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**APPENDIX A  
REFERENCES**

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## APPENDIX A

### References

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**APPENDIX B  
LOG OF BORINGS**

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**APPENDIX C  
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS**

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## APPENDIX C

### Laboratory Testing Procedures and Results

**In-Situ Moisture and Dry Density Determination (ASTM D2216 and D7263):** Moisture content and dry density determinations were performed on relatively undisturbed samples obtained from the test borings. The results of these tests are presented in the boring logs. Where applicable, only moisture content was determined from "undisturbed" or disturbed samples.

**Maximum Density and Optimum Moisture Content (ASTM D1557):** The maximum dry density and optimum moisture content of typical materials were determined in accordance with ASTM Test Method D1557. The results of these tests are presented in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	Maximum Dry Density (pcf)	Optimum Moisture Content (%)
B-5 @ 0-5 feet	Sand	116.0	8.5

**Direct Shear Strength (ASTM D3080):** Direct shear test was performed on selected remolded samples, which were soaked for a minimum of 24 hours under a surcharge equal to the applied normal force during testing. After transfer of the sample to the shear box, and reloading the sample, pore pressures set up in the sample due to the transfer were allowed to dissipate for a period of approximately 1-hour prior to application of shearing force. The sample was tested under various normal loads, a motor-driven, strain-controlled, direct-shear testing apparatus at a strain rate of less than 0.001 to 0.5 inches per minute (depending upon the soil type). The test results are presented in the test data and in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	Friction Angle (degrees)	Apparent Cohesion (psf)
B-2 @ 0-5 feet	Sand (Remolded)	31	48

**Consolidation Tests (ASTM D2435):** Consolidation test were performed on selected, relatively undisturbed ring samples. Samples were placed in a consolidometer and loads were applied in geometric progression. The percent consolidation for each load cycle was recorded as the ratio of the amount of vertical compression to the original 1-inch height. The consolidation pressure curves are presented in the test data.

**Soluble Sulfate (CAL 417A):** The soluble sulfate content of selected sample was determined by standard geochemical methods. The test results are presented in the test data and in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	Water Soluble Sulfate in Soil, (% by Weight)	Sulfate Content (ppm)	Exposure Class*
B-2 @ 0-5 feet	Sand	0.0168	168	S0

\* Based on the current version of ACI 318-14 Building Code, Table No. 19.3.1.1; Exposure Categories and Classes.



Corrosivity Tests (CAL 422, CAL 643 and CAL 747): Electrical conductivity, pH, and soluble chloride tests were conducted on representative samples and the results are provided in the test data and in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	Soluble Chloride (CAL 422) (ppm)	Electrical Resistivity (CAL 643) (ohm-cm)	pH (CAL 747)	Potential Degree of Attack on Steel
B-2 @ 0-5 feet	Sand	61	1,700	8.0	Corrosive

Expansion Potential (ASTM D4829): The expansion potential of selected materials was evaluated by the Expansion Index Test, ASTM D4829. Specimens are molded under a given compactive energy to approximately the optimum moisture content and approximately 50 percent saturation or approximately 90 percent relative compaction. The prepared 1-inch thick by 4-inch diameter specimens are loaded to an equivalent 144 psf surcharge and are inundated with tap water until volumetric equilibrium is reached. The results of these tests are presented in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	Expansion Index	Expansion Potential
B-8 @ 0-5 feet	Sand	0	Very Low

Passing No. 200 Sieve (ASTM D1140): Typical materials were washed over No. 200 sieve. The test results are presented in the boring logs and in the table below:

Sample Location	% Passing No. 200 Sieve
P-1 @ 0-5 feet	7.2
P-2 @ 0-5 feet	7.2

R-Value: The resistance "R"-Value was determined by the California Materials Method No. 301 for subgrade soils. One sample was prepared, and exudation pressure and "R"-Value determined. The graphically determined "R"-Value at exudation pressure of 300 psi is summarized in the table below:

Sample Location	Sample Description	R-Value
B-8 @ 0-5 feet	Sand	77

**APPENDIX D**  
**SITE SEISMICITY AND DEAGGREGATED PARAMETERS**

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**APPENDIX E  
STANDARD GRADING GUIDELINES**

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