Project Description: The approximately 22-acre project site currently consists of a main building built in the 1960s currently occupied by Jefferson Union High School District (JUHSD) offices and non-profit organizations, temporary buildings, surface parking, and construction activity for JUHSD faculty and staff housing. The applicant and owner, JUHSD, is proposing to prepare a new Precise Plan to allow for the redevelopment of the project site area with up to 1,235 units of affordable and market-rate rental housing (20 percent affordable units), up to 14,000 square feet of neighborhood-serving retail/commercial uses (in addition to 1,400 square feet for a Head Start childcare facility), and infrastructure improvements throughout the project area. The new Precise Plan would require a General Plan Amendment from C-O (Commercial – Office) to C-MU (Commercial – Mixed Use).

The proposed Precise Plan would divide the project site into six development parcels (with Parcel C further subdivided into two smaller parcels) and additional street parcels with public access easements. Parcels A, B, and C would have maximum building heights of 77 feet, and Parcels D, E, and F would have a maximum building height of 150 feet. Build-out of the site and division of parcels is anticipated to be over an eight to 12 year period, but potentially up to 15 years. The proposed phasing for the Precise Plan is development of Parcel B first, followed by Parcels C and D, and finally Parcels E and F, although the phasing order may be adjusted by market conditions or other factors. The proposed Precise Plan would also establish a new Planned Development District, consistent with the City's Municipal Code Chapter 17.28.

JUHSD is also seeking design review approval for the proposed development on Parcel B, which will include a six-story, 201-unit mixed-use building with approximately 345 parking spaces and approximately 8,000 sq. ft. of retail space, a park, play structure, and various amenities for residents. The building would have a maximum height of 74 feet to the top of the parapet (85 feet to the top of the elevator shaft).

Summary of Significant Impacts and Mitigation Measures

The following is a summary of the significant impacts and mitigation measures addressed within this EIR. The project description and full discussion of impacts and mitigation measures can be found in Section 2.0 Project Description and Section 3.0 Environmental Setting, Impacts, and Mitigation.

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
Impact AIR-2: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard. (Less than Significant	MM AIR-2.1: BAAQMD Best Management Practices: The project shall implement the Bay Area Air Quality Management District's (BAAQMD's) recommended best management practices (BMPs) and additional measures to reduce construction equipment exhaust emissions. These measures shall include the following:
Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	 All exposed surfaces (e.g., parking areas, staging areas, soil piles, graded areas, and unpaved access roads) shall be watered three times a day and at a frequency adequate to maintain minimum soil moisture of 12 percent. Moisture content shall be verified by lab samples or moisture probe.
	 All haul trucks transporting soil, sand, or other loose material off-site shall be covered. All visible mud or dirt track-out onto adjacent public roads shall be removed using a wet power vacuum street sweeper at least once per day. The use of dry power sweeping shall be prohibited.
	 All vehicle speeds on unpaved roads shall be limited to 15 mph. All roadways, driveways, and sidewalks to be paved shall be completed as soon as possible. Building pads shall be laid as soon as possible after grading unless seeding or soil binders are used.
	 All construction equipment shall be maintained and properly tuned in accordance with manufacturer's specifications. All equipment shall be checked by a certified mechanic and determined to be running in proper condition prior to operation.
	 Post a publicly visible sign with the telephone number and person to contact at the Lead Agency regarding dust complaints. This person shall respond and take corrective action within 48 hours. The Air District's phone number shall also be visible to ensure compliance with applicable regulations.
	 All excavation, grading, and/or demolition activities shall be suspended when average wind speeds

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	exceed 20 mph and visible dust extends beyond site boundaries.
	 Wind breaks (e.g., trees, fences) shall be installed on the windward side(s) of actively disturbed areas of construction adjacent to sensitive receptors. Wind breaks should have at maximum 50 percent air porosity.
	 Vegetative ground cover (e.g., fast-germinating native grass seed) shall be planted in disturbed areas as soon as possible and watered appropriately until vegetation is established.
	 The simultaneous occurrence of excavation, grading, and ground-disturbing construction activities on the same area at any one time shall be limited. Activities shall be phased to reduce the amount of disturbed surfaces at any one time.
	 Avoid tracking of visible soil material on to public roadways by employing the following measures if necessary: (1) Site accesses to a distance of 100 feet from public paved roads shall be treated with a 6 to 12-inch compacted layer of wood chips, mulch, or gravel and (2) washing truck tires and construction equipment of prior to leaving the site.
	 Sandbags or other erosion control measures shall be installed to prevent silt runoff to public roadways from sites with a slope greater than one percent.
	MM AIR-2.2: <u>Selection of Construction Equipment:</u> All construction equipment larger than 25 horsepower used at the site for more than two continuous days or 20 hours total shall meet U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Tier 4 emission standards PM (PM10 and PM2.5), if feasible, otherwise,
	 Use equipment that meets U.S. EPA emission standards for Tier 2 or 3 engines and include particulate matter emissions control equivalent to California Air Resources Board (CARB) Level 3 verifiable diesel emission control devices that altogether achieve a 50-percent reduction in particulate matter exhaust in comparison to uncontrolled equipment; alternatively (or in combination). Use of electrical or non-diesel fueled equipment.

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	Alternatively, the applicant may develop another construction operations plan demonstrating that the construction equipment used on-site would achieve a reduction in construction diesel particulate matter emissions by 70 percent or greater. Elements of the plan could include a combination of some of the following measures:
	 Implementation of Tier 4 or alternatively fueled equipment, Installation of electric power lines during early construction phases to avoid use of diesel generators and compressors, Use of electrically-powered equipment, Forklifts and aerial lifts used for exterior and interior building construction shall be electric or propane/natural gas powered, Change in construction build-out plans to lengthen phases, and Implementation of different building techniques that result in less diesel equipment usage.
	Such a construction operations plan would be subject to review by an air quality expert and approved by the City prior to construction.
	MM AIR-2.3: Low Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) Coating: The project shall use low volatile organic compound or VOC (i.e., ROG) coatings, that are below current BAAQMD requirements (i.e., Regulation 8, Rule 3: Architectural Coatings), for at least 50 percent of all residential and nonresidential interior paints and 50 percent of exterior paints. This includes all architectural coatings applied during both construction and reapplications throughout the project's operational lifetime. At least 50 percent of coatings applied must meet a "super-compliant" VOC standard of less than 10 grams of VOC per liter of paint. For reapplication of coatings during the project's operational lifetime, the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions, and Restrictions shall contain a stipulation for low VOC coatings to be used.
Impact AIR-3: The project would not expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations.	See mitigation measures MM AIR-2.1 and MM AIR-2.2 above.

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures	
(Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	MM AIR-3.1: Prior to the issuance of a grading permit, the applicant shall provide the City with the most recent construction phasing schedule by parcel for buildout of the proposed Precise Plan. If the most recent construction phasing schedule increases the number of units per construction phase compared to the construction phasing assumed in the air quality analysis of this EIR, the applicant shall prepare an updated community health risk assessment to confirm that the new phasing will not result in any new or more significant air quality impacts not previously disclosed in this EIR. The updated community health risk assessment shall be reviewed and approved by the Director of Community Development or Director's designee.	
Impact AIR-C: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable contribution to a cumulatively significant air quality impact. (Less than Significant Cumulative Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measures MM AIR-2.1 and MM AIR-2.2 above.	
Impact BIO-1: The project would not have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the CDFW or USFWS. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	 If construction is initiated during the non-breeding season (September 1 to January 31), then vegetation removal, building demolition and other construction may proceed with no restrictions. If initial building demolition, vegetation removal, and construction is proposed during the nesting season (February 1 to August 31), a focused survey for nesting raptors and other native birds shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within 14 days prior to the onset of construction in order to determine whether any active nests are present on the site and surrounding area within 250 feet of proposed construction. The survey shall be reconducted any time construction has been delayed or curtailed for more than 14 days during the nesting season. If no active nests are identified during the construction survey period, then building demolition, vegetation removal, and other construction may proceed with no restrictions. If active bird nests are found, an adequate setback shall be established by a qualified biologist, approved by the City Planning Division, around the nest location and construction activities restricted 	

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	within this no-disturbance zone until the qualified biologist has confirmed that any young birds have fledged and are able to function outside the nest location. Required setback distances for the nodisturbance zone shall be based on input received from the CDFW and may vary depending on species and sensitivity to disturbance. As necessary, the nodisturbance zone shall be fenced with temporary orange construction fencing if construction is to be initiated elsewhere on the site outside this zone. • A report of findings shall be prepared by the qualified biologist and submitted to the Director of Community Development or Director's designee for review and approval prior to initiation of construction during the nesting season (February 1 to August 31). The report shall either confirm absence of any active nests or should confirm that any young are located within a designated nodisturbance zone and construction can proceed. No report of findings is required if construction is initiated during the non-nesting season (September 1 to January 31) and continues uninterrupted according to the above criteria.
	MM BIO-1.2: Adequate measures shall be taken to avoid roosting by special-status bat species as a result of tree removal and building demolition, specifically:
	 To the extent feasible, any tree removal or trimming that is deemed necessary by a certified arborist to maintain tree health shall be conducted outside of the bat maternity season (i.e., generally avoiding tree removal or trimming April through October). Building demolition shall, to the extent feasible, be conducted outside of the bat maternity season (i.e., generally avoiding demolition April through October). If tree removal, trimming, or building demolition occurs within bat maternity season (i.e., generally April through October), a pre-construction bat roost assessment shall be conducted by a qualified biologist at least 14 days and no more than 30 days prior to tree removal or building demolition to determine if bats roosts are present that may be impacted by project activities.

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures	
	 If special-status bat species or maternity roosts are detected during these surveys, a qualified biologist shall identify any additional measures required to protect the roosts, such as including avoidance of the roosts until the end of the maternity roosting season. Regardless of the timing of tree removal or trimming activities, all felled trees or large limbs shall remain on the ground for at least 24-hours prior to chipping, off-site removal, or other processing to allow any roosting individual bats to vacate the premises of their own volition. A report of findings shall be prepared by the qualified biologist and submitted to the Director of Community Development or Director's designee for review and approval prior to initiation of construction during the maternity roosting season (April through October). The report shall either confirm absence of any active maternity roosts or specify any additional measures necessary to protect roosts until the end of the maternity roosting season. No report of findings is required if construction is initiated during the non-maternity roosting season (November through March) and continues uninterrupted according to the above criteria. 	
Impact BIO-C: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable contribution to a cumulatively significant biological resources impact. (Less than Significant Cumulative Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measures MM BIO-1.1 and MM BIO-1.2 above.	

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Mitigation Measures

Impact CUL-2: The project would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.5. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)

MM CUL-2.1: Undiscovered Archaeological Resources. If evidence of an archaeological site or other suspected cultural resource as defined by CEQA Guideline Section 15064.5, including darkened soil representing past human activity ("midden"), that could conceal material remains (e.g., worked stone, worked bone, fired clay vessels, faunal bone, hearths, storage pits, or burials) is discovered during construction related earth-moving activities, all grounddisturbing activity within 100 feet of the resources shall be halted and the City's Planning Manager shall be notified. The project sponsor shall hire a qualified archaeologist to conduct a field investigation. the City's Planning Manager shall consult with the archaeologist to assess the significance of the find. Impacts to any significant resources shall be mitigated to a less-than-significant level through data recovery or other methods determined adequate by a qualified archaeologist and that are consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Archaeological documentation. Any identified cultural resources shall be recorded on the appropriate DPR 523 (A-J) form and filed with the NWIC.

MM CUL-2.2: Report of Archaeological Resources. If archaeological resources are identified, a final report summarizing the discovery of cultural materials shall be submitted to the City's Planning Manager prior to issuance of certificate of occupancy. This report shall contain a description of the mitigation program that was implemented and its results, including a description of the monitoring and testing program, a list of the resources found and conclusion, and a description of the disposition/curation of the resources.

Impact CUL-3: The project would not disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of dedicated cemeteries. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)

MM CUL-3.1: Human Remains. If human remains are discovered during project construction, all ground-disturbing activity within 100 feet of the resources shall be halted and the City's Planning Manager and the San Mateo County coroner shall be notified immediately, according to Section 5097.98 of the State Public Resources Code and Section 7050.5 of California's Health and Safety Code. If the remains are determined by the County coroner to be Native American, the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) shall be notified within 24 hours, and the guidelines of the NAHC shall be adhered to in the treatment and disposition of the remains. The project sponsor shall also retain a

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	professional archaeologist with Native American burial experience to conduct a field investigation of the specific site and consult with the Most Likely Descendant, if any, identified by the NAHC. As necessary, the archaeologist may provide professional assistance to the Most Likely Descendant, including the excavation and removal of the human remains. The City of Daly City shall be responsible for approval of recommended mitigation as it deems appropriate, taking account of the provisions of State law, as set forth in CEQA Guidelines section 15064.5(e) and Public Resources Code section 5097.98. The project sponsor shall implement approved mitigation, to be verified by the City of Daly City, before the resumption of ground-disturbing activities within 100 feet of where the remains were discovered.
Impact GEO-6: The project would not directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geological feature. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	MM GEO-6.1: Unique Paleontological and/or Geologic Features and Reporting. Should a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geological feature be identified at the project site during any phase of construction, all ground disturbing activities within 25 feet shall cease and the City's Planning Director notified immediately. A qualified paleontologist shall evaluate the find and prescribe mitigation measures to reduce impacts to a less than significant level. Work may proceed on other parts of the project site while mitigation for paleontological resources or geologic features is implemented. Upon completion of the paleontological assessment, a report shall be submitted to the City and, if paleontological materials are recovered, a paleontological repository, such as the University of California Museum of Paleontology.
Impact GEO-C: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable contribution to a cumulatively significant geology and soils impact. (Less than Significant Cumulative Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measure MM GEO-6.1 above.
Impact HAZ-2: The project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment. (Less than	MM HAZ-2.1: Prior to the issuance of demolition, grading, or building permits for projects on Parcels C-E, the applicant shall remove the existing underground storage tanks (USTs) and aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) in accordance with the San Mateo County Department of Environmental Health's (SMCDEH) Underground Storage Tank Program and Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank Program. During removal of the ASTs and USTs, contractors shall observe for

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	staining and spilled contaminants. If stains and/or spills are observed, an Environmental Professional shall be retained to collect soil samples for laboratory analysis in accordance with commonly accepted environmental protocols. If contaminants are identified at concentrations exceeding applicable screening levels published by the RWQCB, DTSC and/or EPA, appropriate mitigation measures, such as, but not limited to, a Soil Management Plan and Health Safety Plan, shall be incorporated into the demolition permit. Approval by an appropriate regulatory agency (i.e., RWQCB, DTSC or SMCDEH) shall be obtained prior to conducting earthwork activities in the vicinity of the impacted soil. The applicant shall provide documentation of the safe removal of all existing USTs and ASTs consistent with SMCDEH requirements to Director of Economic and Community Development or Director's designee for review and approval.
Impact HAZ-3: The project would not emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measure MM HAZ-2.1 above.
Impact NOI-1: The project would not result in generation of a substantial temporary or permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the project in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	 MM NOI-1.1: The applicant shall develop a construction noise control plan for each construction phase, including, but not limited to, the following available controls: Construct temporary noise barriers, where feasible, to screen stationary noise-generating equipment. Temporary noise barrier fences would provide a 5 dBA noise reduction if the noise barrier interrupts the line-of-sight between the noise source and receptor and if the barrier is constructed in a manner that eliminates any cracks or gaps. Equip all internal combustion engine-driven equipment with intake and exhaust mufflers that are in good condition and appropriate for the equipment. Unnecessary idling of internal combustion engines should be strictly prohibited. Locate stationary noise-generating equipment, such as air compressors or portable power generators, as far as possible from sensitive receptors as feasible. If

they must be located near receptors, adequate muffling (with enclosures where feasible and appropriate) shall be used to reduce noise levels at the adjacent sensitive receptors. Any enclosure openings or venting shall face away from sensitive receptors. Utilize "quiet" air compressors and other stationary noise sources where technology exists. Construction staging areas shall be established at locations that will create the greatest distance between the construction-related noise sources and noise-sensitive receptors nearest the project site during all project construction. Locate material stockpiles, as well as maintenance/equipment staging and parking areas, as far as feasible from residential receptors. Route construction-related traffic along major roadways and as far as feasible from sensitive receptors. Locate material stockpiles, as well as maintenance/equipment staging and parking areas, as far as feasible from residential receptors. Control noise from construction workers' radios to a point where they are not audible at existing residences bordering the project site. The contractor shall prepare a detailed construction schedule for major noise-generating construction activities. The construction plan shall identify a procedure for coordination with adjacent residential land uses so that construction activities can be scheduled to minimize noise disturbance. Designate a "disturbance coordinator" who would be responsible for responding to any complaints about construction noise. The disturbance coordinator will determine the cause of the noise complaint (e.g., bad muffler, etc.) and will require that reasonable measures be implemented to correct the problem. Conspicuously post a telephone number for the disturbance coordinator at the construction site and include in it the notice sent to neighbors regarding the construction	Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures	
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Impact TRN-2: The project would not conflict or be inconsistent with CEQA Guidelines Section 15064.3, subdivision (b). (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)

Mitigation Measures

MM TRN-2.1: Prior to issuance of building permits, the project applicant shall develop a transportation demand management (TDM) plan for the proposed project (except for the Parcel A development project which has already been occupied) in accordance with C/CAG's Transportation Demand Management Policy Implementation Guide, including any anticipated phasing, and shall submit the TDM Plan to the City for review and approval. The TDM Plan shall identify trip reduction strategies as well as mechanisms for funding and overseeing the delivery of trip reduction programs and strategies. The TDM Plan shall be designed to achieve the trip reduction, as required to reduce the VMT per resident from 12.0 to 11.6. The TDM Plan shall describe which measures apply to the entire site and which, if any, apply on a parcel-by-parcel basis.

Trip reduction strategies applicable to the proposed project may include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Provide Secure and Accessible Bike Parking
- Provide Bicycle Maintenance Facilities
- Price and Unbundle Parking
- Provide Carpooling Programs
- Implement Car-Sharing Program
- Implement Loaner Bike Program
- Provide a Transit Riders Guide
- Provide a Dedicated Transportation Coordinator
- Provide an Online TDM Information Center
- Free Trial Rides on Transit Services
- Implement a Subsidized or Discounted Transit Program

The TDM plan shall indicate the estimated Vehicle Trip Reduction (VTR) for each strategy proposed based on published research or guidelines. For TDM measures containing ongoing operational VTR strategies, the TDM plan shall include an ongoing monitoring and enforcement program to ensure the Plan is implemented on an ongoing basis during project operation. For VTR strategies involving physical improvements, the project shall obtain the necessary permits/approvals from the City and install the

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures	
	improvements prior to building occupancy. Applicant will resubmit TDM Plan if there is a material adverse impact resulting from a change from the permitted uses (i.e., unit count, use type, phasing).	
	The TDM Plan shall require annual evaluation of the program by the property owner, to determine if the program goals in reducing automobile travel are satisfied and to assess the effectiveness of the various strategies implemented. The property owner shall be required to conduct biennial self-certification for the first six years of project occupancy per the C/CAG TDM Program. The property owner shall conduct annual travel surveys and driveway counts to monitor the amount of automobile travel generated by the project. The goal of the TDM Plan and programs shall be to reduce the project's daily VMT per resident from 12.0 to 11.6. Based on the results of the surveys, the TDM programs shall be increased if these requirements are not met. Annual travel surveys and driveway counts (TDM program monitoring) shall be conducted for the first two years following project occupancy. The results of the monitoring program and travel surveys shall be submitted to the City for review and approval. If the program VMT reduction goals are met in the first six years, annual monitoring and surveys shall be suspended. If the program's VMT reduction goals are not satisfied, site management shall prepare and submit for City approval a Corrective Action Plan. The Corrective Action Plan shall detail the additional TDM measures to be implemented on site and their expected travel/mode split reduction. Additional annual travel surveys and driveway counts shall be conducted for the two years following the implementation of the Corrective Action Plan to determine if	
	the program's VMT reduction goals are satisfied.	
Impact TRN-3: The project would not substantially increase hazards due to a geometric design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment). (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	MM TRN-3.1: A Construction Traffic Management Plan shall be developed and implemented to minimize impacts to the transportation system. The Construction Traffic Management Plan shall detail the Project's construction schedule, vehicle type time-of-day plans, route planning, advanced public notices of partial or full street closures or traffic diversion, and other strategies to reduce potential	

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	conflicts during construction. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
	 Identification of the traffic controls and methods proposed during each phase of Project construction. Provision of safe and adequate access for vehicles, transit, bicycles, and pedestrians. Traffic controls and methods employed during construction shall be in accordance with Daly City standards and the requirements of the California Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (CA MUTCD 2014, Revision 6).
	 Provision of notice to relevant emergency services, thereby avoiding interference with adopted emergency plans, emergency vehicle access, or emergency evacuation plans.
	 A prohibition on all construction truck activity during the weekday morning and evening peak commute periods (7:00 a.m. to 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m. to 6:00 p.m.).
	 Preservation of emergency vehicle access.
	 Identification of approved truck routes in communication with Daly City staff.
	 Location of staging areas and the location of construction worker parking.
	 Identification of the means and locations of the separation (i.e. fencing) of construction areas and adjacent active uses.
	 The provision of flaggers at all on-site locations where construction trucks and construction worker vehicles conflict with vehicle, bicycle, transit, or pedestrian traffic.
	 Provision of a point of contact for residents to obtain construction information, have questions answered and convey complaints.
	MM TRN-3.2: As part of the Parcel B Development project's final design, details of the Serramonte Boulevard parking garage driveway design would include the following as determined necessary by the City Traffic Engineer:

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	 Measures to prohibit vehicular left-turns – either through the installation of a hard concrete median, vertical delineators, or alternative means.
	 Adequate sight distance – obstructions to sight distance for all users should not be placed adjacent to the driveway and adequate throat distance to the garage entry should be provided accordingly.
	 Pedestrian and bicycle warning measures — adequate warning measures for pedestrians and bicycles should be provided on Serramonte Boulevard, including the installation of tactile domes on the sidewalk and green hatched bike lane striping on the roadway.
	 The Parcel B driveway along Serramonte Blvd. shall provide satisfactory separation distance from the intersection of Serramonte Blvd. and Highway 1 on- and off-ramps to address merging and any turning movements.
	 A separate traffic study shall be conducted to determine if a new traffic signal at the Parcel B driveway is warranted. The results of the study will affect the City's determination on whether a driveway entry and exit shall be permitted along Serramonte Blvd.
	MM TRN-3.3: As part of the project's final design, each residential facility's garage entrance accessed via the public right of way shall be designed to provide adequate storage for expected vehicle queues. The amount of storage shall be calculated based on the individual garage size and forecast rates of arrival and departure. A minimum stacking distance of 25 feet shall be provided between the back of curb and gate installation at the entrance to each residential garage entrance. The purpose of this space is to minimize the instance of vehicles queued across sidewalks and bicycle facilities. These queue calculations shall be performed for each garage and submitted to the City Engineer with planning/building permit for review and approval.
Impact TRN-4: The project would not result in inadequate emergency access. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	MM TRN-4.1: In accordance with City and North County Fire Authority requirements and design standards, all future development within the project site shall provide even surface pavement, appropriate signage, delineation, and other features at all emergency access points and internal

Significant Impact	Mitigation Measures
	roadways to accommodate emergency vehicles. As part of the final design and permitting process, each proposed development shall seek and obtain approval from the North County Fire Authority.
Impact TRN-C: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable contribution to a cumulatively significant transportation impact. (Less than Significant Cumulative Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measure MM TRN-2.1 above.
Impact TCR-1: The project would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource that is listed or eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources, or in a local register of historical resources as defined in Public Resources Code Section 5020.1(k). (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measures MM CUL-2.1, MM CUL-2.2, and MM CUL-3.1 above.
Impact TCR-2: The project would not cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource that is determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Public Resources Code Section 5024.1. (Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measures MM CUL-2.1, MM CUL-2.2, and MM CUL-3.1 above.
Impact TCR-C: The project would not result in a cumulatively considerable contribution to a cumulatively significant tribal cultural resources impact. (Less than Significant Cumulative Impact with Mitigation Incorporated)	See mitigation measures MM CUL-2.1, MM CUL-2.2, and MM CUL-3.1 above.