

Appendix 5.5-1 Cultural Resources Assessment

Appendices

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October 27, 2023

PlaceWorks, Inc.
750 B Street, Suite 1620
San Diego, CA 92101

RE: Cultural Resources Assessment for City of Wildomar General Plan Update, Riverside County, California

Greetings:

At the request of PlaceWorks, Inc., ECORP Consulting, Inc. conducted a cultural resources assessment to provide a summary of known cultural resources and provide potential mitigation measure recommendations as part of the City of Wildomar General Plan Update. The planning area consists of approximately 15,165 acres (hereinafter, referred to as the *Study Area*). ECORP conducted a records search to determine the number, type, and significance of recorded cultural resources and potential cultural resources that future development within the planning area could potentially impact.

REGULATORY SETTING

National Historic Preservation Act

The federal law that covers cultural resources that could be affected by federal undertakings is the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) of 1966, as amended. Section 106 of the NHPA requires that federal agencies take into account the effects of a federal undertaking on properties listed in or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). The agencies must afford the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation (ACHP) a reasonable opportunity to comment on the undertaking. A federal undertaking is defined in 36 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 800.16(y) as:

A federal undertaking means a project, activity, or program funded in whole or in part under the direct or indirect jurisdiction of a federal agency, including those carried out by or on behalf of a federal agency; those carried out with Federal financial assistance; and those requiring a Federal permit, license, or approval.

The regulations that stipulate the procedures for complying with Section 106 are in 36 CFR 800. The Section 106 regulations require:

- definition of an Area of Potential Effect (APE);
- identification of cultural resources within the APE;
- evaluation of the identified resources in the APE using NRHP eligibility criteria;
- determination of whether the effects of the undertaking or project on eligible resources will be adverse; and
- agreement on and implementation of efforts to resolve adverse effects, if necessary.

The federal agency must seek comment from the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and, in some cases, the ACHP, for its determinations of eligibility, effects, and proposed mitigation measures. Section 106 procedures for a specific project can be modified by negotiation of a Memorandum of Agreement or Programmatic Agreement between the federal agency, the SHPO, and, in some cases, the project proponent.

Effects to a cultural resource are potentially adverse if the lead federal agency, with the SHPO's concurrence, determines the resource eligible for the NRHP, making it a Historic Property, and if application of the Criteria of Adverse Effects (36 CFR 800.5[a][2] et seq.) results in the conclusion that the effects will be adverse. The NRHP eligibility criteria, contained in 36 CFR 63, are as follows:

The quality of significance in American history, architecture, archaeology, and culture is present in districts, sites, buildings, structures, and objects of state and local importance that possess aspects of integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, association, and

- a) that are associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history; or
- b) that are associated with the lives of persons significant in our past; or
- c) that embody the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction, or that represent the work of a master, or that possess high artistic values, or that represent a significant and distinguishable entity whose components may lack individual distinction; or
- d) that have yielded, or may be likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

In addition, the resource must be at least 50 years old, barring exceptional circumstances (36 CFR 60.4). Resources that are eligible for, or listed on, the NRHP are *historic properties*.

Regulations implementing Section 106 of the NHPA (36 CFR 800.5) require that the federal agency, in consultation with the SHPO, apply the Criteria of Adverse Effect to historic properties within the APE. According to 36 CFR 800.5(a)(1):

An adverse effect is found when an undertaking may alter, directly or indirectly, any of the characteristics of a historic property that qualify the property for inclusion in the National Register in a manner that would diminish the integrity of the property's location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling or association.

California Environmental Quality Act

The California Environmental Quality Act is the state law that applies to a project's impacts on cultural resources. A project is an activity that may cause a direct or indirect physical change in the environment and that is undertaken or funded by a state or local agency, or requires a permit, license, or lease from a

state or local agency. CEQA requires that impacts to Historical Resources be identified and, if the impacts will be significant, then apply mitigation measures to reduce the impacts.

A Historical Resource is a resource that 1) is listed in or has been determined eligible for listing in the California Register of Historical Resources (CRHR) by the State Historical Resources Commission, or has been determined historically significant by the CEQA lead agency because it meets the eligibility criteria for the CRHR; 2) is included in a local register of historical resources, as defined in Public Resources Code (PRC) 5020.1(k); or 3), and has been identified as significant in a historical resources survey, as defined in PRC 5024.1(g) (California Code of Regulations [CCR] Title 14, Section 15064.5(a)).

The eligibility criteria for the CRHR are as follows (CCR Title 14, Section 4852(b)):

1. It is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of local or regional history, or the cultural heritage of California or the U.S.;
2. It is associated with the lives of persons important to local, California, or national history;
3. It embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, region, or method of construction, or represents the work of a master or possesses high artistic values; or
4. It has yielded, or has the potential to yield, information important to the prehistory or history of the local area, California, or the nation.

In addition, the resource must retain integrity, which is evaluated with regard to the retention of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association (CCR Title 14, Section 4852(c)). Resources that have been determined eligible for the NRHP are automatically eligible for the CRHR.

Impacts to a Historical Resource, as defined by CEQA (listed in an official historic inventory or survey or eligible for the CRHR), are significant if the resource is demolished or destroyed or if the characteristics that made the resource eligible are materially impaired (CCR Title 14, Section 15064.5(b)). Demolition or alteration of eligible buildings, structures, and features that they would no longer be eligible would result in a significant impact. Whole or partial destruction of eligible archaeological sites would result in a significant impact. In addition to impacts from construction resulting in destruction or physical alteration of an eligible resource, impacts to the integrity of setting (sometimes termed *visual impacts*) of physical features in the project area could also result in significant impacts.

Riverside County Landmarks

The City of Wildomar is within the County of Riverside. To be eligible for consideration as a Riverside County Historic Landmark, a historic resource must be nominated through the following application and approval process:

- A. Historical resources that may be considered by nomination include:
 - Historical resources found as eligible for local, state, or national landmark status during CEQA cultural review.
 - Historical resources found as eligible for local, state, or national landmark status during a historic resource survey.

- A historic resource or district already so designated under a municipal or county preservation or landmark ordinance. (Riverside County Historic Preservation Districts are established by a different set of criteria under Riverside County Ordinance 578 and are not established under the criteria and procedures contained in this document.)
- Nominations for historic resources not already having some level of landmark designation, or found to be eligible for such, will be reviewed under criteria established below in Section VI, Types of Historical Resources and Criteria for Listing.

The typology and criteria listed below are consistent with those developed by the California Office of Historic Preservation but have been modified for local application at the county level.

Types of resources eligible for nomination:

- **Building:** A resource, such as a house, barn, church, factory, hotel, or similar structure created principally to shelter or assist in carrying out any form of human activity.
- **Site:** A site is the location of a significant event, a prehistoric or historic occupation or activity, or a building or structure, whether standing, ruined, or vanished, where the location itself possessed historical, cultural, or archaeological value. A site need not be marked by physical remains if it is the location of a prehistoric or historic event. Nor is it required that a building, structure, or object marked the site at the time of its historic significance, occupation, or activity. Examples: trails, landscapes features, battlefields, habitation sites, Native American ceremonial areas, and rock art.
- **Structure:** The term “structure” is used to describe a construction made for a functional purpose rather than creating human shelter. Examples: mines, flumes, roads, bridges, and tunnels.
- **Object:** The term “object” is used to describe those constructions that are primarily artistic or commemorative in nature, relatively small in scale, and associated with a specific setting or environment. Objects that are located in museums are not eligible for landmark listing. Examples: fountains, monuments, maritime resources, sculptures, and boundary markers.
- **Historic Districts:** A geographic area designated as containing multiple historic resources that collectively have a special character or value—historical, cultural, architectural, archaeological, community, or aesthetic. A district must meet at least one of the criteria discussed below.

To be considered a historic resource eligible for landmark listing, the resource must be at least 45 years of age at the time of nomination.

- A historical resource must be significant under one or more of the following criteria in order to qualify for listing as a Riverside County Historical Landmark.
 - Is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of Riverside County's history and cultural heritage.
 - Is associated with the lives of persons important to the history of Riverside County or its communities.
 - Embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, Riverside County region, or method of construction, or represents the work of an important creative individual or possesses high artistic values.
 - Has yielded or may be likely to yield, information important in Riverside County, state of California, or national prehistory or history.
- Integrity—historical resources that have been preserved, rehabilitated, or restored according to the U. S. Secretary of Interiors Standards for integrity will be given the highest consideration in the approval process.
- Reconstructed buildings will not be considered for landmark status unless they are more than 45 years old and embody traditional building methods and techniques or they exhibit high artistic values in the execution of the reconstruction.

Public Resource Code 21073 and 21074

Public Resource Codes 21073 and 21074 define California Native American tribe and tribal cultural resources, respectively. PRC 21073 defines a "California Native American tribe" as a Native American tribe located in California that is on the contact list maintained by the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC).

Tribal cultural resources (TCRs) are defined in Section 21074 of the California PRC as sites, features, places, cultural landscapes (geographically defined in terms of the size and scope), sacred places, and objects with cultural value to a California Native American tribe that are either included in or determined to be eligible for inclusion in the CRHR, or are included in a local register of historical resources as defined in subdivision (k) of Section 5020.1, or are a resource determined by the lead agency, in its discretion and supported by substantial evidence, to be significant pursuant to criteria set forth in subdivision (c) of Section 5024.1.

California State Assembly Bill 52

Assembly Bill 52, Section 1(b)(4) established that a project that may cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a TCR is a project that may have a significant effect on the environment. A lead agency

must begin consultation with California Native American tribes that are traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area of the proposed project if the tribe requests to be informed of projects prior to the determination of a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or Environmental Impact Report ,or if the tribe responds within 30 days of formal notification. Only California Native American tribes, as defined in Section 21073 of the California PRC, are experts in the identification of TCRs and impacts thereto. If the lead agency determines that a tribal cultural resource is present in a project area and mitigation measures are not otherwise specified by the tribe, the lead agency may use the following to avoid impacts to the TCR:

- Avoid damaging effects to any tribal cultural resource;
- Protect the cultural character and integrity of the resource;
- Protect the traditional use of the resource;
- Protect the confidentiality of the resource; and
- Development of permanent conservation easements or other cultural appropriate management plans.

California Senate Bill 18

California Senate Bill (SB) 18 requires any local agency to consult with California Native American tribes for the preservation of or mitigation of impacts to specified Native American places, prior to the adoption or amendment of a city or county general plan. It also specifies that consultation with California Native American tribes is required for the purposes of preserving specified places, features, and objects that are located within a cities or counties jurisdiction.

The goal of SB 18 is to recognize that pre-contact, archaeological, cultural, spiritual, and ceremonial places are essential elements of Native American culture and to establish meaningful government-to-government consultations early in the planning process to identify, consider, and preserve these places. The legislation enables California Native American tribes to manage and act as caretakers of California Native American prehistoric, archaeological, cultural, spiritual, and ceremonial places. Local governments are encouraged to consider the preservation and cultural aspects of these places.

Laws Pertaining to Human Remains

Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act

The Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990 is a federal law that mandates museums and federal agencies to return certain Native American cultural items—such as human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony—to lineal descendants or culturally affiliated Native American tribes.

California Health and Safety Code

Section 7050.5 of the California Health and Safety Code requires that all work in the vicinity of the find stop until the county coroner determines if the remains are Native American and not the result of a crime scene. If the remains are determined to be Native American, the coroner must notify the NAHC within 24 hours. The NAHC will designate a Most Likely Descendent. Section 5097.94 provides additional guidance if human remains are identified during the course of a project.

CONTEXT

Regional Pre-Contact History, Southern California Non-Desert Regions

Paleo-Indian Period/Terminal Pleistocene (12,000 to 10,000 BP)

The first inhabitants of Southern California were big game hunters and gatherers exploiting extinct species of Pleistocene megafauna (e.g., mammoth and other Rancholabrean fauna). Local "fluted point" assemblages composed of large spear points or knives are stylistically and technologically similar to the Clovis Paleo-Indian cultural tradition dated to this period elsewhere in North America (Moratto 1984). Archaeological evidence for this period in southern California is limited to a few small temporary camps with fluted points found around late Pleistocene Lake margins in the Mojave Desert and around Tulare Lake in the southern San Joaquin Valley. Single points are reported from Ocotillo Wells and Cuyamaca Pass in eastern San Diego County and from the Yuha Desert in Imperial County (Rondeau et al. 2007).

Early Archaic Period/Early Holocene (10,000 to 8,500 BP)

Approximately 10,000 years ago, at the beginning of the Holocene, warming temperatures, and the extinction of the megafauna resulted in changing subsistence strategies with an emphasis hunting smaller game and increasing reliance on plant gathering. Previously, Early Holocene sites were represented by only a few sites and isolates from the Lake Mojave and San Dieguito complexes found along former lakebeds and grasslands of the Mojave Desert and in inland San Diego County. More recently, southern California Early Holocene sites have been found along the Santa Barbara Channel (Erlandson 1994), in western Riverside County (Goldberg 2001; Grenda 1997), and along the San Diego County coast (Gallegos 1991; Koerper et al. 1991; Warren 1967).

The San Dieguito Complex was defined based on material found at the Harris site (CA-SDI-149) on the San Dieguito River near Lake Hodges in San Diego County. San Dieguito artifacts include large leaf-shaped points; leaf-shaped knives; large ovoid, domed, and rectangular end and side scrapers; engraving tools; and crescentics (Koerper et al. 1991). The San Dieguito Complex at the Harris site dates to 9,000 to 7,500 BP (Gallegos 1991). However, sites from this time period in coastal San Diego County have yielded artifacts and subsistence remains characteristic of the succeeding Encinitas Tradition, including manos, metates, core-cobble tools, and marine shell (Gallegos 1991; Koerper et al. 1991).

Encinitas Tradition or Milling Stone Period/Middle Holocene (8,500 to 1,250 BP)

The Encinitas Tradition (Warren 1968) and the Milling Stone Period (Wallace 1955) refer to a long period of time during which small mobile bands of people who spoke an early Hokan language foraged for a wide variety of resources including hard seeds, berries, and roots/tubers (yucca in inland areas), rabbits and other small animals, and shellfish and fish in coastal areas. Sites from the Encinitas Tradition consist of residential bases and resource acquisition locations with no evidence for overnight stays. Residential bases have hearths and fire-affected rock indicating overnight stays and food preparation. Residential bases along the coast have large amounts of shell and are often termed shell middens.

The Encinitas Tradition as originally defined (Warren 1968) applied to all of the non-desert areas of southern California. Recently, four patterns within the Encinitas Tradition have been proposed which apply to different regions of southern California (Sutton and Gardner 2010). The Topanga Pattern includes archaeological material from the Los Angeles Basin and Orange County. The Greven Knoll Pattern pertains to southwestern San Bernardino County and western Riverside County (Sutton and Gardner 2010). Each of the patterns is divided into temporal phases. The Topanga Pattern included the Los Angeles Basin and Orange County. The Topanga I phase extends from 8,500 to 5,000 BP and Topanga II runs from 5,000 to 3,500 BP. The Topanga Pattern ended about 3,500 BP with the arrival of Takic speakers, except in the Santa Monica Mountains where the Topanga III phase lasted until about 2,000 BP.

The Encinitas Tradition in inland areas east of the Topanga Pattern (southwestern San Bernardino County and western Riverside County) is the Greven Knoll Pattern (Sutton and Gardner 2010). Greven Knoll I (9,400 to 4,000 BP) has abundant manos and metates. Projectile points are few and are mostly Pinto points. Greven Knoll II (4,000 to 3,000 BP) has abundant manos and metates and core tools. Projectile points are mostly Elko points. The Elsinore site on the east shore of Lake Elsinore was occupied during Greven Knoll I and Greven Knoll II. During Greven Knoll I faunal processing (butchering) took place at the lakeshore and floral processing (seed grinding), cooking, and eating took place farther from the shore. The primary foods were rabbit meat and seeds from grasses, sage, and ragweed. A few deer, waterfowl, and reptiles were consumed. The recovered archaeological material suggests that a highly mobile population visited the site at a specific time each year. It is possible that their seasonal round included the ocean coast at other times of the year. These people had an unspecialized technology as exemplified by the numerous crescents, a multi-purpose tool. The few projectile points suggest that most of the small game was trapped using nets and snares (Grenda 1997). During Greven Knoll II, which included a warmer drier climatic episode known as the Altithermal, it is thought that populations in interior southern California concentrated at oases and that Lake Elsinore was one of them. The Elsinore site (CA-RIV-2798) is one of five known Middle Holocene residential sites around Lake Elsinore. Tools were mostly manos, metates, and hammerstones. Scraper planes were absent. Flaked-stone tools consisted mostly of utilized flakes used as scrapers. The Elsinore site during the Middle Holocene was a "recurrent extended encampment" which could have been occupied during much of the year.

The Encinitas Tradition lasted longer in inland areas because Takic speakers did not move east into these areas until circa 1,000 BP. Greven Knoll III (3,000 to 1,000 BP) is present at the Liberty Grove site in Cucamonga (Salls 1983) and at sites in Cajon Pass that were defined as part of the Sayles Complex (Kowta 1969). Greven Knoll III sites have a large proportion of manos and metates and core tools as well as

scraper planes. Kowta (1969) suggested the scraper planes may have been used to process yucca and agave. The faunal assemblage consists of large quantities of lagomorphs (rabbits and hares) and lesser quantities of deer, rodents, birds, carnivores, and reptiles.

Palomar Tradition (1,250 to 150 BP)

The native people of southern California (north of a line from Agua Hedionda to Lake Henshaw in San Diego County) spoke Takic languages which form a branch or subfamily of the Uto-Aztecan language family. The Takic languages are divided into the Gabrielino-Fernandeño language, the Serrano-Kitanemuk group (the Serrano [includes the Vanyume dialect] and Kitanemuk languages), the Tataviam language, and the Cupan group (the Luiseño-Juaneño language, the Cahuilla Language, and the Cupeño language) (Golla 2011). According to Sutton (2009), Takic speakers occupied the southern San Joaquin Valley before 3,500 BP. Perhaps because of the arrival of Yokutsan speakers (a language in the Penutian language family) from the north, Takic speakers moved southeast. The ancestors of the Kitanemuk moved into the Tehachapi Mountains and the ancestors of the Tataviam moved into the upper Santa Clara River drainage. The ancestors of the Gabrielino (Tongva) moved into the Los Angeles Basin about 3,500 BP, replacing the native Hokan speakers. Speakers of proto-Gabrielino reached the southern Channel Islands by 3,200 BP (Sutton 2009) and moved as far south as Aliso Creek in Orange County by 3,000 BP.

Takic people moved south into southern Orange County after 1,250 BP and became the ancestors of the Juaneño. Takic people moved inland from southern Orange County about 1,000 BP, becoming the ancestors of the Luiseño, Cupeño, and Cahuilla. Takic people from the Kitanemuk area moved east along the northern slopes of the San Gabriel Mountains and spread into the San Bernardino Mountains and along the Mojave River becoming the ancestors of the Serrano and the Vanyume.

The material culture of the inland areas where Takic languages were spoken at the time of Spanish contact is part of the Palomar Tradition (Sutton 2011). San Luis Rey I Phase (1,000 to 500 BP) and San Luis Rey II Phase (500 to 150 BP) pertain to the area occupied by the Luiseño at the time of Spanish contact. The Peninsular I (1,000 to 750 BP), II (750 to 300 BP), and III (300 to 150 BP) Phases are used in the areas occupied by the Cahuilla and Serrano (Sutton 2011).

San Luis Rey I is characterized by Cottonwood Triangular arrow points, use of bedrock mortars, stone pendants, shell beads, quartz crystals, and bone tools. San Luis Rey II sees the addition of ceramics, including ceramic cremation urns, red pictographs on boulders in village sites, and steatite arrow straighteners. San Luis Rey II represents the archaeological manifestation of the antecedents of the historically known Luiseño (Goldberg 2001). During San Luis Rey I there were a series of small permanent residential bases at water sources, each occupied by a kin group (probably a lineage). During San Luis Rey II people from several related residential bases moved into a large village located at the most reliable water source (Waugh 1986). Each village had a territory that included acorn harvesting camps at higher elevations. Villages have numerous bedrock mortars, large dense midden areas with a full range of flaked and ground stone tools, rock art, and a cemetery.

Ethnographic Context

The City of Wildomar falls within the territory of both the Luiseño and Juaneño. The Luiseño occupied most of the area drained by the San Luis Rey and Santa Margarita Rivers (Bean and Shipek 1978; Hodge 1907). The Luiseño lived in sedentary and autonomous village groups. Permanent villages were typically located in valley bottoms, along streams, or along coastal strands near mountain ranges where water was available and village defense was possible (Bean and Shipek 1978). The Luiseño speak a subfamily of the widespread Uto-Aztecan family of languages, which is vibrant and complex (Native Talk n.d.).

Villages had hereditary chiefs who controlled religious, economic, and territorial activities. An advisory council of ritual specialists and shamans was consulted for environmental and other knowledge. Large villages located along the coast or in inland valleys may have had more complex social and political structures than settlements controlling smaller territories (Bean and Shipek 1978; Strong 1929).

Luiseño subsistence centered on gathering acorns, seeds, greens, bulbs, roots, berries, and other vegetal foods. This was supplemented by hunting mammals such as deer, antelope, rabbit, woodrat, ground squirrels, and mice, as well as birds including quail, doves, and ducks. Inland populations had access to fishing and gathering sites on the coast, which they used during the winter months. Bands along the coast exploited marine resources, such as sea mammals, fish, crustaceans, and mollusks. Inland, trout and other fish were taken from mountain streams (Bean and Shipek 1978). Regions were allotted to each band and then further divided among the various families. These locations for procuring resources were valuable and protected by the family which owned the region (Sparkman 1908).

Hunting was done both individually and by organized groups. Tool technology for food acquisition, storage, and preparation reflects the size and quantity of items procured. Small game was hunted with the use of curved throwing sticks, nets, slings, or traps. Bows and arrows were used for hunting larger game. Dugout canoes, basketry fish traps, and shell hooks were used for near-shore ocean fishing. Coiled and twined baskets were made for food gathering, preparation, storing, and serving. Other items used for food processing included large shallow trays for winnowing chaff from grain, ceramic and basketry storage containers, manos and metates for grinding seeds, and ceramic jars for cooking (Bean and Shipek 1978).

Houses were brush-thatched, conical structures, partially subterranean and held up-right by a series of main support and numerous lighter poles (Curtis 1970). Personal ornaments were made from "bone, clay, stone, shell, bear claws, glass, deer hooves," abalone shell, deerskin, otter skin, and rabbit skin. These materials were used to create nose ornaments, cloaks, moccasins, Yucca fiber sandals and beads, among others (Bean and Shipek 1978).

Ethnographic descriptions of the Juaneño are often given in terms of their neighbors to the south, the Luiseño (Bean and Shipek 1978; White 1963), but also point to a separate ethnic identity (Kroeber 1925; Strong 1929). Perhaps the most important account of Juaneño culture are the observations made by Gerónimo Boscana, friar at Mission San Juan Capistrano from 1812 to 1826 (Boscana 1933).

Juaneño settlement and subsistence systems may extend back in time to the beginning of the Angeles IV Phase about 1,250 BP when Takic speakers moved south beyond Aliso Creek. The Juaneño were semi-sedentary hunters and gatherers. One of the most important food resources for inland groups were acorns gathered from oak groves in canyons, drainages, and foothills. Acorns were ground into flour using mortars and pestles. Seeds from sage and grasses, goosefoot, and California buckwheat were collected and ground into meal with manos and metates. Protein was supplied through the meat of deer, rabbits, and other animals hunted with bow and arrow or trapped using snares, nets, and deadfalls. Coastal dwellers collected shellfish and used carved shell hooks for fishing in bay/estuary, nearshore, and kelp bed zones. Dried fish and shellfish were probably traded for inland products such as acorns and venison.

The Juaneño lived in villages of up to 250 people located near permanent water and a variety of food sources. Each village was typically located at the center of an established territory from which resources for the group were gathered. Small groups left the village for short periods of time to hunt, fish, and gather plant foods. While away from the village, they established temporary camps and created locations where food and other materials were processed. Archaeologically, such locations are evidenced by manos and metates for seed grinding, bedrock mortars for acorn processing, and lithic scatters indicating manufacturing or maintenance of stone tools (usually made of chert) used in hunting or butchering. Overnight stays in field camps are evidenced by fire-affected rock used in hearths.

Mission San Luis Rey

After the San Luis Rey Mission was established in 1798 on the lower San Luis Rey River, most Luiseño were converted and taken to the mission. Poor living conditions at the missions and introduced European diseases led to a rapid decline of the Luiseño population. Following closure of the missions by the Mexican Government, Luiseño dispersed throughout Southern California. Some worked on the Mexican ranchos, others moved to newly founded towns established for them, some sought refuge among inland groups, and a few managed to acquire land grants. Later, many moved to or were forced onto reservations established by the U.S. Government. Although many of their cultural traditions had been suppressed during the Mission Period, the Luiseño were successful at retaining their language and certain rituals and ceremonies. Starting in the 1970s, there was a revival of interest in the Luiseño language and culture. Today, the Luiseño consist of seven bands and work for "civil rights, cultural preservation and language revitalization" (Native Talk n.d.).

City of Wildomar

Rancho La Laguna was a grant of 3 square leagues made by Mexican governor Manuel Micheltoarena to Julian Manriquez in 1844 (Gunther 1984). Rancho La Laguna included Lake Elsinore and what is now the City of Wildomar. The land grant did not include the surrounding hills.

After Julian Manriquez died, Rancho La Laguna was sold to Abel Stearns in 1852. Stearns sold the rancho to Agustín Machado in 1858. When confirmed by the United States in 1872, the grant had an area of 13,339 acres (Gunther 1984). Machado's widow and 11 of the 12 children sold most of the rancho to an Englishman, Charles A. Sumner, in 1873. Sumner mortgaged his property in 1875 and lost the property through foreclosure and a sheriff's sale in 1877. The new owner sold the property to Frederick M. Sumner,

the brother of Charles A. Sumner. In 1881, ownership was transferred to a San Francisco bank and in 1883, it was purchased by Franklin Heald, William Collier, and Donald Graham. The partners subdivided part of the property and began selling lots in what would become the Town of Elsinore. (Gunther 1984). These partners divided the La Laguna Ranch property in 1885 with Collier and Graham taking the area southeast of Corydon Road, which became the City of Wildomar (Gunther 1984).

Wildomar began as the Car B station, established in 1884 by the California Southern Railroad Company (CSRR) 6 miles south of the Elsinore Junction station (Gunther 1984). The station began as a railroad car on a siding. The name was changed to Wildon and lots were surveyed and platted in 1885. Wildon was based on the names of William Collier and Donald Graham. A new plat was recorded in 1886 with the name changed to Wildomar. The name Wildomar was formed using Wildon plus part of the first name of Margaret Collier, wife of William Collier and sister of Donald Graham (City of Wildomar n.d.a).

The original townsite was between Palomar Street and Grand Avenue and between Gruwell Street and Pasadena Avenue, according to the 1901 edition of the U.S. Geological Survey Elsinore Quadrangle. The Wildomar post office and the elementary school were established in 1886. With the arrival of many Quaker families from West Branch, Iowa, Wildomar became a Quaker colony. Wildomar was one of the election precincts and school districts when Riverside County was formed in 1893 (Gunther 1984).

Wildomar's growth slowed when the CSRR's tracks in Temecula Canyon were washed out for the final time in 1892, which severed the connection with San Diego; the tracks were not rebuilt (Robertson 1998). In 1927, the track in Railroad Canyon washed out and the Atchison, Topeka, & Santa Fe railroad track from Perris to Temecula was abandoned (Gunther 1984), after which, Wildomar no longer had rail service.

Wildomar remained a rural farming and horse ranching community for most of the 20th century (City of Wildomar n.d.b). Wildomar was incorporated as a city on July 1, 2008 with a population of 28,000. (City of Wildomar n.d.a, n.d.b).

KNOWN CULTURAL RESOURCES

Records Search

ECORP submitted a records search request to the Eastern Information Center of the California Historical Resources Information System on April 11, 2022. The Eastern Information Center returned the results on April 22, 2022, which indicated that a total of 82 previously recorded cultural resources are within the Study Area (Appendix A). These previously recorded cultural resources consist of 26 pre-contact sites, 15 pre-contact isolates, 10 historic sites, 18 historic buildings or structures, 10 historic isolates, and 3 multicomponent sites comprising both historic and pre-contact components.

Types of Sites

Both pre-contact and historic sites are known to exist within the City of Wildomar. Pre-contact sites include lithic reduction sites, bedrock milling features, hearths, and remnants of habitation sites, and isolated pre-contact artifacts. Historic sites include privies or refuse scatters, irrigation systems, family homes, farms, and ranches.

Pre-contact sites are often found situated along the banks of rivers and streams (current and former) in locations that provide easy access to a variety of resources. Historic sites are located in similar areas; however, some resources sought by settlers encouraged land use in unfavorable locations. Historic buildings or structures are generally located in or near the City of Wildomar center, although some structures or buildings associated with ranching activities or homesteads may be located in more rural areas. Artifacts associated with all of these activities may be found throughout the City; however, these artifacts are isolated.

The Built Environment Resources Directory

The Built Environment Resources Database lists 14 properties within the Study Area whose dates of occupancy or construction range between the years 1885 to 1940, and which range from single-family homes to health resorts (Table 1). Although none are currently listed on the CRHR or NRHP, four resources have been evaluated as potentially eligible, with a status code of 3S.

Table 1. Previously Evaluated Built Environment Resources within Study Area			
Address	Name	Date of Construction	CRHR/ NRHP Code
25025 Catt Road	—	1940	5S2
2525 Catt Road	Schwartz	1934	5S2
32785 Central Street	Judge William Collier Home, Lois Cook House	1885	5S2
21343 Dunn Street	Ben Taylor House	1934	3S
35880 Frederick Street	Heal Ranch, Robinson	1922	5S2
20619 Grand Avenue	—	1935	7N
21999 Grand Avenue	R.J. Brown	1886	3S
22060 Grand Avenue	Easterbrook	1886	3S
22180 Grand Avenue	—	1899	5S2
34860 Iodine Springs Road	Iodine Springs	1925	5S2
21680 Lime Street	—	1945	6Y
Palomar Street	Wildomar Bell	1887	5S2
21564 Palomar Street	—	1910	7N
21457 Pecan Street	Dr. O.S. Brown	1888	3S

Notes: CRHR = California Register of Historical Resources; NRHP = National Register of Historic Places; 3S: Appears eligible for NRHP individually through survey evaluation; 5S2: Individually eligible for local listing or designation; 6Y: Determined ineligible for NRHP by consensus through Section 106 process – Not evaluated for CR local listing; 7N: Needs to be reevaluated – formerly coded as may become NRHP eligible with specific conditions.

The National Register of Historic Places

The National Register of Historic Places lists two properties near the Study Area; both are located in the City of Lake Elsinore. The first property is the Armory Hall—a meeting hall that was originally constructed and used by the Grand Army of the Republic, which was a Civil War veterans’ organization in 1887. The hall is located at 252 North Main Street in Lake Elsinore, approximately 2 miles west of the City of Wildomar. The second property is the Crescent Bath House, which is also located about 2 miles west of the City of Wildomar, at 201 West Graham Avenue. This mineral bath house was built in the 1880s at the area’s largest mineral spring in Moorish style architecture (The Historical Marker Database 2022).

California Historic Landmarks

The nearest California Historic Landmark to the City of Wildomar is the Santa Rosa Rancho, which is located approximately 4.5 miles to the south.

RECOMMENDATIONS

There are a number of potential impacts to cultural resources that may occur through the implementation of development within the Study Area:

- the destruction of existing or unanticipated pre-contact and historical archaeological resources;
- the destruction or adverse changes to built environment resources;
- the potential to disturb Native American human remains; and/or
- the destruction or adverse changes to tribal cultural resources.

In accordance with current city standards, ECORP recommends implementing the mitigations measures below to minimize potential impacts to cultural resources within the Study Area:

Cultural Resources

CUL-1 Human Remains. If human remains are encountered, State Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5 states that no further disturbance shall occur until the Riverside County coroner has made the necessary findings as to origin. Further, pursuant to Public Resource Code Section 5097.98(b), remains shall be left in place and free from disturbance until a final decision as to the treatment and disposition has been made. If the Riverside County coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Native American Heritage Commission shall be contacted within the period specified by law (i.e., 24 hours). Subsequently, the Native American Heritage Commission shall identify the "most likely descendant." The most likely descendant shall then make recommendations and engage in consultation concerning the treatment of the remains, as provided in Public Resources Code Section 5097.98.

Timing/Implementation: *During any ground-disturbing construction activities*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

CUL-2 Site-Specific Cultural Resources Study and Evaluation of Resources. A site-specific cultural resources study shall be completed prior to the approval of projects. This site-specific cultural resources study shall include, but not be limited to, a records search with the California Historical Resource Information System, review of historical documents, a Sacred Lands File search with the NAHC, and a field survey/site effort. The findings of the study shall be submitted as a report that follows the California Office of Historic Preservation’s recommended content and format. The report will provide the historic context, methods, results, and recommendations for appropriate findings.

Timing/Implementation: Prior to project approval

Enforcement/Monitoring: City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department

Tribal Cultural Resources

TRI-1 Unanticipated Discoveries. If during ground disturbance activities, cultural resources are discovered that were not assessed by the archaeological report(s) and/or environmental assessment conducted prior to project approval, the following procedures shall be followed. Cultural resources are defined, as being multiple artifacts in close association with each other, but also include fewer artifacts if the area of the find is determined to be of significance due to its sacred or cultural importance as determined in consultation with the lead agency and Native American tribe(s) that elected to consult under Assembly Bill (AB) 52 (“Consulting Tribe(s)”).

- a. All ground disturbance activities within 100 feet of the discovered cultural resources shall be halted until a meeting is convened between the developer, the archaeologist, the tribal representative(s) and the Community Development Director to discuss the significance of the find.
- b. At the meeting, the significance of the discoveries shall be discussed, and after consultation with the tribal representative(s), developer, and the archaeologist, a decision shall be made, with the concurrence of the Community Development Director, as to the appropriate mitigation (documentation, recovery, avoidance, etc.) for the cultural resources.
- c. Grading or further ground disturbance shall not resume within the area of the discovery until an agreement has been reached by all parties as to the appropriate mitigation. Work shall be allowed to continue outside of the buffer area and will be monitored by additional Tribal monitors if needed.
- d. Treatment and avoidance of the newly discovered resources shall be approved by the City. This may include avoidance of the cultural resources through project design, in-place preservation of cultural resources located in native soils and/or re-burial on the project property so they are not subject to further disturbance in perpetuity as identified in Mitigation Measures TRI-2 and TRI-7.

- e. If the find is determined to be significant and avoidance of the site has not been achieved, a Phase III data recovery plan (see Mitigation Measure TRI-6) shall be prepared by the project archeologist, in consultation with the Consulting Tribe(s), and shall be submitted to the City for their review and approval prior to implementation of the plan.
- f. Pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21083.2(b), avoidance is the preferred method of preservation for archaeological resources and tribal cultural resources. If the landowner and the Consulting Tribe(s) cannot agree on the significance or the mitigation for the archaeological or tribal cultural resources, these issues will be presented to the Community Development Director for decision. The City's Community Development Director shall make the determination based on the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act with respect to archaeological and tribal cultural resources, recommendations of the project archeologist, substantial evidence, and shall take into account the cultural and religious principles and practices of the Consulting Tribe(s). Notwithstanding any other rights available under the law, the decision of the City Community Development Director shall be appealable to the City Planning Commission and/or City Council.

Timing/Implementation: During any ground-disturbing or construction activities

Enforcement/Monitoring: City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department

TRI-2 Cultural Resources Disposition. In the event that Native American cultural resources are discovered during the course of grading (inadvertent discoveries), the following procedures shall be carried out for final disposition of the discoveries:

- a. One or more of the following treatments, in order of preference, shall be employed with the Consulting Tribe(s). Evidence of such shall be provided to the City of Wildomar Community Development Department:
 - i. *Preservation-In-Place of the cultural resources, if feasible.* Preservation in place means avoiding the resources, leaving them in the place where they were found with no development affecting the integrity of the resources.
 - ii. *Reburial of the resources on the project property.* The measures for reburial shall include, at least, the following: measures and provisions to protect the future reburial area from any future impacts in perpetuity. Reburial shall not occur until all legally required cataloging and basic recordation have been completed, with an exception that sacred items, burial goods, and Native American human remains are excluded. Any reburial process shall be culturally appropriate. Listing of contents and location of the reburial shall be included in the confidential Phase IV report (see Mitigation Measure TRI-6). The Phase IV report shall be filed with the City under a confidential cover and not subject to Public Records Requests.

- iii. If preservation-in-place or reburial is not feasible, then the resources shall be curated in a culturally appropriate manner at a Riverside County curation facility that is approved by the City. The collection and associated records shall be transferred, including title, and are to be accompanied by payment of the fees by the applicant necessary for permanent curation. Evidence of curation in the form of a letter from the curation facility stating that subject archaeological materials have been received and that all fees have been paid, shall be provided by the landowner to the City. There shall be no destructive or invasive testing on sacred items, burial goods, and Native American human remains, as defined by the cultural and religious practices of the most likely descendant. Results concerning finds of any inadvertent discoveries shall be included in the Phase IV monitoring report.

Timing/Implementation: *During grading activities*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-3 Archaeological Monitoring. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the project applicant shall retain a Riverside County-qualified Registered Professional Archaeologist (RPA) to monitor all ground disturbing activities in an effort to identify any unknown archaeological resources.

The Registered Professional Archaeologist and tribal monitor(s) required by Mitigation Measures TRI-4 and TRI-5 shall manage and oversee monitoring for all initial ground disturbing activities and excavation of each portion of the project site, including clearing, grubbing, tree removals, mass or rough grading, trenching, stockpiling of materials, rock crushing, structure demolition, etc. The Registered Professional Archaeologist and tribal monitor(s) shall independently have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect, or halt the ground disturbance activities to allow identification, evaluation, and potential recovery of cultural resources in coordination with any required special interest or tribal monitors.

The developer/permit holder shall submit a fully executed copy of the contract to the Community Development Department to ensure compliance with this condition of approval. Upon verification, the Community Development Department shall clear this condition.

In addition, the Registered Professional Archaeologist, in consultation with the Consulting Tribe(s), the contractor, and the City, shall develop a Cultural Resources Management Plan (CRMP) pursuant to the definition in AB 52 to address the details, timing, and responsibility of all archaeological and cultural activities that will occur on the project site. A *consulting tribe* is defined as a tribe that initiated the AB 52 tribal consultation process for the project, has not opted out of the AB 52 consultation process, and has completed AB 52 consultation with the City as provided for in Public Resources Code Section 21080.3.2(b)(1) of AB 52.

Details in the Plan shall include the following:

- a. Project grading and development scheduling

- b. The project archaeologist and the Consulting Tribes(s) shall attend the pre-grading meeting with the City, the construction manager, and any contractors, and will conduct a mandatory Cultural Resources Worker Sensitivity Training to those in attendance. The training will include a brief review of the cultural sensitivity of the project and the surrounding area; what resources could potentially be identified during earthmoving activities; the requirements of the monitoring program; the protocols that apply in the event inadvertent discoveries of cultural resources are identified, including who to contact and appropriate avoidance measures until the find(s) can be properly evaluated; and any other appropriate protocols. All new construction personnel that will conduct earthwork or grading activities that begin work on the project following the initial training must take the Cultural Resources Worker Sensitivity Training prior to beginning work and the project archaeologist and Consulting Tribe(s) shall make themselves available to provide the training on an as-needed basis;
- c. The protocols and stipulations that the contractor, City, Consulting Tribe(s) and project archaeologist will follow in the event of inadvertent cultural resources discoveries, including any newly discovered cultural resource deposits that shall be subject to a cultural resources evaluation.

Timing/Implementation: *Prior to issuance of grading permit*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-4 Native American Monitoring (Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians). Tribal monitor(s) shall be required onsite during all ground-disturbing activities, including grading, stockpiling of materials, engineered fill, rock crushing, etc. The land divider/permit holder shall retain a qualified tribal monitor(s) from the Pechanga Band of Luiseno Indians. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the developer shall submit a copy of a signed contract between the above-mentioned tribe and the land divider/permit holder for the monitoring of the project to the Community Development Department and to the Engineering Department. The tribal monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground-disturbance activities to allow recovery of cultural resources, in coordination with the project archaeologist.

Timing/Implementation: *During ground-disturbing activities*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-5 Native American Monitoring (Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians). Tribal monitor(s) shall be required onsite during all ground-disturbing activities, including grading, stockpiling of materials, engineered fill, rock crushing, etc. The land divider/permit holder shall retain a qualified tribal monitor(s) from the Soboba Band of Luiseno Indians. Prior to issuance of a grading permit, the developer shall submit a copy of a signed contract between the above-

mentioned tribe and the land divider/permit holder for the monitoring of the project to the Community Development Department and to the Engineering Department. The tribal monitor(s) shall have the authority to temporarily divert, redirect or halt the ground-disturbance activities to allow recovery of cultural resources, in coordination with the project archaeologist.

Timing/Implementation: *During ground-disturbing activities*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-6 Archeology Report - Phase III and IV. Prior to final inspection, the developer/permit holder shall prompt the project archeologist to submit two (2) copies of the Phase III Data Recovery report (if required for the project) and the Phase IV Cultural Resources Monitoring report. The Phase IV report shall include evidence of the required cultural/historical sensitivity training for the construction staff held during the pre-grade meeting. The Community Development Department shall review the reports to determine adequate mitigation compliance. Provided the reports are adequate, the Community Development Department shall clear this condition. Once the report(s) are determined to be adequate, two (2) copies shall be submitted to the Eastern Information Center (EIC) at the University of California, Riverside, and one (1) copy shall be submitted to the Consulting Tribe(s) Cultural Resources Department(s).

Timing/Implementation: *Prior to final inspection*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-7 Non-Disclosure of Reburial Locations. It is understood by all parties that unless otherwise required by law, the site of any reburial of Native American human remains or associated grave goods shall not be disclosed and shall not be governed by public disclosure requirements of the California Public Records Act. The coroner, pursuant to the specific exemption set forth in California Government Code 6254 (r), parties, and Lead Agencies, will be asked to withhold public disclosure information related to such reburial, pursuant to the specific exemption set forth in California Government Code 6254 (r).

Timing/Implementation: *During discovery of Native American human remains*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

TRI-8 No-Build Easement or Similar Instrument. In the event that Native American artifacts are found and buried within the project vicinity, a no-build easement or similar legal instrument shall be used to preclude future development from taking place on the reburial site(s).

Timing/Implementation: *Reburial of Native American Artifacts*

Enforcement/Monitoring: *City of Wildomar Engineering Department and Community Development Department*

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Sonia Sifuentes', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Sonia Sifuentes, RPA
Southern California Manager of Cultural Resources
Senior Archaeologist

REFERENCES

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Records Search Confirmation

Report List

Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-00108	NADB-R - 1080121; Submitter - 76; Voided - MF-0094	1973	Joan R. Smith and Robert L. Bettinger	Bundy Canyon Development: Potential Impact On Archaeological Resources	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	33-001255, 33-001256, 33-001257
RI-00109	NADB-R - 1080122	1987	Ronald M. Bissell	Cultural Resources Evaluation of the Warm Springs Property, Approximately 650 Acres In Western Riverside County, California.	RMW Paleo Associates, Mission Viejo, CA	33-003956, 33-007881, 33-011624
RI-00349	NADB-R - 1080406; Voided - MF-0314	1978	Paul G. Chace	An Archaeological Survey of the Joaquin Ranch (Tentative Tract # 10,459) in the County of Riverside, California	Paul G. Chace & Associates, Escondido, CA	33-001139, 33-001273, 33-001274, 33-001276, 33-001279, 33-001281, 33-001282, 33-001283, 33-001285, 33-001287, 33-001288, 33-001289, 33-001290, 33-002418, 33-002808, 33-002809, 33-002810, 33-002811, 33-002812, 33-002813, 33-002814, 33-011266, 33-011268, 33-013512, 33-013744, 33-013746, 33-013749, 33-013848
RI-00351	NADB-R - 1083207; Voided - MF-0314	1989	Brooke S. Arkush	Letter Report: Archaeological Monitoring of Grading-Tracts 21370, 21371, and 24342	Archaeological Reseach Unit, U.C. Riverside	33-001273
RI-00508	NADB-R - 1080547; Voided - MF-0440	1978	Stan Wilmoth	Environmental Impact Evaluation: Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Tract Map 11495, Near Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-00509	NADB-R - 1080548; Other - UCRARU #337; Voided - MF-0441	1978	Stan Wilmoth	Environmental Impact Evaluation: Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel Map 12198, Murrieta Area of Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-00562	NADB-R - 1080600; Voided - MF-0490	1979	Larry L. Bowles and Jean A. Salpas	An Archaeological Assessment of Parcel 13, 290	Archaeological Consultant	
RI-00703	NADB-R - 1080754; Voided - MF-0626	1979	Roger J. Desautels	Archaeological Survey Report on Lot 25 in Block "B" of Murrieta Eucalyptus Company's Tract as Shown by Map on File in Book 6, Page 73 of Maps, Riverside County Records, in Temecula Rancho	Scientific Resource Surveys, Inc., Santa Ana, CA	
RI-00829	NADB-R - 1080882; Other - UCRARU #600; Voided - MF-0750	1980	Alan Davis	Enivornmental Impact Evaluation: An Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel 16945, Northwest of Murrieta in Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-00984	NADB-R - 1081034; Voided - MF-0894	1978	Larry L. Bowles and Jean A. Salpas	An Archaeological Assessment of Parcel 12,139	Archaeological Consultants, Colton and Riverside, CA	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-00985	NADB-R - 1081035; Submitter - UCRARU #584; Voided - MF-0894	1980	Stephen Bouscaren	Environmental Impact Evaluation: An Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel 16761, Southeast of Sun City in Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	33-001999, 33-002001
RI-01068	NADB-R - 1081169; Submitter - 597; Voided - MF-1014	1980	Richard C. Jenkins	Environmental Impact Evaluation: An Archaeological Assessment of the Bundy Canyon Project, Riverside County, California	Archaeological Research Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-01089	NADB-R - 1081186; Voided - MF-1031	1980	Jean A. Salpas	An Archaeological Assessment of Parcel 16684	Archaeological Consultant, Riverside, CA	33-002042
RI-01246	NADB-R - 1081408; Other - UCRARU #628; Voided - MF-1241	1981	Alan Davis	Environmental Impact Evaluation: An Archaeological Assessment of Tentative Parcel 17625, Northwest of Murrieta in Riverside County, California	Archaeological Reseach Unit, U.C. Riverside	
RI-01482	NADB-R - 1081743; Voided - MF-1556	1982	SALPAS, JEAN	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 16683	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-01563	NADB-R - 1081855; Voided - MF-1663	1978	BOWLES, LARRY L. and JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 12,108	Archaeological Consultant, Colton & Riverside, CA	
RI-01564	NADB-R - 1081856; Voided - MF-1664	1978	BOWLES, LARRY L. and JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 12142	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-01620	NADB-R - 1081909; Voided - MF-1715	1982	BOWLES, LARRY L.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE FARM AMENDED S.P. 116 C/W #2	AUTHOR(S)	33-012770, 33-013503
RI-01656	NADB-R - 1081948; Voided - MF-1752	1983	COOK, J.R.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PM 19059	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SYSTEMS MANAGMENT	
RI-01696	NADB-R - 1082023; Voided - MF-1824	1983	SALPAS, JEAN	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 19427	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-01720	NADB-R - 1082045; Voided - MF-1845	1983	MCCARTHY, DANIEL F.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FOR CHANGE OF ZONE 4015, RANCHO CALIFORNIA AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	33-001274
RI-01768	NADB-R - 1082115; Submitter - UCRARU #763; Voided - MF-1912	1984	MCCARTHY, DANIEL F. and PHILIP J. WILKE	ARCHAEOLOGICAL TEST EXCAVATIONS AT CA-RIV-2769, A LATERAL DEBRIS BASIN, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	33-002769
RI-01769	NADB-R - 1082116; Voided - MF-1912	1984	MCCARTHY, DANIEL F.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF FOUR PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL PROJECTS NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	33-002766, 33-002767, 33-002768, 33-002769
RI-01890	NADB-R - 1082261; Voided - MF-2046	1984	SALPAS, JEAN	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 20349	AUTHOR(S)	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-01906	NADB-R - 1082281; Voided - MF-2065	1984	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCE SURVEYS, INC.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT - TPM19842	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02020	NADB-R - 1082444; Voided - MF-2210	1985	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TRACT 20311, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02106	NADB-R - 1082532; Voided - MF-2298	1987	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL 22000, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02121	NADB-R - 1082548; Voided - MF-2309	1987	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCES SURVEYS, INC.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FORM: TP 22611	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02164	NADB-R - 1082593; Voided - MF-2351	1987	DIBBLE, D. STEPHEN and M.G. COTTRELL	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF APPROXIMATELY 2000 ACRES IN THE VICINITY OF LAKE ELSINORE, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION	33-001021, 33-003331, 33-003332, 33-003333, 33-003334, 33-013326
RI-02215	NADB-R - 1082646; Submitter - UCRARU #939; Voided - MF-2402	1988	GOODMAN, JOHN D.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL 23087, LOCATED NORTH OF MURRIETA IN SOUTHWESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	
RI-02219	NADB-R - 1082650; Voided - MF-2406	1988	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 22776, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02283	NADB-R - 1082720; Voided - MF-2476	1988	DROVER, C.E.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE FARM-SECONDARY HIGHWAY ACCESS STUDY	AUTHOR(S)	33-003413
RI-02297	NADB-R - 1082735; Voided - MF-2491	1987	CHACE, PAUL G. and DONNA COLLINS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY - VICTORY HILL	CHACE AND ASSOCIATES	
RI-02313	NADB-R - 1082770; Voided - MF-2514	1988	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TTM # 23281, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02325	NADB-R - 1082782; Voided - MF-2526	1988	DE MUNCK, VICTOR	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF AN 18.27 ACRE TRACT OF LAND SHOWN ON TTM # 23361, IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ETHNOGRAPHIC FIELD ASSOCIATES	
RI-02333	NADB-R - 1082791; Voided - MF-2535	1987	WHITNEY-DESAUTELS, NANCY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FORM: WINKER ACRES (TRACT 22948)	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCE SURVEYS, INC.	33-003405

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RI-02382	NADB-R - 1082880; Submitter - UCRARU #986; Voided - MF-2622	1989	PARR, ROBERT E.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF T.P. 23508 LOCATED NORTH OF MURRIETA IN SOUTHWESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, UNIVERSITY OF CALIF, RIVERSIDE	
RI-02438	NADB-R - 1082929; Submitter - 974; Voided - MF-2670	1988	SWOPE, KAREN K.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF 8.12 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED IN THE WILDOMAR AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	33-013515
RI-02508	NADB-R - 1082994; Voided - MF-2733	1989	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 24469, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02533	NADB-R - 1083020; Voided - MF-2757	1989	LERCH, MICHAEL K.	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT 24647, WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	MICHAEL K LERCH & ASSOCIATES	
RI-02535	NADB-R - 1083022; Voided - MF-2759	1989	KELLER, JEAN S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CHANGE OF ZONE 5328/PLOT PLAN 10,893 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-02537	NADB-R - 1083024; Voided - MF-2761	1989	DEL CHARIO, KATHLEEN C.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT 24722, NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION	
RI-02625	NADB-R - 1083100; Submitter - 1045; Voided - MF-2836	1990	YOHE, ROBERT M.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE BUNDY CANYON ROAD REALIGNMENT PROJECT LOCATED IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT	
RI-02684	NADB-R - 1083154; Submitter - #914; Voided - MF-2886	1989	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCE SURVEYS	ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 3+ ACRE PORTION OF TPM 25065 ADJACENT TO INLAND VALLEY REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	SRS, INC.	
RI-02699	NADB-R - 1083175; Voided - MF-2903	1990	ARKUSH, BROOKE	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT 25113 LOCATED IN WILDOMAR IN SOUTH WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT	
RI-02746	NADB-R - 1083354; Voided - MF-2949	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 25177 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	

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RI-02747	NADB-R - 1083355; Voided - MF-2950	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 23295 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-02823	NADB-R - 1083429; Voided - MF-3023	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 25545 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	Consulting Archaeologist, Temecula, CA	
RI-02842	NADB-R - 1083446; Voided - MF-3040	1990	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 20.31 ACRE PARCEL DESIGNATED APN 365-250-014 LOCATED BETWEEN CROOKED ARROW DRIVE AND CRAB HOLLOW CIRCLE IN THE SEDO HILLS AREA OF LAKE ELSINORE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES, LTD.	
RI-02848	NADB-R - 1083451; Voided - MF-3045	1990	KATHLEEN C. DEL CHARIO	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 24274 CALIFORNIA OAKS AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION, Fullerton, CA	
RI-02888	NADB-R - 1083242; Voided - MF-3087	1989	SCIENTIFIC RESOURCE SURVEYS	SURFACE COLLECTION AND TEST EXCAVATION AT THE TUNSTALL EAST AND WEST SITES, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY.	SRS	33-004725, 33-004726
RI-02940	NADB-R - 1083311; Voided - MF-3168	1990	JENKINS, RICHARD	VEGETATION MANAGEMENT ARCHAEOLOGICAL REVIEW SUNSET VMP PROJECT.	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY AND FIRE PROTECTION	33-001991
RI-03003	NADB-R - 1083547; Voided - MF-3227	1990	DILLON, BRIAN D.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF 23250 BAXTER ROAD, A 2.35 ACRE PARCEL IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR	
RI-03028	NADB-R - 1083575; Voided - MF-3253	1990	DROVER, CHRISTOPHER E.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF PARCEL MAP 25282, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR	
RI-03052	NADB-R - 1083600; Voided - MF-3276	1990	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 20.28 ACRE PARCEL DESIGNATED APN 365-25-005, LOCATED ADJACENT TO CROOKED ARROW DRIVE IN THE SEDO HILLS AREA OF LAKE ELSINORE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES, LTD., Sun City, CA	33-004154

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RI-03078	NADB-R - 1083627; Voided - MF-3300	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 26372 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR	
RI-03079	NADB-R - 1083628; Voided - MF-3301	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE MAP 26371 RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR	
RI-03127	NADB-R - 1083680; Voided - MF-3347	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT 3109, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-03134	NADB-R - 1083687; Voided - MF-3354	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 25994, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR(S)	
RI-03171	NADB-R - 1083729; Voided - MF-3389	1990	KELLER, JEAN A.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 26184, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	Consulting Archaeologist, Temecula, CA	
RI-03240	NADB-R - 1084094; Submitter - 2129A; Voided - MF-3472	1990	WADE, SUSAN A.	LETTER REPORT: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE TENTATIVE MAP NO. 25247, WILDOMAR PROPERTY	RECON	
RI-03305	NADB-R - 1083903; Voided - MF-3537	1991	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 2300+ FOOT SEWER ALIGNMENT LOCATED IN THE CITY OF LAKE ELSINORE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES, LTD.	
RI-03333	NADB-R - 1083949; Other - DACW09-90-D-0004; Voided - MF-3571	1991	HAMPSON, R. PAUL	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY AND TEST EXCAVATION, LAKE ELSINORE, CALIFORNIA	GREENWOOD AND ASSOCIATES, AND INFOTEC RESEARCH, INC.	33-002798, 33-004042, 33-004043, 33-004044, 33-004045
RI-03340	NADB-R - 1083958; Voided - MF-3580	1988	KELLER, JEAN SALPAS	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CHANGE OF ZONE 5231, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-03341	NADB-R - 1085264; Submitter - 311; Voided - MF-3580	1998	LOVE, BRUCE and Bai "Tom" Tang	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT: SENIOR LIFESTYLE PERSPECTIVES PROJECT, APNS 369-050-040, -041, AND -042, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-008173
RI-03353	NADB-R - 1083981; Submitter - 2129A; Voided - MF-3592	1989	WADE, SUE A.	LETTER REPORT: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE TENTATIVE MAP NO. 25094, WILDOMAR PROPERTY	RECON	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-03458	NADB-R - 1084137; Submitter - 1175; Voided - MF-3719	1992	LOVE, BRUCE	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT: WILDOMAR CHANNEL LATERAL C; WILDOMAR AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESEARCH UNIT, U.C. RIVERSIDE	33-004722
RI-03486	NADB-R - 1084156; Voided - MF-3743	1992	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 7.22-ACRE PARCEL, AS SHOWN ON PM 26991	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES, LTD.	
RI-03496	NADB-R - 1084178; Voided - MF-3757	1992	JONES & STOKES ASSOCIATES, INC.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT FOR RIVERSIDE COUNTY MURRIETA CREEK FLOOD CONTROL PROJECT	JONES & STOKES ASSOCIATES, INC.	33-001085
RI-03498	NADB-R - 1084183; Voided - MF-3761	1992	DEMCAK, CAROL R.	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF RANCHO CALIFORNIA WATER DISTRICT DATE STREET PUMP STATION, RESERVOIR AND PIPELINE, MURRIETA QUAD, CITY OF MURRIETA, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT CORP.	
RI-03757	NADB-R - 1084591; Submitter - 163; Voided - MF-4094	1994	LOVE, BRUCE and STEPHEN MOFFITT	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT: PHASE I RECORDS SEARCH AND FIELD SURVEY, DAVID A. BROWN MIDDLE SCHOOL DEBRIS BASIN AND STORM DRAIN PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	CRM TECH	33-002766, 33-002767
RI-03956	NADB-R - 1084914; Voided - MF-4327	1995	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE WILDOMAR MDP LATERAL E PROJECT LOCATED IN THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, UNINCORPORATED RIVERSIDE COUNTY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	33-006980
RI-03986	NADB-R - 1084961; Other - PP 14543; Voided - MF-4357	1996	WHITE, ROBERT S.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF THE SENIOR LEISURE LIVING DEVELOPMENT PROJECT: A 10.94 ACRE PARCEL AS SHOWN ON PLOT PLAN 14543, WILDOMAR, UNINCORPORATED RIVERSIDE COUNTY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	
RI-04070	NADB-R - 1085219; Submitter - 306; Voided - MF-4519	1998	LOVE, BRUCE and BAI "TOM" TANG	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT WATER AND SEWER PIPELINE RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND ASSOCIATED FACILITIES IN COMMUNITY FACILITIES DISTRICT NO. 97- 1, NEAR WILDOMAR ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	

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RI-04116	NADB-R - 1085304; Voided - MF-4591	1998	BRECHBIEL, BRANT A.	CULTURAL RESOURCES RECORDS SEARCH AND SURVEY REPORT FOR A PACIFIC BELL MOBILE SERVICES TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY: CM 118-01, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CHAMBERS GROUP, INC.	
RI-04142	NADB-R - 1085333; Other - TT 22555(1989) TR 29029 (1999)7; Voided - MF-4618	1989	DE MUNCK, VICTOR C.	AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF A 20 ACRETRACT OF LAND DESIGNATED TENTATIVETRACT #22555 LOCATED IN THE WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND ETHNOGRAPHIC FIELD ASSOCIATES	
RI-04259	NADB-R - 1085497; Submitter - 425; Voided - MF-4740	1999	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI "TOM" TANG, MICHAEL HOGAN, and DANIEL BALLESTER	CULTURAL RESOURCES REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT 29332, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	CRM TECH	
RI-04279	NADB-R - 1085524; Voided - MF-4757	2000	WHITE, ROBERT S. and LAURA S. WHITE	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TRACT 29511, 6.35-ACRES LOCATED IMMEDIATELY NORTHWEST OF THE INTERSECTION OF GRAND AVENUE AND CHADLYN COURT IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	
RI-04297	NADB-R - 1085559; Other - HR 98006; Voided - MF-4780	1998	WADE, SUE A.	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATIONS FOR THE CLINTON KEITH ROAD AND RESIDENTIAL PROJECT (TRACT MAP 29039 AND PARCEL MAP 29040), COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA.	HERITAGE RESOURCES	33-008652, 33-008654
RI-04298	NADB-R - 1085560; Submitter - 08-99-460; Voided - MF-4781	1999	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A. and DAVID	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATION OF THE HIGHLANDS SPECIFIC PLAN PROJECT AREA, NEAR MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	MCKENNA ET AL	33-003413, 33-003956
RI-04323	NADB-R - 1085593; Submitter - 544; Voided - MF-4806	2000	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI "TOM" TANG, and MICHAEL HOGAN	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: APN 367-300-030, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	CRM TECH	
RI-04335	NADB-R - 1085627; Voided - MF-4831	1999	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 29163, CHANGE OF ZONE 6128, 6.5 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	AUTHOR	

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RI-04350	NADB-R - 1085648; Submitter - 99-1471; Voided - MF-4846	1999	BROWN, JOAN C.	A CULTURAL RESOURCES RECONNAISSANCE FOR THE MACARTHUR PROPERTIES, LOCATED IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	RMW PALEO	33-008949
RI-04382	NADB-R - 1085708; Voided - MF-4884	2000	WHITE, ROBERT S. and LAURA S. WHITE	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF A 3.86-ACRE PORTION OF APN 368-150-001 LOCATED IMMEDIATELY SOUTH OF GRAND AVENUE AT WESLEY STREET, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY.	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	33-009641
RI-04390	NADB-R - 1085717; Voided - MF-4892	2000	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE 1 CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT 540/CHANGE OF ZONE 6536 LOCATED NEAR MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	33-001257, 33-003405, 33-003956, 33-008173, 33-008652, 33-008949
RI-04470	NADB-R - 1085831; Submitter - 02-1	2002	ROBINSON, MARK C.	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY AND ASSESSMENT OF APPROXIMATELY 10.73 ACRES: OAK CREEK APARTMENT COMPLEX PROJECT, ELIZABETH LANE AND PRIELIPP ROAD, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	GREAT LAKES RESEARCH	33-011434, 33-011435, 33-011436
RI-04507	NADB-R - 1085868	2001	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF A PORTION OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 29476, 8.82 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-04509	NADB-R - 1085870	2001	Jean A. Keller	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment Of The Palomar Street Project, 5.0 Acres Of Land Near The City Of Murrieta, Riverside County, California	Jean A. Keller, Cultural Resources Consultant	
RI-04510	NADB-R - 1085871	2001	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 29836, GPA 549/CZ6559, 16.07 ACRES OF LAND NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-04608	NADB-R - 1085968	2002	SHEPARD, RICHARD S.	PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT: TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 30917, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	BONTERRA CONSULTING	33-012289

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RI-04641	NADB-R - 1086000	2001	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF CHANGE OF ZONE 6618, 29.10 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	AUTHOR	
RI-04655	NADB-R - 1086014	2003	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF APN 380-130-015, -016, 10.46 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMARK, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	Jean A. Keller, consultant	
RI-04658	NADB-R - 1086017	1994	KELLER, JEAN A.	PHASE II TEST INVESTIGATION OF CA-RIV-2767, DAVID A. BROWN MIDDLE SCHOOL DEBRIS BASIN AND STORM PROJECT	AUTHOR	33-002766, 33-002767
RI-04698	NADB-R - 1086060	2003	TETRA TECH, INC.	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF APPROX. 3.5-ACRES FOR THE STONEBRIDGE MEDICAL OFFICE BUILDING, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	TETRA TECH, INC.	
RI-04774	NADB-R - 1086136	2004	SCHMIDT, JAMES J.	LETTER REPORT: VALLEY-NEWCOMB-SKYLARK 115 KV TRANSMISSION LINE BURNED POLE REPLACEMENT PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	COMPASS ROSE ARCHAEOLOGICAL, INC., Van Nuys, CA	
RI-04876	NADB-R - 1086238; Other - TC# 14455-01	2004	TETRA TECH, INC.	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF APPROXIMATELY 6.17-ACRES FOR THE MISSION TRAILS PROJECT LOCATED AT 32795-32788 CORYDON ROAD, LAKE ELSINORE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	TETRA TECH, INC.	
RI-04877	NADB-R - 1086239	2003	PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC.	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPOSED TEMECULA VALLEY REGIONAL WATER RECLAMATION FACILITY EFFLUENT PIPELINE, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	PEAK & ASSOCIATES, INC.	33-010986
RI-04885	NADB-R - 1086247; Submitter - GD-03-R209	2003	IRISH, LESLIE NAY, ANNA M. HOOVER, and KRISTIE R. BELVINS	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL RECORDS SEARCH AND SURVEY REPORT FOR TT#31009, APN 362-150-023, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, CALIFORNIA.	L&L ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	

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RI-04937	NADB-R - 1086299; Submitter - 04-03-06-748	2003	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL REOURCES SURVEY OF THE DEPASQUALE FAMILY PARTNERSHIP PROPOERTY (TRACT 30155) IN THE OAK SPRINGS AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	MCKENNA ET AL.	
RI-04938	NADB-R - 1086300; Submitter - 11-02-01-686	2003	MCKENNA, JEANETTE A.	SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTIGATIONS: PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL TESTING OF SITE CA-RIV-3956H, LOCATED WITHIN THE SUNSET RIDGE SPECIFIC PLAN PROJECT AREA, MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	MCKENNA ET AL.	33-003956
RI-04945	NADB-R - 1086307; Submitter - MF-03-273	2004	Leslie Nay Irish, Anna M. Hoover, Kristie R. Blevins, and Hugh M. Wagner	A Phase I Archaeological and Paleontological Survey Report for the Palomar Office Plaza, APN 380-170-020, Wildomar, County of Riverside, California	L&L Environmental, Inc.	
RI-04962	NADB-R - 1086324; Submitter - GLH-04-532	2004	HOOVER, ANNA M. and HUGH WAGNER	FINAL REPORT FOR THE PAHSE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL/PALEONTOLOGICAL SURVEY TRACT 32859, APN 380-070-018, 15.6-ACRE PROPERTY	L&L ENVIRONMENTAL, INC.	
RI-05009	NADB-R - 1086371; Submitter - 06-01-06-576	2001	MCKENNA ET AL.	A PALEONTOLOGICAL OVERVIEW OF THE USA PETROLEUM CORP. PROJECT SITE LOCATED IN THE WILDOMAR AREA OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	MCKENNA ET AL.	
RI-05058	NADB-R - 1086420; Submitter - 09-02-12-675	2002	Jeanette A. McKenna	SUPPLEMENTAL STUDIES: A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATION OF THE SUNSET RIDGE ACCESS ROUTES, MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	MCKENNA ET AL.	33-003513, 33-003956
RI-05095	NADB-R - 1086457	2003	APPLIED EARTHWORKS	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY OF FOUR ACRES IN WILDOMAR, CALIFORNIA	APPLIED EARTHWORKS	
RI-05181	NADB-R - 1086544; Submitter - LSA Project No. PCY 232	2002	GOODWIN, RIORDAN and ROBERT E. REYNOLDS	CULTURAL AND PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT, WINDSOR PACIFIC CENTURY HOMES TENTATIVE TRACT 29402, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	LSA ASSOCIATES, INC., Riverside, CA	33-008948, 33-008949
RI-05216	NADB-R - 1086579	2002	ROBINSON, MARK C.	PHASE II TESTING AND EVALUATION OF 33-11434 (CA-RIV-6821)	GREAT LAKES RESEARCH	33-011434
RI-05355	NADB-R - 1086718	2006	SWCA ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY FOR THE MISSION TRAILS DEVELOPMENT PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	SMCA ENVIRONMENTAL	33-014891

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RI-05369	NADB-R - 1086732	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 31896	JEAN KELLER	
RI-05370	NADB-R - 1086733	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 31895	JEAN KELLER	
RI-05378	NADB-R - 1086741	2004	KELLER, JEAN	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 29845	JEAN KELLER	
RI-05497	NADB-R - 1086860	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF CORNERSTONE CHURCH EXPANSION (APN 367-140-008, 367-210-018), +/-48.43 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN KELLER	
RI-05500	NADB-R - 1086863	2004	ROBINSON, MARK C.	CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY AND ASSESSMENT OF APPROXIMATELY 12.1 ACRES, MISSION HILLS, WILDOMAR PROJECT, TENTATIVE TRACE MAP #31993 (APN 368-030-007, -055, AND -056), WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	GREAT LAKES RESEARCH	
RI-05536	NADB-R - 1086899	2005	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESORUCES ASSESSMENT OF HIDDEN SPRINGS RANCH APN 380-290-029, +/-9.5 ACRES OF LAND NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	JENA KELLER	
RI-05578	NADB-R - 1086941	2004	WHITE, ROBERT S. and LAURA S. WHITE	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF A 39.5 ACRE PARCEL AS SHOWN ON TTM 32024, LOCATED ADJACENT TO MONTE VISTA DRIVE, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	John Minch and Associates, Inc., Santa Barbara, CA	
RI-05611	NADB-R - 1086974	2000	DROVER, CHRISTOPHER E.	A CULTURAL RESOURCE INVENTORY: AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT OF CLYATON RANCH, APN'S 369-260-003/ 369-260-005, NEAR WILDOMAR, CLINTON KEITH ROAD, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CHRISTOPHER DROVER	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-05613	NADB-R - 1086976	2005	WHITE, ROBERT S. and LAURA S. WHITE	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF A 9.58 ACRE PARCEL AS SHOWN ON TPM 32592 LOCATED AT 23800 OAK CIRCLE DRIVE, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	
RI-05617	NADB-R - 1086980	2003	WHITE, ROBERT S. and LAURA S. WHITE	A CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF 6.23 ACRES OF LAND LOCATED AT THE SOUTHEAST CORNER OF BUNDY CANYON ROAD AND INTERSTATE 15, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSOCIATES	
RI-05683	NADB-R - 1087046; Submitter - CA-7281A	2005	Erika Thal	Letter Report: Proposed Cellular Tower Project(s) in Riverside County, California, Site Name/Number: CA-7281A/ Wildomar	EarthTouch, Inc., Layton, UT	
RI-05732	NADB-R - 1087095	2003	Mark Bellini	Letter Report: Proposed Cellular Tower Project in Riverside County, California, Site Name/Number: CA-7281A/ Wildomar	EarthTouch, Inc.	
RI-05750	NADB-R - 1087113; Submitter - 1013	2003	DAH DUL, MARIAM and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: BEAR CREEK VILLAGE CENTER, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-05757	NADB-R - 1087120; Submitter - 998	2003	DAH DUL, MARIAM	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 30939, GROSS RANCH PROJECT NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-05758	NADB-R - 1087121; Submitter - 997	2003	DAH DUL, MARIAM	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 30839, DAVIS RANCH PROJECT, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-05920	NADB-R - 1087283; Submitter - 896	2002	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI TANG, TERESA WOODARD, MARIAM DAHDUL, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 30656, APNS 362-180-029 TO -032, WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	

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RI-05921	NADB-R - 1087284; Submitter - 893	2002	LOVE, BRUCE, BAI TANG, TERESA WOODARD, MARIAM DAHDL, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 30734, CLINTON KEITH ROAD AND SMITH RANCH ROAD, WILDOMAR AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	33-007804, 33-007812
RI-05967	NADB-R - 1087330; Submitter - 1096	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, JOSH SMALLWOOD, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31499, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-05970	NADB-R - 1087333; Submitter - 1061	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, CASEY TIBBET, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31479, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06023	NADB-R - 1087386; Submitter - 1079	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, and MARIAM DAHDL	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT NO. 31331, EA NO. 39030, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06024	NADB-R - 1087387; Submitter - 1095	2003	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, CASEY TIBBET, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESORUCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31353 AND ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 369-180-025, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06030	NADB-R - 1087393	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 31896 AMENDED NO. 1, +/-4.88 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06031	NADB-R - 1087394	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF THE CLINTON KEITH ROAD PROJECT (APN 380-110-025, 026) +/- 4.35 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06033	NADB-R - 1087396	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF VESTING TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 32166, +/-20.20 ACRES OF LAND IN WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	

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RI-06035	NADB-R - 1087398	2004	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF PLOT PLAN 19064, +/-10 ACRES OF LAND NEAR MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06036	NADB-R - 1087399	2005	KELLER, JEAN A.	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 31813, 27.57 ACRES OF LAND NEAR WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	JEAN A. KELLER	
RI-06161	NADB-R - 1087524	2003	Michael Dice	Letter Report: Records Search and Site Visit for Sprint Telecommunications Facility Candidate RV54XC512E (Chico Hills & Bundy), NE Corner Chico Hills Rd. & Bundy Canyon, Menifee, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-06170	NADB-R - 1087533	2004	Marnie Aislin-Kay	Letter Report: Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for Cingular Telecommunications Facility Candidate SC-236-02 (Archer Ranch), 21745 Grand Avenue, Wildomar, Riverside County, Riverside	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-06171	NADB-R - 1087534	2004	AISLIN-KAY, MARNIE	LETTER REPORT: RECORDS SEARCH AND SITE VISIT RESULTS FOR SPRINT TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITY CANDIDATE RV54XC511G (CALIFORNIA LUTHERAN HIGH SCHOOL), 31970 CENTRAL AVENUE, WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	MICHAEL BRANDMAN ASSOCIATES	
RI-06234	NADB-R - 1087597; Submitter - CRM TECH CONTRACT #1288	2004	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, and JOHN J. EDDY	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31837, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-06245	NADB-R - 1087608; Submitter - CRM TECH CONTRACT #1258	2004	TANG, BAI "TOM"	THE SCHWARTZ-SMITH HOUSE, 25025 CLINTON KEITH ROAD (FORMERLY CATT ROAD), WILDOMAR, CA 92395	CRM TECH	33-007804, 33-007812
RI-06248	NADB-R - 1087611; Submitter - CRM TECH CONTRACT #1184	2004	HOGAN, MICHAEL, BAI "TOM" TANG, and JOSH SMALLWOOD	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP NO. 31219, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-002767

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RI-06249	NADB-R - 1087612; Submitter - CRM TECH Contract #1289	2004	Bai Tang, Michael Hogan, Casey Tibbet, and John Eddy	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report: Tentative Tract Map No. 32078, Near the City of Murrieta, Riverside County, California	CRM TECH	33-006980
RI-06286	NADB-R - 1087649; Submitter - CRM TECH CONTRACT #1191	2004	HOGAN, MICHAEL	LETTER REPORT: PALEONTOLOGICAL MONITORING, BEAR CREEK VILLAGE CENTER, C.U.P NO. 3390, ASSESSORS PARCEL NUMBERS 369-390-002,-010,-012,- 018, IN AN UNINCORPORATED AREA NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA, CRM TECH CONTRACT NO. 1191	CRM TECH	
RI-06345	NADB-R - 1087708; Submitter - CRM TECH Contract #1325	2004	Michael Hogan, Bai "Tom" Tang, Harry M. Quinn, and Ayse Taskiran-Johnson	Archaeological Test and Evaluation Report: Site CA-RIV-2767/H, Tentative Parcel Map No. 31219, Near the City of Murrieta, Riverside County, California	CRM TECH	33-002767
RI-06363	NADB-R - 1087726; Submitter - CONTRACT #1429	2004	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, DEIRDRE ENCARNACION, and THOMAS J. MELZER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NOS. 376-060-010 AND -013, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-06397	NADB-R - 1087760; Submitter - CONTRACT #6397	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP 32792, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06398	NADB-R - 1087761; Submitter - CONTRACT #1521	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: GRIZZLY RIDGE RESERVOIR NO. 2, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06400	NADB-R - 1087763; Submitter - CONTRACT #1608	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and DANIEL BALLESTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 32535, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	

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RI-06442	NADB-R - 1087807; Submitter - CONTRACT #1499	2005	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and JOHN EDDY	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31813, IN AN UNINCORPORATED AREA NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDMOAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06465	NADB-R - 1087830; Submitter - CONTRACT #1272	2004	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, CASEY TIBBET, and JOHN EDDY	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 31409, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06493	NADB-R - 1087860; Submitter - CONTRACT #1326	2004	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, and MATTHEW WETHERBEE	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, TENTATIVE TRACT MAP NO. 25122, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	33-006980
RI-06494	NADB-R - 1087861; Submitter - CONTRACT #1603A	2005	HOGAN, MICHAEL, BAI TANG, and MATTHEW WETHERBEE	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBERS 376-190- 002, AND 376-108-006, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	
RI-06556	NADB-R - 1087923; Submitter - CONTRACT #1779	2006	TANG, BAI, MICHAEL HOGAN, MELISSA HERNANDEZ, and TERRI JACQUEMAIN	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBER 380-110- 003, NEAR THE CITY OF MURRIETA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-06592	NADB-R - 1087959	2005	HOGAN, MICHAEL, BAI "TOM" TANG, MATTHEW WETHERBEE, and JOSH SMALLWOOD	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 366-320-145, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CA	CRM TECH	33-014780, 33-014781, 33-014782, 33-014783
RI-06593	NADB-R - 1087960; Submitter - CONTRACT #1773	2006	HOGAN, MICHAEL, BAI "TOM" TANG, JOSH SMALLWOOD, and THOMAS MELZER	ARCHAEOLOGICAL TESTING AND EVALUATION REPORT, SITE 33-14780 (CA- RIV-7868) AND ISOLATE 33-14783, THE CLARK PROPERTY, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO 366-320-045, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-014780, 33-014783

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RI-06594	NADB-R - 1087961; Submitter - CONTRACT #1772	2006	HOGAN, MICHAEL, BAI "TOM" TANG, JOSH SMALLWOOD, and THOMAS MELZER	ARCHAEOLOGICAL TESTING AND EVALUATION REPORT, SITE 33-14778 (CA- RIV-7866/H) AND 33-14779 (CA-RIV-7867), THE KING PROPERTY, ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NOS. 366-320-024, -025, AND - 028, NEAR THE COMMUNITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-014778, 33-014779
RI-06596	NADB-R - 1087963; Submitter - CONTRACT #1942	2006	TANG, BAI "TOM", MICHAEL HOGAN, TERRI JACQUEMAIN, and ROBERT PORTER	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT, THE BUNDY PROJECT, SECCO HILLS AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	33-017309
RI-06697	NADB-R - 1088064; Other - CONTRACT NO. 06998.06	2006	JORDAN, STACEY C.	ARCHEOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT FOR THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY: OVERHEAD TO UNDERGROUND CONVERSION PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA (WO#6477-7274, AI#6-7212)	JONES & STOKES	
RI-06737	NADB-R - 1088104; Submitter - LSA PROJECT NO. OKE0601	2006	AUSTERMAN, VIRGINIA	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT, BAXTER PROJECT, AN UNINCORPORATED AREA OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	LSA ASSOCIATES, INC.	33-015306
RI-06827		2006	Williams, Audry	Archaeological Survey Report for the Southern California Edison Company, Wildomar Service Center Project	Southern California Edison Company, Natural and Cultural Resources Group	33-015304, 33-015305
RI-06830		2006	Sander, Jay K.	Cultural Resources Inventory of 3 Acres, A.P.N. 380-240-001, -001, and -003, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Chambers Group, Inc.	
RI-06905	Other - Contract No. 06715.06, 06788.06	2006	Jordan, Stacey C.	Archaeological Survey Report for the Southern California Edison Company, DSP- DOROF 12Kv Circuit Project, Riverside County, California (WO# 6077-5395; AI# 6- 5301 and 6-5302)	Mooney Jones & Stokes, San Diego, CA	
RI-06906	Other - Contract No. 06788.06	2006	Jordan, Stacey C.	Archeological Survey Report for the Southern California Edison Company, DSP-Cereal 12Kv Circuit Project, Riverside County (WO#6577-5326, AI#6-5303)	Mooney, Jones & Stokes	

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RI-06909	Other - Contract # 06327.06	2006	Jordan, Stacey C. and Joshua D. Patterson	Archaeological Survey Report for the So CA Edison Company, Syborne, Dominic C&D Land Co, Hemet Nazaren, Sunset Vista Homes, and Iodine Springs Projects, Riverside County, CA, (WO#6279-2326, 6377-1377, 6677-7101, 6577-1957, 6277-7164, AI# 6-2063, -1259 etc	Mooney, Jones & Stokes	
RI-06958		2006	Sander, Jay K.	Cultural Resources Survey, Consisting od 4.71 Acres, Tract Map 33062, A.P.N. 367-130-003, Wildomar, Riverside County,	Chambers Group, Inc.	
RI-06990	Other - Trumark J001	2006	Glenn, Brian K.	Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment: Canyon Hills Estates, Riverside County, California	BonTerra Consulting	33-014992, 33-014993
RI-07005		2006	White, Robert S. and White, Laura S.	A Cultural Resources Assessment of a 2.83-Acre Parcel As Shown on TPM 33782, Northwest Corner of Lost and Dial Roads, Wildomar, Riverside County	Archaeological Associates	
RI-07022		2006	Keller, Jean A.	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment	Jean A. Keller	
RI-07029	Other - APN 380-160-003 thru 009	2006	Jean A. Keller, Ph.D.	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment	Cultural Resources Consultant	
RI-07033		2006	Jean A. Keller, Ph.D.	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of APN 380-120-012 & 013	Cultural Resources Consultant	
RI-07044	Submitter - KPA-03-273-ARS	2006	Anna M. Hoover and Kristie R. Blevins	A Phase I Archaeological Survey Report for APN 380-170-019, 3.5 Acres, Murrieta, County of Riverside, California	L & L Environmental, Inc., Corona, CA	
RI-07227	Submitter - Jones & Stokes Contract No. 00514.07	2007	Moreno, Adrian Sanchez	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison Company clinton Keith Reconductor Project Overhead Section Riverside County, California	Jones & Stokes	
RI-07228	Submitter - Jones & Stokes Contract No. 00514.07	2007	Moreno, Adrian Sanchez	Archeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison Company: Clinton Keith Reconductor Project Underground Section in Riverside County, California	Jones & Stokes	
RI-07250		2007	de Barros, Philip	Phase I Archaeological Assessment of Palomar Plaza a 2.43-Acre Parcel at Palomar Street and Kilgore Land in the Community of Wildomar, Riverside County, California		
RI-07251	Submitter - GTI130	2002	Curt Duke	Cultural Resource Assessment: AT&T Wireless Services Facility No. 08035A, Riverside County, California	LSA Associates	

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RI-07378	Submitter - CRM TECH Contract No. 2108	2007	Tang, Bai "Tom" and Michael Hogan	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report: Tentative Tract Map 33840 Near the Community of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	
RI-07408		2006	Keller, Jean A.	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of PAR #788 Crossroads Apartments, +- 23.19 Acres of Land in Wildomar, Riverside County, California, USGS Murrieta, California Quadrangle, 7.5' Series	Author	
RI-07525	Submitter - KPA-03-273	2008	Crull, Scott	A Archaeological Mitigation-Monitoring Report for PM 32159, with APNS: 380-170-019 & -20- A +_ 13.11-Acre Parcel Located in the Murrieta Area, Riverside County, California	L&L Environmental, Inc., Corona, CA	
RI-07577		2007	Moreno, Sara	A Phase I Archaeological Assessment for the Baxter Road Project, Riverside County, California, APN 367-300-003	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-07578		2008	Lord, Kenneth J.	Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment Catt Road Project, Wildomar Area, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-07593	Other - Contract No. 00104.08	2008	Tsunoda, Koji and Joshua D. Patterson	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison Company O&M -- Wildomar Service Center Fiber Optic Cables Project, on the Nutmeg 12 kV Circuit Riverside County, California	Jones and Stokes	
RI-07597		2008	Smith, Brian F.	Letter Report: Addendum to the Bear Creek Plaza, Wildomar Square cultural resources report; CUP 03504R1-FTA 2007-28; APNs 380-110-023, -024, -027, -028, and 380-230-001.	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-07598		2007	Clowery-Moreno, Sara and Brian F. Smith	A Phase I Archaeological Assessment for the Wildomar Square Project, Riverside County, California, APN 380-230-001	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-07600	Submitter - CRM Tech Contract No. 2202	2008	Bai "Tom" Tang, Clarence Bodmer, Daniel Ballester, and Laura Shaker	Phase I Archaeological Assessment: Assessor's Parcel No. 380-290-003, 36125 Jana Lane, Wildomar Area, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	
RI-07663		2006	Smith, B.	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE WILDOMAR ANIMAL SHELTER PROJECT	BRIAN F. SMITH AND ASSOCIATES	

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RI-07677	Other - Contract No.: #01128.07; Other - SCE 2007 CWA 93	2008	Tsunoda, Koji	ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT FOR SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA EDISON COMPANY O&M-NEXUS RESIDENTIAL PROJECT ON THE NUTMEG 12kV CIRCUIT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA (WO#6277-6784, AI#K-6757)	Jones & Stokes, San Diego, CA	33-016988
RI-07680		2006	Rosenberg, Seth A. and Brian F. Smith	A PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT FOR THE BEAR CREEK PLAZA PHASE II PROJECT, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-07789		2008	Carolyn E. Kyle	Cultural Resource Survey for the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District Phase I Recycled Water System, Riverside County, California	Kyle Consulting	
RI-07791	Submitter - Contract No: 2184	2008	Eddy, John J. and Daniel Ballester	PHASE I ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT: ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NO. 363-250-014, SEDCO HILLS AREA, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-07797	Submitter - Contract No. 01128.07	2008	Tsunoda, Koji	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison Company O&M-Nexus Residential Project: Additional Survey for the Replacement of One Pole (#2228150E) on the Nutmeg 12 kV Circuit Riverside County, California (WO# 6377-6753, AI# X-6731)	ICF Jones & Stokes	
RI-07822	Submitter - 36302124.02124	2007	URS Corporation	Cultural Resources Report for the Verizon Wireless Project "The Farm"	URS Corporation	
RI-07852		2007	Smith Francesca G. and Caprice D. (Kip) Harper	Built-Environment Historic Resources Technical Memorandum for Bundy Canyon-Scott Road Improvement Project	PARSONS	33-007706, 33-016712, 33-017106, 33-017107, 33-017108, 33-017109, 33-017182
RI-07886	Submitter - CRM TECH Contract #1927	2006	Bai Tang and Michael Hogan	Photo Recordation of Historic Buildings Rudolph J. Brown Ranch, 22060 Grand Ave. Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM TECH	33-007808
RI-07920	Submitter - CRM TECH Contract No. 2273	2008	Tang, Bai, Dierdre Encarnacion, and Daniel Ballester	Phase I Archaeological Assessment: Assessor's Parcel Nos. 367-100-019 and -020, CUP 03403, City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM TECH	33-013170
RI-08172		2003	Riordan Goodwin	Letter Report: Results of the Cultural Resource Management Compliance Review and Paleontological Resources Assessment for the Oak Creek Apartments Parcel Riverside County, California	LSA Associates	33-011434, 33-011435, 33-011436

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RI-08419		2001	Laurie S. White	Letter Report: Records Search Results for Sprint PCS Facility RV54XC511D (Hilltop Ham), Wildomar, Riverside County, California.	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-08479	Other - SCE JO No. 5877-0468; Other - SCE Purchase Order Number: Q1017910	2007	Christopher Doolittle and Susan Hogan-Conrad	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison's Tenaja Substation City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Earth Tech, Inc.	
RI-08480	Other - SCE Purchase Order Number: Q1017910; Other - SCE Work Order Number: 6077-2318 J-2267	2007	Susan Hogan-Conrad and Christopher J. Doolittle	Archaeological Survey Report Southern California Edison Operations and Maintenance Program Brehm Company Line Extension Survey. City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Earth Tech, Inc.	
RI-08510	Other - SCE Purchase Order Number: 4500179336; Other - WO 6026-4800, J-4815	2010	Linda Honey	Archaeological Survey Report for Southern California Edison's Poles Replacement Project: Menifee, Riverside County, California	Chambers Group, Inc.	
RI-08564		2010	Beth Padon	Archival Report for Cultural and Paleontological Resources: City of Menifee, Riverside, California	Discovery Works, Inc.	33-007708, 33-007714
RI-08680	Other - SCE Purchase Order Number: 4500179336; Other - Wos 6088-4811 and 6088-4800/4824	2011	Jay K. Sander	Archaeological Survey Report For Southern California Edison's Deteriorated Poles Project: Murrieta and Unincorporated Riverside County, California; WOs 6088-4800/1-4811 and 6088-4800/1-4824	Chambers Groups, Inc.	
RI-08723		2011	Rebecca S. Orfila	Archaeological Survey for the Southern California Edison Company: Replacement of Five Deteriorated Power Poles	RSO Consulting	
RI-08726		2011	Robert J Wlodarski	proposed AT&T Wireless Telecommunications Site RS0275 (Wildomar) located at 25125 Clinton Keith Road, Wildomar, California 92595	Cellular, Archaeological, Resource Evaluations	
RI-08769		2011	Carla Allred	Letter Report: Proposed Cellular Tower Project(s) in Riverside County, California, Site Number(s)/Name(s): LA5647A/ Palomar TMO Colo TCNS# 76331	EarthTouch, Inc.	

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RI-08770		2011	Jay K. Sanders	Archaeological Survey Report for SCE's Idle Facilities Removal Project	TD# 525428	
RI-08859	Submitter - CRM Tech Contract No. 2627A	2012	Bai "Tom" Tang, Michael Hogan, Daniel Ballester, Terri Jacquemain, and Nina Gallardo	Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Report Assessor's Parcel No. 380-350-022, City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	33-003405, 33-007804, 33-007812, 33-008173, 33-008652, 33-008653, 33-008654, 33-008948, 33-008949, 33-011434, 33-011435, 33-011436, 33-013913, 33-015304, 33-015305, 33-016988, 33-017366
RI-08934	Submitter - Contract No. 2717	2013	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey, Assessor's Parcel Nos. 376-410-013, -022, and -023 (Westpark Project), City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	33-008173
RI-08935	Submitter - Contract No. 2716	2013	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey, Assessor's Parcel No. 380-290-029(Siena Apartments Project), City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	
RI-08939	Submitter - Contract No. 2730	2013	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey, Tentative Tract Map 33840; Assessor's Parcel No. 376-043-027, City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	
RI-09021		2013	Robert Cunningham, Wendy Jones, Evelyn N. Chandler, and Roger Mason	Cultural Resources Investigation Results of the Marshalling Yard Survey, Access Road Survey, and Supplemental 115kV Transmission Line Survey in Support of the Alberhill Substation, Riverside County, California	ECORP CONSULTING, INC.	33-003308, 33-012067, 33-015743, 33-019925, 33-021068, 33-021069, 33-021162
RI-09039	Submitter - Job No. 09-13-11-1640	2013	Jeanette A. McKenna and Richard S. Shepard,	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES INVESTIGATION OF THE WILDOMAR WALMART SUPERSTORE PROJECT AREA IN THE CITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	McKENNA et al.	
RI-09060		2013	Jean A. Keller	A PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT OF TENTATIVE TRACT MAP 36388, APN 362-070-001, 003, 006, 013, 018, 021,023, 024; 362-080-004,005,007,008,012,015; 362-090-009	Cultural Resources Consultant	33-001256, 33-015958

Report List

Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-09066		2012	Tracy A. Stropes and Brian F. Smith	PHASE I CULTURAL RESOURCES SURVEY FOR THE WILDOMAR 23 PROJECT CITY OF WILDOMAR, COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, Assessor's Parcel Numbers: 380-280-004, and 380-280-008 through -012	Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc.	
RI-09159		2013	Jennifer R. Kraft and Tracy Stropes	Phase 1 Cultural Resources Survey for the Orange Street Project City of Wildomar, County of Riverside	Brain F Smith and Associates, Inc.	
RI-09208		2014	Carrie D. Wills	Cultural Resources Records Search and Site Visit Results for Verizon Wireless Candidate 'Refa', Gruwell Street, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	First Carbon Solutions	
RI-09229		2014	Michael Hogan	Update of an Historical/ Archaeological Resources Survey Tentative Tract Map 32035; Assessor's Parcel Nos. 380-040-005, -007, -012, and -025 In the City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	CRM Tech	33-023939
RI-09289		2014	Jean A. Keller	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of APN 380-170-020 23151 Palomar Street, Wildomar, California	Jean A. Keller	
RI-09291		2014	Jean A. Keller	A Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of Public Use Permit 778, Revised Permit No. 5 APN 367-210-008, 018, 034, 035, 039, 041, 043 and 367-140-008	Jean A. Keller	
RI-09295		2014	David Brunzell	Letter Report: Native American Consultation Correspondence for the Catt Cellular Communications New Tower Project, Wildomar, Riverside County, California (BCR Consulting Project No. TRF1402)	BCR Consulting	
RI-09325		2012	Jean A. Keller	A Phase II Cultural Resources Test Investigation of Archaeological Site CA-RIV-8282 Located Within The Boundaries of Tentative Tract Map 36388; City of Wildomar Riverside County, California Township 6 South, Range 3 West, Section 19, SBM USGS Romoland, California Quadrangle, 7.5' Series	Jean Keller	33-008282

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-09418		2015	Brian F. Smith, George L. Kennedy, and Todd A. Wirths	Paleontological, Archaeological, and Native American Monitoring Report, 34915 Orange Street (Tract 36519), City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California (APN 367-170-029)	Brian F. Smith and Associates Inc.	
RI-09427		2015	Tracy A. Stropes and Brian F. Smith	A Class III Archaeological Study for the Parkside Project for Section 106 Compliance, Riverside County, California (APNs 380-280-004 and 380-280-009 through -012)	Brian F. Smith and Associates Inc.	
RI-09441		2012	David Brunzell	Cultural Resources Assessment, Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District, Waite Street Reservoir and Pipeline Project, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	BCR Consulting	
RI-09443		2012	David Brunzell	Cultural Resources Assessment Clinton Keith/Prielipp Property, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	BCR Consulting	
RI-09499		2016	Josh Smallwood	Architectural Survey of Assessor Parcel Numbers (APNs) 369-021-031, -035, -036, -039, and -044 and Evaluation of a Historic-period Residence and Associated Structures on APN 369-021-035, in the City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Applied EarthWorks	33-024864
RI-09524		2012	David Brunzell	Cultural Resources Assessment Baxter Property Wildomar, Riverside County, California	BCR Consulting	
RI-09759		2015	Don C. Perez	Archaeological Sensitivity Assessment Banbury/ Ensie #26934 (290506) 22800 Grand Avenue Wildomar, Riverside County, California 92595 EBI Project #6115004284	EBI Consulting	
RI-09783		2014	Brian F. Smith	Results of Archaeological Monitoring at the North Ranch Project, Tentative Tract Map No. 32535, City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California (Negative Archaeological Monitoring Report)	Brian F. Smith & Associates	
RI-09798	Other - TR 36497	2016	Brian F. Smith and Jennifer R. Kraft	Cultural Resources Monitoring Report for the Briarwood Project, TR 36497, Wildomar, California	Brian F. Smith & Associates	
RI-09883		2016	Bai "Tom" Tang	Update to Historical/ Archaeological Resources Survey Assessor's Parcel No. 380-290-003 City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California CRM TECH Contract 3104	CRM TECH	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-09884	Other - CRM TECH Contract 3104B	2016	Bai "Tom" Tang	Addendum to Historical/ Archeological Resources Survey Big East RV and Boat Storage Facility Project (Conditional Use Permit 16-0095)	CRM TECH	
RI-09911		2005	Wayne H. Bonner and Marnie Aislin-Kay	Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for T-Mobile Telecommunications Facility Candidate IE05295A (SC295 First Presgbyterian Church), 33122 Grape Street, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-09967		2016	Stephen P. Anderson and Brian F. Smith	Phase 1 Cultural Resources Survey for the Bundy Canyon Project City of Wildomar, California APNs 367-100-018, -021, -025, -029, and -031	Brian F. Smith & Associates	
RI-10077		2018	Jennifer Roland	Phase I Investigation for the Verizon Wireless Jaro Tower Installation Project, Wildomar, Riverside, California	NWB Enviornmental Services, LLC	
RI-10113	Other - RBF1610	2016	DAVID BRUNZELL	CULTURAL RESOURCES ASSESSMENT FAITH BIBLE CHURCH PROJECT WILDOMAR RIVERSIDE COUNTY CALIFORNIA	BCRCONSULTING	33-015306
RI-10230	Other - NEXTEL COLO-CLINTON KEITH SITE; Other - SB-172-01	2002	DON LEWIS	CULTURAL RESOURCE ASSESSMENT PREPARED FOR: COLLEEN DOOLEY CINGULAR WIRELESS SB-172-01, NEXTEL COLO-CLINTON KEITH ROAD, 25125 CLINTON KEITH ROAD WILDOMAR, CA 92595	THE ALARIS GROUP, LLC	
RI-10290	Other - ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NOS. 367-140-008, 367-140-010, 367-140-012	2017	BAI "TOM" TANG, DEIRDRE ENCARNACION, DANIEL BALLESTER, and NINA GALLARDO	HISTORICAL/ARCHAEOLOGICAL RESOURCES SURVEY REPORT: ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NOS. 367-140-008, -010 AND -012, CITY OF WILDOMAR, RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA	CRM TECH	
RI-10305		2018	Bai "Tom" Tang	Addendum to Phase I Historical/Archaeological Resources Survey Village at Monte Vista Project City of Wildomar, Riverside County, California CRM TECH Project Number 3278/3341	CRM TECH	
RI-10398		2018	Andrew J. Garrison and Brain F. Smith	A Cultural Resource Assessment for the St. Frances of Rome Project	Brian F. Smith & Associates	
RI-10489		2016	Kyle Garcia	Camelia Residential Development Project Phase 1 Cultural Resources Assesment	ESA PCR	

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Report No.	Other IDs	Year	Author(s)	Title	Affiliation	Resources
RI-10508	Other - SB-174-01	2002	Don Lewis	Cultural Resource Assessment SB-174-01	The Alaris Group, LLC	
RI-10517	Other - IE04635-C Bear Creek Storage	2010	Wayne H. Bonner and Arabesque Said	Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for T-Mobile USA Candidate IE04635-C (Bear Creek Storage), 32575 Clinton Keith Road, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-10530		2009	Laura S. White and Robert S. White	Phase I Cultural Resources Assessment of the Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District Wildomar Recycled Water System Phase 1 - Off-Site Facilities Project, Riverside County	Arcaheological Associates	
RI-10555		2010	Robert J. Wlodarski	Record Seach Results for the proposed AT&T Wireless Telecommunications Site RS0006 (Outhuijse) 33805 Cherry Street, Wildomar, California 92595	Cellular, Archaeological, Resource, Evaluations (C.A.R.E.)	
RI-10566	Other - STR1202	2015	David Brunzell	Cultural Resources Assessment Clinton Keith Property (Grove Park Project) Wildomar, Riverside County, California	BCRConsulting LLC	
RI-10602		2005	Marnie Aislin-Kay	Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for Cingular Telecommunications Facility Candidate SB-- 174-01 (RS-047-01) Busch Land, 24240 Bundy Canyon Road, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-10610		2005	Wayne H. Bonner and Marnie Aislin-Kay	Cultural Resource Records Search and Site Visit Results for T-Mobile Telecommunications Facility Candidate IE04709 (SC236 Booster Station), 21422 Palomar Street, Wildomar, Riverside County, California	Michael Brandman Associates	
RI-10768		2019	Brian F. Smith	Cultural Resources Monitoring Report for the Monte Vista Ranch Project (Tentative Tract Map 32024), city of Wildomar, Riverside County, California (APNs 367-140-007 and - 011)	Brian F. Smith and Associate, Inc.	
RI-10773		2019	Brian F. Smith	Cultural Resource Monitoring Report for the Monte Vista Ranch Project	Brian F. Smith and Associates	
RI-10793		2016	Kristina Davison and Mary Robbins-Wade	Wildomar Crossings Retail Development Project Cultural Resources Survery Report	HELIX Environmental Planning, Inc.	

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Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-33-001256	CA-RIV-001256	Other - UCRARU #76-2	Site	Prehistoric	AP04	1973 (S. Hammond, ARU)	RI-00108, RI-09060
P-33-001257	CA-RIV-001257	Other - UCRARU #76-3	Site	Prehistoric	AP04; AP15	1973 (J. R. Smith, UCR ARU)	RI-00108, RI-04390
P-33-001643	CA-RIV-001643		Site	Prehistoric		1979 (M.C. Hall and J.P. Barker)	
P-33-001999	CA-RIV-001999			Prehistoric		1980 (S. Bouscaren)	RI-00985
P-33-002001	CA-RIV-002001			Prehistoric		1980 (S. Bouscaren)	RI-00985
P-33-002042	CA-RIV-002042		Site	Prehistoric		1980 (Jean A. Salpas)	RI-01089
P-33-002767	CA-RIV-002767			Prehistoric, Historic		1984 (Daniel F. McCarthy, Archaeological Research Unit, UC Riverside, Riverside, CA.); 1994 (Bruce Love and Steve Moffit, CRM TECH, Riverside, CA.); 2003 (Josh Smallwood); 2004 (John J. Eddy)	RI-01769, RI-03757, RI-04658, RI-06248, RI-06345
P-33-002768	CA-RIV-002768			Prehistoric		1984 (Daniel F. McCarthy)	RI-01769
P-33-002769	CA-RIV-002769			Prehistoric		1984 (Daniel F. McCarthy)	RI-01767, RI-01768, RI-01769
P-33-003413	CA-RIV-003413	Other - Project: The Farm- Secondary Highway Access	Site	Prehistoric	AP02; AP04	1988 (C.E. Drover and E.A. Jackson, Jr., n/a)	RI-02283, RI-04298
P-33-003956	CA-RIV-003956	Other - UCRARU #76-1; Other - Sunset Ridge Project Area	Site	Prehistoric, Historic	AH04; AP02; AP04	1973 (J. R. Smith, UCR); 1987 (Joan Brown and Ronald M. Bissell, RMW Paleo Associates); 2002 (McKenna, McKenna et al.)	RI-00109, RI-04298, RI-04390, RI-04938, RI-05058
P-33-004154	CA-RIV-004154	Other - N-1		Prehistoric		1990 (Arch. Associates, Archaeological Associates, P.O. Box 180, Sun City, California 92381)	RI-03052
P-33-004722	CA-RIV-004722	Other - ARU # 1175-1		Historic		1992 (B. Love, Archaeological Research Unit)	RI-03458
P-33-004725	CA-RIV-004725	Other - Tunstall East		Prehistoric		1989 (Robert S. White, Archaeological Associates)	RI-02888
P-33-004726	CA-RIV-004726	Other - Tunstall West		Prehistoric		1989 (Robert S. White, Archaeological Associates)	RI-02888
P-33-007157		Other - Ser. No. 33-2330-17	Building	Historic	HP02; HP06; HP34	1982 (Theresa Borchard, RIV. Co. Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007182		Other - Ser. No. 33-23300-42	Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (Pat Meredith, Riverside County Historical Commission)	

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Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-33-007231		Other - Ser. No. 33-2330-91	Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (Theresa Borchard, Riverside County Historical Commission)	
P-33-007420		Other - Billy Frank Home	Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (L.M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007783				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007784				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007785				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007804		Other - Schwartz House; Other - Ser. No. 33-2395-6; Other - CRM TECH 893-1H	Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (Marna O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.); 2002 (Teresa Woodard, CRM TECH)	RI-05921, RI-06245, RI-08859
P-33-007805		Other - Robinson House; Other - Heald Ranch; Other - Ser. No. 33-2395-7	Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (Marna O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007806			Building	Historic	HP02	1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007807				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007808				Historic		1982 (O'Brien, Marna, Riverside County Historical Commission); 2004 (Ostashay, Jan and Peter Moruzzi, PCR Services Corp., Irvine); 2006 (Smallwood, Josh and Thomas J. Melzer, CRM TECH)	RI-07886, RI-08170
P-33-007809				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007810		Other - Iodine Springs; Other - Ser. No. 33-2395-12	Building	Historic	HP02; HP06	1982 (Theresa Borchard, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007811				Historic		1982 (M. O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	
P-33-007812		Other - Ser. No. 33-2395-1	Building	Historic	HP06	1982 (Marna O'Brien, Riverside County Historical Comm.)	RI-05921, RI-06245, RI-08859
P-33-007881		Other - Warm Springs 1	Site	Prehistoric	AP04	0101 (Joan Brown & Ronald Bissell, RMW Paleo Associates)	RI-00109

Resource List

Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-33-008173	CA-RIV-006070H	Other - CRM TECH 311-1H; Other - CRM TECH 2717	Other	Historic	AH03	1998 (Bruce Love, CRM TECH, Riverside, CA); 2013 (Daniel Ballester, CRM TECH)	RI-03341, RI-04390, RI-08859, RI-08934
P-33-008652	CA-RIV-006168	Other - CK-1/CK-2	Site	Prehistoric	AP02	1999 (Sue Wade, Heritage Resources, Ramona, CA)	RI-04297, RI-04390, RI-08859
P-33-008653	CA-RIV-006169	Other - CK-A	Site	Prehistoric	AP02	1999 (Sue Wade, Heritage Resources, Ramona, CA)	RI-08859
P-33-008654		Other - CK-3	Site	Historic	AH04	1999 (Sue Wade, Heritage Resources, Ramona, CA)	RI-04297, RI-08859
P-33-008948		Other - Mac-11	Other	Prehistoric	AP02	1999 (Joan Brown, Dave Stevens, and David Ferraro, RMW Paleo Associates)	RI-05181, RI-08859
P-33-008949	CA-RIV-006350	Other - Mac-1	Site	Prehistoric	AP02; AP08	1999 (Joan Brown, Dave Stevens, and David Ferraro, RMW Paleo Associates Incorporated)	RI-04350, RI-04390, RI-05181, RI-08859
P-33-009641	CA-RIV-006440		Site	Prehistoric			RI-04382
P-33-010986		Other - BW-I-1	Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2000 (N. Harris, HDR)	RI-04877
P-33-011434	CA-RIV-006821	Other - GLR 02-1-1	Site	Prehistoric	AP02; AP11	2002 (Mark C. Robinson, Great Lakes Research)	RI-04470, RI-05216, RI-08172, RI-08859
P-33-011435		Other - GLR-ISO-2002-1	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2002 (Mark C. Robinson, Great Lakes Research)	RI-04470, RI-08172, RI-08859
P-33-011436		Other - GLR-ISO-2002-2	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2002 (Mark C. Robinson, Great Lakes Research)	RI-04470, RI-08172, RI-08859
P-33-011624		Other - Warm Springs II	Structure	Historic	AH05	1966 (Joan Brown and Ronald M. Bissell, RMW Paleo Associates)	RI-00109
P-33-012289		Other - RBF-156-01	Building	Historic	HP02	2002 (Richard S. Shepard, Bon Terra Consulting)	RI-04608
P-33-012770		Other - Site No. SA	Site	Prehistoric	AP04	1982 (L.L. Bowles, none)	RI-01620
P-33-012815			Other	Historic			
P-33-013170		Other - J&R-1	Building	Historic	HP02	2003 (David M. Van Horn, Archaeological Associates)	RI-07920
P-33-013503		Other - Site No. SA MF 1715	Site	Prehistoric	AP16	1982 (L. L. Bowles, n/a)	RI-01620
P-33-013515			Other	Prehistoric			RI-02438

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Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-33-014778	CA-RIV-007866			Prehistoric, Historic		2005 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech); 2006 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech)	RI-06594, RI-06595
P-33-014779	CA-RIV-007867			Prehistoric		2005 (Smallwood, Josh and Daniel Ballester, CRM Tech); 2006 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech)	RI-06594, RI-06595
P-33-014780	CA-RIV-007868			Prehistoric		2005 (Smallwood, Josh and Daniel Ballester, CRM Tech); 2006 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech)	RI-06592, RI-06593
P-33-014781	CA-RIV-007869			Historic		2005 (Smallwood, Josh and Daniel Ballester, CRM Tech)	RI-06592
P-33-014782	CA-RIV-007870			Historic		2005 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech)	RI-06592
P-33-014783				Prehistoric		2005 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech); 2006 (Smallwood, Josh, CRM Tech)	RI-06592, RI-06593
P-33-014891		Other - W-1 Ranch Complex; Other - Former property of Howard Wilson	Building, Structure	Historic	HP02; HP30; HP32; HP33	2005 (Hunt, Kevin, Steve O'Neil, and Jim Clifford, SWCA Environmental Consultants); 2009 (Ecorp Consulting, Ecorp Consulting)	RI-05355
P-33-015304		Other - Isolate-1	Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2006 (Lapin, Philippe and Adam Sriro, Southern California Edison)	RI-06827, RI-08859
P-33-015305		Other - Isolate-2	Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2006 (Lapin, Philippe and Adam Sriro, Southern California Edison)	RI-06827, RI-08859
P-33-015306	CA-RIV-008081	Other - LSA-OKE-0601-H-1	Site	Historic	AH04	2006 (Goodwin, Riordan and Gini Austerman, LSA Associates, Inc.)	RI-06737, RI-10113
P-33-015665	CA-RIV-008163	Other - AE-BCN-1H	Site	Historic	AH04	2006 (M. Linder, T. Kennedy, and K. Jernigan, Applied EarthWorks, Inc.)	
P-33-015666	CA-RIV-008164	Other - AE-BCN-2H	Site	Historic	AH04	2006 (M. Linder, T. Kennedy, and K. Jernigan, Applied EarthWorks, Inc.)	
P-33-015669		Other - AE-BCN-ISO-2	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2006 (T. Kennedy, K. Jernigan, and M. Linder, Applied EarthWorks, Inc.)	
P-33-015670		Other - AE-BCN-ISO-3	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2006 (T. Kennedy, K. Jernigan, and M. Linder, Applied EarthWorks, Inc.)	
P-33-015958	CA-RIV-008282	Other - AE-BCN-4	Site	Prehistoric	AP02	2007 (C. Bouscaren, C. Cisneros, Applied EarthWorks, Hemet, CA)	RI-09060

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Primary No.	Trinomial	Other IDs	Type	Age	Attribute codes	Recorded by	Reports
P-33-015994		Other - Sedco Tract 1, Lot 12; Other - Heathner Residential Complex	Building	Historic	AH02; AH04; HP02; HP06	2005 (MBA, MBA); 2013 (Jeanette A McKenna, Dept of Parks and Rec/McKenna et al)	
P-33-015995			Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2005 (Aislin-Kay, Marnie, MBA)	
P-33-015996			Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2005 (Aislin-Kay, Marnie, MBA)	
P-33-016988	CA-RIV-008848	Other - 2007CWA93-01		Historic		2008 (Tsunoda, Koji, Jones & Stokes)	RI-07677, RI-08859
P-33-017106		Other - 33890 Cherry Street (No. 1)	Building	Historic	HP02	2007 (Caprice D. (Kip) Harper and Smith, Francesca, Parsons)	RI-07852
P-33-017107		Other - 23690 Bundy Canyon Road (No. 48)		Historic		2007 (Caprice D. (Kip) Harper, Parsons); 2007 (Smith, Francesca, Parsons)	RI-07852
P-33-017309		Other - 22220 Bundy Canyon Road	Building	Historic	HP06	2006 (Bai "Tom" Tang and Terri Jacquemain, CRM TECH)	RI-06596
P-33-017366	CA-RIV-009024	Other - APN's 380-250-011; Other - Temp 1 20370013	Site	Prehistoric	AP02	2008 (Dice, Michael, Michael Brandman Associates)	RI-08859
P-33-019926		Other - CWA 60-2	Object	Historic	AH06; AH10	2009 (C. Cotterman and D. Ballester, ECORP Consulting)	
P-33-020991		Other - Oak Springs Ranch	Building, Structure	Historic	HP33	2012 (Casey Tibbet, Riordan Goodwin, LSA Associates, Inc)	
P-33-023939	CA-RIV-011760	Other - CRM Tech 2818-1	Site	Historic	AH06	2014 (Michael Hogan, CRM TECH)	RI-09229
P-33-024798		Other - STR1202-I-1	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2012 (David Brunzell and Jon Spenard, BCR Consulting)	
P-33-024819	CA-RIV-012308	Other - Temp-1	Site	Prehistoric	AP02	2015 (David Grabski, Jennifer Kraft, Brian F. Smith and Associates, Inc.)	
P-33-024864		Other - Wong parcel, 22940 Palomar Street	Building, Structure	Historic	HP02; HP33	2016 (Josh Smallwood, Applied EarthWorks, Inc.)	RI-09499
P-33-028131		Other - LSA-JTM1801-S-1	Other	Prehistoric	AP16	2018 (Riordan Goodwin, LSA Associates, Inc.)	
P-33-028202		Other - Oak Circle Road BRM	Site	Prehistoric	AP04	2011 (REBECCA S ORFILA, RSO CONSULTING)	
P-33-028890		Other - Reburied Artifacts	Other	Prehistoric	AP02	2019 (Patrick Maxon, VCS Enviornmental)	