 9,280 | 0.00 | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 227 | 1000sqft | 7.12 | 226,721 | 83,523 | 0.00 | — | — |
| Parking Lot | 416 | Space | 1.55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|----------|------|------|------|------|---|---|
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 193 | 1000sqft | 4.43 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |
|------------------------|-----|----------|------|------|------|------|---|---|

1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

2. Emissions Summary

2.1. Construction Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Un/Mit. | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 6.70 | 37.5 | 48.4 | 51.2 | 0.07 | 2.54 | 6.04 | 8.58 | 2.34 | 2.76 | 5.09 | — | 10,574 | 10,574 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 14.3 | 10,705 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 9.01 | 7.76 | 44.3 | 86.7 | 0.11 | 1.98 | 3.17 | 5.15 | 1.82 | 1.08 | 2.91 | — | 24,604 | 24,604 | 0.92 | 1.73 | 2.00 | 25,144 |
| Average Daily (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 1.90 | 5.15 | 12.8 | 15.9 | 0.02 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 1.44 | 0.63 | 0.23 | 0.81 | — | 4,078 | 4,078 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 4.67 | 4,159 |
| Annual (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.35 | 0.94 | 2.34 | 2.89 | < 0.005 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.04 | 0.15 | — | 675 | 675 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.77 | 689 |

2.2. Construction Emissions by Year, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Year | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|
| Daily - Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 2023 | 6.70 | 5.69 | 48.4 | 51.2 | 0.07 | 2.54 | 6.04 | 8.58 | 2.34 | 2.76 | 5.09 | — | 10,574 | 10,574 | 0.40 | 0.36 | 14.3 | 10,705 |
| 2024 | 5.70 | 37.5 | 37.8 | 48.7 | 0.07 | 1.98 | 2.15 | 4.12 | 1.82 | 0.52 | 2.34 | — | 9,397 | 9,397 | 0.36 | 0.28 | 11.1 | 9,501 |
| Daily - Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 2023 | 9.01 | 7.76 | 44.3 | 86.7 | 0.11 | 1.98 | 3.17 | 5.15 | 1.82 | 1.08 | 2.91 | — | 24,604 | 24,604 | 0.92 | 1.73 | 2.00 | 25,144 |
| 2024 | 4.24 | 3.58 | 28.8 | 32.0 | 0.05 | 1.55 | 1.68 | 3.22 | 1.42 | 0.41 | 1.83 | — | 7,067 | 7,067 | 0.28 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 7,148 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 2023 | 1.76 | 1.51 | 10.3 | 15.9 | 0.02 | 0.45 | 0.75 | 1.21 | 0.42 | 0.23 | 0.65 | — | 4,078 | 4,078 | 0.15 | 0.24 | 4.67 | 4,159 |
| 2024 | 1.90 | 5.15 | 12.8 | 14.7 | 0.02 | 0.69 | 0.76 | 1.44 | 0.63 | 0.18 | 0.81 | — | 3,166 | 3,166 | 0.12 | 0.11 | 1.74 | 3,204 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 2023 | 0.32 | 0.27 | 1.88 | 2.89 | < 0.005 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.22 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 0.12 | — | 675 | 675 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.77 | 689 |
| 2024 | 0.35 | 0.94 | 2.34 | 2.69 | < 0.005 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.26 | 0.12 | 0.03 | 0.15 | — | 524 | 524 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.29 | 530 |

3. Construction Emissions Details

3.1. Site Preparation (2023) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|---|-------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 5.83 | 4.90 | 47.0 | 38.0 | 0.05 | 2.53 | — | 2.53 | 2.33 | — | 2.33 | — | 5,530 | 5,530 | 0.22 | 0.04 | — | 5,549 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Dust From Material Movement: | — | — | — | — | — | — | 5.66 | 5.66 | — | 2.69 | 2.69 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.16 | 0.13 | 1.29 | 1.04 | < 0.005 | 0.07 | — | 0.07 | 0.06 | — | 0.06 | — | 152 | 152 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 152 |
| Dust From Material Movement: | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.16 | 0.16 | — | 0.07 | 0.07 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | — | 25.1 | 25.1 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 25.2 |
| Dust From Material Movement: | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.03 | 0.03 | — | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.84 | 0.77 | 0.76 | 13.1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 2,116 | 2,116 | 0.09 | 0.07 | 9.07 | 2,148 |
| Vendor | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.59 | 0.18 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 503 | 503 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 1.40 | 526 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 53.9 | 53.9 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.11 | 54.7 |
| Vendor | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 13.8 | 13.8 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 14.4 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 8.93 | 8.93 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 9.05 |
| Vendor | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 2.28 | 2.28 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 2.39 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

3.3. Grading (2023) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 5.00 | 4.20 | 40.9 | 32.7 | 0.06 | 1.96 | — | 1.96 | 1.80 | — | 1.80 | — | 6,715 | 6,715 | 0.27 | 0.05 | — | 6,738 |
| Dust From Material Movement | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.67 | 2.67 | — | 0.98 | 0.98 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Off-Road Equipment | 5.00 | 4.20 | 40.9 | 32.7 | 0.06 | 1.96 | — | 1.96 | 1.80 | — | 1.80 | — | 6,715 | 6,715 | 0.27 | 0.05 | — | 6,738 |
| Dust From Material Movement | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.67 | 2.67 | — | 0.98 | 0.98 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.41 | 0.34 | 3.36 | 2.69 | 0.01 | 0.16 | — | 0.16 | 0.15 | — | 0.15 | — | 552 | 552 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | — | 554 |
| Dust From Material Movement | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.22 | 0.22 | — | 0.08 | 0.08 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.61 | 0.49 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | — | 0.03 | 0.03 | — | 0.03 | — | 91.4 | 91.4 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 91.7 |
| Dust From Material Movement | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.04 | 0.04 | — | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.93 | 0.86 | 0.84 | 14.5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 2,351 | 2,351 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 10.1 | 2,387 |
| Vendor | 0.08 | 0.04 | 1.76 | 0.55 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | — | 1,508 | 1,508 | 0.03 | 0.22 | 4.20 | 1,579 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.89 | 0.81 | 0.98 | 11.0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 2,160 | 2,160 | 0.10 | 0.08 | 0.26 | 2,186 |
| Vendor | 0.07 | 0.04 | 1.84 | 0.56 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.09 | 0.11 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | — | 1,509 | 1,509 | 0.03 | 0.22 | 0.11 | 1,576 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.95 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 180 | 180 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.36 | 182 |
| Vendor | 0.01 | < 0.005 | 0.15 | 0.05 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 124 | 124 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 130 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.17 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 29.8 | 29.8 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.06 | 30.2 |
| Vendor | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 20.5 | 20.5 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 21.5 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

3.5. Building Construction (2023) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 3.86 | 3.23 | 28.6 | 25.2 | 0.05 | 1.69 | — | 1.69 | 1.56 | — | 1.56 | — | 4,609 | 4,609 | 0.19 | 0.04 | — | 4,625 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---|--------|--------|---------|---------|------|--------|
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.47 | 0.39 | 3.47 | 3.05 | 0.01 | 0.21 | — | 0.21 | 0.19 | — | 0.19 | — | 559 | 559 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | — | 561 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.09 | 0.07 | 0.63 | 0.56 | < 0.005 | 0.04 | — | 0.04 | 0.03 | — | 0.03 | — | 92.6 | 92.6 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 92.9 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 4.73 | 4.29 | 5.21 | 58.3 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.69 | 0.69 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 11,446 | 11,446 | 0.55 | 0.42 | 1.38 | 11,587 |
| Vendor | 0.42 | 0.24 | 10.5 | 3.19 | 0.06 | 0.12 | 0.49 | 0.61 | 0.12 | 0.18 | 0.31 | — | 8,549 | 8,549 | 0.18 | 1.27 | 0.62 | 8,933 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.57 | 0.52 | 0.63 | 7.42 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 1,407 | 1,407 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 2.79 | 1,426 |
| Vendor | 0.05 | 0.03 | 1.27 | 0.38 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.04 | — | 1,037 | 1,037 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 1.25 | 1,085 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.10 | 0.09 | 0.12 | 1.35 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 233 | 233 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.46 | 236 |
| Vendor | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.23 | 0.07 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 172 | 172 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.21 | 180 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

3.7. Building Construction (2024) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|---------|------|-------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 3.63 | 3.04 | 26.9 | 24.9 | 0.05 | 1.53 | — | 1.53 | 1.41 | — | 1.41 | — | 4,608 | 4,608 | 0.19 | 0.04 | — | 4,624 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 3.63 | 3.04 | 26.9 | 24.9 | 0.05 | 1.53 | — | 1.53 | 1.41 | — | 1.41 | — | 4,608 | 4,608 | 0.19 | 0.04 | — | 4,624 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 1.55 | 1.30 | 11.5 | 10.6 | 0.02 | 0.65 | — | 0.65 | 0.60 | — | 0.60 | — | 1,966 | 1,966 | 0.08 | 0.02 | — | 1,973 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.28 | 0.24 | 2.09 | 1.94 | < 0.005 | 0.12 | — | 0.12 | 0.11 | — | 0.11 | — | 325 | 325 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 327 |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|---------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.60 | 0.54 | 0.51 | 8.85 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 1,526 | 1,526 | 0.06 | 0.05 | 6.05 | 1,549 |
| Vendor | 0.05 | 0.03 | 1.20 | 0.37 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 | — | 1,056 | 1,056 | 0.02 | 0.16 | 2.97 | 1,106 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.57 | 0.51 | 0.60 | 6.69 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0.09 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 1,402 | 1,402 | 0.07 | 0.05 | 0.16 | 1,420 |
| Vendor | 0.05 | 0.03 | 1.25 | 0.38 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 | — | 1,056 | 1,056 | 0.02 | 0.16 | 0.08 | 1,104 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.24 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 3.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 606 | 606 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 1.12 | 614 |
| Vendor | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.53 | 0.16 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 450 | 450 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.55 | 471 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 100 | 100 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.18 | 102 |
| Vendor | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.10 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 74.6 | 74.6 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.09 | 78.0 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

3.9. Paving (2024) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Ethanac & Barnett (Construction - Unmitigated) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|---|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Off-Road Equipment | 1.01 | 0.85 | 7.81 | 10.0 | 0.01 | 0.39 | — | 0.39 | 0.36 | — | 0.36 | — | 1,512 | 1,512 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 1,517 |
| Paving | — | 0.78 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.43 | 0.55 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 82.8 | 82.8 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 83.1 |
| Paving | — | 0.04 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.08 | 0.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 13.7 | 13.7 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 13.8 |
| Paving | — | 0.01 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.07 | 1.25 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 216 | 216 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.86 | 219 |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Worker | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.05 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 11.0 | 11.0 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 11.2 |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 1.82 | 1.82 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 1.85 |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

3.11. Architectural Coating (2024) - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Location | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|------|-------|------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Onsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.22 | 0.18 | 1.21 | 1.53 | < 0.005 | 0.04 | — | 0.04 | 0.04 | — | 0.04 | — | 178 | 178 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 179 |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 31.9 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.13 | 0.17 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 19.5 | 19.5 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 19.6 |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 3.50 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Off-Road Equipment | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | — | 3.23 | 3.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 3.24 |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.64 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Offsite | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.10 | 1.75 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 302 | 302 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 1.20 | 307 | |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.15 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 30.8 | 30.8 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.06 | 31.3 | |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Worker | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.00 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 5.10 | 5.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 5.18 | |
| Vendor | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Hauling | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

4. Operations Emissions Details

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Vegetation | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Species | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

5. Activity Data

5.1. Construction Schedule

| Phase Name | Phase Type | Start Date | End Date | Days Per Week | Work Days per Phase | Phase Description |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| Site Preparation | Site Preparation | 9/5/2023 | 9/18/2023 | 5.00 | 10.0 | — |
| Grading | Grading | 9/19/2023 | 10/30/2023 | 5.00 | 30.0 | — |
| Building Construction | Building Construction | 10/31/2023 | 8/5/2024 | 5.00 | 200 | — |
| Paving | Paving | 7/9/2024 | 8/5/2024 | 5.00 | 20.0 | — |
| Architectural Coating | Architectural Coating | 6/11/2024 | 8/5/2024 | 5.00 | 40.0 | — |

5.2. Off-Road Equipment

5.2.1. Unmitigated

| Phase Name | Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Engine Tier | Number per Day | Hours Per Day | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| Site Preparation | Rubber Tired Dozers | Diesel | Average | 3.00 | 8.00 | 367 | 0.40 |
| Grading | Graders | Diesel | Average | 1.00 | 8.00 | 148 | 0.41 |

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|---------|------|------|------|------|
| Grading | Excavators | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 36.0 | 0.38 |
| Grading | Scrapers | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 423 | 0.48 |
| Grading | Rubber Tired Dozers | Diesel | Average | 1.00 | 8.00 | 367 | 0.40 |
| Building Construction | Forklifts | Diesel | Average | 4.00 | 8.00 | 82.0 | 0.20 |
| Building Construction | Generator Sets | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 14.0 | 0.74 |
| Building Construction | Cranes | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 367 | 0.29 |
| Building Construction | Welders | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 46.0 | 0.45 |
| Paving | Pavers | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 81.0 | 0.42 |
| Paving | Paving Equipment | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 89.0 | 0.36 |
| Paving | Rollers | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 36.0 | 0.38 |
| Architectural Coating | Air Compressors | Diesel | Average | 1.00 | 8.00 | 37.0 | 0.48 |
| Site Preparation | Crawler Tractors | Diesel | Average | 4.00 | 8.00 | 87.0 | 0.43 |
| Grading | Crawler Tractors | Diesel | Average | 2.00 | 8.00 | 87.0 | 0.43 |
| Building Construction | Crawler Tractors | Diesel | Average | 4.00 | 8.00 | 87.0 | 0.43 |

5.3. Construction Vehicles

5.3.1. Unmitigated

| Phase Name | Trip Type | One-Way Trips per Day | Miles per Trip | Vehicle Mix |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Site Preparation | — | — | — | — |
| Site Preparation | Worker | 18.0 | 18.5 | LDA,LDT1,LDT2 |
| Site Preparation | Vendor | 2.00 | 10.2 | HHDT,MHDT |
| Site Preparation | Hauling | 0.00 | 20.0 | HHDT |
| Site Preparation | Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | HHDT |
| Grading | — | — | — | — |
| Grading | Worker | 20.0 | 18.5 | LDA,LDT1,LDT2 |
| Grading | Vendor | 6.00 | 10.2 | HHDT,MHDT |

| | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------|------|------|---------------|
| Grading | Hauling | 0.00 | 20.0 | HHDT |
| Grading | Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | HHDT |
| Building Construction | — | — | — | — |
| Building Construction | Worker | 106 | 18.5 | LDA,LDT1,LDT2 |
| Building Construction | Vendor | 34.0 | 10.2 | HHDT,MHDT |
| Building Construction | Hauling | 0.00 | 20.0 | HHDT |
| Building Construction | Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | HHDT |
| Paving | — | — | — | — |
| Paving | Worker | 15.0 | 18.5 | LDA,LDT1,LDT2 |
| Paving | Vendor | 0.00 | 10.2 | HHDT,MHDT |
| Paving | Hauling | 0.00 | 20.0 | HHDT |
| Paving | Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | HHDT |
| Architectural Coating | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coating | Worker | 21.0 | 18.5 | LDA,LDT1,LDT2 |
| Architectural Coating | Vendor | 0.00 | 10.2 | HHDT,MHDT |
| Architectural Coating | Hauling | 0.00 | 20.0 | HHDT |
| Architectural Coating | Onsite truck | 0.00 | 0.00 | HHDT |

5.4. Vehicles

5.4.1. Construction Vehicle Control Strategies

Non-applicable. No control strategies activated by user.

5.5. Architectural Coatings

| Phase Name | Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Parking Area Coated (sq ft) |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| Architectural Coating | 0.00 | 0.00 | 389,590 | 129,863 | 15,629 |

5.6. Dust Mitigation

5.6.1. Construction Earthmoving Activities

| Phase Name | Material Imported (Cubic Yards) | Material Exported (Cubic Yards) | Acres Graded (acres) | Material Demolished (sq. ft.) | Acres Paved (acres) |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Site Preparation | 0.00 | 0.00 | 35.0 | 0.00 | — |
| Grading | 0.00 | 0.00 | 120 | 0.00 | — |
| Paving | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 5.98 |

5.6.2. Construction Earthmoving Control Strategies

| Control Strategies Applied | Frequency (per day) | PM10 Reduction | PM2.5 Reduction |
|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Water Exposed Area | 3 | 74% | 74% |

5.7. Construction Paving

| Land Use | Area Paved (acres) | % Asphalt |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0% |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0% |
| Parking Lot | 1.55 | 100% |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 4.43 | 100% |

5.8. Construction Electricity Consumption and Emissions Factors

kWh per Year and Emission Factor (lb/MWh)

| Year | kWh per Year | CO2 | CH4 | N2O |
|------|--------------|-----|------|---------|
| 2023 | 0.00 | 532 | 0.03 | < 0.005 |
| 2024 | 0.00 | 532 | 0.03 | < 0.005 |

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Vegetation Land Use Type | Vegetation Soil Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Biomass Cover Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

| Tree Type | Number | Electricity Saved (kWh/year) | Natural Gas Saved (btu/year) |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

| Climate Hazard | Result for Project Location | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 27.9 | annual days of extreme heat |
| Extreme Precipitation | 2.60 | annual days with precipitation above 20 mm |
| Sea Level Rise | 0.00 | meters of inundation depth |
| Wildfire | 7.84 | annual hectares burned |

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about ¾ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 50 meters (m) by 50 m, or about 164 feet (ft) by 164 ft.

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Wildfire | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Sea Level Rise | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Wildfire | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| Exposure Indicators | — |
| AQ-Ozone | 91.1 |
| AQ-PM | 51.4 |
| AQ-DPM | 21.5 |
| Drinking Water | 67.4 |
| Lead Risk Housing | 21.2 |
| Pesticides | 70.2 |
| Toxic Releases | 24.2 |
| Traffic | 74.1 |
| Effect Indicators | — |

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| CleanUp Sites | 0.00 |
| Groundwater | 0.00 |
| Haz Waste Facilities/Generators | 50.1 |
| Impaired Water Bodies | 12.5 |
| Solid Waste | 22.1 |
| Sensitive Population | — |
| Asthma | 48.8 |
| Cardio-vascular | 78.2 |
| Low Birth Weights | 53.5 |
| Socioeconomic Factor Indicators | — |
| Education | 79.3 |
| Housing | 24.9 |
| Linguistic | 16.4 |
| Poverty | 46.8 |
| Unemployment | 73.4 |

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Economic | — |
| Above Poverty | 60.29770307 |
| Employed | 40.65186706 |
| Education | — |
| Bachelor's or higher | 37.28987553 |
| High school enrollment | 21.68612858 |
| Preschool enrollment | 56.08879764 |
| Transportation | — |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Auto Access | 87.47593995 |
| Active commuting | 24.03438984 |
| Social | — |
| 2-parent households | 65.68715514 |
| Voting | 37.14872321 |
| Neighborhood | — |
| Alcohol availability | 82.31746439 |
| Park access | 26.70345182 |
| Retail density | 10.84306429 |
| Supermarket access | 22.85384319 |
| Tree canopy | 2.014628513 |
| Housing | — |
| Homeownership | 88.6179905 |
| Housing habitability | 84.80687797 |
| Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden | 74.63107917 |
| Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden | 62.78711664 |
| Uncrowded housing | 64.30129603 |
| Health Outcomes | — |
| Insured adults | 49.23649429 |
| Arthritis | 1.9 |
| Asthma ER Admissions | 51.4 |
| High Blood Pressure | 4.3 |
| Cancer (excluding skin) | 3.1 |
| Asthma | 46.1 |
| Coronary Heart Disease | 2.1 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 9.6 |
| Diagnosed Diabetes | 20.7 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 41.6 |
| Cognitively Disabled | 70.6 |
| Physically Disabled | 50.9 |
| Heart Attack ER Admissions | 20.0 |
| Mental Health Not Good | 57.3 |
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 3.6 |
| Obesity | 36.5 |
| Pedestrian Injuries | 19.6 |
| Physical Health Not Good | 33.7 |
| Stroke | 7.6 |
| Health Risk Behaviors | — |
| Binge Drinking | 80.1 |
| Current Smoker | 59.6 |
| No Leisure Time for Physical Activity | 36.0 |
| Climate Change Exposures | — |
| Wildfire Risk | 7.4 |
| SLR Inundation Area | 0.0 |
| Children | 31.0 |
| Elderly | 48.0 |
| English Speaking | 75.4 |
| Foreign-born | 34.0 |
| Outdoor Workers | 12.6 |
| Climate Change Adaptive Capacity | — |
| Impervious Surface Cover | 83.3 |
| Traffic Density | 34.3 |
| Traffic Access | 23.0 |
| Other Indices | — |

| | |
|------------------------|------|
| Hardship | 58.4 |
| Other Decision Support | — |
| 2016 Voting | 52.4 |

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

| Metric | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---|---------------------------------|
| CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a) | 55.0 |
| Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b) | 50.0 |
| Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535) | No |
| Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550) | No |
| Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617) | No |

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health and Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

8. User Changes to Default Data

| Screen | Justification |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Land Use | Total Project area is 13.89 acres |
| Construction: Construction Phases | Construction anticipated to be completed in 2024 |
| Construction: Off-Road Equipment | Construction equipment based on equipment used for similar projects in the area |
| Construction: Trips and VMT | Vendor Trips adjusted based on CalEEMod defaults for Building Construction and number of days for Site Preparation, Grading, and Building Construction |
| Construction: Architectural Coatings | Rule 1113 |

APPENDIX 3.2:

CALEEMOD PROJECT REGIONAL OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS MODEL OUTPUTS

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Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Operations) Detailed Report

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1. Basic Project Information

1.1. Basic Project Information

| Data Field | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Project Name | Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Operations) |
| Lead Agency | — |
| Land Use Scale | Project/site |
| Analysis Level for Defaults | County |
| Windspeed (m/s) | 2.50 |
| Precipitation (days) | 0.20 |
| Location | 33.740681538531234, -117.1943078395602 |
| County | Riverside-South Coast |
| City | Menifee |
| Air District | South Coast AQMD |
| Air Basin | South Coast |
| TAZ | 5512 |
| EDFZ | 11 |
| Electric Utility | Southern California Edison |
| Gas Utility | Southern California Gas |

1.2. Land Use Types

| Land Use Subtype | Size | Unit | Lot Acreage | Building Area (sq ft) | Landscape Area (sq ft) | Special Landscape Area (sq ft) | Population | Description |
|-------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Manufacturing | 25.2 | 1000sqft | 0.79 | 25,191 | 9,280 | 0.00 | — | — |
| User Defined Industrial | 25.2 | User Defined Unit | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

2. Emissions Summary

2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Un/Mit. | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.70 | 1.20 | 2.99 | 6.38 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 28.0 | 4,168 | 4,196 | 2.96 | 0.45 | 11.6 | 4,415 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.48 | 1.00 | 3.13 | 4.44 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 28.0 | 4,091 | 4,119 | 2.96 | 0.45 | 0.76 | 4,327 |
| Average Daily (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.51 | 1.04 | 2.50 | 4.37 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 28.0 | 3,371 | 3,399 | 2.95 | 0.36 | 4.26 | 3,585 |
| Annual (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.46 | 0.80 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 4.64 | 558 | 563 | 0.49 | 0.06 | 0.71 | 594 |

2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Sector | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Operations) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|------|---------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Mobile | 0.50 | 0.42 | 2.98 | 5.28 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.19 | — | 3,531 | 3,531 | 0.08 | 0.41 | 11.1 | 3,667 |
| Area | 0.19 | 0.78 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.70 | 1.20 | 2.99 | 6.38 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.05 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 28.0 | 4,168 | 4,196 | 2.96 | 0.45 | 11.6 | 4,415 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.48 | 0.40 | 3.13 | 4.44 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.19 | — | 3,458 | 3,458 | 0.08 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 3,583 |
| Area | — | 0.60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.48 | 1.00 | 3.13 | 4.44 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.72 | 0.77 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.19 | 28.0 | 4,091 | 4,119 | 2.96 | 0.45 | 0.76 | 4,327 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.38 | 0.31 | 2.49 | 3.62 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.15 | — | 2,735 | 2,735 | 0.06 | 0.33 | 3.79 | 2,838 |
| Area | 0.13 | 0.73 | 0.01 | 0.75 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 3.09 | 3.09 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 3.33 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.51 | 1.04 | 2.50 | 4.37 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.57 | 0.61 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.15 | 28.0 | 3,371 | 3,399 | 2.95 | 0.36 | 4.26 | 3,585 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.46 | 0.66 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | — | 453 | 453 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.63 | 470 |
| Area | 0.02 | 0.13 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Total | 0.09 | 0.19 | 0.46 | 0.80 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 4.64 | 558 | 563 | 0.49 | 0.06 | 0.71 | 594 |

4. Operations Emissions Details

4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

4.1.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|---------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.39 | 0.36 | 0.23 | 4.52 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | 0.04 | 0.05 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 951 | 951 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 3.77 | 963 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.11 | 0.06 | 2.75 | 0.77 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.10 | — | 2,580 | 2,580 | 0.04 | 0.39 | 7.37 | 2,704 |
| Total | 0.50 | 0.42 | 2.98 | 5.28 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.12 | — | 3,531 | 3,531 | 0.08 | 0.41 | 11.1 | 3,667 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.37 | 0.34 | 0.25 | 3.67 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | 0.04 | 0.05 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 877 | 877 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 886 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.11 | 0.06 | 2.87 | 0.77 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.10 | — | 2,581 | 2,581 | 0.04 | 0.39 | 0.19 | 2,698 |
| Total | 0.48 | 0.40 | 3.13 | 4.44 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.23 | 0.27 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.12 | — | 3,458 | 3,458 | 0.08 | 0.41 | 0.29 | 3,583 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---|-----|-----|---------|---------|------|-----|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.04 | 0.55 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 116 | 116 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.21 | 117 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.42 | 0.11 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 337 | 337 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.42 | 353 |
| Total | 0.07 | 0.06 | 0.46 | 0.66 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 453 | 453 | 0.01 | 0.05 | 0.63 | 470 |

4.2. Energy

4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| Manufact | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |

4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

4.3. Area Emissions by Source

4.3.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Source | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|------|-------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.54 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.06 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Total | 0.19 | 0.78 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.54 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.06 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | 0.60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|---------|------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|---|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.10 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.01 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.02 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |
| Total | 0.02 | 0.13 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |

4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

4.4.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |

4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

4.5.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |

4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

4.6.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |

4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

4.7.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

4.9.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Vegetatio | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Species | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Remove d | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

5. Activity Data

5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

5.9.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Trips/Weekday | Trips/Saturday | Trips/Sunday | Trips/Year | VMT/Weekday | VMT/Saturday | VMT/Sunday | VMT/Year |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Manufacturing | 87.0 | 27.2 | 18.1 | 25,044 | 1,272 | 398 | 264 | 366,267 |
| User Defined Industrial | 33.0 | 10.3 | 6.86 | 9,500 | 880 | 275 | 183 | 253,189 |

5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

| Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Parking Area Coated (sq ft) |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 0 | 0.00 | 37,787 | 12,596 | — |

5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

| Season | Unit | Value |
|-----------|--------|-------|
| Snow Days | day/yr | 0.00 |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|-----|
| Summer Days | day/yr | 250 |
|-------------|--------|-----|

5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

5.11.1. Unmitigated

Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)

| Land Use | Electricity (kWh/yr) | CO2 | CH4 | N2O | Natural Gas (kBTU/yr) |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| Manufacturing | 621,990 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |

5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

5.12.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Indoor Water (gal/year) | Outdoor Water (gal/year) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Manufacturing | 5,825,419 | 147,146 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.13. Operational Waste Generation

5.13.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Waste (ton/year) | Cogeneration (kWh/year) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Manufacturing | 31.2 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

5.14.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Equipment Type | Refrigerant | GWP | Quantity (kg) | Operations Leak Rate | Service Leak Rate | Times Serviced |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Manufacturing | Other commercial A/C and heat pumps | User Defined | 150 | 0.30 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 18.0 |

5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

5.15.1. Unmitigated

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Engine Tier | Number per Day | Hours Per Day | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|

5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number per Day | Hours per Day | Hours per Year | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|

5.16.2. Process Boilers

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number | Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr) | Daily Heat Input (MMBtu/day) | Annual Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) |
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

5.17. User Defined

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type |
|----------------|-----------|
| — | — |

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Vegetation Land Use Type | Vegetation Soil Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Biomass Cover Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

| Tree Type | Number | Electricity Saved (kWh/year) | Natural Gas Saved (btu/year) |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

| Climate Hazard | Result for Project Location | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 27.9 | annual days of extreme heat |
| Extreme Precipitation | 2.60 | annual days with precipitation above 20 mm |
| Sea Level Rise | 0.00 | meters of inundation depth |
| Wildfire | 7.84 | annual hectares burned |

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about $\frac{3}{4}$ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 50 meters (m) by 50 m, or about 164 feet (ft) by 164 ft.

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Wildfire | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wildfire | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|
| Air Quality | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Exposure Indicators | — |
| AQ-Ozone | 91.1 |
| AQ-PM | 51.4 |
| AQ-DPM | 21.5 |
| Drinking Water | 67.4 |
| Lead Risk Housing | 21.2 |
| Pesticides | 70.2 |
| Toxic Releases | 24.2 |
| Traffic | 74.1 |
| Effect Indicators | — |
| CleanUp Sites | 0.00 |
| Groundwater | 0.00 |
| Haz Waste Facilities/Generators | 50.1 |
| Impaired Water Bodies | 12.5 |
| Solid Waste | 22.1 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Sensitive Population | — |
| Asthma | 48.8 |
| Cardio-vascular | 78.2 |
| Low Birth Weights | 53.5 |
| Socioeconomic Factor Indicators | — |
| Education | 79.3 |
| Housing | 24.9 |
| Linguistic | 16.4 |
| Poverty | 46.8 |
| Unemployment | 73.4 |

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Economic | — |
| Above Poverty | 60.29770307 |
| Employed | 40.65186706 |
| Education | — |
| Bachelor's or higher | 37.28987553 |
| High school enrollment | 21.68612858 |
| Preschool enrollment | 56.08879764 |
| Transportation | — |
| Auto Access | 87.47593995 |
| Active commuting | 24.03438984 |
| Social | — |
| 2-parent households | 65.68715514 |
| Voting | 37.14872321 |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Neighborhood | — |
| Alcohol availability | 82.31746439 |
| Park access | 26.70345182 |
| Retail density | 10.84306429 |
| Supermarket access | 22.85384319 |
| Tree canopy | 2.014628513 |
| Housing | — |
| Homeownership | 88.6179905 |
| Housing habitability | 84.80687797 |
| Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden | 74.63107917 |
| Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden | 62.78711664 |
| Uncrowded housing | 64.30129603 |
| Health Outcomes | — |
| Insured adults | 49.23649429 |
| Arthritis | 1.9 |
| Asthma ER Admissions | 51.4 |
| High Blood Pressure | 4.3 |
| Cancer (excluding skin) | 3.1 |
| Asthma | 46.1 |
| Coronary Heart Disease | 2.1 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 9.6 |
| Diagnosed Diabetes | 20.7 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 41.6 |
| Cognitively Disabled | 70.6 |
| Physically Disabled | 50.9 |
| Heart Attack ER Admissions | 20.0 |
| Mental Health Not Good | 57.3 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 3.6 |
| Obesity | 36.5 |
| Pedestrian Injuries | 19.6 |
| Physical Health Not Good | 33.7 |
| Stroke | 7.6 |
| Health Risk Behaviors | — |
| Binge Drinking | 80.1 |
| Current Smoker | 59.6 |
| No Leisure Time for Physical Activity | 36.0 |
| Climate Change Exposures | — |
| Wildfire Risk | 7.4 |
| SLR Inundation Area | 0.0 |
| Children | 31.0 |
| Elderly | 48.0 |
| English Speaking | 75.4 |
| Foreign-born | 34.0 |
| Outdoor Workers | 12.6 |
| Climate Change Adaptive Capacity | — |
| Impervious Surface Cover | 83.3 |
| Traffic Density | 34.3 |
| Traffic Access | 23.0 |
| Other Indices | — |
| Hardship | 58.4 |
| Other Decision Support | — |
| 2016 Voting | 52.4 |

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

| Metric | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---|---------------------------------|
| CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a) | 55.0 |
| Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b) | 50.0 |
| Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535) | No |
| Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550) | No |
| Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617) | No |

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health and Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

8. User Changes to Default Data

| Screen | Justification |
|--------------------------|--|
| Land Use | Total Manufacturing area is approximately 0.79 acres |
| Operations: Vehicle Data | Trip characteristics based on information provided in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Fleet Mix | Passenger Car Mix estimated based on the CalEEMod default fleet mix and the ratio of the vehicle classes (LDA, LDT1, LDT2, MDV, & MCY). Truck Mix based on information in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Refrigerants | Per 17 CCR 95371, new refrigeration equipment containing >50 lbs of refrigerant in new facilities is prohibited from utilizing refrigerants with a GWP of 150 or greater as of 1 Jan 2022. |
| Operations: Energy Use | Project will not use natural gas |

Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Operations) Detailed Report

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 - 4.3. Area Emissions by Source

4.3.2. Unmitigated

4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

4.4.2. Unmitigated

4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

4.5.2. Unmitigated

4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

4.6.1. Unmitigated

4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

4.7.1. Unmitigated

4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

4.8.1. Unmitigated

4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

4.9.1. Unmitigated

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

5. Activity Data

5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

5.9.1. Unmitigated

5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

5.11.1. Unmitigated

5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

5.12.1. Unmitigated

5.13. Operational Waste Generation

5.13.1. Unmitigated

5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

5.14.1. Unmitigated

5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

5.15.1. Unmitigated

5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

5.16.2. Process Boilers

5.17. User Defined

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

8. User Changes to Default Data

1. Basic Project Information

1.1. Basic Project Information

| Data Field | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Project Name | Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Operations) |
| Lead Agency | — |
| Land Use Scale | Project/site |
| Analysis Level for Defaults | County |
| Windspeed (m/s) | 2.50 |
| Precipitation (days) | 0.20 |
| Location | 33.740681538531234, -117.1943078395602 |
| County | Riverside-South Coast |
| City | Menifee |
| Air District | South Coast AQMD |
| Air Basin | South Coast |
| TAZ | 5512 |
| EDFZ | 11 |
| Electric Utility | Southern California Edison |
| Gas Utility | Southern California Gas |

1.2. Land Use Types

| Land Use Subtype | Size | Unit | Lot Acreage | Building Area (sq ft) | Landscape Area (sq ft) | Special Landscape Area (sq ft) | Population | Description |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 227 | 1000sqft | 7.12 | 226,721 | 83,523 | 0.00 | — | — |
| User Defined Industrial | 227 | User Defined Unit | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|----------|------|------|------|------|---|---|
| Parking Lot | 416 | Space | 1.55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 193 | 1000sqft | 4.43 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

2. Emissions Summary

2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Un/Mit. | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 3.38 | 8.46 | 9.64 | 27.0 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 2.34 | 2.50 | 0.16 | 0.47 | 0.64 | 215 | 12,558 | 12,773 | 22.1 | 1.58 | 267 | 14,064 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 1.57 | 6.78 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 2.34 | 2.49 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.62 | 215 | 12,282 | 12,497 | 22.1 | 1.57 | 232 | 13,751 |
| Average Daily (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 2.34 | 7.54 | 7.48 | 17.6 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 1.71 | 1.83 | 0.12 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 215 | 9,369 | 9,584 | 22.1 | 1.23 | 242 | 10,744 |
| Annual (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.43 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 3.22 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.31 | 0.33 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 35.6 | 1,551 | 1,587 | 3.66 | 0.20 | 40.1 | 1,779 |

2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

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| Sector | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|--------|--------|---------|------|------|--------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 1.63 | 1.36 | 9.56 | 17.1 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 2.34 | 2.49 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.62 | — | 11,292 | 11,292 | 0.24 | 1.31 | 36.1 | 11,723 |
| Area | 1.75 | 7.10 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | 3.38 | 8.46 | 9.64 | 27.0 | 0.11 | 0.16 | 2.34 | 2.50 | 0.16 | 0.47 | 0.64 | 215 | 12,558 | 12,773 | 22.1 | 1.58 | 267 | 14,064 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 1.57 | 1.30 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 2.34 | 2.49 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.62 | — | 11,056 | 11,056 | 0.25 | 1.31 | 0.94 | 11,454 |
| Area | — | 5.49 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | 1.57 | 6.78 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 2.34 | 2.49 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.62 | 215 | 12,282 | 12,497 | 22.1 | 1.57 | 232 | 13,751 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 1.14 | 0.95 | 7.42 | 10.9 | 0.08 | 0.11 | 1.71 | 1.82 | 0.10 | 0.35 | 0.45 | — | 8,115 | 8,115 | 0.18 | 0.96 | 11.4 | 8,418 |
| Area | 1.20 | 6.60 | 0.06 | 6.75 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | — | 27.8 | 27.8 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 30.0 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|------|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|--------|
| Total | 2.34 | 7.54 | 7.48 | 17.6 | 0.08 | 0.12 | 1.71 | 1.83 | 0.12 | 0.35 | 0.46 | 215 | 9,369 | 9,584 | 22.1 | 1.23 | 242 | 10,744 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.21 | 0.17 | 1.35 | 1.99 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.31 | 0.33 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | — | 1,344 | 1,344 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 1.89 | 1,394 |
| Area | 0.22 | 1.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 145 | 145 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 146 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |
| Total | 0.43 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 3.22 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.31 | 0.33 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 35.6 | 1,551 | 1,587 | 3.66 | 0.20 | 40.1 | 1,779 |

4. Operations Emissions Details

4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

4.1.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 1.26 | 1.15 | 0.74 | 14.6 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 | — | 3,073 | 3,073 | 0.11 | 0.07 | 12.2 | 3,109 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.37 | 0.21 | 8.82 | 2.51 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.59 | 0.72 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.32 | — | 8,219 | 8,219 | 0.14 | 1.23 | 23.9 | 8,614 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|------|------|---|--------|--------|------|------|------|--------|
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 1.63 | 1.36 | 9.56 | 17.1 | 0.11 | 0.15 | 0.73 | 0.88 | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.37 | — | 11,292 | 11,292 | 0.24 | 1.31 | 36.1 | 11,723 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 1.21 | 1.09 | 0.82 | 11.9 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.05 | — | 2,834 | 2,834 | 0.11 | 0.08 | 0.32 | 2,861 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.36 | 0.20 | 9.21 | 2.52 | 0.08 | 0.14 | 0.59 | 0.72 | 0.13 | 0.19 | 0.32 | — | 8,222 | 8,222 | 0.14 | 1.23 | 0.62 | 8,593 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 1.57 | 1.30 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 0.10 | 0.15 | 0.73 | 0.88 | 0.14 | 0.23 | 0.37 | — | 11,056 | 11,056 | 0.25 | 1.31 | 0.94 | 11,454 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.16 | 0.15 | 0.11 | 1.65 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 348 | 348 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.64 | 351 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.05 | 0.03 | 1.24 | 0.33 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.08 | 0.10 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | — | 996 | 996 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 1.25 | 1,042 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.21 | 0.17 | 1.35 | 1.99 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.05 | — | 1,344 | 1,344 | 0.03 | 0.16 | 1.89 | 1,394 |

4.2. Energy

4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 822 | 822 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 826 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 56.5 | 56.5 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 56.8 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 822 | 822 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 826 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 56.5 | 56.5 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 56.8 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 136 | 136 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 137 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 9.35 | 9.35 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 9.41 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 145 | 145 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 146 |

4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

4.3. Area Emissions by Source

4.3.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Source | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|---------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 4.87 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.62 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 1.75 | 1.62 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Total | 1.75 | 7.10 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 4.87 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|---|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.62 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | 5.49 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.89 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.11 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |
| Total | 0.22 | 1.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |

4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

4.4.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Operations) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |

4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

4.5.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |

4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

4.6.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |

4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

4.7.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

4.9.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Vegetation | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Species | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

5. Activity Data

5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

5.9.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Trips/Weekday | Trips/Saturday | Trips/Sunday | Trips/Year | VMT/Weekday | VMT/Saturday | VMT/Sunday | VMT/Year |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|-----------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 281 | 24.6 | 9.86 | 75,058 | 4,110 | 360 | 144 | 1,097,728 |
| User Defined Industrial | 107 | 9.39 | 3.74 | 28,578 | 2,832 | 248 | 99.0 | 756,334 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

| Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Parking Area Coated (sq ft) |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 0 | 0.00 | 351,799 | 117,266 | 15,623 |

5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

| Season | Unit | Value |
|-------------|--------|-------|
| Snow Days | day/yr | 0.00 |
| Summer Days | day/yr | 250 |

5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

5.11.1. Unmitigated

Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBtu/yr)

| Land Use | Electricity (kWh/yr) | CO2 | CH4 | N2O | Natural Gas (kBTU/yr) |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 860,235 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 59,146 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |

5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

5.12.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Indoor Water (gal/year) | Outdoor Water (gal/year) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 52,429,231 | 1,324,312 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.13. Operational Waste Generation

5.13.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Waste (ton/year) | Cogeneration (kWh/year) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 213 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

5.14.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Equipment Type | Refrigerant | GWP | Quantity (kg) | Operations Leak Rate | Service Leak Rate | Times Served |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | Cold storage | User Defined | 150 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 25.0 |

5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

5.15.1. Unmitigated

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Engine Tier | Number per Day | Hours Per Day | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|

5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number per Day | Hours per Day | Hours per Year | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|

5.16.2. Process Boilers

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number | Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr) | Daily Heat Input (MMBtu/day) | Annual Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) |
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

5.17. User Defined

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type |
|----------------|-----------|
| — | — |

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Vegetation Land Use Type | Vegetation Soil Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Biomass Cover Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

| Tree Type | Number | Electricity Saved (kWh/year) | Natural Gas Saved (btu/year) |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

| Climate Hazard | Result for Project Location | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 27.9 | annual days of extreme heat |
| Extreme Precipitation | 2.60 | annual days with precipitation above 20 mm |
| Sea Level Rise | 0.00 | meters of inundation depth |
| Wildfire | 7.84 | annual hectares burned |

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about ¾ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 50 meters (m) by 50 m, or about 164 feet (ft) by 164 ft.

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Wildfire | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wildfire | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Exposure Indicators | — |
| AQ-Ozone | 91.1 |
| AQ-PM | 51.4 |
| AQ-DPM | 21.5 |
| Drinking Water | 67.4 |
| Lead Risk Housing | 21.2 |
| Pesticides | 70.2 |
| Toxic Releases | 24.2 |
| Traffic | 74.1 |
| Effect Indicators | — |
| CleanUp Sites | 0.00 |
| Groundwater | 0.00 |
| Haz Waste Facilities/Generators | 50.1 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Impaired Water Bodies | 12.5 |
| Solid Waste | 22.1 |
| Sensitive Population | — |
| Asthma | 48.8 |
| Cardio-vascular | 78.2 |
| Low Birth Weights | 53.5 |
| Socioeconomic Factor Indicators | — |
| Education | 79.3 |
| Housing | 24.9 |
| Linguistic | 16.4 |
| Poverty | 46.8 |
| Unemployment | 73.4 |

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Economic | — |
| Above Poverty | 60.29770307 |
| Employed | 40.65186706 |
| Education | — |
| Bachelor's or higher | 37.28987553 |
| High school enrollment | 21.68612858 |
| Preschool enrollment | 56.08879764 |
| Transportation | — |
| Auto Access | 87.47593995 |
| Active commuting | 24.03438984 |
| Social | — |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| 2-parent households | 65.68715514 |
| Voting | 37.14872321 |
| Neighborhood | — |
| Alcohol availability | 82.31746439 |
| Park access | 26.70345182 |
| Retail density | 10.84306429 |
| Supermarket access | 22.85384319 |
| Tree canopy | 2.014628513 |
| Housing | — |
| Homeownership | 88.6179905 |
| Housing habitability | 84.80687797 |
| Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden | 74.63107917 |
| Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden | 62.78711664 |
| Uncrowded housing | 64.30129603 |
| Health Outcomes | — |
| Insured adults | 49.23649429 |
| Arthritis | 1.9 |
| Asthma ER Admissions | 51.4 |
| High Blood Pressure | 4.3 |
| Cancer (excluding skin) | 3.1 |
| Asthma | 46.1 |
| Coronary Heart Disease | 2.1 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 9.6 |
| Diagnosed Diabetes | 20.7 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 41.6 |
| Cognitively Disabled | 70.6 |
| Physically Disabled | 50.9 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Heart Attack ER Admissions | 20.0 |
| Mental Health Not Good | 57.3 |
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 3.6 |
| Obesity | 36.5 |
| Pedestrian Injuries | 19.6 |
| Physical Health Not Good | 33.7 |
| Stroke | 7.6 |
| Health Risk Behaviors | — |
| Binge Drinking | 80.1 |
| Current Smoker | 59.6 |
| No Leisure Time for Physical Activity | 36.0 |
| Climate Change Exposures | — |
| Wildfire Risk | 7.4 |
| SLR Inundation Area | 0.0 |
| Children | 31.0 |
| Elderly | 48.0 |
| English Speaking | 75.4 |
| Foreign-born | 34.0 |
| Outdoor Workers | 12.6 |
| Climate Change Adaptive Capacity | — |
| Impervious Surface Cover | 83.3 |
| Traffic Density | 34.3 |
| Traffic Access | 23.0 |
| Other Indices | — |
| Hardship | 58.4 |
| Other Decision Support | — |
| 2016 Voting | 52.4 |

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

| Metric | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---|---------------------------------|
| CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a) | 55.0 |
| Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b) | 50.0 |
| Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535) | No |
| Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550) | No |
| Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617) | No |

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health and Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

8. User Changes to Default Data

| Screen | Justification |
|--------------------------|--|
| Land Use | Total Project area (without Manufacturing) is 13.09 acres |
| Operations: Vehicle Data | Trip characteristics based on information provided in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Fleet Mix | Passenger Car Mix estimated based on the CalEEMod default fleet mix and the ratio of the vehicle classes (LDA, LDT1, LDT2, MDV, & MCY). Truck Mix based on information in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Refrigerants | Per 17 CCR 95371, new refrigeration equipment containing >50 lbs of refrigerant in new facilities is prohibited from utilizing refrigerants with a GWP of 150 or greater as of 1 Jan 2022. |
| Operations: Energy Use | The Project will not use natural gas |

APPENDIX 3.3:

CALEEMOD PROJECT LOCALIZED OPERATIONAL EMISSIONS MODEL OUTPUTS

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Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Localized Operations) Detailed Report

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1. Basic Project Information

1.1. Basic Project Information

| Data Field | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Project Name | Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Localized Operations) |
| Lead Agency | — |
| Land Use Scale | Project/site |
| Analysis Level for Defaults | County |
| Windspeed (m/s) | 2.50 |
| Precipitation (days) | 0.20 |
| Location | 33.740681538531234, -117.1943078395602 |
| County | Riverside-South Coast |
| City | Menifee |
| Air District | South Coast AQMD |
| Air Basin | South Coast |
| TAZ | 5512 |
| EDFZ | 11 |
| Electric Utility | Southern California Edison |
| Gas Utility | Southern California Gas |

1.2. Land Use Types

| Land Use Subtype | Size | Unit | Lot Acreage | Building Area (sq ft) | Landscape Area (sq ft) | Special Landscape Area (sq ft) | Population | Description |
|-------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Manufacturing | 25.2 | 1000sqft | 0.79 | 25,191 | 9,280 | 0.00 | — | — |
| User Defined Industrial | 25.2 | User Defined Unit | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

2. Emissions Summary

2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Un/Mit. | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.49 | 1.06 | 0.48 | 2.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 817 | 845 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.90 | 936 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.28 | 0.86 | 0.49 | 1.06 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 809 | 837 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.48 | 928 |
| Average Daily (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.35 | 0.93 | 0.39 | 1.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 775 | 803 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.62 | 893 |
| Annual (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.29 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 4.64 | 128 | 133 | 0.48 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 148 |

2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Sector | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

Ethanac & Barnett (Manufacturing Localized Operations) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|------|------|---------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Mobile | 0.30 | 0.28 | 0.47 | 1.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 179 | 179 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.43 | 188 |
| Area | 0.19 | 0.78 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.49 | 1.06 | 0.48 | 2.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 817 | 845 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.90 | 936 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.49 | 1.06 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 176 | 176 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 184 |
| Area | — | 0.60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.28 | 0.86 | 0.49 | 1.06 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 809 | 837 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.48 | 928 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.38 | 0.85 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 139 | 139 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.15 | 146 |
| Area | 0.13 | 0.73 | 0.01 | 0.75 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 3.09 | 3.09 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 3.33 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | 0.35 | 0.93 | 0.39 | 1.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.03 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 28.0 | 775 | 803 | 2.91 | 0.06 | 0.62 | 893 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.15 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 23.0 | 23.0 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 24.1 |
| Area | 0.02 | 0.13 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Total | 0.06 | 0.17 | 0.07 | 0.29 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 4.64 | 128 | 133 | 0.48 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 148 |

4. Operations Emissions Details

4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

4.1.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.06 | 0.75 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 65.9 | 65.9 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.21 | 68.6 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.41 | 0.26 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 113 | 113 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.22 | 119 |
| Total | 0.30 | 0.28 | 0.47 | 1.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 179 | 179 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.43 | 188 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.07 | 0.79 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 62.1 | 62.1 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 64.7 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.43 | 0.27 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 114 | 114 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 120 |
| Total | 0.28 | 0.26 | 0.49 | 1.06 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 176 | 176 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 184 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.12 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 8.18 | 8.18 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 8.54 |
| User Defined Industrial | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.06 | 0.04 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 14.9 | 14.9 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 15.6 |
| Total | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.07 | 0.15 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 23.0 | 23.0 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 24.1 |

4.2. Energy

4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 594 | 594 | 0.06 | 0.01 | — | 598 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| Manufact | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 98.4 | 98.4 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 98.9 |

4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

4.3. Area Emissions by Source

4.3.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Source | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------|------|-------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.54 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.06 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Total | 0.19 | 0.78 | 0.01 | 1.10 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.51 | 4.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.87 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.54 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.06 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | 0.60 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|---------|------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|---|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.10 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.01 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.02 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |
| Total | 0.02 | 0.13 | < 0.005 | 0.14 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 0.51 | 0.51 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 0.55 |

4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

4.4.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 11.2 | 38.6 | 49.8 | 1.15 | 0.03 | — | 86.7 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 1.85 | 6.39 | 8.24 | 0.19 | < 0.005 | — | 14.4 |

4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

4.5.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|-------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.8 | 0.00 | 16.8 | 1.68 | 0.00 | — | 58.9 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 2.79 | 0.00 | 2.79 | 0.28 | 0.00 | — | 9.75 |

4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

4.6.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|
| Manufacturing | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.08 | 0.08 |

4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

4.7.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

4.9.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Vegetatio | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Species | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
|---------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Remove d | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

5. Activity Data

5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

5.9.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Trips/Weekday | Trips/Saturday | Trips/Sunday | Trips/Year | VMT/Weekday | VMT/Saturday | VMT/Sunday | VMT/Year |
|-------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Manufacturing | 87.0 | 27.2 | 18.1 | 25,044 | 69.6 | 21.8 | 14.5 | 20,035 |
| User Defined Industrial | 33.0 | 10.3 | 6.86 | 9,500 | 26.4 | 8.26 | 5.49 | 7,600 |

5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

| Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Parking Area Coated (sq ft) |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 0 | 0.00 | 37,787 | 12,596 | — |

5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

| Season | Unit | Value |
|-----------|--------|-------|
| Snow Days | day/yr | 0.00 |

| | | |
|-------------|--------|-----|
| Summer Days | day/yr | 250 |
|-------------|--------|-----|

5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

5.11.1. Unmitigated

Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBTU/yr)

| Land Use | Electricity (kWh/yr) | CO2 | CH4 | N2O | Natural Gas (kBTU/yr) |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| Manufacturing | 621,990 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |

5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

5.12.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Indoor Water (gal/year) | Outdoor Water (gal/year) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Manufacturing | 5,825,419 | 147,146 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.13. Operational Waste Generation

5.13.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Waste (ton/year) | Cogeneration (kWh/year) |
|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Manufacturing | 31.2 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

5.14.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Equipment Type | Refrigerant | GWP | Quantity (kg) | Operations Leak Rate | Service Leak Rate | Times Serviced |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Manufacturing | Other commercial A/C and heat pumps | User Defined | 150 | 0.30 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 18.0 |

5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

5.15.1. Unmitigated

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Engine Tier | Number per Day | Hours Per Day | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|

5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number per Day | Hours per Day | Hours per Year | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|

5.16.2. Process Boilers

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number | Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr) | Daily Heat Input (MMBtu/day) | Annual Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) |
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

5.17. User Defined

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type |
|----------------|-----------|
| — | — |

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Vegetation Land Use Type | Vegetation Soil Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Biomass Cover Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

| Tree Type | Number | Electricity Saved (kWh/year) | Natural Gas Saved (btu/year) |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

| Climate Hazard | Result for Project Location | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 27.9 | annual days of extreme heat |
| Extreme Precipitation | 2.60 | annual days with precipitation above 20 mm |
| Sea Level Rise | 0.00 | meters of inundation depth |
| Wildfire | 7.84 | annual hectares burned |

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about ¾ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 50 meters (m) by 50 m, or about 164 feet (ft) by 164 ft.

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Wildfire | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wildfire | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|
| Air Quality | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Exposure Indicators | — |
| AQ-Ozone | 91.1 |
| AQ-PM | 51.4 |
| AQ-DPM | 21.5 |
| Drinking Water | 67.4 |
| Lead Risk Housing | 21.2 |
| Pesticides | 70.2 |
| Toxic Releases | 24.2 |
| Traffic | 74.1 |
| Effect Indicators | — |
| CleanUp Sites | 0.00 |
| Groundwater | 0.00 |
| Haz Waste Facilities/Generators | 50.1 |
| Impaired Water Bodies | 12.5 |
| Solid Waste | 22.1 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Sensitive Population | — |
| Asthma | 48.8 |
| Cardio-vascular | 78.2 |
| Low Birth Weights | 53.5 |
| Socioeconomic Factor Indicators | — |
| Education | 79.3 |
| Housing | 24.9 |
| Linguistic | 16.4 |
| Poverty | 46.8 |
| Unemployment | 73.4 |

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Economic | — |
| Above Poverty | 60.29770307 |
| Employed | 40.65186706 |
| Education | — |
| Bachelor's or higher | 37.28987553 |
| High school enrollment | 21.68612858 |
| Preschool enrollment | 56.08879764 |
| Transportation | — |
| Auto Access | 87.47593995 |
| Active commuting | 24.03438984 |
| Social | — |
| 2-parent households | 65.68715514 |
| Voting | 37.14872321 |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Neighborhood | — |
| Alcohol availability | 82.31746439 |
| Park access | 26.70345182 |
| Retail density | 10.84306429 |
| Supermarket access | 22.85384319 |
| Tree canopy | 2.014628513 |
| Housing | — |
| Homeownership | 88.6179905 |
| Housing habitability | 84.80687797 |
| Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden | 74.63107917 |
| Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden | 62.78711664 |
| Uncrowded housing | 64.30129603 |
| Health Outcomes | — |
| Insured adults | 49.23649429 |
| Arthritis | 1.9 |
| Asthma ER Admissions | 51.4 |
| High Blood Pressure | 4.3 |
| Cancer (excluding skin) | 3.1 |
| Asthma | 46.1 |
| Coronary Heart Disease | 2.1 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 9.6 |
| Diagnosed Diabetes | 20.7 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 41.6 |
| Cognitively Disabled | 70.6 |
| Physically Disabled | 50.9 |
| Heart Attack ER Admissions | 20.0 |
| Mental Health Not Good | 57.3 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 3.6 |
| Obesity | 36.5 |
| Pedestrian Injuries | 19.6 |
| Physical Health Not Good | 33.7 |
| Stroke | 7.6 |
| Health Risk Behaviors | — |
| Binge Drinking | 80.1 |
| Current Smoker | 59.6 |
| No Leisure Time for Physical Activity | 36.0 |
| Climate Change Exposures | — |
| Wildfire Risk | 7.4 |
| SLR Inundation Area | 0.0 |
| Children | 31.0 |
| Elderly | 48.0 |
| English Speaking | 75.4 |
| Foreign-born | 34.0 |
| Outdoor Workers | 12.6 |
| Climate Change Adaptive Capacity | — |
| Impervious Surface Cover | 83.3 |
| Traffic Density | 34.3 |
| Traffic Access | 23.0 |
| Other Indices | — |
| Hardship | 58.4 |
| Other Decision Support | — |
| 2016 Voting | 52.4 |

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

| Metric | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---|---------------------------------|
| CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a) | 55.0 |
| Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b) | 50.0 |
| Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535) | No |
| Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550) | No |
| Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617) | No |

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health and Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

8. User Changes to Default Data

| Screen | Justification |
|--------------------------|--|
| Land Use | Total Manufacturing area is approximately 0.79 acres |
| Operations: Vehicle Data | Trip characteristics based on information provided in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Fleet Mix | Passenger Car Mix estimated based on the CalEEMod default fleet mix and the ratio of the vehicle classes (LDA, LDT1, LDT2, MDV, & MCY). Truck Mix based on information in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Refrigerants | Per 17 CCR 95371, new refrigeration equipment containing >50 lbs of refrigerant in new facilities is prohibited from utilizing refrigerants with a GWP of 150 or greater as of 1 Jan 2022. |
| Operations: Energy Use | Project will not use natural gas |

Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Localized Operations) Detailed Report

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1. Basic Project Information

1.1. Basic Project Information

| Data Field | Value |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Project Name | Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Localized Operations) |
| Lead Agency | — |
| Land Use Scale | Project/site |
| Analysis Level for Defaults | County |
| Windspeed (m/s) | 2.50 |
| Precipitation (days) | 0.20 |
| Location | 33.740681538531234, -117.1943078395602 |
| County | Riverside-South Coast |
| City | Menifee |
| Air District | South Coast AQMD |
| Air Basin | South Coast |
| TAZ | 5512 |
| EDFZ | 11 |
| Electric Utility | Southern California Edison |
| Gas Utility | Southern California Gas |

1.2. Land Use Types

| Land Use Subtype | Size | Unit | Lot Acreage | Building Area (sq ft) | Landscape Area (sq ft) | Special Landscape Area (sq ft) | Population | Description |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 227 | 1000sqft | 7.12 | 226,721 | 83,523 | 0.00 | — | — |
| User Defined Industrial | 227 | User Defined Unit | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----|----------|------|------|------|------|---|---|
| Parking Lot | 416 | Space | 1.55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 193 | 1000sqft | 4.43 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | — |

1.3. User-Selected Emission Reduction Measures by Emissions Sector

No measures selected

2. Emissions Summary

2.4. Operations Emissions Compared Against Thresholds

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Un/Mit. | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|--------|------|-------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 2.71 | 8.00 | 1.59 | 13.1 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 215 | 1,842 | 2,058 | 22.0 | 0.35 | 232 | 2,944 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.90 | 6.33 | 1.58 | 3.43 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 215 | 1,792 | 2,007 | 22.0 | 0.34 | 231 | 2,889 |
| Average Daily (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 1.86 | 7.21 | 1.20 | 9.28 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 215 | 1,668 | 1,883 | 22.0 | 0.33 | 232 | 2,761 |
| Annual (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unmit. | 0.34 | 1.32 | 0.22 | 1.69 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 35.6 | 276 | 312 | 3.64 | 0.05 | 38.3 | 457 |

2.5. Operations Emissions by Sector, Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

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| Sector | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|-------|---------|--------|--------|------|-------|-------|---------|------|------|-------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.96 | 0.90 | 1.50 | 3.25 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | — | 576 | 576 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 1.39 | 603 |
| Area | 1.75 | 7.10 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | 2.71 | 8.00 | 1.59 | 13.1 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 215 | 1,842 | 2,058 | 22.0 | 0.35 | 232 | 2,944 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.90 | 0.84 | 1.58 | 3.43 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | — | 566 | 566 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 592 |
| Area | — | 5.49 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | 0.90 | 6.33 | 1.58 | 3.43 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 215 | 1,792 | 2,007 | 22.0 | 0.34 | 231 | 2,889 |
| Average Daily | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.66 | 0.61 | 1.14 | 2.53 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.07 | 0.08 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 415 | 415 | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.44 | 434 |
| Area | 1.20 | 6.60 | 0.06 | 6.75 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | — | 27.8 | 27.8 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 30.0 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|-------|---------|---------|------|-------|
| Total | 1.86 | 7.21 | 1.20 | 9.28 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 0.09 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 215 | 1,668 | 1,883 | 22.0 | 0.33 | 232 | 2,761 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Mobile | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.21 | 0.46 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 68.6 | 68.6 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 71.9 |
| Area | 0.22 | 1.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |
| Energy | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 145 | 145 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 146 |
| Water | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |
| Waste | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |
| Refrig. | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |
| Total | 0.34 | 1.32 | 0.22 | 1.69 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 35.6 | 276 | 312 | 3.64 | 0.05 | 38.3 | 457 |

4. Operations Emissions Details

4.1. Mobile Emissions by Land Use

4.1.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.85 | 0.83 | 0.20 | 2.42 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 213 | 213 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.67 | 222 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.11 | 0.07 | 1.31 | 0.84 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 363 | 363 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.72 | 382 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

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| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|------|------|
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.96 | 0.90 | 1.50 | 3.25 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 576 | 576 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 1.39 | 603 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.81 | 0.78 | 0.21 | 2.56 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 200 | 200 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 209 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.10 | 0.06 | 1.37 | 0.87 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | 0.02 | 0.02 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 366 | 366 | 0.03 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 384 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.90 | 0.84 | 1.58 | 3.43 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | — | 566 | 566 | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.04 | 592 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.03 | 0.35 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 24.5 | 24.5 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | 0.03 | 25.6 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.18 | 0.11 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 44.1 | 44.1 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 46.3 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.12 | 0.11 | 0.21 | 0.46 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 68.6 | 68.6 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.07 | 71.9 |

4.2. Energy

4.2.1. Electricity Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|---------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 822 | 822 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 826 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 56.5 | 56.5 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 56.8 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 822 | 822 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 826 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 56.5 | 56.5 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 56.8 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 878 | 878 | 0.08 | 0.01 | — | 883 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 136 | 136 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 137 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 9.35 | 9.35 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 9.41 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 145 | 145 | 0.01 | < 0.005 | — | 146 |

4.2.3. Natural Gas Emissions By Land Use - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Localized Operations) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|------|---|------|---|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

4.3. Area Emissions by Source

4.3.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Source | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|---------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 4.87 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.62 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 1.75 | 1.62 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Total | 1.75 | 7.10 | 0.08 | 9.86 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 0.01 | 0.02 | — | 0.02 | — | 40.5 | 40.5 | < 0.005 | 0.01 | — | 43.8 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 4.87 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|---------|---|---------|---------|---|---------|---|------|------|---------|---------|---|------|
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.62 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | 5.49 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Consumer Products | — | 0.89 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Architectural Coatings | — | 0.11 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Landscape Equipment | 0.22 | 0.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |
| Total | 0.22 | 1.20 | 0.01 | 1.23 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | < 0.005 | — | 4.60 | 4.60 | < 0.005 | < 0.005 | — | 4.97 |

4.4. Water Emissions by Land Use

4.4.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

Ethanac & Barnett (Warehouse Localized Operations) Detailed Report, 9/20/2022

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 100 | 348 | 448 | 10.3 | 0.25 | — | 781 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 16.6 | 57.6 | 74.2 | 1.71 | 0.04 | — | 129 |

4.5. Waste Emissions by Land Use

4.5.2. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|------|------|------|------|---|------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 115 | 0.00 | 115 | 11.5 | 0.00 | — | 402 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |
| User Defined Industrial | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | — | 0.00 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 19.0 | 0.00 | 19.0 | 1.90 | 0.00 | — | 66.5 |

4.6. Refrigerant Emissions by Land Use

4.6.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|------|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 231 | 231 |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | 38.3 | 38.3 |

4.7. Offroad Emissions By Equipment Type

4.7.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.8. Stationary Emissions By Equipment Type

4.8.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.9. User Defined Emissions By Equipment Type

4.9.1. Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Equipment Type | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type

4.10.1. Soil Carbon Accumulation By Vegetation Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Vegetation | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|

4.10.2. Above and Belowground Carbon Accumulation by Land Use Type - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Land Use | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Total | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

4.10.3. Avoided and Sequestered Emissions by Species - Unmitigated

Criteria Pollutants (lb/day for daily, ton/yr for annual) and GHGs (lb/day for daily, MT/yr for annual)

| Species | TOG | ROG | NOx | CO | SO2 | PM10E | PM10D | PM10T | PM2.5E | PM2.5D | PM2.5T | BCO2 | NBCO2 | CO2T | CH4 | N2O | R | CO2e |
|---------------------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|------|-----|-----|---|------|
| Daily, Summer (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Daily, Winter (Max) | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Annual | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Avoided | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Sequestered | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Removed | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| Subtotal | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |

5. Activity Data

5.9. Operational Mobile Sources

5.9.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Trips/Weekday | Trips/Saturday | Trips/Sunday | Trips/Year | VMT/Weekday | VMT/Saturday | VMT/Sunday | VMT/Year |
|----------------------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|------------|----------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 281 | 24.6 | 9.86 | 75,058 | 225 | 19.7 | 7.89 | 60,047 |
| User Defined Industrial | 107 | 9.39 | 3.74 | 28,578 | 85.6 | 7.51 | 2.99 | 22,863 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.10. Operational Area Sources

5.10.1. Hearths

5.10.1.1. Unmitigated

5.10.2. Architectural Coatings

| Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Interior Area Coated (sq ft) | Non-Residential Exterior Area Coated (sq ft) | Parking Area Coated (sq ft) |
|--|--|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 0 | 0.00 | 351,799 | 117,266 | 15,623 |

5.10.3. Landscape Equipment

| Season | Unit | Value |
|-------------|--------|-------|
| Snow Days | day/yr | 0.00 |
| Summer Days | day/yr | 250 |

5.11. Operational Energy Consumption

5.11.1. Unmitigated

Electricity (kWh/yr) and CO2 and CH4 and N2O and Natural Gas (kBtu/yr)

| Land Use | Electricity (kWh/yr) | CO2 | CH4 | N2O | Natural Gas (kBTU/yr) |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----|--------|--------|-----------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 860,235 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 59,146 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 349 | 0.0330 | 0.0040 | 0.00 |

5.12. Operational Water and Wastewater Consumption

5.12.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Indoor Water (gal/year) | Outdoor Water (gal/year) |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 52,429,231 | 1,324,312 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.13. Operational Waste Generation

5.13.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use | Waste (ton/year) | Cogeneration (kWh/year) |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | 213 | 0.00 |
| User Defined Industrial | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Parking Lot | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Other Asphalt Surfaces | 0.00 | 0.00 |

5.14. Operational Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Equipment

5.14.1. Unmitigated

| Land Use Type | Equipment Type | Refrigerant | GWP | Quantity (kg) | Operations Leak Rate | Service Leak Rate | Times Serviced |
|----------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----|---------------|----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Unrefrigerated Warehouse-No Rail | Cold storage | User Defined | 150 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 25.0 |

5.15. Operational Off-Road Equipment

5.15.1. Unmitigated

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Engine Tier | Number per Day | Hours Per Day | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|-------------|----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|

5.16. Stationary Sources

5.16.1. Emergency Generators and Fire Pumps

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number per Day | Hours per Day | Hours per Year | Horsepower | Load Factor |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|
|----------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------|-------------|

5.16.2. Process Boilers

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type | Number | Boiler Rating (MMBtu/hr) | Daily Heat Input (MMBtu/day) | Annual Heat Input (MMBtu/yr) |
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|----------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

5.17. User Defined

| Equipment Type | Fuel Type |
|----------------|-----------|
| — | — |

5.18. Vegetation

5.18.1. Land Use Change

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Vegetation Land Use Type | Vegetation Soil Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.1. Biomass Cover Type

5.18.1.1. Unmitigated

| Biomass Cover Type | Initial Acres | Final Acres |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|
|--------------------|---------------|-------------|

5.18.2. Sequestration

5.18.2.1. Unmitigated

| Tree Type | Number | Electricity Saved (kWh/year) | Natural Gas Saved (btu/year) |
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|-----------|--------|------------------------------|------------------------------|

6. Climate Risk Detailed Report

6.1. Climate Risk Summary

Cal-Adapt midcentury 2040–2059 average projections for four hazards are reported below for your project location. These are under Representation Concentration Pathway (RCP) 8.5 which assumes GHG emissions will continue to rise strongly through 2050 and then plateau around 2100.

| Climate Hazard | Result for Project Location | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 27.9 | annual days of extreme heat |
| Extreme Precipitation | 2.60 | annual days with precipitation above 20 mm |
| Sea Level Rise | 0.00 | meters of inundation depth |
| Wildfire | 7.84 | annual hectares burned |

Temperature and Extreme Heat data are for grid cell in which your project are located. The projection is based on the 98th historical percentile of daily maximum/minimum temperatures from observed historical data (32 climate model ensemble from Cal-Adapt, 2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Extreme Precipitation data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The threshold of 20 mm is equivalent to about ¾ an inch of rain, which would be light to moderate rainfall if received over a full day or heavy rain if received over a period of 2 to 4 hours. Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

Sea Level Rise data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from Radke et al. (2017), as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider different increments of sea level rise coupled with extreme storm events. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential inundation depth for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 50 meters (m) by 50 m, or about 164 feet (ft) by 164 ft.

Wildfire data are for the grid cell in which your project are located. The projections are from UC Davis, as reported in Cal-Adapt (2040–2059 average under RCP 8.5), and consider historical data of climate, vegetation, population density, and large (> 400 ha) fire history. Users may select from four model simulations to view the range in potential wildfire probabilities for the grid cell. The four simulations make different assumptions about expected rainfall and temperature are: Warmer/drier (HadGEM2-ES), Cooler/wetter (CNRM-CM5), Average conditions (CanESM2), Range of different rainfall and temperature possibilities (MIROC5). Each grid cell is 6 kilometers (km) by 6 km, or 3.7 miles (mi) by 3.7 mi.

6.2. Initial Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Wildfire | 1 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores do not include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.3. Adjusted Climate Risk Scores

| Climate Hazard | Exposure Score | Sensitivity Score | Adaptive Capacity Score | Vulnerability Score |
|------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Temperature and Extreme Heat | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Extreme Precipitation | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Sea Level Rise | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Wildfire | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Flooding | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |

| | | | | |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Drought | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Snowpack | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Air Quality | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |

The sensitivity score reflects the extent to which a project would be adversely affected by exposure to a climate hazard. Exposure is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest exposure.

The adaptive capacity of a project refers to its ability to manage and reduce vulnerabilities from projected climate hazards. Adaptive capacity is rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with a score of 5 representing the greatest ability to adapt.

The overall vulnerability scores are calculated based on the potential impacts and adaptive capacity assessments for each hazard. Scores include implementation of climate risk reduction measures.

6.4. Climate Risk Reduction Measures

7. Health and Equity Details

7.1. CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Scores

The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Exposure Indicators | — |
| AQ-Ozone | 91.1 |
| AQ-PM | 51.4 |
| AQ-DPM | 21.5 |
| Drinking Water | 67.4 |
| Lead Risk Housing | 21.2 |
| Pesticides | 70.2 |
| Toxic Releases | 24.2 |
| Traffic | 74.1 |
| Effect Indicators | — |
| CleanUp Sites | 0.00 |
| Groundwater | 0.00 |
| Haz Waste Facilities/Generators | 50.1 |

| | |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Impaired Water Bodies | 12.5 |
| Solid Waste | 22.1 |
| Sensitive Population | — |
| Asthma | 48.8 |
| Cardio-vascular | 78.2 |
| Low Birth Weights | 53.5 |
| Socioeconomic Factor Indicators | — |
| Education | 79.3 |
| Housing | 24.9 |
| Linguistic | 16.4 |
| Poverty | 46.8 |
| Unemployment | 73.4 |

7.2. Healthy Places Index Scores

The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

| Indicator | Result for Project Census Tract |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Economic | — |
| Above Poverty | 60.29770307 |
| Employed | 40.65186706 |
| Education | — |
| Bachelor's or higher | 37.28987553 |
| High school enrollment | 21.68612858 |
| Preschool enrollment | 56.08879764 |
| Transportation | — |
| Auto Access | 87.47593995 |
| Active commuting | 24.03438984 |
| Social | — |

| | |
|--|-------------|
| 2-parent households | 65.68715514 |
| Voting | 37.14872321 |
| Neighborhood | — |
| Alcohol availability | 82.31746439 |
| Park access | 26.70345182 |
| Retail density | 10.84306429 |
| Supermarket access | 22.85384319 |
| Tree canopy | 2.014628513 |
| Housing | — |
| Homeownership | 88.6179905 |
| Housing habitability | 84.80687797 |
| Low-inc homeowner severe housing cost burden | 74.63107917 |
| Low-inc renter severe housing cost burden | 62.78711664 |
| Uncrowded housing | 64.30129603 |
| Health Outcomes | — |
| Insured adults | 49.23649429 |
| Arthritis | 1.9 |
| Asthma ER Admissions | 51.4 |
| High Blood Pressure | 4.3 |
| Cancer (excluding skin) | 3.1 |
| Asthma | 46.1 |
| Coronary Heart Disease | 2.1 |
| Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease | 9.6 |
| Diagnosed Diabetes | 20.7 |
| Life Expectancy at Birth | 41.6 |
| Cognitively Disabled | 70.6 |
| Physically Disabled | 50.9 |

| | |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Heart Attack ER Admissions | 20.0 |
| Mental Health Not Good | 57.3 |
| Chronic Kidney Disease | 3.6 |
| Obesity | 36.5 |
| Pedestrian Injuries | 19.6 |
| Physical Health Not Good | 33.7 |
| Stroke | 7.6 |
| Health Risk Behaviors | — |
| Binge Drinking | 80.1 |
| Current Smoker | 59.6 |
| No Leisure Time for Physical Activity | 36.0 |
| Climate Change Exposures | — |
| Wildfire Risk | 7.4 |
| SLR Inundation Area | 0.0 |
| Children | 31.0 |
| Elderly | 48.0 |
| English Speaking | 75.4 |
| Foreign-born | 34.0 |
| Outdoor Workers | 12.6 |
| Climate Change Adaptive Capacity | — |
| Impervious Surface Cover | 83.3 |
| Traffic Density | 34.3 |
| Traffic Access | 23.0 |
| Other Indices | — |
| Hardship | 58.4 |
| Other Decision Support | — |
| 2016 Voting | 52.4 |

7.3. Overall Health & Equity Scores

| Metric | Result for Project Census Tract |
|---|---------------------------------|
| CalEnviroScreen 4.0 Score for Project Location (a) | 55.0 |
| Healthy Places Index Score for Project Location (b) | 50.0 |
| Project Located in a Designated Disadvantaged Community (Senate Bill 535) | No |
| Project Located in a Low-Income Community (Assembly Bill 1550) | No |
| Project Located in a Community Air Protection Program Community (Assembly Bill 617) | No |

a: The maximum CalEnviroScreen score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects a higher pollution burden compared to other census tracts in the state.

b: The maximum Health Places Index score is 100. A high score (i.e., greater than 50) reflects healthier community conditions compared to other census tracts in the state.

7.4. Health & Equity Measures

No Health & Equity Measures selected.

7.5. Evaluation Scorecard

Health and Equity Evaluation Scorecard not completed.

8. User Changes to Default Data

| Screen | Justification |
|--------------------------|--|
| Land Use | Total Project area (without Manufacturing) is 13.09 acres |
| Operations: Vehicle Data | Trip characteristics based on information provided in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Fleet Mix | Passenger Car Mix estimated based on the CalEEMod default fleet mix and the ratio of the vehicle classes (LDA, LDT1, LDT2, MDV, & MCY). Truck Mix based on information in the Traffic analysis |
| Operations: Refrigerants | Per 17 CCR 95371, new refrigeration equipment containing >50 lbs of refrigerant in new facilities is prohibited from utilizing refrigerants with a GWP of 150 or greater as of 1 Jan 2022. |
| Operations: Energy Use | The Project will not use natural gas |