

March 31, 2023

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST FORM INITIAL STUDY (UP 21-41, IS 21-43)

1. Project Title: Hunter Point Road Commercial Cannabis

2. Permit Numbers: Major Use Permit UP 21-41

Initial Study IS 21-43

3. Lead Agency Name and Address: County of Lake

Community Development Department

Courthouse, 3rd Floor, 255 North Forbes Street

Lakeport, CA 95453

4. Contact Person: Eric Porter, Associate Planner

(707) 263-2221

5. Project Location(s): 1580 Hunter Point Road, Upper Lake, CA 95457

APN: 022-001-03

6. Project Sponsor's Name & Address: Scott Feil

8646 Old Redwood Highway

Windsor, CA 95492

7. General Plan Designation: Rural Lands

8. Zoning: "RL", Rural Lands

9. Supervisor District: District 3

10. Flood Zone: "X", low risk of flooding

11. Slope: Mostly over 30%

12. Fire Hazard Severity Zone: California State Responsibility Area (CALFIRE):

Very High Risk

13. Earthquake Fault Zone: None mapped

14. Dam Failure Inundation Area: Not located within Dam Failure Inundation Area

15. Parcel Size: 20.0 Acres

16. Description of Project:

Major Use Permit for a proposed commercial cannabis cultivation operation consisting of 1 acre (43,560 sq. ft.) of outdoor cannabis cultivation. This project proposes some site improvements including a security fence, security system, employee parking, trash bins, storage sheds, portable toilets and improvements to interior driveway to make it compliant with Public Resource Codes (PRC) 4290 and 4291. Cannabis plants are to be planted in above ground planter bags or raised planter beds. The applicant has stated that no grading would occur (some grading is needed to improve the interior driveway), and that no trees would be removed by this project.

PARTICIPATION

INTERNATION

INT

FIGURE 1 – SITE PLAN (PROPOSED)

Source: Material Submitted by Applicant

Construction

Equipment

The following equipment is expected to be required to construct the proposed project facilities:

- Excavator,
- Backhoe,

- Pickup trucks
- Water truck

Construction Details

Construction is projected to last up to three weeks. Construction will take place on Monday through Saturday, between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. during these days. Site preparation is primarily limited to outdoor cultivation area preparation and fence installation. Trenching for foundation footings and utilities will be needed, along with a screening fence.

Vehicle Trips During Construction

The County estimates that between 4 and 8 daily trips will result during construction. If the project takes three weeks of construction time, a total of about 130 vehicle trips is probable over a three-week period of time. The County estimates that up to 4 employees will work during construction. This will result in up to 8 trips per day excluding deliveries. Deliveries during construction will likely generate up to 2 additional trips per day.

Post Construction

Hours of Operation/Work Shifts

The proposed project will operate from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Sunday. Estimated to have up to four employees during peak harvest season. Vehicle trips per day are estimated up to 8 daily employee trips, and 2 deliveries per week on average. A total of 50 weekly trips are projected.

Water Analysis

A Hydrology Report ("Report") was prepared for this project by Chico Environmental dated November 17, 2021. The Report evaluates annual water demand for the project; aquifer rate; and provides well data for the on-site well.

Well Test

There is one existing permitted on-site well that was drilled on April 26, 2021. The well produced about 13 gallons of water per minute (GPM) during the two hour well test, and the water level dropped 113 feet during the 1 hour test (Source: Well Completion Report; Weeks Drilling and Pump). The Report however states that a two-hour test was run on the well, presumably when the well was drilled in 2021. The test referenced in the Report showed a yield of 13 GPM average productivity over the two hour pump test.

According to the site plans submitted for this project, the applicants are proposing four (4) 2,500 gallon water tanks for irrigation purposes with no additional tanks for fire suppression purposes.

Projected Water Use

The Report projects the annual water usage as being about 360,000 gallons per year, or about 1.15 acre feet. The project will likely use a drip irrigation system to disperse water to the plants, although this is not specified within the report. The plants will be in fabric pots or raised beds; the drip irrigation systems are typically used for this type of outdoor cultivation.

Aguifer Data

The Report states that the project site has 19.55 acres of surface land that is located over the aquifer (the property is actually 20.0 acres in size following the lot line adjustment that

occurred in 2022). The aquifer, identified as the Upper Lake Groundwater Basin, has an existing demand of about 73 acre-feet per year without this project, however this demand is based on year 2006 well data and may not be reflective of the actual present-day draws from the aquifer. According to the Report, there were thirty-nine domestic wells and three irrigation wells drawing from this aquifer in 2006, however there is no updated data on the number of domestic or irrigation wells as of year 2023 in the Report. The Report theorizes that this basin fully recharges annually.

Conclusion

The Report states that the completed well is of sufficient yield to irrigate 1 acre of cannabis at 1580 Hunter Point Road. Additionally, it appears that the overlying property possesses a sufficient quantity of groundwater for seasonal irrigation that would not adversely overdraft the Middle Creek Groundwater Basin, affect downgradient groundwater users or other well users in the vicinity.

Of note: The Well Completion Report from 2015 was taken from a nearby well located on APN: 022-001-06 submitted with the application material shows that a one-hour test was run, and that the well produced an average of 20 GPM.

Energy Usage

According to the applicant's application material, the proposed use would rely on grid power and would consist of one acre of outdoor cultivation area with little power demand from the project. The security system, the well pump and any lighting on site would require power. There is an existing dwelling on site that uses a 200 amp service; another 100 amps would be sufficient to provide all the power that the cultivation activity needs.

There are no grid capacity issues at this location. PG&E was notified of this project, and sent a initial response acknowledging receipt of the Request for Review, but did not submit any project-related comments.

Solid Waste Management

Annual non-hazardous solid waste generated by project operations is estimated to be about 500 pounds per year. All non-hazardous waste will be hauled to the nearest waste disposal transfer station located in Lakeport. There are no capacity issues at the South Lake Waste Facility in Clear Lake.

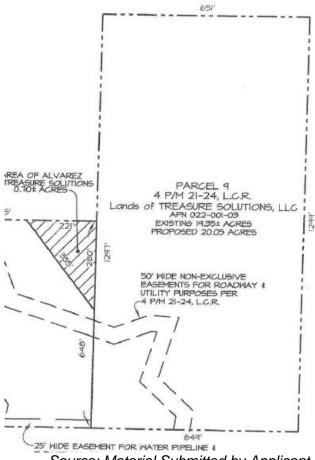
Wastewater Management

The site will rely on portable ADA-compliant restroom and wash station, which will be serviced at regular intervals by the applicant's septic company.

Stormwater Management

A Stormwater Management Plan (SMP) has been prepared and submitted to Lake County Planning Department; the Plan identifies the method of stormwater containment in the cultivation area (straw wattles), which are typical for this type of cultivation activity. The cultivation area is set back more than 100 feet from all water courses on site. Setbacks from any surface water channel or above-ground water storage facility is 100 feet or more as is required by Article 27.11(at) of the Lake County Code.

Figure 2 – Lot Line Adjustment Map (LLA 22-01)



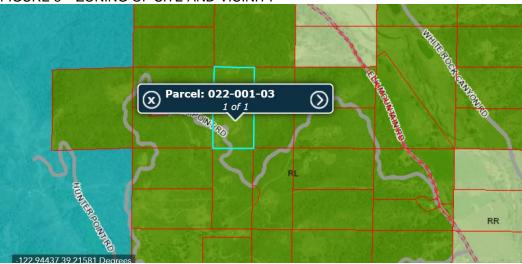
Source: Material Submitted by Applicant

17. Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

All properties surrounding the project property are zoned "RL" Rural Lands. The following neighboring lot characteristics are present. See Figure 2, next page for map.

- North: "RL-SC", Rural Lands Scenic Combining; parcel is 38.8 acres in size and is undeveloped.
- East: "RL-WW", Rural Lands Waterway. Parcel is 19.17 acres in size and is undeveloped.
- South: "RL-WW", Rural Lands Waterway. Parcel is 19.30 acres in size and is developed with a dwelling.
- West: "RL", Rural Lands. Parcel is 18.21 acres in size and is developed with a dwelling and accessory buildings.
- West: "RL", Rural Lands. Parcel is 20.43 acres in size and is developed with a dwelling and accessory buildings.

FIGURE 3 – ZONING OF SITE AND VICINITY



Source: Lake County Parcel Viewer

18. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., Permits, financing approval, or participation agreement).

The extent of this environmental review falls within the scope of the Lead Agency, the Lake County Community Development Department, and its review for compliance with the Lake County General Plan, the Northshore Area Plan, the Lake County Zoning Ordinance, and the Lake County Municipal Code. Other organizations in the review process for permitting purposes, financial approval, or participation agreement can include but are not limited to:

- Lake County Community Development Department
- Lake County Department of Environmental Health
- o Lake County Air Quality Management District
- Lake County Department of Public Works
- Lake County Department of Public Services
- Lake County Agricultural Commissioner
- Lake County Sheriff Department
- Northshore Fire Protection District,
- Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board
- State Water Resources Control Board
- California Department of Forestry & Fire Protection (Calfire)
- California Department of Fish & Wildlife (CDFW)
- California Department of Food and Agriculture (CalCannabis)
- California Department of Pesticides Regulations
- California Department of Public Health
- California Bureau of Cannabis Control
- California Department of Consumer Affairs
- California Department of Transportation (CalTrans)
- 19. Have California Native American tribes traditionally and culturally affiliated with the Project area requested consultation pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21080.3.1? If so, is there a plan for consultation that includes, for example, the determination of significance of impacts to tribal cultural resources, procedures regarding confidentiality, etc.?

Conducting consultation early in the CEQA process allows tribal governments, lead agencies, and Project proponents to discuss the level of environmental review, identify and address potential adverse impacts to tribal cultural resources, and reduce the potential for delay and conflict in the environmental review process, per Public Resources Code §21080.3.2. Information may also be available from the California Native American Heritage Commission's Sacred Lands File per Public Resources Code section 5097.96 and the California Historical Resources Information System administered by the California Office of Historic Preservation. Please also note that Public Resources Code section 21082.3 (c) contains provisions specific to confidentiality.

Lake County sent letters to 11 tribes on October 11, 2022, informing tribes of the proposed project and offering consultation under AB-52. Of the 11 notified Tribes, the Yocha Dehe Tribe responded and deferred to the Upper Lake Habematolel Tribe. The Upper Lake Habematolel Tribe sent a letter to the County indicating that there might be some potential for discovery of significant items, and that they sought a site visit. Staff reached out to the Tribe on March 30, 2023 to provide them with the Cultural Study, site plans, and to set up a consultation on this project, which took place on April 18, 2023. Further, comments from Sonoma State and the Archaeological Assessment were sent to the Upper Lake Tribe on December 20, 2022 via email by Associate Planner Eric Porter.

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this Project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

\boxtimes	Aesthetics		Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Ш	Public Services
	Agriculture & Forestry Resources		Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Recreation
\boxtimes	Air Quality		Hydrology / Water Quality		Transportation
	Biological Resources		Land Use / Planning	\boxtimes	Tribal Cultural Resources
\boxtimes	Cultural Resources		Mineral Resources		Utilities / Service Systems
	Energy	\boxtimes	Noise	\boxtimes	Wildfire
\boxtimes	Geology / Soils		Population / Housing		Mandatory Findings of Significance
	ERMINATION: (To be complene basis of this initial evaluation		by the lead Agency)		
	I find that the proposed pro and a NEGATIVE DECLAR		COULD NOT have a signific ON will be prepared.	ant e	effect on the environment,
	there will not be a significa	nt eff	d Project could have a signific fect in this case because revi ject proponent. A MITIGATE	sions	s in the Project have been
	I find that the proposed Pr ENVIRONMENTAL IMPAC	•	MAY have a significant effe	ct on	the environment, and an
			MAY have a "potentially signact on the environment, but		

adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. I find that although the proposed Project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed Project, nothing further is required. Initial Study Prepared By: Eric J. Porter, Associate Planner Signature: Eric J. Porter Date: 4-21-2023 Mireya G. Turner, Director Lake County Community Development Department

SECTION 1

EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS:

- A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to Projects like the one involved (e.g., the Project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on Project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the Project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a Project-specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as onsite, cumulative as well as Project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, and then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses," may be cross-referenced).

- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or negative declaration. Section 15063(c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures, which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the Project.
- 6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a Project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance

I.	AESTHETICS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
	cept as provided in Public Resource Code Section 099, would the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?		\boxtimes			1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			\boxtimes		2, 3, 4, 9
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of public views of the site and its surroundings? (Public views are those that are experienced from publicly accessible vantage point). If the project is in an urbanized area would the project conflict with applicable zoning and other regulations governing scenic quality?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9
d)	Would the project create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9

a) The project site is located on a relatively flat portion of a very steep property that is visible from Hunter Point Road, which is a shared access roadway in this location. The project will need to have screening fencing around the perimeter of the cultivation area because of its visibility and for security reasons. A mitigation measure requiring this is added as follows:

AES-1: the applicant shall install a minimum 6' tall screening fence around the cultivation area. Fabric shall not be used; the screening material shall be chain link with slats, or a solid wood or metal fence. This shall occur prior to any cultivation occurring on site.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measure AES-1 incorporated

b) The proposed project will be visible from Hunter Point Road, which passes very close to the cultivation area. The applicant has stated that no trees will be removed by this proposal. There are no rock outcroppings on site, and there are no historic buildings that might otherwise be impacted by this project. The terrain is steep and heavily treed at this location, so the visual impact of the project for other nearby dwellings in the area will be minimal, and the requirement for a 6' tall screening fence will help to screen the cultivation site from view.

Less than Significant Impact

c) The site is located within a rural area that has large lots and sparse development. The 1.5 acre cultivation site will not adversely impact the scenic quality of this area if it is screened as is required by mitigation measure AES-1.

Less than Significant Impact

d) The project has little potential to create additional light or glare because the cultivation activity is occurring outdoors, and no new buildings other than sheds are being proposed.

Less than Significant Impact

11.	AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wc	ould the project:					
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 39
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13

c)	fore sec Re Tin	onflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, est land (as defined in Public Resources Code ction 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public esources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned enberland Production (as defined by Government adde section 51104(g))?				\boxtimes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13
d)		esult in the loss of forest land or conversion of est land to non-forest use?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9
e)	wh co	volve other changes in the existing environment nich, due to their location or nature, could result in nich nversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or nich nich nor forest land to non-forest use?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13
Disc	cus	sion:					
lead (199 impa inclu com inve Leg	l ag 97) act: udir ipile ntc	ermining whether impacts to agricultural respencies may refer to the California Agricultural prepared by the California Dept. of Conserves on agriculture and farmland. In determing timberland, are significant environmental ed by the California Department of Forestry of forest land, including the Forest and Assessment Project; and forest carbon modes adopted by the California Air Resources	al Land Evantation as armining who effects, leading and Fild Range Aneasureme	aluation an n optional r ether impa ad agencies re Protecti assessmen	d Site Ass nodel to u acts to fo s may refe on regard t Project	essme se in a rest re er to inf ling th and th	ent Model assessing esources, formation e state's ae Forest
;	a)	The cultivation sites are mapped as 'other I a crop production standpoint. The soil on t timber production, but not crop production 'prime farmland', 'farmland of statewide impadjacent to the cultivation areas.	he site is t n. There ai	ype 234, w re no map	hich is ge ped soils	enerally catego	y used in orized as
		Less Than Significant Impact					
I	b)	The site and the neighboring lots are not un have no effect on any Williamson Act proper		amson Act	contract.	This p	roject will
		No Impact					
(c)	The project site is zoned "RL" Rural Lands, nor has it been used historically for timber p		t zoned for	forestland	d or tin	nberland,
		No Impact					
(d)	The project is limited to one acre of outdoor result in the loss or conversion of forest land is occurring on the land.					
		No Impact					

e) As proposed, this project would not induce changes to existing farmland that would result in its conversion to non-agricultural use.

Less Than Significant Impact

II	I. AIR QUALITY	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36
b)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under and applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36
c)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?		\boxtimes			1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, 21, 24, 31, 36
d)	Result in other emissions (such as those leading to odors or dust) adversely affecting a substantial number of people?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 21, 24, 31, 36

Discussion:

Where available, the significance criteria established by the applicable air quality management district or air pollution control district may be relied upon to make the following determinations.

a) The Project site is located within the Lake County Air Basin, which is under the jurisdiction of the Lake County Air Quality Management District (LCAQMD). The LCAQMD applies air pollution regulations to all major stationary pollution sources and monitors air quality. The Lake County Air Basin is in attainment with both state and federal air quality standards.

Because the Lake County Air Basin is in attainment of both state and federal air quality standards, LCAQMD has not adopted an Air Quality Management Plan, but rather uses Bay Area Air Quality Management District's 'significance thresholds' address air quality standards that are associated with a project.

According to the USDA Soil Survey and the ultramafic, ultrabasic, serpentine rock and soils map of Lake County, serpentine soils have not been found on the Project Property, and would pose no threat of asbestos exposure during either the construction phase or the operational phase. Air impacts from vehicle use is addressed in section c) below.

Less than Significant Impact

b) The Project area is in the Lake County Air Basin, which is designated as in attainment for state and federal air quality standards for criteria pollutants (CO, SO₂, NO_x, O₃, PM₁₀, PM_{2.5}, VOC, ROG, Pb). Any Project with daily emissions that exceed any of the thresholds of significance for these criteria pollutants should be considered as having an individually and cumulatively significant impact on both a direct and cumulative basis.

As indicated by the Project's Air Quality Management Plan, near-term construction activities and long-term operational activities would not exceed any of the thresholds of significance for criteria pollutants. Lake County has adopted Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) thresholds of significance as a basis for determining the significance of air quality and greenhouse gas impacts. Using the California Emissions Estimator Model, air emissions modeling performed for this Project, in both the construction phase and the operational phase, will not generate significant quantities of ozone or particulate matter and does not exceed the Project-level thresholds. Construction and operational emissions are summarized in the following tables:

Comparison of Daily Construction Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance

Criteria Pollutants	Project Emissions unmitigated (pounds/day)	BAAQMD Threshold (pounds/day)	Significance
ROG (VOC)	1 to 10	54	Less than significant
NO _x	10 to 20	54	Less than significant
CO	10 to 30	548	Less than significant
SO _x	<1	219	Less than significant
Exhaust PM ₁₀	1 to 10	82	Less than significant
Exhaust PM _{2.5}	1 to 10	54	Less than significant
Greenhouse Gasses	2,000 to 3,500	No threshold	Less than significant
(CO ₂ e)		established	

Comparison of Daily Operational Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance

Criteria Pollutants	Project Emissions unmitigated (pounds/day)	BAAQMD Threshold (pounds/day)	Significance
ROG (VOC)	1 to 10	54	Less than significant
NO _x	1 to 5	54	Less than significant
CO	1 to 10	548	Less than significant
SO _x	<1	219	Less than significant
PM ₁₀ (total)	1 to 5	82	Less than significant
PM _{2.5} (total)	1 to 5	54	Less than significant
Greenhouse Gasses (CO ₂ e)	1 to 20	No threshold established	Less than significant

Comparison of Annual Operational Emissions Impacts with Thresholds of Significance

Criteria Pollutants	Project Emissions (tons/year)	BAAQMD Threshold (tons/year)	Significance
ROG (VOC)	0 to 1	10	Less than significant
NOx	0 to 1	10	Less than significant
CO	0 to 1	100	Less than significant
SO _X	0 to 1	40	Less than significant
PM ₁₀	0 to 1	15	Less than significant
PM _{2.5}	0 to 1	10	Less than significant
Greenhouse gasses (as CO ₂ or methane)	1 to 100	10,000	Less than significant

According to the Lake County Zoning Ordinance section on Commercial Cannabis Cultivation (§27.11), Air Quality must be addressed in the Property Management Plan. The intent of addressing this is to ensure that "all cannabis permittees shall not degrade the County's air quality as determined by the Lake County Air Quality Management District" and that "permittees shall identify any equipment or activity that may cause, or potentially cause the issuance of air contaminates including odor and shall identify measures to be taken to reduce, control or eliminate the issuance of air contaminants, including odors". This includes obtaining an Authority to Construct permit pursuant to LCAQMD Rules and Regulations.

Less than Significant Impact

c) Sensitive receptors (i.e., children, senior citizens, and acutely or chronically ill people) are more susceptible to the effects of air pollution than the general population. Land uses that are considered sensitive receptors typically include residences, schools, playgrounds, childcare centers, hospitals, convalescent homes, and retirement homes.

There are no schools, parks, childcare centers, convalescent homes, or retirement homes located in proximity to the Project site. The nearest off-site residences are over 1,000 feet from the cultivation site, well over the 200-foot setback for offsite residences from commercial cannabis cultivation as described in Article 27.11 of the Lake County Zoning.

The proposed Project has some potential to result in short- and long-term air quality impacts from construction and operation of the proposed Project.

Construction impacts, which include the preparing of soils for planting, would be temporary in nature and would occur over about a two (2) to three (3) week period.

Operational impacts would include dust and fumes from site preparation of the cultivation area and vehicular traffic, including small delivery vehicles that would be contributors during and after site preparation and construction. The EPA has indicated that a vehicle produces 404 grams of CO₂ on average for each vehicle mile traveled. The project would have up to two full-time employees during construction and operations, with each employee driving an estimated 12 miles each way to and from the job site from Lakeport. Assuming each employee drives 24 miles daily; that the project is operational six days per week over a 39 week growing period, a total of 11,232 vehicle miles would result by employees per year. Assuming each vehicle mile produces 404 grams of CO₂, the total annual CO₂ output would be 4,537,728 grams of CO₂, or 4.5 tons of CO₂ per year.

As previously stated, Lake County uses Bay Area Air Quality Standards, which have an upper limit of 1,100 metric tons of CO₂ per project as the threshold of significance. Using this figure, it would take this project about 244 years to reach the 'threshold of significance' for CO₂ gas emissions.

Pesticide application will be used during the growing season and only within the cultivation area. The cultivation area will be surrounded by a fence which will help to prevent off-site drift of pesticides. Additionally, no demolition or renovation will be performed which would cause asbestos exposure, and there are no mapped serpentine soils on the subject site.

Implementation of mitigation measures would reduce air quality impacts to less than significant. Dust during site preparation would be limited during periods of high winds (over 15 mph). All visibly dry, disturbed soil and road surfaces would be watered to minimize fugitive dust emissions.

Cannabis cultivation activities involve certain disturbance of soil; whether its related to grading to upgrade interior driveways to meet PRC 4290 and 4291 commercial driveway standards; preparing areas as parking lots, or importing soil for outdoor cultivation (usually fabric pots). Lake County routinely puts mitigation measures in place to prevent dust from the project to migrate, and to protect the site and area from air quality-related impacts. Therefore the following mitigation measures are added:

AQ-1: Prior to obtaining the necessary permits and/or approvals for any phase, applicant shall contact the Lake County Air Quality Management District (LCAQMD) and obtain an Authority to Construct (A/C) permit for all operations and for any diesel-powered equipment and/or other equipment with potential for air emissions. Or provide proof that a permit is not needed.

AQ-2: All mobile diesel equipment used must be in compliance with state registration requirements. Portable and stationary diesel-powered equipment must meet all federal, state, and local requirements, including the requirements of the State Air Toxic Control Measures for compression ignition engines. Additionally, all engines must notify LCAQMD prior to beginning construction activities and prior to any diesel engine use.

AQ-3: The applicant shall maintain records of all hazardous or toxic materials used, including a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for all volatile organic compounds utilized, including cleaning materials. Said information shall be made available upon request and/or the ability to provide the LCAQMD such information in order to complete an updated Air Toxic emission Inventory.

AQ-4: All vegetation removed during site development shall be chipped and spread for ground cover and/or erosion control. The burning of vegetation, construction debris, including waste material is prohibited.

AQ-5: The applicant shall have the primary access and parking areas surfaced with chip seal, asphalt, or an equivalent all weather surfacing to reduce fugitive dust generation. The use of white rock as a road base or surface material for travel routes and/or parking areas is prohibited.

AQ-6: All areas subject to infrequent use of driveways, overflow parking, etc., shall be surfaced with gravel, chip seal, asphalt, or an equivalent all weather surfacing. Applicant shall regularly use and/or maintain graveled area to reduce fugitive dust generations.

Less than Significant Impact with mitigation measures added

d) The Project Property is located in a rural area of the County of Lake, where the majority of development is scattered single family residential dwellings on large lots with a few agricultural uses in the vicinity. The potential impacts to air quality are dust and odor; the dust has been addressed in mitigation measures. The odor is seasonal around harvest time, and given the sparse population, the terrain and large lot sizes in this area, the impact associated with cannabis odor should be minimal.

Less than Significant Impact

I۷	. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					2, 5, 11, 12, 13, 16, 24, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 45
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, and regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 45
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on state or federally protected wetlands (including, not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal wetlands, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13, 16, 17, 21, 24, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 45
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					13
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, 13
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?					1, 2, 3, 5, 6

a) A Biological Assessment (BA) of the Project Property was prepared by Natural Investigations, Inc., and is dated February 10, 2021. The Assessment, which was done out of season, concluded that the proposed project should not have any adverse impacts on sensitive environments based on the data collected during a site visit, and based on documentation on area flora and fauna that was used.

Less Than Significant Impact

b) No removal of riparian vegetation is proposed as part of this project. The applicant will be required to remove some shrubs and grasses in order to meet CALFIRE's Public Resource Code requirements for commercial driveways (primarily widening the existing driveway),

however the applicant is not proposing any buildings that would require removal of vegetation, and intends on planting cannabis on areas that had been used for cannabis cultivation under Early Activation.

Less Than Significant Impact

c) There are no federally-protected wetlands located in or within 100 feet of the cultivation sites; therefore the project will not impact any wetlands.

Less Than Significant Impact

d) The site survey that preceded the Biological Assessment took place out-of-season on February 3, 2021. The locations of any special-status species sighted were marked on aerial photographs and/or georeferenced with a geographic positioning system (GPS) receiver. Habitat types occurring in the Study Area were mapped on aerial photographs, and information on habitat conditions and the suitability of the habitats to support specialstatus species was also recorded. The Study Area was also informally assessed for the presence of potentially-jurisdictional water features, including riparian zones, isolated wetlands and vernal pools, and other biologically-sensitive aquatic habitats.

Of the animals observed on site, none are listed as 'special status' animals, and consisted of the northern Pacific tree frog, Columbian black-tailed deer, coyote, California towhee, hairy woodpecker, ruby-crowned kinglet, sparrow, Stellar's jay and other common songbirds.

The Study concluded that "no critical habitat for any Federally-protected species occurs in the Project Area or surrounding Study Area during the field survey other than ephemeral watercourses.

Less than Significant Impact

e) The proposed project would be consistent with all Lake County ordinances related to the protection of biological resources, because there are no protected biological resources present on the project site. The proposed project would not affect any wetlands, ephemeral drainages, or other sensitive habitats protected by the Lake County Zoning Ordinance. According to the material submitted, no tree removal will be required, so no County tree removal policies or ordinances would apply.

Less than Significant Impact

f) No adopted Habitat Conservation Plans, Natural Community Conservation Plans, or other local, regional, or state habitat conservation plans have been adopted for the Project area and no impacts are anticipated.

No Impact

V	. CULTURAL RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource pursuant to §15064.5?					1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14c, 15
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?					1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15
c)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?		\boxtimes			1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15

a) A Cultural Resource Evaluation was prepared for this project by Flaherty and Associates and dated March 5, 2021.

The summary indicated that there no cultural resources were discovered within the project boundaries. The Evaluation also stated that it is possible that some significant relics or artifacts may exist on the site that were not seen during the site survey. The Evaluation also stated that it was unlikely that human remains exist on the site, but stated that if inadvertent discovery were to occur, that the Tribe and a qualified Archaeologist be made aware of the discovery. The County also requires the Sheriff's Department to be notified in the event of such inadvertent discoveries; mitigation measures are added to address this occurrence if it were to happen.

The Upper Lake Habematolel Tribe submitted a letter dated October 11, 2022 expressing interest in this project, including a site visit to observe the ground that the cultivation activity would occur.

The County set up a consultation meeting with the Tribe that took place on April 18, 2023. The applicant agreed to having the tribe visit the site, and that a tribal monitor would be on site during the planting activity (the time of ground disturbance). The tribe offers training for employees immediately prior to site disturbance, which is scheduled to occur. Although no further follow-up appears to be necessary to mitigate potential site disturbance, Lake County is rich in tribal culture. Because of this, the County routinely requires specific mitigation measures be put in place whenever a discretionary land use project involves any earth movement.

The following mitigation measures are therefore added as a precautionary measure:

CUL-1: Should any archaeological, paleontological, or cultural materials be discovered during site development, all activity shall be halted in the vicinity of the find(s), the applicant shall notify the culturally affiliated Tribe, and a qualified archaeologist to evaluate the find(s) and recommend mitigation procedures, if necessary, subject to the approval of the Community Development Director. Should any human remains be encountered, the applicant shall notify the Sheriff's Department, the culturally affiliated Tribe, and a qualified archaeologist for proper internment and Tribal rituals per Public Resources Code Section 5097.98 and Health and Safety Code 7050.5.

CUL-2: All employees shall be trained in recognizing potentially significant artifacts that may be discovered during ground disturbance. If any artifacts or remains are found, the culturally affiliated Tribe shall immediately be notified; a licensed archaeologist shall be notified, and the Lake County Community Development Director shall be notified of such findings.

Less than Significant Impacts with Mitigation Measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.

b) Site disturbance will take place as part of project and site preparation, so there is a potential for inadvertent discovery of as-of-yet undiscovered resources during project construction. Therefore, this impact is considered significant. Mitigation measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 will reduce potential effects of inadvertent discovery to 'less than significant levels'.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.

c) The Project site does not contain a cemetery and no known formal cemeteries are located within the immediate site vicinity. In the event that human remains are discovered on the Project site, the Project would be required to comply with the applicable provisions of Health and Safety Code §7050.5, Public Resources Code §5097 et. seq. and CEQA Guidelines §15064.5(e). California Health and Safety Code §7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the County Coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Pursuant to California Public Resources Code §5097.98(b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and disposition has been made by the Coroner.

If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the California Native American Heritage Commission must be contacted and the Native American Heritage Commission must then immediately notify the "most likely descendant(s)" of receiving notification of the discovery. The most likely descendant(s) shall then make recommendations within 48 hours, and engage in consultations concerning the treatment of the remains as provided in Public Resources Code §5097.98. Mandatory compliance with these requirements would ensure that potential impacts associated with the accidental discovery of human remains would be less than significant.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.

V	l.	ENERGY	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld :	the project:					
a)	imp	sult in potentially significant environmental pacts due to wasteful, inefficient, or unnecessary nsumption of energy resource, during construction operation?					5
b)		inflict with or obstruct a state or local plan for newable energy or energy efficiency?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5
Disc	cus	sion:					
	a)	The propose Project consists of outdoo security purposes. The overall power additional amps of power (there is alreastructure on site).	usage of	this opera	ation would	d be ab	out 100
		The cultivation project will require some outdoor lighting and cannabis filtration solar panels to power the cannabis project.	equipment	. The appli	icant is pro	posing	to install
		Less than Significant Impact					
	b)	According to the California Department of compliance with the CEQA, all cannot anticipated operational energy needs, idea and the anticipated amount of energy per an increase in energy demand and the new Project consists of outdoor cultivation will require power for security systems, will filtration equipment. Electricity will be probattery storage/backup systems and be standards of Title 4 Division 19 §16305 F	abis applicentify the sor day, and eed for addivith minima vater pumpovided by iroy 'on-grid'	cations mu burce of en- explain who tional energal security I s, minor ou dividual ph power. Ti	st describ- ergy suppli- ether the p gy resource- ighting. That tdoor lighti- notovoltaic he project	e their ed for the roject wiles. The pare cultivating and would in would in the reconstructions of the reconstructions are the reconstructions.	project's le project ill require proposed ation site cannabis nels with
		Less Than Significant Impact					
V	II.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld	the project:					
a)	ad	ectly or indirectly cause potentially substantial verse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or ath involving:					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 18, 19

- i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special. Publication 42.
- ii) Strong seismic ground shaking?
- iii) Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?
- iv) Landslides?

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			1, 3, 4, 5, 19, 21, 24, 25, 30
c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on-site or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 18, 21
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18- 1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial direct or indirect risks to life or property?		\boxtimes	5, 7, 39
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?			2, 4, 5, 7, 13, 39
f)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		\boxtimes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15

a) The Project site is located in a seismically active area of California and is expected to experience moderate to severe ground shaking during the lifetime of the Project. That risk is not considered substantially different than that of other similar properties and projects in California.

Earthquake Faults (i)

According to the USGS Earthquake Faults map available on the Lake County GIS Portal, there are no mapped earthquake faults within two miles of the Project Property. Thus, no rupture of a known earthquake fault is anticipated and the proposed Project would not expose people or structures to an adverse effects related rupture of a known earthquake fault as no structures for human occupancy are being proposed.

Seismic Ground Shaking (ii) and Seismic-Related Ground Failure, including liquefaction (iii) Lake County contains numerous known active faults. Future seismic events in the Northern California region can be expected to produce seismic ground shaking at the site. All proposed construction is required to be built under Current Seismic Safety Construction Standards, and no large structures are proposed on this project site.

Landslides (iv)

The Project cultivation site has some significant slopes ranging from 30% to 50% (Figure 7, next page). According to the Landslide Hazard Identification Map prepared by the California Department of Conservation's Division of Mines and Geology, the area is considered generally stable. As such, the Project site is considered moderately susceptible to landslides and will not likely expose people or structures to substantial adverse effects involving landslides, including losses, injuries or death.

Less Than Significant Impact

b) No grading is proposed to prepare the Project site for cultivation. The Project involves the cultivation of cannabis plants in above ground planters with an imported organic soil mixture.

The applicant has provided an Erosion and Sediment Control Plan that addresses potential erosion through the application of gravel/rock to access roads, weed-free straw mulch to disturbed areas, and the installation of straw wattles around the proposed outdoor cultivation area. Additionally, the applicant shall comply with the State Water Resources Control Board's Cannabis General Order (Order No. WQ-2019-001-DWQ) and Chapters 29 and 30 of the Lake County Code, to protect water quality through the implementation of Best Management Practices (BMPs) / Best Practicable Treatment or Control (BPTC) measures, which include erosion and sediment control BMPs/BPTC measures.

Less Than Significant Impact

c) The Project Property mostly contains slopes that are greater than 30% (Figure 7), but the Project site is less significantly sloped (less than 20% slopes). According to the Landslide Hazard Identification Map, prepared by the California Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology, the project parcel is not located within and/or adjacent to an existing known "landslide area".

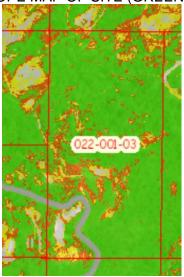
According to Lake County GIS data and the soil survey of Lake County, prepared by the U.S.D.A., the entire site consists of Type 224, "Speaker-Marpa-Sanhedrin gravelly loam, 30 to 50 percent slope" soil. This soil type is characterized as having a severe erosion potential, and is traditionally used for timber production, although there is no documented timber production that has occurred on the project site.

The applicant is required to follow the Stormwater Mitigation Measures that they are proposing on the site plans submitted; this includes placing straw wattles around the cultivation area to channel drainage in a manner that it will not adversely affect the site or surrounding area. The following mitigation measure is required for this project:

GEO-1: Prior to ground disturbance, the applicant shall install straw wattles around the cultivation area. No on-site drainage that originates from the cultivation area shall migrate into the seasonal or year-round water courses, or onto neighboring lots.

Less Than Significant with mitigation measure added.

FIGURE 4 – SLOPE MAP OF SITE (GREEN IS OVER 30% SLOPE)



Source: Lake County, CA GIS Portal, Slope and Terrain Viewer

Less Than Significant Impact

d) Type 224 soil is the soil type mapped on this site. Type 224 soil is not overly expansion or prone to 'shrink-swell' that might otherwise put structures in danger. Since the applicant is not proposing any new structures that are large enough to require a building permit, the risk of 'shrink-swell' impacts is minimal, particularly given the characteristics of Type 224 soil.

A zoning clearance is required for each shed regardless of its size.

Less Than Significant Impact

e) The proposed project will be served by portable toilets and restroom facilities. No new septic/wastewater disposal systems are proposed or needed.

Less Than Significant Impact

f) According to the Flaherty Cultural Study, the project site does not contain any known unique geologic feature or paleontological resources that might otherwise require protection or avoidance.

Less than Significant Impact

VIII. GREENHOUSE GAS **EMISSIONS**

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Less Than Significant Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures

No **Impact**

Source Number

Would the project:

a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?		\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 36
b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?		\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 36

Discussion:

a) The Project Property is located within the Lake County Air Basin, which is under the jurisdiction of the Lake County Air Quality Management District (LCAQMD). The LCAQMD applies air pollution regulations to all major stationary pollution sources and monitors countywide air quality. Climate change is caused by greenhouse gases (GHGs) emitted into the atmosphere around the world from a variety of sources, including the combustion of fuel for energy and transportation, cement manufacturing, and refrigerant emissions. GHGs are those gases that have the ability to trap heat in the atmosphere, a process that is analogous to the way a greenhouse traps heat. GHGs may be emitted as a result of human activities, as well as through natural processes. Increasing GHG concentrations in the atmosphere are leading to global climate change. The Lake County Air Basin is in attainment for all air pollutants and has therefore not adopted thresholds of significance for GHG emissions.

The proposed Project consists of outdoor cultivation with no supplemental lighting. In general, greenhouse gas emissions associated with outdoor cannabis cultivation come from construction activities and vehicle trips. The outdoor cultivation areas will not have specific greenhouse gas-producing elements, and the cannabis plants will capture some carbon dioxide. Construction activities are limited to widening the interior driveway and gates, and bringing fabric pots onto the cultivation area. Construction activities are expected to occur over one to three week period, generating 2 to 6 vehicle trips per day. The operation is expected to generate 2 to 4 vehicle trips per day during the cultivation season (May through October), and up to 8 vehicle trips per day during October and November.

Lake County uses the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) thresholds of significance as a basis for determining the significance of air quality and GHG impacts. The BAAQMD threshold of significance for a project is 1,100 metric tons of CO₂ emissions per project. As stated in the Air Quality section of this document, the projected amount of CO₂ emissions is about 4.5 tons per year. Assuming the 'per project' threshold of 1,100 tons per project, it would take about 224 years for this project to reach the threshold of significance for CO₂ emissions.

Construction emissions and operational emissions were calculated using the California Emissions Estimator Model (CalEEMod®), Version 2016.3.2. Construction and operational CO₂ emissions are summarized above and in the tables of the Air Quality Section of this Initial Study. The results are expressed as a range of potential emissions. To magnify any air quality impacts, the model was run using the worst-case scenarios, and emissions estimates are reported here using the unmitigated emissions values. Air emissions modeling performed for this project demonstrates that the project, in both the construction phase and the operational phase, would not generate significant quantities of greenhouse gases and does not exceed the project-level thresholds established by BAAQMD.

Less than Significant Impact

- b) For purposes of this analysis, the Project was evaluated against the following applicable plans, policies, and regulations:
 - The Lake County General Plan
 - The Lake County Air Quality Management District
 - AB 32 Climate Change Scoping Plan
 - AB 1346 Air Pollution: Small Off-Road Equipment

Policy HS-3.6 of the Lake County General Plan on Regional Agency Review of Development Proposals states that the "County shall solicit and consider comments from local and regional agencies on proposed projects that may affect regional air quality. The County shall continue to submit development proposals to the Lake County Air Quality Management District for review and comment, in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) prior to consideration by the County." The proposed Project was sent out for review from the LCAQMD and the only concern was restricting the use of an onsite generator to emergency situations only.

The Lake County Air Basin is in attainment for all air pollutants with a high air quality level, and therefore the LCAQMD has not adopted an Air Quality Management Plan, but rather uses its rules and regulations for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The proposed Project does not conflict with any existing LCAQMD or BAAQMD rules or regulations and would therefore have a less than significant impact.

The 2017 AB Climate Change Scoping Plan recognizes that local government efforts to reduce emissions within their jurisdiction are critical to achieving the State's long term GHG goals, which includes a primary target of no more than six (6) metric tons CO₂e per capita by 2030 and no more than two (2) metric tons CO₂e per capita by 2050. The Project will have up to three (3) individuals working on site (owners/operators) during normal operational hours, and with an expected 6.875 metric tons of overall operational CO₂e per year, the per capita figure of 2.29 metric tons of operational CO₂e per year meets the 2017 Climate Change Scoping Plan's 2030 target, and nearly meets the 2050 target.

On October 9, 2021, AB 1346 Air Pollution: Small Off-Road Equipment (SORE) was passed, which will require the state board, by July 1, 2022, consistent with federal law, to adopt cost-effective and technologically feasible regulations to prohibit engine exhaust and evaporative emissions from new small off-road engines, as defined by the state board. The bill would require the state board to identify and, to the extent feasible, make available funding for commercial rebates or similar incentive funding as part of any updates to existing applicable funding program guidelines to local air pollution control districts and air quality management districts to implement to support the transition to zero-emission small off-road equipment operations, and the applicant should be aware of and expected to make a transition away from SOREs by the required future date.

Less than Significant Impact

IX	MATERIALS	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?					1, 3, 5, 13, 21, 24, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonable foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?					1, 3, 5, 13, 21, 24, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes	1, 2, 5
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes	2, 40
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard or excessive noise for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 22
f)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 22, 35, 37
g)	Expose people or structures, either directly or indirectly, to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 35, 37

a) Chemicals Storage and Effluent

According to the applicant, chemicals stored and used at/by the proposed cultivation operation include fertilizers/nutrients, pesticides, and some petroleum products (Agricultural Chemicals). All fertilizers/nutrients and pesticides, when not in use, will be stored in their manufacturer's original containers/packaging, undercover, and at least 100 feet from surface water bodies, inside the secure Pesticides & Agricultural Chemicals Storage Area (proposed metal shipping/storage container). Petroleum products will be stored under cover, in State of California-approved containers with secondary containment, and separate from pesticides and fertilizers within the proposed Pesticides & Agricultural Chemicals Storage Area. Spill containment and cleanup equipment will be maintained within the proposed Pesticides and Agricultural Chemicals Storage Area, as well as Materials Safety Data Sheets (MSDS/SDS) for all potentially hazardous materials used onsite. No effluent is expected to be produced by the proposed cultivation operation.

Solid Waste Management

According to the applicant, the types of solid waste that will be generated from the proposed cultivation operation include gardening materials and wastes (such as plastic mulch and plastic/fertilizer/pesticide bags and bottles) and general litter from staff/personnel. All solid waste will be stored in bins with secure fitting lids, located directly adjacent to the proposed cultivation areas. At no time will the bins be filled to a point that their lids cannot fit securely. Solid waste from the bins will be deposited into a dump trailer and hauled to a Lake County Integrated Waste Management facility, at least every seven (7) days/weekly. The Eastlake Landfill is the closest Lake County Integrated Waste Management facility to the project site.

Site Maintenance

According to the applicant, all equipment will be stored in its proper designated area upon completion of the task for which the equipment was needed. Any refuse created during the work day will be placed in the proper waste disposal receptacle at the end of each shift, or at a minimum upon completion of the task assigned. Any refuse which poses a risk for contamination or personal injury will be disposed of immediately. 100 feet of defensible space will be established and maintained around the proposed cultivation operation for fire protection and to ensure safe and sanitary working conditions. Areas of defensible space will be mowed and trimmed regularly around the cultivation operation to provide for visibility and security monitoring. Access roads and parking areas will be graveled to prevent the generation of fugitive dust, and vegetative ground cover will be preserved throughout the entire site to filter and infiltrate storm water runoff from access roads, parking areas, and the proposed cultivation operation. Portable restroom facilities will be made available for use whenever staff are onsite and regularly serviced to ensure a safe and sanitary working environment.

The Project shall comply with Section 41.7 of the Lake County Zoning Ordinance that specifies that all uses involving the use or storage of combustible, explosive, caustic, or otherwise hazardous materials shall comply with all applicable local, state, and federal safety standards and shall be provided with adequate safety devices against the hazard of fire and explosion, and adequate firefighting and fire suppression equipment.

The Lake County Division of Environmental Health, which acts as the Certified Unified Program Agency (CUPA) for Hazardous Materials Management, has been consulted about the project and the project is required to address Hazardous Material Management in the Property Management Plan, which has been reviewed by the Lead Agency to ensure the contents are current and adequate. In addition, the Project will require measures for employee training to determine if they meet the requirements outlined in the Plan and measures for the review of hazardous waste disposal records to ensure proper disposal methods and the amount of wastes generated by the facility.

Less Than Significant Impact

b) The Project involves the use of fertilizers and pesticides which will be stored in a secure stormproof structure.

Flood risk on the Project site is minimal; the entire property is located in the "X" flood zone, which has a very low risk of flooding. According to Lake County GIS Portal data and the Project is not located in or near an identified earthquake fault zone.

The Project site is mapped as being within a very high fire hazard severity zone. Wildfire mitigation measures are added and found within the Wildfire section of this document.

The Project Property does not contain any identified areas of serpentine soils or ultramafic rock, and risk of asbestos exposure during site disturbance is minimal.

Less than Significant Impact

c) There are no schools located within one-quarter mile of the proposed Project site. The nearest school is Upper Lake Elementary School, which is located over five (5) miles south of the Project Property.

No Impact

d) The California Environmental Protection Agency (CALEPA) has the responsibility for compiling information about sites that may contain hazardous materials, such as hazardous waste facilities, solid waste facilities where hazardous materials have been reported, leaking underground storage tanks and other sites where hazardous materials have been detected. Hazardous materials include all flammable, reactive, corrosive, or toxic substances that pose potential harm to the public or environment.

The following databases compiled pursuant to Government Code §65962.5 were checked for known hazardous materials contamination within ¼-mile of the project site:

- The SWRCB GeoTracker database
- The Department of Toxic Substances Control EnviroStor database
- The SWRCB list of solid waste disposal sites with waste constituents above hazardous waste levels outside the waste management unit.

The Project site is not listed in any of these databases as a site containing hazardous materials as described above.

No Impact

e) The Project site is located about 10 miles from the nearest public airport or public use airport (Lampson Field). Lampson Field is administered by the Lake County Airport Land Use Commission, which has not adopted an Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan. There will be no hazard for people working in the Project area from a public airport or public use airport.

No Impact

f) The Project would not impair or interfere with an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan. Hunter Point Road to Elk Mountain Road would be used to evacuate the site if an evacuation were needed. During evacuations, all persons at the Project site would be required to follow emergency response instructions for evacuations. Because the Project would not interfere with an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan, impacts are less than significant with the mitigation measures required in the Wildfire section of this document.

Less than Significant Impact

g) The Project site is within a mapped very high fire hazard severity zone. The applicant shall adhere to all federal, state, and local fire requirements and regulations for setbacks and defensible space. Please refer to Section XX. Wildfire for additional information pertaining to risks associated with wildland fire.

Less than Significant Impact

X	. HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY	Significant Impact	Significant with Mitigation Measures	Significant Impact	Impact	Number
Wc	ould the project:					
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements or otherwise substantially degrade surface or ground water quality?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 29, 30
b)	Substantially decrease groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that the project may impede sustainable groundwater management of the basin?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 29, 30
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or through the addition of impervious surfaces, in a manner that would: i) Result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site; ii) Substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site; iii) Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; or iv) Impede or redirect flood flows?					1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 15, 18, 29, 32
d)	In any flood hazard, tsunami, or seiche zones, risk release of pollutants due to project inundation?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 23, 32
e)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan or sustainable groundwater management plan?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 29

Discussion:

a) The Project Parcel is enrolled in the State Water Resources Control Board's Cannabis General Order (Order No. WQ 2019-001-DWQ) as a Tier 2, Low Risk site (WDID: 5S17CC428007). As required in the Cannabis Order's Policy for coming into compliance with Best Practicable Treatment or Control (BPTC) measures, the applicant had to prepare a Site Management Plan (SMP) and a Nitrogen Management Plan (NMP) within 90 days of enrollment. "The purpose of the Cannabis Policy is to ensure that the diversion of water and discharge of waste associated with cannabis cultivation does not have a negative impact on water quality, aquatic habitat, riparian habitat, wetlands, and springs" (State Water Board, 2019). BPTC measures have been implemented at the site for erosion control and stormwater pollution. The purpose of the NMP is to identify how nitrogen is stored, used, and applied to crops in a way that is protective to water quality. The applicant is required to complete online Annual Monitoring and Reporting to assess compliance with the Cannabis General Order and Notice of Applicability. This includes BPTC measures for winterization.

The applicant provided a Hydrology Report and an Erosion and Sediment Control Site Plan (Sheet 6) for the proposed Project. According to the applicant's Property Management Plan, the following erosion control measures will be followed:

- Established and re-established vegetation within and around the proposed cultivation operation will be maintained/protected as a permanent erosion and sediment control measure.
- Gravel will be applied to the surfaces of access roads, pathways, and the aisles between the garden beds/pots of the proposed cultivation areas, to allow for infiltration while mitigating the generation of sediment laden stormwater runoff.
- Straw rolls/wattles will be installed before November 15th of each year throughout the proposed cultivation operation per the Project's engineered Erosion and Sediment Control Site Plan, to filter pollutants and promote stormwater retention and infiltration.
- If areas of concentrated stormwater runoff begin to develop, additional erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented to protect those areas and their outfalls

The County's Cannabis Ordinance requires that all cultivation operations be located at least 100-feet away from all waterbodies (i.e. spring, top of bank of any creek or seasonal stream, edge of lake, wetland or vernal pool). Additionally, cultivators who enroll in the State Water Board's Waste Discharge Requirements for Cannabis Cultivation Order WQ 2019-001-DWQ must comply with the Minimum Riparian Setbacks. Cannabis cultivators must comply with these setbacks for all land disturbances, cannabis cultivation activities, and facilities (e.g., material or vehicle storage, diesel powered pump locations, water storage areas, and chemical toilet placement).

The proposed Project has been designed to meet the required riparian setbacks on the flattest portion of the property to reduce the potential for water pollution and erosion.

Less Than Significant Impact

b) Due to exceptional drought conditions, the Lake County Board of Supervisors passed an Urgency Ordinance (Ordinance 3106) on July 27, 2021, requiring land use applicants to provide enhanced water analysis during a declared drought emergency. Ordinance 3106 requires that all project that require a CEQA analysis of water use include the following items in a Hydrology Report prepared by a licensed professional experienced in water resources:

- Approximate amount of water available for the project's identified water source,
- Approximate recharge rate for the project's identified water source, and
- Cumulative impact of water use to surrounding areas due to the project

Water Demand

According to the Project's *Hydrology Analysis*, prepared by Chico Environmental and dated November 17, 2021, the propose outdoor cultivation operation has an estimated annual water use demand of 3,000 gallons per day, or 360,000 gallons (~1.15 acre-feet) per year. However, this figure is based on a 120 day growing season, whereas a typical growing season is usually 39 weeks per year, or 273 days per year. Using the longer time-frame, the actual water demand will be closer to 819,000 gallons per year, or about 2.52 acre feet per year.

Water Availability

According to the Water Analysis, all water for the proposed cultivation operation will come from an existing onsite groundwater well. The analysis states that this well produces about 13 gallons of water per minute (GPM). The applicant shows four 2,500 gallon water tanks on site to be used for irrigation purposes. The County is requiring an additional 5,000 gallons of on-site water storage for emergency (fire suppression) use if needed, so the total water storage on site would be 15,000 gallons of water in storage tanks, of which 10,000 gallons would be used for irrigation.

Water would be used at a rate of 3,000 gallons per day according to the Water Analysis. The water tanks would last about 3.3 days using the 3,000 gallons per day estimate, so the tanks would likely be refilled on a daily basis.

Aquifer/Groundwater Recharge

The Water Analysis prepared by Chico Engineering does not have aquifer storage or recharge rate data, but describes the total recharge area. The Analysis states that the recharge area consists of about 19,550 acres of land, and that average rainfall is between 43 and 45 inches per year. Assuming a percolation rate of 15% of total rainfall (this figure is used as an industry standard), each acre has the potential for 126,097 gallons of recharge per year during a non-drought year. The subject site is 20 acres in size; the total projected water recharge of the site's aquifer is 2,521,950 gallons of water per year during a non-drought year.

Drought years are assumed to have 20% of the rainfall that occur during a 'normal' rain year. The total recharge during a drought year would be 504,000 gallons, or about 1.8 acre-feet per year, however the total demand on this aquifer, which as of 2006 consisted of 39 wells mostly used for domestic water supply, would be sufficient to serve the cannabis site and the surrounding properties without depleting the aquifer.

Conclusion. The Water Analysis concludes that the project would not adversely impact the water storage or availability to other area water users.

Less Than Significant Impact

c) According to Lake County Ordinance Section 27.13 (at) 3, the Property Management Plan must have a section on Storm Water Management based on the requirements of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Valley Region or the California Regional Water Quality Control Board North Coast Region, with the intent to protect the water quality of the surface water and the stormwater management systems managed by Lake County and to evaluate the impact on downstream property owners. All cultivation activities shall comply with the California State Water Board, the Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the North Coast Region Water Quality Control Board orders, regulations, and procedures as appropriate.

The cultivation operation is enrolled in the State Water Resources Control Board's Order *WQ 2019-0001-DWQ General Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Waste Associated with Cannabis Cultivation Activities* (General Order). Compliance with this Order will ensure that cultivation operations will not significantly impact water resources by using a combination of Best Management Practices, buffer zones, sediment and erosion controls, inspections and reporting, and regulatory oversight. Additionally, an engineered erosion and sediment control site plan was submitted by the applicant as part of the Property Management Plan.

According to the materials provided by the applicant, the establishment of the proposed cultivation operation will not require grading or vegetation clearing, however the requirement for improving the interior driveway to meet PRC 4290 and 4291 standards will require the removal of some brush, grasses and the movement of some earth to widen the driveway. There would be a negligible increase in impermeable surface area given that no buildings other than several 120 sq. ft. sheds are proposed, and based on the outdoor cultivation that would occur. The proposed parking lot will have a permeable gravel surface.

Due to the proposed erosion and sediment control measures, the Project i) will not result in substantial erosion or siltation on-site or off-site; ii) will not substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on or offsite; iii) will not create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff; and iv) will not impede or redirect flood flows.

Less than Significant Impact

d) The Project site is not located in an area of potential inundation by seiche or tsunami. The Project site is designated to be in Flood Zone X – areas of low flooding risk.

Less than Significant Impact

e) The Project Property is located within the Sacramento River Basin. The Water Quality Control Plan for the California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Valley Region (Basin Plan) is applicable to the Sacramento River Basin, as well as the San Joaquin River Basin. The State Water Resource Control Board's Cannabis General Order (2019-001-DWQ) adheres to water quality and management standards identified and outlined within the Basin Plan. Compliance with the Cannabis General Order will ensure that the project does not conflict with or obstruct implementation of a water quality control plan.

There are no groundwater management plans for the affected groundwater basin(s) at this time.

Less than Significant Impact

X	l.	LAND USE PLANNING	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld	the project:					
a)	Ph	nysically divide an established community?				\boxtimes	1, 2, 3, 5, 6
b)	co ad	ause a significant environmental impact due to a inflict with any land use plan, policy, or regulation lopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an invironmental effect?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 20, 21, 22, 27
Disc	cus	esion:					
	a)	The Project Property is located in a rural a containing scattered residential uses. cannabis cultivation area on a 20 acre lot; that would be affected, and the projecommunity.	The propos there are r	sed Projec no roads oth	t would planer than the	ace one interior	acre o driveway
		No Impact					
	b)	The proposed Project is consistent with Nice Area Plan, and would create fut residents.		•			
		The General Plan Land Use and Base Zo Project Parcel is "RL" Rural Lands. To commercial outdoor cannabis cultivation. The project is consistent with all other of commercial cannabis cultivation.	Γhe Lake in the "RL"	County Zo land use zo	ning Ordirone with a	nance a major us	llows for se permit
		Less than Significant Impact					
X	II.	MINERAL RESOURCES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld	the project:					
a)	res	esult in the loss of availability of a known mineral source that would be of value to the region and the sidents of the state?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 26
b)	mi	esult in the loss of availability of a locally important ineral resource recovery site delineated on a local eneral plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 26

a) The Lake County Aggregate Resource Management Plan does not identify the portion of the Project parcel planned for cultivation as having an important source of aggregate resources. The California Department of Conservation describes the generalized rock type for the Project Property as the Lower Cretaceous-Upper Jurassic Great Valley Sequence and the Lower Cretaceous Great Valley Sequence, composed mostly of marine mudstones, siltstones, sandstones, and conglomerate. Additionally, according to the California Department of Conservation, Mineral Land Classification, there are no known mineral resources on the project site.

No Impact

b) According to the California Geological Survey's Aggregate Availability Map, the Project site is not within the vicinity of a site being used for aggregate production. In addition, the site not delineated on the County of Lake's General Plan, the Upper Lake - Nice Area Plan nor the Lake County Aggregate Resource Management Plan as a mineral resource site. Therefore, the project has no potential to result in the loss of availability of a local mineral resource recovery site.

No Impact

XIII. NOISE Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
a) Result in the generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?		\boxtimes			1, 3, 4, 5, 13
b) Result in the generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 13
c) For a project located within the vicinity of a private airstrip or an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 11, 14, 15

Discussion:

 Noise related to outdoor cannabis cultivation typically occurs either during construction, or as the result of machinery related to post construction equipment such as well pumps or emergency backup generators during power outages. This project will have some noise related to site preparation, and hours of construction are limited through standards described in the conditions of approval.

Although the property size and location will help to reduce any noise detectable at the property line, mitigation measures will still be implemented to further limit the potential sources of noise.

In regards to the Lake County General Plan Chapter 8 - Noise, there are no sensitive noise receptors within one (1) mile of the project site, and Community Noise Equivalent Levels (CNEL) are not expected to exceed the 55 dBA during daytime hours (7 a.m. – 10 p.m.) or 45 dBA during night hours (10 p.m. – 7 a.m.) when measured at the property line.

NOI-1: All construction activities including engine warm-up shall be limited Monday Through Friday, between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., and Saturdays from 12:00 noon to 5:00 p.m. to minimize noise impacts on nearby residents. Back-up beepers shall be adjusted to the lowest allowable levels. This mitigation does not apply to night work.

NOI-2: Maximum non-construction related sounds levels shall not exceed levels of 55 dBA between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 10:00 p.m. and 45 dBA between the hours of 10:00 p.m. to 7:00 a.m. within residential areas as specified within Zoning Ordinance Section 21-41.11 (Table 11.1) at the property lines.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures NOI-1 and NOI-2 incorporated.

b) Under existing conditions, there are no known sources of ground-borne vibration or noise that affect the Project site such as railroad lines or truck routes. Therefore, the Project would not create any exposure to substantial ground-borne vibration or noise.

The Project would not generate ground-borne vibration or noise, except potentially during the construction phase from the use of heavy construction equipment. The Project is not expected to employ any pile driving, rock blasting, or rock crushing equipment during construction activities, which are the primary sources of ground-borne noise and vibration during construction. As such, the Project is not expected to create unusual groundborne vibration due to site development or facility operation.

Less Than Significant Impact

c) The Project site is located over 10 miles from the nearest airport. Therefore, the Project would not expose people residing or working in the Project area to excessive noise levels from air travel.

No Impact

XIV. POPULATION AND HOUSING

Potentially Significant Impact

Less Than Significant With Mitigation

Measures

Less Than Significant Impact **Impact**

No

Source Number

Would the project:

a n e	iduce substantial unplanned population growth in area, either directly (for example, by proposing ew homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other ifrastructure)?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5
h	isplace substantial numbers of existing people or ousing, necessitating the construction of eplacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5
Discu	ssion:					
a)	The Project is not anticipated to induction increased employment will be one (1) employees to be hired locally.					
	No Impact					
b)	The Project will not displace any existing	housing.				
	No Impact					
XV.	PUBLIC SERVICES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Would	the project:					
a: al pl co el ac po se) Schools?) Parks?					1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 20, 21, 22, 23, 27, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37
Discu	ssion:					
۵)	The Drainet site is convised by the Nor	4hahara F:r	a Drataatia	n Diatriat	علما مطه	- Caust

a) The Project site is serviced by the Northshore Fire Protection District, the Lake County Sheriff's Department, and the Lake County Public Works Department, and it is located within the Upper Lake Unified School District. The Project does not propose any new housing or other uses that would necessitate new or altered government facilities. No new roads are proposed. The Project would be required to comply with all applicable local and state fire code requirements related to design and emergency access. Construction and operation of the proposed project may result in accidents or crime emergency incidents that would require police services. Construction activities would be temporary and limited in scope. Accidents or crime emergency incidents during operation are expected to be infrequent and minor in nature.

There will not be a need to increase fire or police protection, schools, parks or other public facilities as a result of the project's implementation.

Less than Significant Impact

X	VI. RECREATION	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
			Measures			
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?					1, 3, 4, 5
Disc	cussion:					
;	 As the small staff for the proposed Proje the use of existing neighborhood and re impacts are expected. 					
	No Impact					
ا	o) The proposed Project does not include construction or expansion of existing rec					
	No Impact					
X	/II. TRANSPORTATION	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	uld the project:					
a)	Conflict with a program plan, ordinance or policy addressing the circulation system, including transit, roadway, bicycle and pedestrian facilities?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35

b)	For a land use project, would the project conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(1)?				1, 3, 4, 5 9, 20, 22 27, 28, 35
c)	For a transportation project, would the project conflict with or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(2)?			\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
d)	Substantially increase hazards due to geometric design features (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?			\boxtimes	1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?		\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 9, 20, 22, 27, 28, 35

a) The Project Property is accessed via private interior driveway that connects with Hunter Point Road, a private shared access road, which in turn connects with Elk Mountain Road, a County road that is a gravel road at this location. A minimal increase in traffic is anticipated due to construction, employee use, and weekly and/or monthly incoming and outgoing deliveries through the use of small vehicles.

There are no pedestrian or bicycle facilities on Hunter Point Road or Elk Mountain Road in the vicinity of the project site.

The applicant will be required to obtain and maintain all the necessary Federal, State and local agency permits for any works that occurs with the right-of-way. The proposed Project does not conflict with any existing program plan, ordinance or policy addressing roadway circulation, including the Lake County General Plan Chapter 6 – Transportation and Circulation, and a less than significant impact on road maintenance is expected.

Less than Significant Impact

b) State CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, Subdivision (b) states that for land use projects, transportation impacts are to be measured by evaluating the proposed Project's vehicle miles traveled (VMT), as follows:

"Vehicle miles traveled exceeding an applicable threshold of significance may indicate a significant impact. Generally, projects within one-half mile of either an existing major transit stop or a stop along an existing high quality transit corridor should be presumed to cause a less than significant transportation impact. Projects that decrease vehicle miles traveled in the project area compared to existing conditions should be presumed to have a less than significant transportation impact."

The cultivation site is located about 5 miles from Upper Lake, the nearest population base and the likely residency of employees. A total of four employees are likely during peak harvest times, with an average of two employees working during construction (site preparation) for each phase, and during non peak harvest times. Assuming each employee drives 5 miles to and from work, a total of 20 vehicle miles per day would result during non peak harvest season, and a total of 40 miles would result during the month or two of peak harvest season. A total of two weekly deliveries would result from non employees, adding an additional 20 miles per week.

To date, the County has not yet formally adopted its transportation significance thresholds or its transportation impact analysis procedures. As a result, the project-related VMT impacts were assessed based on guidelines described by the California Office of Planning and Research (OPR) in the publication *Transportation Impacts (SB 743) CEQA Guidelines Update and Technical Advisory*, 2018. The OPR Technical Advisory identifies several criteria that may be used to identify certain types of projects that are unlikely to have a significant VMT impact and can be "screened" from further analysis. One of these screening criteria pertains to small projects, which OPR defines as those generating fewer than 110 new vehicle trips per day on average. OPR specifies that VMT should be based on a typical weekday and averaged over the course of the year to take into consideration seasonal fluctuations. The estimated trips per day for the proposed Project are between 2 to 12 during operation, and up to 12 trips per day during construction, which is expected to occur over a two to three week period.

The proposed Project would not generate or attract more than 110 trips per day, and therefore it is not expected for the Project to have a significant level of VMT. Impacts related to CEQA Guidelines section 15064.3. subdivision (b) would be less than significant.

Less than Significant Impact

c) The Project is not a transportation project. The proposed use will not conflict with and/or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b)(2).

No Impact

d) The Project does not propose any changes to road alignment or other features, does not result in the introduction of any obstacles, nor does it involve incompatible uses that could increase traffic hazards. Improvements to the interior driveway will be required to make the driveway PRC 4290 and 4291 compliant; no other road improvements appear to be necessary for this project.

No Impact

e) The proposed Project would not alter the physical configuration of the existing roadway network serving the area and will have no effect on access to local streets or adjacent uses, including access for emergency vehicles. Internal gates are proposed to be 20' wide, however CALFIRE requires emergency access routes that are gated to have gates that are 2 feet wider than the road, and the road is required to be 20' wide to meet PRC 4290 and 4291 road standards for a commercial driveway. The proposed Project would not inhibit the ability of local roadways to continue to accommodate emergency response and evacuation activities. The proposed Project would not interfere with the City's adopted emergency response plan.

Less than Significant Impact

XVIII. TRIBAL CULTURAL RESOURCES

Potentially Significant Impact Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures

Less Than No Significant Imp

Impact

No Source Impact Number Would the project Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, defined in Public Resources Code section 21074 as either a site, feature, place, cultural landscape that is geographically defined in terms of the size and scope of the landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American tribe, and that is:

a) Listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources

Code section 5020.1(k)?

a)	of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code section 5020.1(k)?	\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5 11, 14, 1
b)	A resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1, the lead agency shall consider the significance of the resource to a California Native American tribe?	\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5 11, 14, 1

Discussion:

a) A Cultural Resources Evaluation (CRE) for the proposed cultivation Project was prepared by Flaherty Cultural Resource Services and dated March 5, 2021. A pedestrian field survey of a 4.7 acre portion of the site was undertaken during the site survey.

On September 21, 2022, staff received a letter from Sonoma State's historic preservation division, the California Heritage Resource Information System (CHRIS). The letter indicated that there were no previous surveys of the site on record, and recommended that prior to ground disturbance, an archaeologist undertake an on-site survey. It is unclear whether the Flaherty site survey had been received by CHRIS prior to the date of the letter, however the Flaherty survey yielded negative results regarding significant artifacts or other evidence of tribal use of the property in the past.

The County held consultation on this project on April 18, 2023 with the Upper Lake Habematolel Tribe, and the applicant agreed to have a tribal representative train employees for what to watch for during site disturbance, and to have a tribal monitor on site during site disturbance.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.

b) No prehistoric sites were discovered during the field survey conducted for the CRE. The lead agency has determined that, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, no resources pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code section 5024.1 will be affected by the proposed Project, with implementation of mitigation measures CUL-1 through CUL-2.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures CUL-1 and CUL-2 incorporated.

X	IX. UTILITIES	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
Wo	ould the project:					
a)	Require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects?			\boxtimes		1, 3, 4, 5, 29, 32, 33, 34, 37
b)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project and reasonably foreseeable future development during normal, dry and multiple dry years?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 22, 31
c)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?					1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 22
d)	Generate solid waste in excess of State or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure, or otherwise impair the attainment of solid waste reduction goals?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 35, 36
e)	Comply with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 35, 36

a) The proposed Project will be served by an existing onsite irrigation well and an on-grid power for all project-related energy and water demands. The Project will use onsite portable restroom and handwashing facilities.

The Project will not require or result in the relocation or construction of new or expanded water, wastewater treatment or storm water drainage, electric power, natural gas, or telecommunications facilities, the construction or relocation of which could cause significant environmental effects.

Less than Significant Impact

b) According to the Project's *Hydrology Analysis*, prepared by Chico Environmental and dated November 17, 2021, the propose outdoor cultivation operation has an estimated annual water use demand of 3,000 gallons per day, or 360,000 gallons (~1.15 acre-feet) per year. However, this figure is based on a 120 day growing season, whereas a typical growing season is usually 39 weeks or 273 days per year. Using the longer time-frame, the actual water demand will be closer to 819,000 gallons per year, or about 2.52 acre feet per year with a maximum daily water demand of approximately 3,000 gallons.

All water for the proposed cultivation operation will come from an existing onsite groundwater well located on the cultivation site.

The Hydrology Report prepared for the proposed Project showed that the aquifer could recharge more than the annual water demand for the project based on the 20 acre recharge area on the site, however staff calculated that the project area aquifer recharge would be about ½ acre feet less than water demands during drought years. This projection was limited to the 20 acre recharge area; the entire aquifer, according to the Hydrology Analysis, consists of about 19,000 acres in total. Using the 2006 water demands for the area (the last time a cumulative total of area wells were surveyed), the total recharge rate for the entire aquifer was well above the demands of the 39 area wells, even during a drought year.

Staff has concluded that the aquifer is sufficient to accommodate the project during a drought year based on the information received by the County.

Less than Significant Impact

c) The Project will be serviced by onsite portable restroom and handwashing facilities. No new septic systems are proposed.

Less Than Significant Impact

d) It is estimated that approximately 400 pounds of waste from the proposed Project will be taken to the Eastlake Landfill each year. The Eastlake Landfill, South Lake Refuse Center, and Quackenbush Mountain Resource Recovery and Compost Facility are located within reasonable proximity of the Project site. As of 2019, the Eastlake Landfill had 659,200 cubic yards available for solid waste, with an additional 481,000 cubic yards approved in 2020.

There is adequate solid waste capacity to accommodate the proposed Project, and the project would not generate solid waste in excess of state or local standards, or in excess of the capacity of local infrastructure.

Less than Significant Impact

e) The Project will be in compliance with federal, state, and local management and reduction statutes and regulations related to solid waste.

Less than Significant Impact

X	X. WILDFIRE	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
clas	ocated in or near state responsibility areas or lands saified as very high fire hazard severity zones, would project:					
a)	Substantially impair an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?					1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 23, 25, 28, 29
b)	Would the project, due to slope, prevailing winds, and other factors, exacerbate wildfire risks, and thereby expose project occupants to pollutant concentrations from a wildfire or the uncontrolled spread of a wildfire?					1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 23, 25, 28, 29

c)	associated infrastructure (such as roads, fuel breaks, emergency water sources, power lines or other utilities) that may exacerbate fire risk or that may result in temporary or ongoing impacts to the environment?		\boxtimes	1, 2, 3, 5, 6
d)	Expose people or structures to significant risks, including downslope or downstream flooding or landslides, as a result of runoff, post-fire slope instability, or drainage changes?	\boxtimes		1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 21, 23, 32

a) The Project will not impair an adopted emergency response plan or evacuation plan. The applicant shall adhere to all regulation of California Code Regulations Title 14, Division 1.5, Chapter 7, Subchapter 2, and Article 1 through 5 shall apply to this project; and all regulations of California Building Code, Chapter 7A, Section 701A, 701A.3.2.A.

Less than Significant Impact

b) The Project site is situated in a very high fire hazard severity zone. The site has significant slopes, however the cultivation area is located on a comparatively mildly sloping portion of the site, and according to the applicant, no grading is to occur. The cultivation site would not further exacerbate the risk of wildfire or the overall effect of pollutant concentrations on area residents in the event of a wildfire given the mitigation measure required by GEO-1. The Project would improve fire access on site by being required to improve the interior driveway to meet PRC 4290 and 4291 standards, and by requiring the installation of water tanks that would be reserved for use by Fire Protection agencies if needed.

The following mitigation measures are required for this project due to the high severity risk associated with this site:

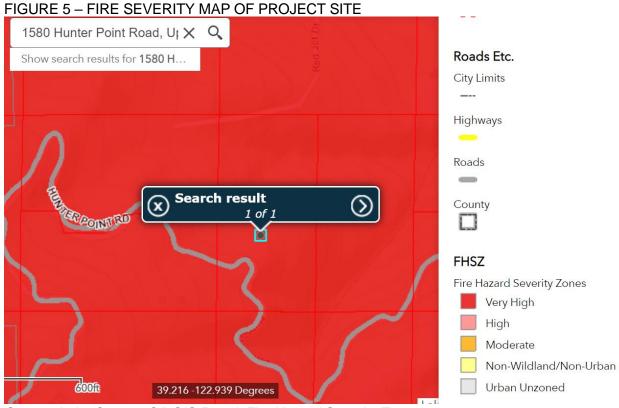
WDF-1: Construction activities will not take place during a red flag warning (per the local fire department and/or national weather service) and wind, temperature and relative humidity will be monitored in order to minimize the risk of wildfire. Grading will not occur on windy days that could increase the risk of wildfire spread should the equipment create a spark.

WDF-2: Prior to cultivation, the applicant shall provide 100' of defensible space around all buildings. This does not require tree removal, but it does require removal of grasses and brush, and limbing trees up to a height of 8'.

WDF-3: Prior to cultivation, the applicant shall schedule a site visit with the Building Official or designee to verify that the roads, gates and site are PRC 4290 and 4291 compliant.

WDF-4: The applicant shall place at least 5,000 gallons of water on site that is designated specifically as for use of fire suppression. Water tanks shall have connectors that are able to the used by Fire Protection Districts.

Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Measures WDF-1 through WDF-4 incorporated.



Source: Lake County, CA GIS Portal, Fire Hazard Severity Zones

c) The proposed site improvements are generally limited to widening the interior driveway to meet PRC 4290 and 4291 standards for a commercial driveway, and for clearing brush for defensible space around structures.

Less than Significant Impact

d) There is some chance of increased risks associated with post-fire slope runoff, instability, or drainage impacts based on the slope of the site. Mitigation measure GEO-1 is intended to reduce runoff-related impacts to 'less than significant' levels.

Less than Significant Impact with mitigation measure added.

XX	(I. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Measures	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	Source Number
,	Does the project have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or					ALL

	animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? (incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?			ALL
c)	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			ALL

a) The project proposes the cultivation of commercial cannabis in a rural area of the County on an "RL" Rural Lands-zoned parcel.

According to the biological and cultural studies conducted, the proposed Project does not have the potential to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory when mitigation measures are implemented.

Mitigation measures are listed herein to reduce impacts related to Aesthetics, Air Quality, Cultural/Tribal Resources, Geology, Noise, and Wildfire.

Less than significant impact with mitigation measures added.

b) Potentially significant impacts have been identified related to Aesthetics, Air Quality, Cultural and Tribal Resources, Geology, Noise, and Wildfire. These impacts in combination with the impacts of other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future projects could cumulatively contribute to significant effects on the environment.

Implementation of and compliance with the mitigation measures identified in each section as Project Conditions of Approval would avoid or reduce potential impacts to less than significant levels and would not result in any cumulatively considerable environmental impacts.

Less than significant impact with mitigation measures added

c) The proposed Project has the potential to result in adverse indirect or direct effects on human beings. In particular, Aesthetics, Air Quality, Cultural and Tribal Resources, Geology, Noise, and Wildfire have the potential to impact human beings. Implementation of and compliance with the mitigation measures identified in each section as conditions of approval would not result in substantial adverse indirect or direct effects on human beings and impacts would be considered less than significant.

Less than significant with mitigation measures added

Impact Categories defined by CEQA

Source List

- 1. Lake County General Plan
- 2. Lake County GIS Database
- 3. Lake County Zoning Ordinance
- 4. Upper Lake Nice Area Plan
- 5. Hunter Point Road Cannabis Cultivation Application Major Use Permit.
- 6. U.S.G.S. Topographic Maps
- 7. U.S.D.A. Lake County Soil Survey
- 8. Lake County Important Farmland Map, California Department of Conservation Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
- 9. Department of Transportation's Scenic Highway Mapping Program, (https://dot.ca.gov/programs/design/lap-landscape-architecture-and-community-livability/lap-liv-i-scenic-highways)
- 10. Lake County Serpentine Soil Mapping
- 11. California Natural Diversity Database (https://wildlife.ca.gov/Data/CNDDB)
- 12. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service National Wetlands Inventory
- 13. Biological Assessment prepared by Natural Resources, Inc. dated February 10, 2021.
- 14. Cultural Resource Evaluation prepared by Flaherty Cultural Resources and dated March 5, 2021.
- 15. California Historical Resource Information Systems (CHRIS); Northwest Information Center, Sonoma State University; Rohnert Park, CA.
- 16. Water Resources Division, Lake County Department of Public Works Wetlands Mapping.
- 17. U.S.G.S. Geologic Map and Structure Sections of the Clear Lake Volcanic, Northern California, Miscellaneous Investigation Series, 1995
- 18. Official Alguist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone maps for Lake County
- Landslide Hazards in the Eastern Clear Lake Area, Lake County, California,
 Landslide Hazard Identification Map No. 16, California Department of Conservation,
 Division of Mines and Geology, DMG Open –File Report 89-27, 1990
- 20. Lake County Emergency Management Plan
- 21. Lake County Hazardous Waste Management Plan, adopted 1989
- 22. Lake County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan, adopted 1992
- 23. California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection Fire Hazard Mapping
- 24. National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- 25. FEMA Flood Hazard Maps
- 26. Lake County Aggregate Resource Management Plan
- 27. Lake County Bicycle Plan
- 28. Lake County Transit for Bus Routes
- 29. Lake County Environmental Health Division
- 30. Lake County Grading Ordinance
- 31. Lake County Natural Hazard database
- 32. Lake County Countywide Integrated Waste Management Plan and Siting Element, 1996
- 33. Lake County Water Resources
- 34. Lake County Waste Management Department
- 35. California Department of Transportation (Caltrans)
- 36. Lake County Air Quality Management District website
- 37. Lake County Fire Protection District

- 38. Site Visit July 24, 2020
- 39. United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey
- 40. Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites List,
- 41. State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Cannabis Policy and General Order
- 42. Lake County Groundwater Management Plan, March 31st, 2006.
- 43. Lake County Rules and Regulations (LCF) for On-Site Sewage Disposal
- 44. Lake County Municipal Code: Sanitary Disposal of Sewage (Chapter 9: Health and Sanitation, Article III)