

HYDROLOGY/HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

For

TABERNA VISTA WAY GRADING (PDS2016-LDGRMJ-30079)

County of San Diego

Applicant/Developer: Thomas C. Dyke PO Box 352 Alpine, CA 91903 (619) 403-8260

Prepared By:

Snipes-Dye Associates

civil engineers and land surveyors

8348 Center Drive, Suite G La Mesa, CA 91942-2910 (619) 697-9234, Fax (619) 460-2033 AL1722

Dated: May 19, 2016 Revised: September 6, 2016 Revised: May 20, 2021 Revised: September 16, 2021

DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE

I, HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM THE CIVIL ENGINEER OF WORK FOR THIS PROJECT, THAT I HAVE EXERCISED RESPONSIBLE CHARGE OVER THE DESIGN OF THE PROJECT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6703 OF THE BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE, AND THAT THE DESIGN IS CONSISTENT WITH CURRENT STANDARDS.

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CHECK OF PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS BY THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO IS CONFINED TO A REVIEW ONLY AND DOES NOT RELIEVE ME, AS ENGINEER OF WORK, OF MY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROJECT DESIGN.

SON P. NGUYEI

SON P. NGUYEN R.C.E. 86249 EXP. 03-31-23



<u>9-16-2021</u> Date

Project Information

HYDROLOGY/HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS FOR TABERNA VISTA WAY GRADING

EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS: The project site is located 1115 Tavern Road, Alpine, California, at the end of Taberna Vista Way. The site was illegally graded. There is no existing structure on subject site. The hydrologic soil group of the project site is Group D.

PROPOSED SITE CONDITIONS: The project proposes to re-grade the site to create a flat pad (non-developable) and to construct erosion control facilities to control and correct the flows of the current conditions due to illegal grading operations. No impervious surfaces are proposed for this project.

EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS: Based on the County 200-scale Topo Map 246-1833, the existing site runoff divides into three sub-drainage basins, the easterly, center and the westerly sub-basins. The easterly sub-basin consists of approximate 2.53 acres of drainage area along Taberna Vista Way and discharges downstream at the Outfall No. 1, as shown on the enclosed drainage map. The center sub-basin consists of approximate 3.44 acres of onsite & offsite drainage area. Its discharge to the downstream is at the Outfall No. 2. The westerly sub-basin consists of 0.32 acre of drainage basin discharging southwesterly along the westerly boundary.

PROPOSED DRAINAGE CONDITIONS: The proposed grading was designed to maintain the similar drainage patterns of the existing site conditions. The outfalls to the downstream from the project site will be at the same locations. Due to the grading of the site, flow lengths have been extended hence increasing the time of concentration. As a result the discharges to the downstream in the proposed conditions will be equal or less than discharges in the existing conditions at all three outfalls. See the drainage summary table below.

	Q	00	Q 100			
	Existing Site	Conditions	Proposed Site Conditions			
	Basin Area (acres)	Q ₁₀₀ Flow (cfs)	Basin Area (acres)	Q ₁₀₀ Flow (cfs)		
Outfall No. 1	2.53 acres	5.24 cfs	2.75 acre	5.70 cfs		
Outfall No. 2	3.44 acres	7.13 cfs	3.22 acres	6.67 cfs		
Outfall No. 3	0.32 acre	0.71 cfs	0.32 acre	0.71 cfs		
Total	6.29 acres	13.08 cfs	6.29 acres	13.08 cfs		

Taberna Vista Way GP



Directions for Application:

- (1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included in the Design and Procedure Manual).
- (2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicaple to Desert).
- (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.
- (4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.
- (5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

Application Form:

(a) Selected frequency 100 year





P6 1.5 2 3 5.5 Duration 2.63 3.95 5.27 6.59 7.90 9.22 10.54 11.86 14.49 15.8 2.12 3.18 4.24 5.30 6.36 7.42 8.48 9.54 11.66 12.72 10.60 10 1.68 2.53 3.37 4.21 5.05 5.90 6.74 7.58 8.42 9.27 10.11 1.30 1.95 2.59 3.24 3.89 4.54 5.19 5.84 7.78 6.49 7.13 20 1.08 1.62 2.15 2.69 3.23 3.77 4.31 4.85 5.39 5.93 6.46 25 0.93 1.40 1.87 2.33 2.80 3.27 3.73 4.20 5.13 5.60 4 67 30 0.83 1.24 1.66 2.07 2.49 2.90 3.32 3.73 4.15 4.56 4.98 0.69 1.03 1.38 2.07 2.41 2.76 3.10 3.79 4.13 40 1.72 3.45 0.60 1.79 2.09 2.39 2.69 3.58 50 0.90 1.19 1 4 9 2.98 3 28 60 0.53 0.80 1.06 1.33 1.59 1.86 2.12 2.39 2.65 2.92 3.18 1.23 1.43 1.63 1.84 90 0.41 0.61 0.82 1.02 2.04 2.25 2.45 1.02 1.19 1.36 1.53 2.04 120 0.34 0.51 0.68 0.85 1.70 1.87 150 0.29 0.44 0.59 0.88 1.03 1.18 1.32 1.62 1.76 180 0.78 0.91 1.04 1.18 0.26 0.39 0.52 0.65 1.31 1.44 1.57 240 0.22 0.33 0.43 0.54 0.65 0.76 0.87 0.98 1.08 1.19 1.30 300 0.19 0.28 0.38 0.47 0.56 0.66 0.75 0.85 0.94 1.03 1.13 **360** 0.17 0.25 0.33 0.42 0.50 0.58 0.67 0.75 0.84 0.92 1.00

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template



County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

<u>100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours</u>



Isopluvial (inches)

Taberna Vista Way GP





THIS MAP IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Copyright SanGIS, All Rights Reserved,

This products may contain information from the SANDAG Region Information System which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG.

This product may contain information which has been reproduced with permission granted by Thomas Brothers Maps.





County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



Rainfall Isopluvials

<u>100 Year Rainfall Event - 24 Hours</u>

7.0

Isopluvial (inches)

Taberna Vista Way GP





THIS MAP IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABLITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Copyright SanGIS. All Rights Reserved.

Information System which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG.

This product may contain information which has been reproduced with permission granted by Thomas Brothers Maps.



TABERNA VISTA WAY GP

San Diego County Hydrology Manual Date: June 2003

Section: Page:

3 6 of 26

Land Use			Runoff Coefficient "C"					
		Soil Type						
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER	A	В	С	Ð		
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35		
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	1.	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41		
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/Λ or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46		
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49		
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/Λ or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52		
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57		
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60		
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63		
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/ Λ or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	071		
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79		
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0 79		
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82		
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85		
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85		
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87		

Table 3-1 **RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS**

*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

DU/A = dwelling units per acre NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service



USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey



Hydrologic Soil Group

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — San Diego County Area, California (CA638)						
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
CmE2	Cieneba rocky coarse sandy loam, 9 to 30 percent slopes , eroded	D	3.9	100.0%		
Totals for Area of Intere	est		3.9	100.0%		

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher

San Dicgo County Hydrology Manual	Section:	3
Date: June 2003	Page:	12 of 26

Table 3-2

	C					ru	UNC		NAT	UN	117		
Element*	DU/		5%	1	%	2	2%	3	%	5	%	10)%
	Acre	LM	Ti	L _M	T _i	LM	Ti	L _M	Ti	LM	T _i	L _M	Ti
Natural		50	13.2	70	12.5	85	10.9	100	10.3	100	8.7	100	6.9
LDR	1	50	12.2	70	11.5	85	10.0	100	9.5	100	8.0	100	6.4
LDR	2	50	11.3	70	10.5	85	9.2	100	8.8	100	7.4	100	5.8
LDR	2.9	50	10.7	70	10.0	85	8.8	95	8.1	100	7.0	100	5.6
MDR	4.3	50	10.2	70	9.6	80	8.1	95	7.8	100	6.7	100	5.3
MDR	7.3	50	9.2	65	8.4	80	7.4	95	7.0	100	6.0	100	4.8
MDR	10.9	50	8.7	65	7.9	80	6.9	90	6.4	100	5.7	100	4.5
MDR	14.5	50	8.2	65	7.4	80	6.5	90	6.0	100	5.4	100	4.3
HDR	24	50	6.7	65	6.1	75	5.1	90	4.9	95	4.3	100	3.5
HDR	43	50	5.3	65	4.7	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
N. Com		50	5.3	60	4.5	75	4.0	85	3.8	95	3.4	100	2.7
G. Com		50	4.7	60	4.1	75	3.6	85	3.4	90	2.9	100	2.4
O.P./Com		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
Limited I.		50	4.2	60	3.7	70	3.1	80	2.9	90	2.6	100	2.2
General I.		50	3.7	60	3.2	70	2.7	80	2.6	90	2.3	100	1.9

MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW LENGTH (L_M) & INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i)

*See Table 3-1 for more detailed description

3-12

Drainage Maps







POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE MAP

Time of Concentration Calculations

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) - PRE-DEV. OUTFALL 1

DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i) See Table 3-2 of the San Diego County Hydrology Manual Node ID Elev.= 11 1,819 Feet Node ID 12 Elev.= 1,806.5 Feet Initial Length Lin = 100 Feet Calculated Slope= 12.5% Land Use Element = Natural Utilize Slope = 10% **Initial Time of Concentration** $T_i =$ 6.9 Minutes DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T₁) ΔE = change in elevation along effective slope line (Feet) L = Watercourse Distance (Miles) T_t = Travel Time of Concentration (Hours) **Travel Time of Concentration** $T_t = (11.9L^3/\Delta E)^{0.385}$ L = 457 Feet = 0.087 Miles Node ID Elev.= 12 1,806.5 Feet Node ID 13 Elev.= 1,735 Feet **Elevation Difference** ΔE = 72 $T_{t} = 0.030$ Hours = 1.8 Minutes $T_c = T_i + T_t$ Tc = 8.7 Minutes

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) - PRE-DEV. OUTFALL 2

DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i) See Table 3-2 of the San Diego County Hydrology Manual Node ID Elev.= 1,819 11 Feet Node ID 1,795 22 Elev.= Feet Initial Length Lin = 100 Feet Calculated Slope= 24.0% Land Use Element = Natural Utilize Slope = 10% **Initial Time of Concentration** $T_i =$ 6.9 Minutes DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T₁) ΔE = change in elevation along effective slope line (Feet) L = Watercourse Distance (Miles) T_t = Travel Time of Concentration (Hours) **Travel Time of Concentration** $T_t = (11.9L^3/\Delta E)^{0.385}$ L = 553 Feet = 0.105 Miles Node ID 1,795 22 Elev.= Feet Node ID 23 Elev.= 1,724.5 Feet Elevation Difference ΔE = 71 $T_{t} = 0.037$ Hours = 2.2 Minutes $T_c = T_i + T_t$ Tc = 9.1 Minutes

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) - PRE-DEV. OUTFALL 3

DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i) See Table 3-2 of the San Diego County Hydrology Manual Node ID 1,790.3 Feet 31 Elev.= Node ID 32 Elev.= 1,772 Feet Initial Length Lin = 100 Feet Calculated Slope= 18.3% Land Use Element = Natural Utilize Slope = 10% **Initial Time of Concentration** $T_i =$ 6.9 Minutes DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T₁) ΔE = change in elevation along effective slope line (Feet) L = Watercourse Distance (Miles) T_t = Travel Time of Concentration (Hours) **Travel Time of Concentration** $T_t = (11.9L^3/\Delta E)^{0.385}$ L = 155 Feet = 0.029 Miles Node ID 32 Elev.= 1,772 Feet Node ID 33 Elev.= 1,747 Feet **Elevation Difference** ΔE = 25 $T_{t} = 0.013$ Hours = 0.8 Minutes $T_c = T_i + T_t$ Tc = 7.7 Minutes

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) - POST-DEV. OUTFALL 1

DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T _i)						
Node ID 11 Node ID 12 Initial Length Calculate	See Table 3-2 c Elev.= 1,819 Elev.= 1,806 Lin = 100 d Slope= 12.59 Land Use Elem Utilize Slope = 7	of the San Diego 9 Feet 5 Feet Feet % ent = Natural 10%	County Hydrology Manual			
Initial Time of Concentration	T _i = 6.9	Minutes				
DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIM	E OF CONCENT	RATION (T _t)				
$\Delta E = \text{change in elevation along effective slope line (Feet)}$ $L = \text{Watercourse Distance (Miles)}$ $T_t = \text{Travel Time of Concentration (Hours)}$ Travel Time of Concentration $T_t = (11.9L^3/\Delta E)^{0.385}$						
Node ID 12 Node ID 13 Elevation Difference	L = 463 Elev.= 1,806 Elev.= 1,73 $\Delta E = 72$	Feet = .5 Feet 5 Feet	0.088 Miles			
	$T_t = 0.03$	0 Hours =	1.8 Minutes			
$T_{c} = T_{i} + T_{t}$ Tc = 8.7 Minutes						

TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_c) - POST-DEV. OUTFALL 2 DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T_i) See Table 3-2 of the San Diego County Hydrology Manual Node ID 21 Elev.= 1,819 Feet Node ID 1,795 22 Elev.= Feet Initial Length Lin = 100 Feet Calculated Slope= 24.0% ed Land Use Element = Natural Utilize Slope = 10% **Initial Time of Concentration** $T_i =$ 6.9 Minutes DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIME OF CONCENTRATION (T₁) ΔE = change in elevation along effective slope line (Feet) L = Watercourse Distance (Miles) T_t = Travel Time of Concentration (Hours) **Travel Time of Concentration** $T_t = (11.9L^3/\Delta E)^{0.385}$ L = 535 Feet = 0.101 Miles Node ID Elev.= 22 1,795 Feet Node ID 23 Elev.= 1,724.5 Feet Elevation Difference ΔE = 70.5 $T_{t} = 0.036$ Hours = 2.1 Minutes $T_c = T_i + T_t$ Tc = 9.0 Minutes

TIME OF (CONCE	NTRA	TION (T _c) -	POST-DEV. OUTFALL 3
DETERMINE THE INITIAL TIME	OF CONCI	ENTRAT	ION (T _i)	
Node ID 31 Node ID 32 Initial Length Calculated	See Table Elev.= Lin = Slope= Land Use Utilize Slop	3-2 of th 1,790.3 1,772 100 18.3% Element pe = 10%	e San Diego Cou Feet Feet Feet = Natural	nty Hydrology Manual
Initial Time of Concentration	T _i =	6.9	Minutes	
DETERMINE THE TRAVEL TIME		ENTRA	TION (T _t)	
	$\Delta E = chanL = WateroTt = Travel$	ge in elev course Di Time of	vation along effect stance (Miles) Concentration (H	tive slope line (Feet) ours)
Travel Time of Concentration	$T_t = (11.9L)$.³/∆E) ^{0.385})	
Node ID 32 Node ID 33 Elevation Difference	L = Elev.= Elev.= ∆E =	155 1,772 1,747 25	Feet = Feet Feet	0.029 Miles
	T _t =	0.013	Hours =	0.8 Minutes
Tc =	T _c = T _i + T	inutes]	

Pre-Development Calculations

Pre-deve	lopment	OUTFALL ²
----------	---------	----------------------

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 5.24 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 2.5 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 5.920 in/hr	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 9 min
IDF Curve	= Taberna Vista Way.idf	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 2,831 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time - (min	- Outflow cfs)
1	0.58
2	1.17
3	1.75
4	2.33
5	2.91
6	3.50
7	4.08
8	4.66
9	5.24 <<
10	4.66
11	4.08
12	3.50
13	2.91
14	2.33
15	1.75
16	1.17
17	0.58

Pre-development OUTFALL 2

nal Peal	k discharge = 7.13 cf	s
rs Time	e interval = 1 min	
Run	off coeff. = 0.35	
in/hr Time	e of conc. (Tc) = 9 min	
na Vista Way.idf Asc/	'Rec limb fact = 1/1	
	al Peal s Time Run in/hr Time na Vista Way.idf Asc/	alPeak discharge= 7.13 cfsTime interval= 1 minRunoff coeff.= 0.35in/hrTime of conc. (Tc)= 9 minna Vista Way.idfAsc/Rec limb fact= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 3,849 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time -- Outflow (min cfs) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0.79 1.58 2.38 3.17 3.96 4.75 5.54 8 6.34 <mark>7.13 <<</mark> 6.34 9 10 5.54 11 12 4.75 3.96 13 14 3.17 15 2.38 1.58 16 17 0.79

Pre-development OUTFALL 3

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.71 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 0.3 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 6.367 in/hr	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 8 min
IDF Curve	 Taberna Vista Way.idf 	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 342 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time - (min	- Outflow cfs)
1	0.09
2	0.18
3	0.27
4	0.36
5	0.45
6	0.53
7	0.62
8	0.71 <<
9	0.62
10	0.53
11	0.45
12	0.36
13	0.27
14	0.18
15	0.09

Post-Development Calculations

Post-development OUTFALL 1

nal Peak dis	scharge = 5.70 cfs
rs Time int	erval = 1 min
c Runoff c	coeff. = 0.35
in/hr Time of	conc. (Tc) = 9 min
na Vista Way.idf Asc/Red	1 limb fact = 1/1
	nal Peak dis rs Time int a Runoff of in/hr Time of na Vista Way.idf Asc/Reo

Hydrograph Volume = 3,077 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time -- Outflow (min cfs) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0.63 1.27 1.90 2.53 3.17 3.80 4.43 8 5.07 9 5.70 << 5.07 10 11 4.43 12 3.80 3.17 13 14 2.53 15 1.90 1.27 16 17 0.63

= 6.67 cfs = 1 min = 0.35 = 9 min

Peak discharge

Hyd. No. 2

Post-development	OUTFALL 2
Hydrograph type	= Rationa

Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1
Drainage area	= 3.2 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.3
Intensity	= 5.920 in/hr	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 9
IDF Curve	= Taberna Vista Way.idf	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 3,603 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time Outflow (min cfs)		
-	-	
1	0.74	
2	1.48	
3	2.22	
4	2.97	
5	3.71	
6	4.45	
7	5.19	
8	5.93	
9	<mark>6.67 <<</mark>	
10	5 .93	
11	5.19	
12	4.45	
13	3.71	
14	2.97	
15	2.22	
16	1.48	
17	0.74	

Post-development OUTFALL 3

Hydrograph type	= Rational	Peak discharge	= 0.71 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 1 min
Drainage area	= 0.3 ac	Runoff coeff.	= 0.35
Intensity	= 6.367 in/hr	Time of conc. (Tc)	= 8 min
IDF Curve	 Taberna Vista Way.idf 	Asc/Rec limb fact	= 1/1

Hydrograph Volume = 342 cuft

Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time -- Outflow (min cfs) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 0.09 0.18 0.27 0.36 0.45 0.53 0.62 0.71 << 0.62 0.53 9 10 0.45 11 12 0.36 0.27 13 14 0.18 15 0.09