

**Summary Form for Electronic Document Submittal****Form F**

Lead agencies may include 15 hardcopies of this document when submitting electronic copies of Environmental Impact Reports, Negative Declarations, Mitigated Negative Declarations, or Notices of Preparation to the State Clearinghouse (SCH). The SCH also accepts other summaries, such as EIR Executive Summaries prepared pursuant to CEQA Guidelines Section 15123. Please include one copy of the Notice of Completion Form (NOC) with your submission and attach the summary to each electronic copy of the document.

SCH #: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Title: Orland-Artois Water District Annexation, Sphere of Influence Update, and Infrastructure ProjectLead Agency: Orland-Artois Water DistrictContact Name: Emil Cavagnolo, General ManagerEmail: ecavagnolo@oawd.org Phone Number: (530) 865-4304Project Location: Orland Glenn County  
*City* *County*

Project Description (Proposed actions, location, and/or consequences).

Please see attached project description.

Identify the project's significant or potentially significant effects and briefly describe any proposed mitigation measures that would reduce or avoid that effect.

Please see attached MMRP.

If applicable, describe any of the project's areas of controversy known to the Lead Agency, including issues raised by agencies and the public.

No known areas of controversy.

Provide a list of the responsible or trustee agencies for the project.

No known responsible or trustee agencies for the project.

# PROJECT BACKGROUND

## Project Title

Orland-Artois Water District Annexation, Sphere of Influence Update, and Infrastructure Project

## Lead Agency Name and Address

Orland-Artois Water District  
6505 County Road 27  
Orland, CA 95963

## Contact Person and Phone Number

### Lead Agency Contact

Emil Cavagnolo, General Manager  
(530) 865-4304  
[ecavagnolo@oawd.org](mailto:ecavagnolo@oawd.org)

### CEQA Consultant

Provost & Pritchard Consulting Group  
Dena Giacomini, Environmental Project Manager  
(661) 616-5900 Ext. 710

## Project Location

The Project is located in Glenn County, California, approximately 78 miles northwest of Sacramento and 55 miles south of Redding.

## General Plan Designation and Zoning

Due to the Project's large scope, Project lands contain various general plan land use and zoning designations.

*Note: Due to the Glenn County General Plan update that was completed in July 2023, updated GIS shapefiles representing the updates and changes in land use designation across the County are currently not available. However, updated data is actively being pursued and should be available upon request during the 30-day review period by contacting the person(s) identified in the Notice of Intent. In addition, once available, the updated General Plan Land Use designation map for the Project area will be uploaded to the State Clearinghouse in the same location that this IS/MND for public review once it is available.*

## Description of Project

### Project Background and Purpose

The District is a United States Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) water contractor within the Sacramento Division of the Central Valley Project (CVP) in California. The District was formed in 1954 and began water

deliveries in 1977. The District currently serves approximately 29,000 acres using 110 miles of pipeline and over three hundred (300) metered deliveries in the Orland and Artois area within the Sacramento Valley. The District receives water from eight diversions located off the CVP Tehama-Colusa Canal (TCC). The TCC commences as a diversion from the Sacramento River in Red Bluff and ends in Dunnigan, about 120 miles south. The District has a contract with Reclamation for 53,000 acre-feet (AF) of water annually. The amount of water received via the contract can be reduced depending on water availability. While the District does deliver a small amount of municipal and industrial water to users within its service area, the District water is used primarily for agricultural irrigation purposes.

A group of landowners in the vicinity of the District are seeking annexation of approximately 11,000 acres (lands) into the District boundary to receive supplemental surface water for agricultural purposes. Currently, these lands do not have access to surface water, and thus the crop demand is being met through pumped groundwater. The proposed annexed lands are primarily located in areas surrounded by District lands. All proposed annexed lands are currently farmed, and the annexation would not result in newly established farmed lands.

The proposed Project includes the annexation of approximately 100 parcels into the District boundary. To support the annexation, the proposed Project also includes a Sphere of Influence (SOI) integrating the subject parcels within the SOI of the District. The proposed SOI update and annexation for OAWD would not be growth inducing as OAWD will only provide water for agricultural purposes to existing agricultural parcels. The Glenn Local Agency Formation Commission (Glenn LAFCO) is the approving agency for the proposed annexation and SOI update and is a responsible agency with regards to this environmental review pursuant to the CEQA.

To comply with the California Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA) requirements, acquired and delivered surface water will prove to be a vital supplement to existing groundwater supplies.

The proposed annexed lands would be categorized as subordinate lands and would have secondary access to certain District CVP supplies based on availability. Some of the proposed annexed lands are on the periphery of the District service area and would need new infrastructure to receive water. Said infrastructure would include new diversions off the TCC and subsequent water conveyance pipelines and metered farm turnouts.

## **Project Description**

As discussed above, the proposed Project includes annexation of 11,000 acres into the District boundary. To accomplish the annexation, the District, on behalf of the proposed annexed landowners, would apply to the Glenn LAFCO.

The proposed Project would also include infrastructure needed to deliver water to the newly annexed parcels. The infrastructure components would include seven (7) turnouts (with pumps) on the TCC; twenty-four (24) new farm turnout locations; two (2) new pump stations (approximate capacity of 30 cubic-feet-per-second) added to existing pipelines; and approximately eight (8) miles of new pipeline.

Designed facility capacities are based on projected peak demands and available topographical information. The proposed infrastructure would be constructed on either newly annexed private landowners' property, existing District landowners' property, Reclamation land adjacent to the TCC, on other private lands, and adjacent to and across several Glenn County roads. Spoils from infrastructure excavations would be managed on site and used as pipe backfill. No spoil material will be exported. The pipeline diameter would range from eight (8) to thirty (30) inches. Steel casing pipe may be used in areas where the exposed pipe passes through the TCC bank. Steel casing pipe diameter would be thirty (30) inches or smaller.

The maximum depth of ground disturbance for pipelines and farm turnouts would be nine (9) feet, while the booster pump stations would have a maximum depth of eighteen (18) feet. Each construction area would contain temporary staging areas for construction equipment lay-down.

Annexed lands will be considered Class 2 District users with the existing Class 1 District users taking precedence with respect to CVP District contracted water supplies.

### **Construction Schedule**

Construction is anticipated to last approximately 21 months, taking place between August 2024 and April 2026.

### **Equipment**

Vehicles and equipment required for construction include, but are not limited to, excavators, trucks, concrete trucks, cranes, and miscellaneous equipment (e.g., pneumatic tools, generators, and portable air compressors).

### **Operation and Maintenance**

The operation and maintenance (O&M) of the Project would be consistent with that of the District's other similar facilities. O&M would take place on an as-needed basis in the event that facilities are damaged or otherwise not operating as intended.

# CHAPTER 5 MITIGATION, MONITORING, AND REPORTING PROGRAM

This Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) has been formulated based upon the findings of the Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND) for the Project in Glenn County. The MMRP lists mitigation measures recommended in the IS/MND for the Project and identifies monitoring and reporting requirements.

**Table 5-1: Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting** Program presents the mitigation measures identified for the Project. Each mitigation measure is numbered with a symbol indicating the topical section to which it pertains, a hyphen, and the impact number. For example, BIO-2 would be the second mitigation measure identified in the Biological Resources analysis of this IS/MND.

The first column of **Table 5-1: Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting** Program identifies the mitigation measure. The second column, entitled “When Monitoring is to Occur,” identifies the time the mitigation measure should be initiated. The third column, “Frequency of Monitoring,” identifies the frequency of the monitoring of the mitigation measure. The fourth column, “Agency Responsible for Monitoring,” names the party ultimately responsible for ensuring that the mitigation measure is implemented. The last columns will be used by the Lead and Responsible Agencies to ensure that individual mitigation measures have been complied with and monitored.

**Table 5-1: Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program**

Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program						
Item	Mitigation Measure	When Monitoring is to Occur	Frequency of Monitoring	Agency Responsible for Monitoring	Method to Verify Compliance	Verification of Compliance
<b>Biological Resources</b>						
<b>BIO-1</b>	(Worker Environmental Awareness Training): Prior to initiating construction activities (including staging and mobilization), all personnel associated with Project construction will receive mandatory Worker Environmental Awareness Program (WEAP) training, conducted by a qualified biologist, to aid workers in identifying special status resources that may occur in the Project area. This training may be attended in-person, virtually, or recorded and reviewed prior to the start of construction. The specifics of this program will include identification of the sensitive species and suitable habitats, a description of the regulatory status and general ecological characteristics of sensitive resources, and review of the limits of construction and mitigation measures required to reduce impacts to biological resources within the work area. This training will discuss special status species, describe the laws and regulations in place to provide protection of these species, identify the penalties for violation of applicable environmental laws and regulations, and include a list of required protective measures to avoid “take.” A fact sheet summarizing this information, along with photographs or illustrations of sensitive species with potential to occur within the Project area, will also be prepared for distribution to all contractors, their employees, and all other personnel involved with construction of the Project. All trainees will sign a form documenting that they have attended WEAP training and understand the information presented to them.	Prior to the start of any construction activities	As needed for any new construction personnel during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biological subconsultant	Written reporting/ Signed Forms	
<b>BIO-2</b>	(Best Management Practices): The Project proponent will ensure that all workers employ the	Prior to the start of any construction activities	During Construction	OAWD	Written reporting/	

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Item	Mitigation Measure	When Monitoring is to Occur	Frequency of Monitoring	Agency Responsible for Monitoring	Method to Verify Compliance	Verification of Compliance
	<p>following BMPs to help avoid and minimize potential impacts to special status species:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pipeline/culvert/siphon excavations and vertical pipes will be covered each night to prevent wildlife from falling in and becoming trapped or injured during migratory or dispersal movements.</li> <li>• Vehicles will observe a 15-mph speed limit while on each Project area.</li> <li>• Workers will inspect areas beneath parked vehicles, equipment, and materials prior to mobilization. If special status species are detected, the individual will either be allowed to leave of its own volition, or the appropriate agencies will be contacted to determine how the Project may proceed. “Take” of a State or federal special status species (i.e., rare, California species of special concern, threatened, or endangered) is prohibited.</li> <li>• The presence of any special status species will be reported to the Project’s qualified biologist, who will submit the occurrence to the CNDDDB. If necessary, the biologist will report the occurrence to the CDFW, CNPS, and/or USFWS.</li> </ul>				photos if required by biologist in accordance with requirements	
<b>BIO-3</b>	(Pre-construction Surveys): A qualified biologist will conduct a general pre-construction survey for special status species, including western spadefoot, no more than five (5) days prior to the start of construction within the Project area.	5 days Prior to construction	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-4</b>	(Avoidance Buffers): On the discovery of any western spadefoot the biologist will determine appropriate construction setback distances (avoidance buffers) based on applicable CDFW guidelines, the biology of the species, and work and site conditions. If necessary, avoidance buffers will	Prior to construction activities	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program						
Item	Mitigation Measure	When Monitoring is to Occur	Frequency of Monitoring	Agency Responsible for Monitoring	Method to Verify Compliance	Verification of Compliance
	be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily visible means, and will be maintained until the end of the project.					
<b>BIO-5</b>	(Take avoidance): If avoidance buffers cannot be maintained a qualified biologist will prepare a plan to avoid take or impacts to this species.	Prior to construction activities	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-6</b>	(Pre-construction Take Avoidance Survey): A qualified biologist will conduct a pre-construction take avoidance survey for BUOW, in accordance with CDFW's Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation (2012), within seven (7) days prior to the start of construction activities. The survey will include the proposed work area and surrounding lands up to 500 feet from the work areas. If no BUOW individuals or active burrows are observed, no further mitigation is required.	Within 7 days prior to construction activities	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-7</b>	(Avoidance): If an active BUOW burrow is detected, the occurrence will be reported to the CNDDDB, and avoidance buffers will be implemented. A qualified biologist will determine appropriate avoidance buffer distances based on applicable CDFW and/or USFWS guidelines, the biology of the species, conditions of the burrow(s), and the level of Project disturbance. If necessary, avoidance buffers will be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily visible means, and will be maintained until the biologist has determined that the nestlings have fledged and all BUOW have left the Project area.	Prior to construction activities	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-8</b>	(Passive Relocation): If avoidance of an active BUOW burrow is not feasible, passive relocation during the non-breeding season (September 1 through January 31) could be utilized or during the breeding season (February 1 through August 31) if a qualified biologist determines that there are no young in the burrow. Prior to completion a qualified biologist will	September 1 to January 31	Once, as determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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	prepare a passive relocation plan that would detail the methods to be used. It would include the tools to exclude the BUOW from its burrow (i.e., one-way doors or other devices) and excavate the burrow (i.e., hand tools and machinery, if needed). Following completion of passive relocation, a report will be prepared that would document the methods and results of these efforts.					
<b>BIO-9</b>	(Avoidance): The Project's construction activities will occur, if feasible, between September 16 and January 31 (outside of Swainson's hawk nesting season) to avoid impacts to nesting Swainson's hawks.	September 16 to January 31	Prior to construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-10</b>	(Swainson's Hawk Surveys): Prior to the start of construction, a qualified biologist will conduct a survey for Swainson's hawk nests within the proposed work area and surrounding lands up to a half-mile from the work areas. These surveys will be conducted in accordance with the Recommended Timing and Methodology for Swainson's Hawk Nesting Surveys in California's Central Valley (Swainson's Hawk Technical Advisory Committee 2000), or current guidance.	Prior to construction activities	Prior to construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-11</b>	(Avoidance Buffers): On the discovery of any active Swainson's hawk nests near the Project area work areas, the biologist will determine appropriate construction setback distances (avoidance buffers) based on applicable CDFW guidelines, the biology of Swainson's hawk, and work and site conditions. If necessary, avoidance buffers will be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily visible means, and will be maintained until the biologist has determined that the nestlings have fledged.	During construction	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-12</b>	(Avoidance): The Project's construction activities will occur, if feasible, between August 31 and January 31 (outside of the nesting bird season) to avoid impacts to nesting bald eagles.	August 31 to January 31	Prior to construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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Item	Mitigation Measure	When Monitoring is to Occur	Frequency of Monitoring	Agency Responsible for Monitoring	Method to Verify Compliance	Verification of Compliance
<b>BIO-13</b>	(Pre-construction Surveys): If activities must occur within the breeding season (February 1 to August 31), a qualified biologist will conduct pre-construction surveys for bald eagle nests within seven (7) days prior to the start of construction. The survey will include the Patton Improvement Area and surrounding lands up to one mile from the Project area. Bald eagle nests are considered “active” upon the nest-building stage.	7 days Prior to construction	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-14</b>	(Avoidance Buffers): On discovery of any active bald eagle nests near work areas, a qualified biologist will determine appropriate construction setback distances based on applicable CDFW and/or USFWS guidelines and/or the biology of bald eagles. If necessary, avoidance buffers will be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily visible means, and will be maintained until the biologist has determined that the nestlings have fledged.	During construction	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-15</b>	(Avoidance): The Project’s construction activities will occur, if feasible, between August 31 and January 31 (outside of the nesting bird season) to avoid impacts to nesting tricolored blackbirds.	August 31 to January 31	Prior to construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-16</b>	(Pre-construction Surveys): If activities must occur within breeding season (February 1 to August 31), a qualified biologist will conduct pre-construction surveys for tricolored blackbird nests and breeding colonies within seven (7) days prior to the start of construction. The survey will include the Road 28 Improvement Area and all accessible lands within up to 200 feet.	7 days Prior to construction	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-17</b>	(Avoidance Buffers): On discovery of any active nests or breeding colonies near work areas, the biologist will determine appropriate construction setback distances based on applicable CDFW and/or USFWS guidelines and/or the biology of the species in question. If necessary, avoidance buffers will be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily	During construction	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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	visible means, and will be maintained until the biologist has determined that the nestlings have fledged.					
<b>BIO-18</b>	(Avoidance): The Project’s construction activities will occur, if feasible, between August 31 and January 31 (outside of the nesting bird season) to avoid impacts to nesting birds.	August 31 to January 31	Prior to construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-19</b>	(Pre-construction Surveys): If activities must occur within the nesting bird season (February 1 to August 31), a qualified biologist will conduct a pre-construction survey for active migratory bird nests no more than seven (7) days prior to the start of the construction within the Project area and surrounding lands up to 50 feet and for active raptor nests and all accessible lands up to 450-feet from the Project area. All raptor nests would be considered “active” upon the nest-building stage.	7 days Prior to construction	Once, Prior to ground disturbing activities and the start of construction	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-20</b>	(Avoidance Buffers): On discovery of any active nests near work areas, the biologist will determine appropriate construction setback distances (avoidance buffers) based on applicable CDFW and/or USFWS guidelines, the biology of the species, and work and site conditions. If necessary, avoidance buffers will be identified with flagging, fencing, or other easily visible means, and will be maintained until the biologist has determined that the nestlings have fledged.	During construction	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-21</b>	(Pre-construction Survey and Avoidance Buffers): Within seven (7) days prior to the start of construction within the above-mentioned Project area, a qualified biologist will conduct a pre-construction survey for western pond turtle within the area and all accessible areas within up to 330 feet. Pre-construction surveys will be conducted in accordance with the draft Western Pond Turtle ( <i>Emys marmorata</i> ) Visual Survey Protocol for the Southcoast Ecoregion (United States Geological	7 days Prior to construction	As determined needed by qualified biologist during construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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	Survey 2006). If no western pond turtles are observed during the pre-construction survey, then construction activities may begin. If construction is delayed or halted for more than seven (7) days, another pre-construction survey for western pond turtles will be conducted. If the surveys result in the identification of a western pond turtle or an individual is found within the Project area during construction activities, it will be allowed to leave on its own and the qualified biologist will determine appropriate buffers to be implemented to avoid impacts to the individual(s).					
<b>BIO-22</b>	(Monitor): If western pond turtles are observed within the Project area, a qualified biologist will conduct a pre-activity clearance survey each day and remain onsite to oversee all vegetation clearing and ground disturbing activities. If western pond turtles are detected, the individual will either be allowed to leave of its own volition or will be captured by the qualified biologist (must possess appropriate collecting/handling permits) and relocated out of harm's way to the nearest suitable habitat beyond the influence of the project work area. "Take" of a State or federal special status (rare, California Species of Special Concern, threatened, or endangered) species is prohibited.	During Construction activities	Daily, during all vegetation clearing and ground disturbing activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	
<b>BIO-23</b>	(Operational Hours): Construction activities will be limited to a half hour after sunrise through a half hour before sunset to reduce potential impacts to wildlife movement corridors.	During construction activities	During construction activities	OAWD	Construction Schedule	
<b>BIO-24</b>	(Wildlife Access): At no point will access be blocked outside of construction hours or during overnight hours or weekends. If construction must block both sides of a potential wildlife access route, an alternative route through the construction area will be identified by a qualified biologist and maintained throughout the construction schedule timeframe.	During Construction activities	During construction activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified biologist	Biologist Report	

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<b>Cultural Resources and Tribal Cultural Resources</b>						
<b>CUL-1</b>	The present evaluation and recommendations are based on the findings of an inventory-level surface survey only. There is always the possibility that important unidentified cultural materials could be encountered on or below the surface during the course of future repair activities. This possibility is particularly relevant considering the constraints generally to archaeological field survey, and particularly where past ground disturbance activities (e.g., flooding, canal trenching, orchard development, etc.) have partially obscured historic ground surface visibility, as in the present case. In the event of an inadvertent discovery of previously unidentified cultural material, archaeological consultation should be sought immediately.	During Construction Activities	During Construction Activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified archaeologist		
<b>CUL-2</b>	In the event that previously unidentified cultural resources are discovered as a result of this undertaking, the nearby construction activities would cease and Reclamation Cultural Resource Staff would be notified and consulted on how to proceed. Reclamation would follow the procedures for post-review discoveries on Federal lands as described in the regulations at 36 CFR § 800.13. Work may not continue in the area of the discovery until Reclamation issues a notice to proceed.	During Construction Activities	During Construction Activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified archaeologist		
<b>CUL-3</b>	In the event that human remains are inadvertently encountered during any project-associated ground-disturbing activity or at any time subsequently, State law will be followed, which includes but is not limited to immediately contacting the County Coroner's office upon any discovery of human remains.	During Construction Activities	During Construction Activities	OAWD with assistance of a County Coroner, NAHC and tribal contacts as necessary		
<b>CUL-4</b>	In the event that human remains are identified during the course of the proposed project, all construction activities would cease and a Reclamation Archaeologist would be consulted on	During Construction Activities	During Construction Activities	OAWD with assistance of a County Coroner, NAHC and tribal		

Mitigation, Monitoring, and Reporting Program						
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	<p>how to proceed. Note that all Native American human remains identified on lands owned by the Federal government are subject to the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA) (25 USC 3001). Under the NAGPRA (25 USC 3001) and implementing regulations 43 CFR Part 10, Reclamation is responsible for the protection of Native American human remains, funerary objects, sacred objects, and objects of cultural patrimony that are discovered on Reclamation lands. All human remains and potential human remains must be treated with respect and dignity at all times. In the event that suspected human remains are discovered during proposed project activity on Reclamation land, all activities in the immediate area will cease, and appropriate precautions will be taken to protect the remains and any associated cultural items from further disturbance. Reclamation will follow the procedures outlined in 43 CFR § 10.4 Inadvertent Discoveries. The Reclamation Region 10 Regional Environmental Officer will be immediately notified by telephone and will take responsibility for the discovery by contacting the appropriate law enforcement and Reclamation officials. Within three (3) working days of confirmation of the discovery [see 43 CFR Part 10.4(d)(1)(iii)], the Regional Cultural Resource Officer will ensure that Indian tribes likely to be affiliated with the discovered human remains (e.g., lineal descendant, culturally affiliated Indian tribe, Indian tribe with other cultural relationship, and Indian tribe that aboriginally occupied area) are notified by telephone or in person, with written confirmation. Treatment and handling of the remains will be determined through consultation between Reclamation and consulting tribes. Project implementation in the vicinity of the discovery</p>			contacts as necessary		

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	would not resume until Reclamation complies with the 43 CFR § 10 regulations and provides notification to proceed.					
<b>Geology and Soils</b>						
<b>GEO-1</b>	Should paleontological resources be encountered on the Project area, all ground disturbing activities in the area will stop. A qualified paleontologist will be contacted to assess the discovery. Mitigation may include monitoring, recording the fossil locality, data recovery and analysis, and a final report. Public educational outreach may also be appropriate. Upon completion of the assessment, a report documenting methods, findings, and recommendations will be prepared and submitted to the Orland-Artois Water District for review, and (if paleontological materials are recovered) a paleontological repository, such as the University of California Museum of Paleontology.	During Construction Activities	During Construction Activities	OAWD with assistance of a qualified paleontologist		
<i>Table Notes</i>						