

# HYDROLOGY REPORT

For

# BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX 1065 East Bradley Ave., El Cajon CA, 92021

#### **County of San Diego**

PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071

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Dated: July 21, 2020 Revised: November 14, 2023

#### **DECLARATION OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE**

I, HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM THE CIVIL ENGINEER OF WORK FOR THIS PROJECT, THAT I HAVE EXERCISED RESPONSIBLE CHARGE OVER THE DESIGN OF THE PROJECT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6703 OF THE BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE, AND THAT THE DESIGN IS CONSISTENT WITH CURRENT STANDARDS.

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CHECK OF PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS BY THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO IS CONFINED TO A REVIEW ONLY AND DOES NOT RELIEVE ME, AS ENGINEER OF WORK, OF MY RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROJECT DESIGN.

ORS

WILLIAM A. SNIPES R.C.E. 50477 EXP. 06-30-25



November 14, 2023

Date

#### HYDROLOGY REPORT FOR BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX

The following hydrology and hydraulic calculations are prepared for the development of a 60-unit apartment complex project located on 1065-1069 East Bradley Avenue between N. 1<sup>st</sup> Street and N. Mollison Avenue in El Cajon, California. The subject site is known as Assessor's Parcel Numbers 388-331-04, 05 & 06, consisting of roughly 2.87 acres gross. The scope of work consists of the construction of the apartment complex, and the associated street improvements within the public right-of-way. The area of analysis for the drainage study is approximately 4.89 acres including the street improvements area and offsite surrounding areas upstream of the site.

**PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION:** The existing site topography consists of a relatively flat to gently sloping site which houses a few commercial office buildings, an auto body shop garage and yard, sheds, and trailers surrounded predominantly by pervious dirt areas. The drainage analysis consists of two main drainage basins A and B. Drainage Basin A consists mainly of surface flows from the residential properties east of the subject site and the southerly three-quarters of the site travelling in a general southwest direction and discharging near the southwest corner of the site where the flow eventually makes its way onto the existing curb and gutter system on East Bradley Avenue. The 100-year peak discharge for Basin A is approximately 8.63 cfs. Drainage Basin B consists of surface flows from the residential properties east of the subject site and the northerly portion of the site travelling in a general west direction mainly along East Bradley Avenue. The 100-year peak discharge rate for Basin B is about 4.08 cfs. The total pre-development 100-year peak flow for the area of drainage analysis is 12.71 cfs.

		PRE-DEVELOPMEN	T 100-YR.	., 6-HR. ST	TORM EV	ENT S	UMMARY
DRAIN	AGE BASIN	TIME OF CONCENTRATION	INTENSITY	NRCS	RUNOFF	AREA	DISCHARGE
NAJOR	SUB-AREA	"Tc" (MINUTES)	I (INCES/HR.)	HYDROLOGIC SOIL TYPE	FACTOR "C" (DECIMAL)	A (ACRES)	QIOO (CFS)
	A1	2.35	6.85	A	0.90	0.02	O.12
	A2	3.24	6.85	A	0.90	0.06	O.37
	A3	4.93	6.85	A	0.54	1.36	5.03
	A4	8.12	5.OI	A&C	0.39	2.35	4.59
BASIN	A SUMMARY	8.12	5.OI		0.45	3.79	8.63
	B1	1.85	6.85	A	0.90	0.02	O.12
В	B2	2.77	6.85	A	O.67	0.37	1.70
	B3	4.06	6.85	AξC	0.47	0.70	2.25
BASIN	B SUMMARY	4.06	6.85		O.55	1.09	4.08

The following table is a summary of the 100-year peak discharges for the predevelopment condition: **POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITION:** The proposed development of the site will include the construction of a 60-unit apartment complex with a landscape common area, parking stalls, and a concrete paved driveway. The drainage patterns due to the development of the site will be similar to those in the current condition with the two major drainage basins A and B, being divided into sub-areas A1-A13 and B1-B7, respectively (as shown in attached Post-Development Drainage Map). Sub-areas A1 through A3 consist of runoff from the easterly neighboring properties and portions of North 1<sup>st</sup> Street that will flow into a new private standard type F catch basin just within the eastern edge of the site, where runoff will be directed into a proposed private 12" PVC storm drain system on the project site, bypassing the site and discharging at the southwest corner of the site onto a proposed rock rip-rap energy dissipator. The 100year peak discharge for these sub-areas were calculated to be 5.61 cfs. Sub-area A4 consists of a proposed landscaped slope that runs parallel to the westerly property boundary, where runoff will enter the bypass system via a series of 6" atrium grates. The 100-year peak discharge for sub-area A4 was determined to be 0.14 cfs. Subareas A5 and A6 consist of surface flows from the majority of site (the central half of the site) that will be directed towards to a curb inlet type proprietary biofiltration system (Modular Wetlands System) for storm water quality treatment and then routed into an underground storage system (StormTank Modular System) for detention of the 100-year The 100-yr. peak discharge draining into the curb inlet system is peak flows. approximately of 7.31 cfs. The Modular Wetland System will gravity flow into a standard clean out with two outlets. One outlet will gravity flow into underground detention tank (Tank #1) for the 85<sup>th</sup> percentile storm events. The second outlet is gravity flow through a standpipe within the clean out which will divert all the Q100 flows to the second underground detention tank (Tank #2). Tank #2 will provide some detention, therefore reducing the discharge to 4.25 cfs. Sub-areas A7 through A12 comprised of the areas mainly along the east, south, and west of the site (approximately one-third of the project site) consist of surface flows that are directed into a proposed biofiltration basin located near the southwest corner of the site via concrete ditches. The 100-year peak discharge for these sub-areas was calculated to be approximately 2.61 cfs. The proposed biofiltration basin aside from providing storm water guality treatment, will also provide detention of the 100-year peak discharge. The peak discharge after mitigation will be 0.69 cfs and it will discharge onto the proposed rock rip-rap energy dissipator, confluencing with the discharges from sub-areas A1 through A6, and A13. Therefore, the total peak 100-year discharge for drainage basin A will be 7.13 cfs, which represents a 1.50 cfs reduction from the pre-developed condition. The runoff from drainage basin A will eventually be directed onto East Bradley Avenue approximately 100 feet west of the site through an existing pump system located on the neighboring mini-storage facility property as shown on County of San Diego drawing L0783 (a copy of the as-built drawing has been enclosed in the Drainage Maps section of this report).

Drainage Basin B consists of surface flows from the residential properties east of the subject site (sub-areas B1 through B3) travelling in a general west direction mainly along East Bradley Avenue and the northerly portion of the site (sub-areas B4 through B7) that eventually discharges onto East Bradley Avenue. The 100-year peak discharge from sub-areas B1 through B3 is approximately 3.58 cfs near the northwest corner of

the site along East Bradley Avenue. Runoff from sub-areas B4 through B7 will surface flow in a general westerly direction into a proposed biofiltration basin located on the northwest corner of the site. The 100-year peak discharge tributary to the proposed biofiltration basin was determined to be 1.78 cfs. The proposed biofiltration basin was designed to provide storm water treatment as well as detention of the peak 100-year flow. The total mitigated 100-yr. peak discharge for sub-areas B4 through B7 after detention was determined to be 0.61 cfs. The mitigated runoff will outlet through a proposed curb outlet and confluence with the runoff from sub-areas B1 through B3 on East Bradley Avenue for a total 100-year peak discharge for drainage basin B of 3.79 cfs, which represents a decrease of 0.29 cfs from the current condition.

The following tables are the complete breakdown and summary of the 100-year peak discharges for the post-development condition:

		POST-DEVE	LOPMENT	<b>100-YR</b> .,	6-HR. S1	TORM L	EVENT SU	IMMARY
DRAIN	AGE BASIN	TIME OF	INTENSITY	NRCS	RUNOFF	AREA	DISCHARGE	MITIGATED
MAJOR	SUB-AREA	CONCENTRATION "Tc" (MINUTES)	" " (INCES/HR.)	HYDROLOGIC SOIL TYPE	FACTOR "C" (DECIMAL)	'A' (ACRES)	Qioo (CFS)	DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)
	A1	2.35	6.85	A	0.90	0.02	O.12	O.12
	A2	3.24	6.85	A	0.90	0.06	O.37	O.37
	A3	4.94	6.85	A	O.53	1.41	5.61	5.61
	A4	5.12	6.74	С	0.30	0.07	0.14	0.14
	A5	2.95	6.85	A	O.87	O.II	O.66	O.66
	A6	5.00	6.85	AξC	O.86	1.13	7.31	O.16
A .	A7	6.49	5.79	A	O.59	0.03	0.10	0.10
	A8	9.23	4.61	A	O.59	0.04	O.II	O.II
	A9	12.61	3.77	A	0.90	0.03	O.26	O.26
	A 10	13.58	3.60	A	O.77	0.17	O.47	O.47
	A 11	16.24	3.21	AξC	0.90	0.03	O.72	O.72
	A 12	17.19	3.09	AξC	O.68	0.64	2.04	1.79
	A 13	9.22	4.62	AξC	0.50	0.03	0.08	0.08
BASIN	A SUMMARY	5.27	3.09		0.70	3.76	13.66	7.13
	B1	1.85	6.85	A	0.90	0.02	O.12	O.12
	B2	2.77	6.85	A	O.67	O.37	1.70	1.70
	B3	3.78	6.85	ΔŝC	O.83	O.3I	1.76	1.76
В	B4	3.72	6.85	A	O.72	0.05	O.25	O.25
	B5	5.12	6.74	AξC	0.74	0.14	0.70	0.70
	B6	5.17	6.70	С	O.87	O.I2	0.70	0.70
	B7	6.55	5.76	С	O.55	O.I2	O.38	0.38
BASIN	B SUMMARY	3.78	5.74		0.74	1.13	4.79	3.79

					100-	YEAR, 6-HC	OUR STORM	EVENT SUM	MARY				
			PRE-DEVELO	PMENT					POST-D	EVELOPME	NT		
	TIME OF CONC. "Tc" (MINUTES)	INTENSITY I (INCHES/HR)	NRCS HYDROLOGIC SOIL TYPE	RUNOFF FACTOR "C" (DECIMAL)	AREA A (ACRES)	DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)	TIME OF CONC. "Tc" (MINUTES)	INTENSITY I (INCHES/HR)	NRCS HYDROLOGIC SOIL TYPE	RUNOFF FACTOR "C" (DECIMAL)	AREA A (ACRES)	DISCHARGE Q100 (CFS)	MITIGATED DISCHARGE QMIT (CFS)
BASIN A	8.12	5.01	A & C	0.45	3.79	8.63	5.27	3.09	A & C	0.70	3.76	13.7	7.13
BASIN B	4.06	6.85	A & C	0.55	1.09	4.08	3.78	5.74	A & C	0.74	1.13	4.79	3.79

#### CONCLUSION:

- 1. The proposed discharge of surface drainage is generally consistent with the existing drainage patterns of the site. Site drainage is directed and discharged in an appropriate manner downstream of the site.
- 2. The proposed development of this project will not have a significant impact to the downstream drainage facilities and/or any downstream streams or rivers in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation, since there will be a reduction in the post-development runoff from each basin in the current condition.
- 3. The site is not located within a 100-year flood hazard area or within the influence of flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam, therefore the proposed development will not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death.
- 4. The proposed development will not increase the volume or velocity of surface flows to the detriment of downstream landowners and facilities.



VICINITY MAP

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template

IGUR - 1.23 1.02 0.88

1.19

2.04

2.25

1.59

2.39

2.65 2.98 3.45 4.15 4.67 5.39 6.49

2.92 3.28

7.78 6.46 5.60 4.98 4.13 3.18 3.18 3.18 2.45 2.04 1.76 1.57 1.30 1.13

1.43 1.86 2.07 2.49

2.41

2.90

3.73 2.69 3.10 4.20 4.85 5.84 9.54 11.86 7.58

> 4.56 3.79 5.13

5.93 7.13 9.27 10.11

1.79 2.09

2.39 2.76 3.32 3.73 4.31 5.19 6.74 10.54 8.48

0.50 0.56

0.66

0.75 0.87

0.85 0.98

0.94 1.08

1.03

0.65 0.76

0.78 0.91

1.04 1.18 2.12 1.63 1.36

1.03

1.53 1.32 1.18 1.84

1.47

1.87 1.62 1.44 1.19

3.23 3.77 2.80 3.27

3.89 4.54 5.05 5.90 6.36

7.42 9.22 3.5

13.17 8.42 10.60 11.66

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BRADLEY APT. COMPLEX, EL CAJON, CA











United States Department of Agriculture

Natural Resources Conservation

Service

A product of the National Cooperative Soil Survey, a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local participants

# Custom Soil Resource Report for San Diego County Area, California

1065 E. Bradley Ave., El Cajon



# Preface

Soil surveys contain information that affects land use planning in survey areas. They highlight soil limitations that affect various land uses and provide information about the properties of the soils in the survey areas. Soil surveys are designed for many different users, including farmers, ranchers, foresters, agronomists, urban planners, community officials, engineers, developers, builders, and home buyers. Also, conservationists, teachers, students, and specialists in recreation, waste disposal, and pollution control can use the surveys to help them understand, protect, or enhance the environment.

Various land use regulations of Federal, State, and local governments may impose special restrictions on land use or land treatment. Soil surveys identify soil properties that are used in making various land use or land treatment decisions. The information is intended to help the land users identify and reduce the effects of soil limitations on various land uses. The landowner or user is responsible for identifying and complying with existing laws and regulations.

Although soil survey information can be used for general farm, local, and wider area planning, onsite investigation is needed to supplement this information in some cases. Examples include soil quality assessments (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/soils/health/) and certain conservation and engineering applications. For more detailed information, contact your local USDA Service Center (https://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs) or your NRCS State Soil Scientist (http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/? cid=nrcs142p2\_053951).

Great differences in soil properties can occur within short distances. Some soils are seasonally wet or subject to flooding. Some are too unstable to be used as a foundation for buildings or roads. Clayey or wet soils are poorly suited to use as septic tank absorption fields. A high water table makes a soil poorly suited to basements or underground installations.

The National Cooperative Soil Survey is a joint effort of the United States Department of Agriculture and other Federal agencies, State agencies including the Agricultural Experiment Stations, and local agencies. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) has leadership for the Federal part of the National Cooperative Soil Survey.

Information about soils is updated periodically. Updated information is available through the NRCS Web Soil Survey, the site for official soil survey information.

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# **How Soil Surveys Are Made**

Soil surveys are made to provide information about the soils and miscellaneous areas in a specific area. They include a description of the soils and miscellaneous areas and their location on the landscape and tables that show soil properties and limitations affecting various uses. Soil scientists observed the steepness, length, and shape of the slopes; the general pattern of drainage; the kinds of crops and native plants; and the kinds of bedrock. They observed and described many soil profiles. A soil profile is the sequence of natural layers, or horizons, in a soil. The profile extends from the surface down into the unconsolidated material in which the soil formed or from the surface down to bedrock. The unconsolidated material is devoid of roots and other living organisms and has not been changed by other biological activity.

Currently, soils are mapped according to the boundaries of major land resource areas (MLRAs). MLRAs are geographically associated land resource units that share common characteristics related to physiography, geology, climate, water resources, soils, biological resources, and land uses (USDA, 2006). Soil survey areas typically consist of parts of one or more MLRA.

The soils and miscellaneous areas in a survey area occur in an orderly pattern that is related to the geology, landforms, relief, climate, and natural vegetation of the area. Each kind of soil and miscellaneous area is associated with a particular kind of landform or with a segment of the landform. By observing the soils and miscellaneous areas in the survey area and relating their position to specific segments of the landform, a soil scientist develops a concept, or model, of how they were formed. Thus, during mapping, this model enables the soil scientist to predict with a considerable degree of accuracy the kind of soil or miscellaneous area at a specific location on the landscape.

Commonly, individual soils on the landscape merge into one another as their characteristics gradually change. To construct an accurate soil map, however, soil scientists must determine the boundaries between the soils. They can observe only a limited number of soil profiles. Nevertheless, these observations, supplemented by an understanding of the soil-vegetation-landscape relationship, are sufficient to verify predictions of the kinds of soil in an area and to determine the boundaries.

Soil scientists recorded the characteristics of the soil profiles that they studied. They noted soil color, texture, size and shape of soil aggregates, kind and amount of rock fragments, distribution of plant roots, reaction, and other features that enable them to identify soils. After describing the soils in the survey area and determining their properties, the soil scientists assigned the soils to taxonomic classes (units). Taxonomic classes are concepts. Each taxonomic class has a set of soil characteristics with precisely defined limits. The classes are used as a basis for comparison to classify soils systematically. Soil taxonomy, the system of taxonomic classification used in the United States, is based mainly on the kind and character of soil properties and the arrangement of horizons within the profile. After the soil

scientists classified and named the soils in the survey area, they compared the individual soils with similar soils in the same taxonomic class in other areas so that they could confirm data and assemble additional data based on experience and research.

The objective of soil mapping is not to delineate pure map unit components; the objective is to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. Each map unit is defined by a unique combination of soil components and/or miscellaneous areas in predictable proportions. Some components may be highly contrasting to the other components of the map unit. The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The delineation of such landforms and landform segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

Soil scientists make many field observations in the process of producing a soil map. The frequency of observation is dependent upon several factors, including scale of mapping, intensity of mapping, design of map units, complexity of the landscape, and experience of the soil scientist. Observations are made to test and refine the soil-landscape model and predictions and to verify the classification of the soils at specific locations. Once the soil-landscape model is refined, a significantly smaller number of measurements of individual soil properties are made and recorded. These measurements may include field measurements, such as those for color, depth to bedrock, and texture, and laboratory measurements, such as those for content of sand, silt, clay, salt, and other components. Properties of each soil typically vary from one point to another across the landscape.

Observations for map unit components are aggregated to develop ranges of characteristics for the components. The aggregated values are presented. Direct measurements do not exist for every property presented for every map unit component. Values for some properties are estimated from combinations of other properties.

While a soil survey is in progress, samples of some of the soils in the area generally are collected for laboratory analyses and for engineering tests. Soil scientists interpret the data from these analyses and tests as well as the field-observed characteristics and the soil properties to determine the expected behavior of the soils under different uses. Interpretations for all of the soils are field tested through observation of the soils in different uses and under different levels of management. Some interpretations are modified to fit local conditions, and some new interpretations are developed to meet local needs. Data are assembled from other sources, such as research information, production records, and field experience of specialists. For example, data on crop yields under defined levels of management are assembled from farm records and from field or plot experiments on the same kinds of soil.

Predictions about soil behavior are based not only on soil properties but also on such variables as climate and biological activity. Soil conditions are predictable over long periods of time, but they are not predictable from year to year. For example, soil scientists can predict with a fairly high degree of accuracy that a given soil will have a high water table within certain depths in most years, but they cannot predict that a high water table will always be at a specific level in the soil on a specific date.

After soil scientists located and identified the significant natural bodies of soil in the survey area, they drew the boundaries of these bodies on aerial photographs and

identified each as a specific map unit. Aerial photographs show trees, buildings, fields, roads, and rivers, all of which help in locating boundaries accurately.

# Soil Map

The soil map section includes the soil map for the defined area of interest, a list of soil map units on the map and extent of each map unit, and cartographic symbols displayed on the map. Also presented are various metadata about data used to produce the map, and a description of each soil map unit.

#### Custom Soil Resource Report Soil Map





### **Map Unit Legend**

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GrD	Greenfield sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	2.3	77.5%
WmB	Wyman loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes	0.7	22.5%
Totals for Area of Interest	•	3.0	100.0%

# **Map Unit Descriptions**

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If intensive use of small areas is planned, however,

onsite investigation is needed to define and locate the soils and miscellaneous areas.

An identifying symbol precedes the map unit name in the map unit descriptions. Each description includes general facts about the unit and gives important soil properties and qualities.

Soils that have profiles that are almost alike make up a *soil series*. Except for differences in texture of the surface layer, all the soils of a series have major horizons that are similar in composition, thickness, and arrangement.

Soils of one series can differ in texture of the surface layer, slope, stoniness, salinity, degree of erosion, and other characteristics that affect their use. On the basis of such differences, a soil series is divided into *soil phases*. Most of the areas shown on the detailed soil maps are phases of soil series. The name of a soil phase commonly indicates a feature that affects use or management. For example, Alpha silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is a phase of the Alpha series.

Some map units are made up of two or more major soils or miscellaneous areas. These map units are complexes, associations, or undifferentiated groups.

A *complex* consists of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas in such an intricate pattern or in such small areas that they cannot be shown separately on the maps. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar in all areas. Alpha-Beta complex, 0 to 6 percent slopes, is an example.

An *association* is made up of two or more geographically associated soils or miscellaneous areas that are shown as one unit on the maps. Because of present or anticipated uses of the map units in the survey area, it was not considered practical or necessary to map the soils or miscellaneous areas separately. The pattern and relative proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas are somewhat similar. Alpha-Beta association, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

An *undifferentiated group* is made up of two or more soils or miscellaneous areas that could be mapped individually but are mapped as one unit because similar interpretations can be made for use and management. The pattern and proportion of the soils or miscellaneous areas in a mapped area are not uniform. An area can be made up of only one of the major soils or miscellaneous areas, or it can be made up of all of them. Alpha and Beta soils, 0 to 2 percent slopes, is an example.

Some surveys include *miscellaneous areas*. Such areas have little or no soil material and support little or no vegetation. Rock outcrop is an example.

#### San Diego County Area, California

#### GrD—Greenfield sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes

#### **Map Unit Setting**

National map unit symbol: hbcd Elevation: 100 to 1,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 10 to 16 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 degrees F Frost-free period: 200 to 300 days Farmland classification: Farmland of statewide importance

#### **Map Unit Composition**

Greenfield and similar soils: 85 percent Minor components: 15 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

#### **Description of Greenfield**

#### Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Alluvium derived from granite

#### **Typical profile**

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: sandy loam
H2 - 6 to 34 inches: sandy loam, loam
H2 - 6 to 34 inches: stratified loamy coarse sand to sandy loam
H3 - 34 to 66 inches:

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 9 to 15 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Low
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): High (1.98 to 5.95 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: High (about 10.6 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e Hydrologic Soil Group: A Ecological site: LOAMY (1975) (R019XD029CA) Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Visalia

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Hydric soil rating: No

#### Ramona

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### WmB—Wyman loam, 2 to 5 percent slopes

#### Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hbhk Elevation: 300 to 2,500 feet Mean annual precipitation: 9 to 25 inches Mean annual air temperature: 59 to 63 degrees F Frost-free period: 200 to 300 days Farmland classification: Prime farmland if irrigated

#### Map Unit Composition

*Wyman and similar soils:* 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent *Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.* 

#### **Description of Wyman**

#### Setting

Landform: Alluvial fans Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Riser Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Alluvium derived from basic granite

#### **Typical profile**

*H1 - 0 to 13 inches:* loam *H2 - 13 to 40 inches:* clay loam, loam *H2 - 13 to 40 inches:* loam *H3 - 40 to 67 inches:* fine sandy loam *H4 - 67 to 72 inches:* 

#### **Properties and qualities**

Slope: 2 to 5 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Well drained
Runoff class: Medium
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Available water storage in profile: Very high (about 14.7 inches)

#### Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 1 Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e Hydrologic Soil Group: C Ecological site: LOAMY (1975) (R019XD029CA) Hydric soil rating: No

#### **Minor Components**

#### Placentia

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### Ramona

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### Visalia

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

#### Las posas

Percent of map unit: 2 percent Hydric soil rating: No

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# BRADLEY APT. COMPLEX, EL CAJON, CA

San Diego County Hydrology Manual Date: June 2003
Section: Page:
3 6 of 26

# Table 3-1 RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS

La	nd Use			Runoff Coefficient "C"		
				Soil Ty	)e	
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	А	В	C	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	06	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
			-			

coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest). \*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff

DU/A = dwelling units per acre NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service

#### SNIPES - DYE associates

8348 CENTER DR., SUITE G LA MESA, CA 91942 (619) 697-9234 FAX (619) 460-2033

JOB NO.	Bradley	Apartment	Complex
SHEET NO.	1	OF	2
CALCULATED BY	RE	DATE	7/1/20
CHECKED BY	RE	DATE	10/26/21
DESCRIPTION	Pr	e-Developm	ent
SDA PROJECT NO.		EC5021	

	Ľ	<b>DETER</b> % IMP = $C_p = (SiC_p = CcSoil1 = SArea1 =Soil2 = SArea2 =Areap =C = 0.900C = Run$	RMINE Percent oil 1 *(Area omposite Soil Grou Area of 3 Soil Grou Area of 3 Total Pe (% IMP) - San Dieg off Coeffi	WEIG of Imperv $a_1/Area_p$ Pervious p A RunoSoil Group $p C RuncSoil Grouprvious Art+ Cp(1 - 9go Countycient$	HTEL vious Su Runoff ff Coeff off Coeff off Coeff of C ea 6 IMP) v Hydro	<b>D RUN</b> urfaces bil <sub>2</sub> *(Area Coefficie ficient for ficient for	<b>OFF</b> a <sub>2</sub> /Area nt Undista Undista	<b>COEF</b> a <sub>p</sub> ) urbed Na urbed Na ne 2003)	<b>FICIENT</b> atural Terrain atural Terrain	n in Table 3-1	
BASIN	Study	Node	Imp. Area	Per. Area Soil 1	Soil Type	Per. Area Soil 2	Soil Type	Total Area	% IMP (Fraction)	Composite Cp	с
	FROM	то	(Ac.)	(Ac.)	1	(Ac.)	2	(Ac.)	(*******	-6	
A1	1.00	1.01	0.02	0.00	Α	0.00	С	0.02	1.00	0.20	0.90
A2	1.01	1.02	0.06	0.00	A	0.00	С	0.06	1.00	0.20	0.90
A3	1.02	1.03	0.66	0.70	Α	0.00	С	1.36	0.48	0.20	0.54
A4	1.03	1.40	0.58	1.39	Α	0.38	С	2.35	0.25	0.22	0.39
B1	2.00	2.01	0.02	0.00	Α	0.00	С	0.02	1.00	0.30	0.90
B2	2.01	2.02	0.25	0.12	Α	0.00	С	0.37	0.68	0.20	0.67
<b>B</b> 3	2.02	2.30	0.23	0.21	Α	0.26	С	0.70	0.33	0.26	0.47

#### EXAMPLE: FROM NODE 1.03 TO 1.40

**Cp** = [0.20 X (1.39 AC / (1.39 AC + 0.38 AC))] + [0.3 X (0.38 AC / (1.39 AC + 0.38 AC))] = **0.22** 

**C** = 0.90(0.25) + 0.22(1.00-0.25) = **0.39** 

#### SNIPES - DYE associates

8348 CENTER DR., SUITE G LA MESA, CA 91942 (619) 697-9234 FAX (619) 460-2033

JOB NO.	Bradley	Apartment	Complex
SHEET NO.	2	OF	2
CALCULATED BY	ND	DATE	7/13/23
CHECKED BY		DATE	
DESCRIPTION	Po	- st-Developm	ent
SDA PROJECT NO.		EC5021	

	L	DETERM	IINE W	/EIGH	TED	RUNO	FF C	OEFF	ICIENT	"C"	
		% IMP = Pe	ercent of	Impervio	us Surf	aces					
		$C_p = (Soil)$	1*(Area 1/	(Area <sub>p</sub> ))	+ (Soil )	2 *(Area 2	/Area <sub>p</sub> ,	)			
		$C_p = Comp$	posite Pe	rvious Ri	inoff Co	pefficient					
		Soil <sub>1</sub> = Soi	l Group A	Runoff	Coeffici	ent for U	ndisturk	ed Nati	ıral Terrain i	n Table 3-1	
		$Area_1 = Ar$	ea of Soi	l Group A	4						
		Soil <sub>2</sub> = Soi	l Group C	Runoff	Coeffici	ient for U	ndisturk	bed Nati	ural Terrain i	n Table 3-1	
		$Area_2 = Ar$	ea of Soi	l Group (	2						
		Area <sub>p</sub> = To	otal Pervio	ous Area							
		C =0.90(%	IMP) + C	p(1 - % I	MP)						
		(/-	San Died	ao Count	v Hvdro	oloav Mai	nual (Ju	ne 2003	3)		
		C = Runoff	Coefficie	nt	, ,						
			Imp	Per.	Soil	Per.	Soil	Total			
BASIN	Study	Node	Area	Area	Type	Area	Type	Area	% IMP	Composite	С
	EDOM	TO	(Ac.)	Soil 1	1	Soil 2	2	(Ac.)	(Fraction)	Ср	•
A 4		10	0.02	(AC.)	Δ	(AC.)	6	0.02	1.00	0.20	0.00
A1 42	1.00	1.01	0.02	0.00	A	0.00		0.02	1.00	0.20	0.90
AZ A2	1.01	1.02	0.00	0.00	A	0.00		1 11	0.47	0.20	0.90
Α3 Δ4	1.02	1.03	0.00	0.75	Δ	0.00	0	0.07	0.47	0.20	0.00
A5	1 10	1 11	0.00	0.00	A	0.07	C C	0.07	0.00	0.30	0.87
A6	1.11	1.12	1.06	0.06	A	0.01	C	1.13	0.94	0.21	0.86
A7	2.10	1.20	0.01	0.01	A	0.00	C	0.03	0.55	0.20	0.59
A8	1.20	1.21	0.02	0.02	Α	0.00	С	0.04	0.56	0.20	0.59
A9	1.21	1.22	0.03	0.00	Α	0.00	С	0.03	1.00	0.20	0.90
A10	1.22	1.25	0.14	0.03	Α	0.00	С	0.17	0.82	0.20	0.77
A10B	1.24	1.25	0.03	0.00	Α	0.00	С	0.03	1.00	0.20	0.90
A11	1.25	1.26	0.43	0.11	Α	0.10	С	0.64	0.67	0.25	0.68
B1	2.00	2.01	0.02	0.00	Α	0.00	С	0.02	1.00	0.30	0.90
B2	2.01	2.02	0.25	0.12	Α	0.00	С	0.37	0.68	0.20	0.67
<b>B</b> 3	2.02	2.30	0.27	0.01	Α	0.02	С	0.31	0.90	0.26	0.83
B4	2.10	2.11	0.04	0.01	Α	0.00	С	0.05	0.75	0.20	0.72
<b>B</b> 5	2.11	2.12	0.11	0.02	Α	0.02	С	0.14	0.76	0.25	0.74
<b>B</b> 6	2.12	2.13	0.11	0.00	Α	0.01	С	0.12	0.95	0.30	0.87
B7	2.13	2.20	0.05	0.00	Α	0.07	С	0.12	0.42	0.30	0.55

#### EXAMPLE: FROM NODE 1.11 TO 1.12

**Cp** = [0.20 X (0.06 AC / (0.06 AC + 0.01 AC))] + [0.3 X (0.01 AC / (0.06 AC + 0.01 AC))] = **0.21** 

C = 0.90(0.94) + 0.21(1.00-0.94) = 0.86

# **DRAINAGE MAPS**



		PRE-DEVELOPMENT	. 100-YR.	, 6-HR. S1		
DRAIN	AGE BASIN	TIME OF CONCENTRATION		NRCS	) )	
MAJOR	SUB-AREA 🔿	(MINUTES)	(INCES/HR.)	SOIL TY	PE	PE (DECIMAL)
	A1	2.35	6.85	A		0.90
>	A2	3.24	6.85	⊳		0.90
J	A3	4.93	6.85	Þ		0.54
	A4	8.12	5.01	3 A	õ	; C 0.39
BASIN	A SUMMARY	8.12	5.01	!	•	- O.45
	B1	1.85	6.85	7	L .	0.90
В	B2	2.77	6.85	1	L	A 0.67
	<b>B</b> 3	4.06	6.85	× ۲	ξC	ξC 0.47
BASIN	<b>B</b> SUMMARY	4.06	6.85		Ĭ	- 0.55

			SURB INFE	
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N		DRAINAGE AREA EAST OF SITE.	BASIN AREA W	LECEND         MAJOR DRAINAGE BASIN ID
SHEET NO DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION	BY NO DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION	BY DESIGNER NED		NAGE EXHIBIT
		NED CHECKED	BRADLEY APARTMENT	
		DATE OT 17 0000	1065 - 1069 EAST BRADI	LEY AVE.
OF I SHEETS JOB NO. JOB NO. EQEODI GNIDFG_DVF AGGORIATEG	8348 CENTER NRIVE GUITE & LA	MF6A [A 91942-2910 (F19)	<b>697-9234 FAY (610) 46</b>	<b>0-2033</b>
	UJ-TU CLIVILIN DINIVL, JUIIL U, LA	(11274, CA 3134E-E310 (013)		



	B1 B2 B3 B4 B5 B5 B5 B7 SUMMARY	E BASIN JB-AREA A1 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2 A2			
	1.85 2.77 3.78 3.72 5.12 5.17 6.55 3.78	POST-DEVE         TIME OF         CONCENTRATION         "Tc" (MINUTES)         2.35         3.24         4.94         5.12         2.95         5.00         6.49         9.23         12.61         13.58         16.24         9.22         5.27			
	6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.74 6.70 5.76 5.74	LOPMENT INTENSITY " (INCES/HR.) 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85 6.85			
		r       100-YR.,         NRCS         HYDROLOGIC         SOIL TYPE         A         B         A         C         A         A         B         B         B         B         B         B         B         B         B         B	MAJOR DRA SUB-AREA I DRAINAGE I DRAINAGE I DRAINAGE I BASIN AREA RUNOFF CC FLOW LENG IOO-YR PEA IOO-YR PEA SOIL GRO SOIL GRO 2. COUNTY ( TOPOGRA DRAINAGE		
	0.90 0.67 0.83 0.72 0.74 0.87 0.55 0.74	6-HR.         S.           RUNOFF         FACTOR 'C'           DECIMAL         0.90           0.90         0.53           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.59         0.59           0.50         0.50	PAREA EAS		
	0.02 0.37 0.31 0.31 0.05 0.05 0.12 0.12	TORM EV         AREA	AREA IS UN ST OF SITE.		
	0.12 1.70 1.76 0.25 0.70 0.70 0.38 4.79	Image: New System       Image: New System         DISCHARGE       Qioo         Qioo       (CFS)         Qioo       0.12         Qioo       0.12         Qioo       0.12         Qioo       0.12         Qioo       0.14         Qioo       0.14         Qioo       0.11         Qioo       0.12         Qioo       0.14         Qioo       0.11         Qioo       0.11         Qioo       0.26         Qioo       0.26         Qioo       13.66			
	0.12 1.70 1.76 0.25 0.70 0.70 0.38 3.79	<b>IMARY</b> MITIGATED DISCHARGE Qioo (CFS) 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12			
SHEET NO DATE REVISION DESCRIPTION	BY NO DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION     BY       Image: Second seco	DESIGNER       NED         DRAWN       NED/DB         CHECKED       JOB NAME         DATE       III-IO-2023    SHEET TITLE POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE EXHIBIT JOB NAME DATE III-IO-2023 SHEET TITLE POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE EXHIBIT JOB NAME DATE III-IO-2023 SHEET TITLE POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE EXHIBIT DATE III-IO-2023 SHEET TITLE POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE EXHIBIT JOB NAME BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX LOG5 - 1069 EAST BRADLEY AVE. EL CAJON, CA 92021		
JUB NO.       EC5021       SNIPES-DYE ASSOCIATES       8348 CENTER DRIVE, SUITE G, LA MESA, CA 91942-2910 (619) 697-9234, FAX (619) 460-2033					



FOR REFERENCE

Hydromodification Management Exhibit

1065 E. Bradley Ave., El Cajon, CA

EXIST. 4" PVC DRAINAGE PIPE ON SURFACE WITH PUMP DISCHARGING FLOW FROM SW CORNER TO NW CORNER OF MINI STORAGE SITE ONTO BRADLEY AVENUE. REFER TO COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO GRADING PLAN L0783

200 ft

0

P

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# PROJECT SITE

Contra Participation of the second se

065 E Bradle

sy First Charter S

Legend DIRECTION

# PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS
RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1305

Analysis prepared by:

### Snipes-Dye associates

civil engineers & land surveyors

8348 Center Drive, Suite G, La Mesa, CA 91942 (619) 697-9234 (619) 460-2033 fax <u>www.snipesdye.com</u>

\* BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX \* \* PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS DRAINAGE ANALYSIS \* PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071 FILE NAME: EC5021PR.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:58 11/16/2021 \_\_\_\_\_ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: \_\_\_\_\_ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS \*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) NO. (FT) (FT) (n) ------ ----- ----- ------ ------\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ 15.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0313 0.125 0.0150 20.0 1 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) \* (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S) \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

#### BASIN A

SUB-AREA A1 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.01 IS CODE = 21\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 60.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 517.00 516.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.352 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12SUB-AREA A2 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 516.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 145.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 15.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.31 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 1.50 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.42 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.89 Tc (MIN.) = 3.24 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.900 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.06SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.37TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.1PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.49 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.41 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.20 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.42 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.02 = 205.00 FEET. SUB-AREA A3 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.03 IS CODE = 91\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.90 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 250.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5400 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.01 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.48 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.42 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.68 Tc (MIN.) = 4.93 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.36SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.03AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.560 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.52END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH (FEET) = 0.20 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 21.28 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.77 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.55 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.03 = 455.00 FEET. SUB-AREA A4 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.03 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.90 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 481.50 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA (FEET) = 470.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.011

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3900 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 7.85 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.45 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 27.14 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.19 Tc(MIN.) = 8.12 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.35 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 4.59 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.455 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.8 **PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.63** 

END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 28.35 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.48 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.64 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.40 = 925.00 FEET.

#### BASIN B

SUB-AREA B1 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.01 IS CODE = 21 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 45.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 512.00 SUBAREA OVERTAND 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 1.851 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12SUB-AREA B2 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.01 TO NODE 2.02 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 512.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.90 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 218.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 15.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.97 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 3.74 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.96 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.78 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.92 Tc (MIN.) = 2.77 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.682 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.37SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.70TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 1.82END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 5.85 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.27 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.00 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.02 = 263.00 FEET. SUB-AREA B3 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.02 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.90 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 484.37 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 310.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 15.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.95 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.28HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 8.31 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.00 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.11 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.29 Tc (MIN.) = 4.06 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850

NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.546 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) =0.70SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =2.25TOTAL AREA (ACRES) =1.1PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 4.08 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 9.60 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.32 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.30 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.30 = 573.00 FEET. \_\_\_\_\_ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.1 TC(MIN.) = 4.06 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 4.08\_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

## **POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS**

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1305 Analysis prepared by: \* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \* \* BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX \* POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS DRAINAGE ANALYSIS \* \* PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071 FILE NAME: ECATES.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:06 11/07/2023 \_\_\_\_\_ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: \_\_\_\_\_ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS \*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY NO. (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) 1 20.0 15.0 0.018/0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0312 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S) \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.01 IS CODE = 21 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 517.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 516.00 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.352 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12 1.02 IS CODE = 62 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 516.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 145.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 15.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0150 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.31 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 1.50 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.42 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.89 Tc(MIN.) = 3.24 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.900SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.06 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.370.1 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.49 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.30 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.26 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.43 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.02 = 205.00 FEET.FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.03 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00

DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.00 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 250.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.05 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.51 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.16 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 16.42 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.66 Tc (MIN.) = 4.90 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.41SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.12AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.550 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.5PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.61 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 21.08 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.87 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.03 = 455.00 FEET. 1.03 TO NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 491.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 197.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.75GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.34 Tc (MIN.) = 5.24 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.04 = 652.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 131.30 MANNING'S N = 0.013ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.15 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) =0.31Tc (MIN.) =5.54LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE1.00TO NODE1.05 = 783.30 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 81\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.409 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5387 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.07 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.131.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 5.61 TC(MIN.) = 5.54NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.40 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 1 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<< \_\_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.54 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.41 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.56 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.61 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 21 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 40.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.82 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.54 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.28 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.949 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.60TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.11 TO NODE 1.12 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 492.54 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 488.60 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 304.00

"V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.823 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8600 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW (CFS) = 3.92 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.43 19.05 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.18 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.08 Tc (MIN.) = 5.03 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.13 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 6.63 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.861 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 7.22END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 24.31 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.80 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.63 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.12 = 344.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.12 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 250.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.20 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.22PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.45 Tc (MIN.) = 5.48 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.40 = 594.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.40 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 1 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 5.48 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.45 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.23 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.22 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.20 IS CODE = 21 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<

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\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5900 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.20 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.491 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.789 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.10TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.03 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.10FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.20 TO NODE 1.21 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.20 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 80.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.614 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5900 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.08 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 7.73 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.73 Tc (MIN.) = 9.23 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.04 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.11 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.590PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 0.19TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.1END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.54 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.50 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.21 = 130.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.21 TO NODE 1.22 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.80 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.41 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 100.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.773

\*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.24 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.10 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 9.95 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.38 Tc(MIN.) = 12.61 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.03 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.10 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.683 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.1PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 0.26END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH (FEET) = 0.11 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 10.36 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.22 = 230.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.22 TO NODE 1.24 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.41 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 490.95 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 48.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.596 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.49 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.82 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.11 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 11.17 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.97 Tc (MIN.) = 13.58 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.47SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.17AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.738 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.3PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.72 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.19 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.89 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.11 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.24 = 278.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.24 TO NODE 1.25 IS CODE = 91\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 490.95 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 490.64 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 93.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050

PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.259 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.70 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.69 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.70 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.24 Tc(MIN.) = 15.82 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.67 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.96 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.853 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.61 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 28.15 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.76 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.20 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.25 = 371.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.25 TO NODE 1.26 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.64 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 487.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 234.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.77 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.68 Tc(MIN.) = 16.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.26 = 605.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.26 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 1 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.50 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 3.17 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.94PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.61 \*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\* STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY AREA NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) (ACRE) 5.54 6.409 1 5.61 1.56 
 5.61
 5.54

 7.22
 5.48

 2.61
 16.50
 6.453 3.172 1.23 2 3 0.94

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS. \*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\* STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 13.64 5.48 6.453 NUMBER 1 5.54 2 13.66 6.409 8.94 16.50 3.172 3 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.66 Tc(MIN.) = 5.54TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.7LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.40 = 783.30 FEET. END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 3.7 TC (MIN.) = 5.54PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 13.66\_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1305 Analysis prepared by: \* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \* \* BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX \* \* POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS DRAINAGE ANALYSIS \* \* PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071 FILE NAME: EC5021M.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:22 11/07/2023 \_\_\_\_\_ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: \_\_\_\_\_ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS \*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR (FT) SIDE / SIDE/ WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) NO. (FT) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ ===== === 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S) \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.01 IS CODE = 21>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 45.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 512.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 1.851 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.01 TO NODE 2.02 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 512.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.70 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 218.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.97 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 2.00 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.56 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.10 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.65 Tc (MIN.) = 2.50 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.682 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.37SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.70TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =1.82 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.72 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.64 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.15 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.02 = 263.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.02 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 62\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 484.37

STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 310.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.70 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 7.28 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.05PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.19 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.28 Tc (MIN.) = 3.78 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.747 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.31SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.760.7 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.58 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.53 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.25 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.34 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.30 =573.00 FEET. 2.30 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 1FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 3.78 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.85 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.70PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.58 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.11 IS CODE = 21\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7200 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00

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UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.70
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 491.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TITE
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                3.719
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.25
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                             0.25
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.11 TO NODE 2.12 IS CODE = 91
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.60
 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.50
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 99.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050
 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700
 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.743
 *USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7400
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.60
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.17
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.10 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 10.16
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.41 Tc (MIN.) =
                                               5.12
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14
                                                0.70
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.735
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.2
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.94
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.58
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.27 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 0.16
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                         2.10 TO NODE
                                       2.12 = 149.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.12 TO NODE 2.13 IS CODE = 41
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.79
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 4.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.94
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05 Tc (MIN.) = 5.17
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.13 = 179.00 FEET.
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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.13 TO NODE 2.13 IS CODE = 81 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.704 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7871 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.70 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.64 TC(MIN.) = 5.17FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.13 TO NODE 2.20 IS CODE = 51 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 487.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 487.12 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 77.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0049 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 11.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.756 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5500 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.83 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.93 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.18 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.38 Tc(MIN.) = 6.55SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.12SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.38AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.721 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.4PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 1.78END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.91 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.20 = 256.00 FEET. 2.30 IS CODE = 41FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.20 TO NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.57 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.52 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 5.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.09 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 6.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 1.78PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.01 Tc(MIN.) = 6.56

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.30 = 261.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.30 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 1 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 6.56 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 5.75 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.43PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.78 \*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\* TC INTENSITY STREAM RUNOFF AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) (ACRE) 1 0.70 3.58 3.78 6.850 2 1.78 6.56 5.751 0.43 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. \*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\* STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY NUMBER (CFS) (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 4.61 3.78 1 6.850 4.79 2 6.56 5.751 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 4.79 Tc (MIN.) = 6.56TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.30 = 573.00 FEET. \_\_\_\_\_ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 TC(MIN.) = 6.56 4.79 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = \_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

# POST-DEVELOPMENT (MITIGATED) DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1305 Analysis prepared by: \* BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX \* \* POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS DRAINAGE ANALYSIS (MITIGATED) \* \* PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071 FILE NAME: ECATES.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:27 11/09/2023 \_\_\_\_\_ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: \_\_\_\_\_ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS \*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ === ===== 1 20.0 15.0 0.018/0.020 0.50 1.50 0.0312 0.125 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) \* (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S) \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.01 IS CODE = 21>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 517.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 516.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.352 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.01 TO NODE 1.02 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 516.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 145.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 6.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 20.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 15.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0150 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.31 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 1.50 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.71 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.42 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.89 Tc(MIN.) = 3.24 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.900 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.06SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =0.37TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.1PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.49 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 3.30 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.26 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 0.43 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.02 = 205.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.02 TO NODE 1.03 IS CODE = 91\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 513.00 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 497.00

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 250.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.05 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.51 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.16 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.42 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.66 Tc (MIN.) = 4.90 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 1.41 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 5.12 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.550PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.61 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.5END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 21.08 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.87 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.56 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.03 = 455.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.03 TO NODE 1.04 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 491.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 197.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 8.2 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 9.75 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.34 Tc (MIN.) = 5.24 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.04 = 652.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.04 TO NODE 1.05 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 483.30 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 131.30 MANNING'S N = 0.013ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 7.15 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 5.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.31 Tc(MIN.) = 5.54LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.05 = 783.30 FEET.

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.05 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 81 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.409 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.5387SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.07 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.13 1.6 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 5.61 TC(MIN.) = 5.54NOTE: PEAK FLOW RATE DEFAULTED TO UPSTREAM VALUE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.40 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 1\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 5.54 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.41TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.56 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.61 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.11 IS CODE = 21 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 40.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.82 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 492.54 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.28 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.949 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.60TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.60 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.11 TO NODE 1.12 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.54 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 488.60 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 304.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050

PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0150 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.823 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8600 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 3.92 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.43 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.18 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 19.05 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.08 Tc(MIN.) = 5.03 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 1.136.63 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.861 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.2 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.22 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.22 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 24.31 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 2.80 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.63 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.12 = 344.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.12 TO NODE 1.12 IS CODE = \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<< USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS: TC(MIN) = 21.00 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 2.71 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 1.25 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 4.25 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.12 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 41\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 481.50 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 250.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.41PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA) GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 4.25 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.77 Tc (MIN.) = 21.77 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.10 TO NODE 1.40 = 594.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.40 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE = 1\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 21.77RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 2.65

TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.25 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 4.25 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.20 IS CODE = 21\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5900 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.20 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 0.50 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 6.491 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.789 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.10TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.03 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.10FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.20 TO NODE 1.21 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 492.20 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.80 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 80.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH(FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE(FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 4.614 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5900 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.16 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.08 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 7.73 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 2.73 Tc (MIN.) = 9.23 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.04SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.11AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.590PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 0.19TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.1END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.09 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.54 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.50 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.21 = 130.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.21 TO NODE 1.22 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<

\_\_\_\_\_

UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.80 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.41 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 100.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.773 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.24 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.10 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 9.95 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 3.38 Tc (MIN.) = 12.61 SUBAREA AREA (ACRES) = 0.03SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.10AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.683 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.1PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.26 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.11 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 10.36 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.49 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.05 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.22 = 230.00 FEET. 1.24 IS CODE = 91 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.22 TO NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 491.41 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 490.95 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 48.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.596 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7700S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.49 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.82 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.11 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 11.17 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.97 Tc(MIN.) = 13.58 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.47SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.17AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.738 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.3 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 0.72END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 13.19 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.89 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.11 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.24 = 278.00 FEET. 

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.24 TO NODE 1.25 IS CODE = 91 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.95 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION(FEET) = 490.64 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 93.00 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 3.259 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.70 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.69 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.22 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 23.70 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.24 Tc(MIN.) = 15.82 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.67SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.96AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.853 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.9PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 2.61 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.26 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 28.15 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.76 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC) = 0.20 2.10 TO NODE 1.25 = 371.00 FEET. LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.25 TO NODE 1.26 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 490.64 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 487.00 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 234.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013DEPTH OF FLOW IN 12.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.7 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.77 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 12.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.61 PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.68 Tc(MIN.) = 16.50 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 1.26 =605.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.26 TO NODE 7 1.26 IS CODE = \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS: TC(MIN) = 15.82 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 3.26 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.94 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.69 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 1.26 TO NODE 1.40 IS CODE =

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 15.82RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 3.26 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.94 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.69 \*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\* STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)5.615.546.409 NUMBER (ACRE) 1 1.56 4.25 21.77 2 2.652 1.25 0.69 15.82 3.259 3 0.94 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS. \*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\* STREAM RUNOFF Tc INTENSITY (CFS)(MIN.)(INCH/HOUR)6.945.546.4096.6315.823.2597.1321.772.652 NUMBER 1 2 3 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.13 Tc(MIN.) = 21.77 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.8 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 1.00 TO NODE 1.40 = 783.30 FEET. \_\_\_\_\_ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: 3.8 TC(MIN.) = 21.77TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.13\_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT 2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL (c) Copyright 1982-2016 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 23.0 Release Date: 07/01/2016 License ID 1305 Analysis prepared by: \* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \* \* BRADLEY APARTMENT COMPLEX \* \* POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS DRAINAGE ANALYSIS (MITIGATED) \* \* PDS2019-LDGRMJ-30236 / PDS2019-LDPIIP-60071 FILE NAME: EC5021M.DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:19 11/09/2023 \_\_\_\_\_ USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION: \_\_\_\_\_ 2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT (YEAR) = 100.00 6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 2.600 SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 3.00 SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS (DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.95 SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS \*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\* HALF- CROWN TO STREET-CROSSFALL: CURB GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: MANNING WIDTH CROSSFALL IN- / OUT-/PARK- HEIGHT WIDTH LIP HIKE FACTOR NO. (FT) (FT) SIDE / SIDE / WAY (FT) (FT) (FT) (FT) (n) \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ === ===== 1 30.0 20.0 0.018/0.020 0.67 2.00 0.0312 0.167 0.0150 GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS: 1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.00 FEET as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb) 2. (Depth) \* (Velocity) Constraint = 6.0 (FT\*FT/S) \*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.01 IS CODE = 21>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .9000 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 45.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 513.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 512.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 1.00 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 1.851 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.12 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.02 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.12 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.01 TO NODE 2.02 IS CODE = 62 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 512.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.70 STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 218.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.97 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.20HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 2.00 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 5.56 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.10 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.65 Tc (MIN.) = 2.50 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .6700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.682 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =0.37SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =1.70TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =0.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =1.82 END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 4.72 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.64 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.15 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.02 = 263.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.02 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 62\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>> (STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 497.70 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 484.37

STREET LENGTH (FEET) = 310.00 CURB HEIGHT (INCHES) = 8.0 STREET HALFWIDTH (FEET) = 30.00DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK (FEET) = 20.00 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.018 SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL (DECIMAL) = 0.020 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) = 0.0150 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200 \*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.70 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW: STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 7.28 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.05PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.19 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.28 Tc (MIN.) = 3.78 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE. \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8300 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.747 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.31SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 1.760.7 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.58 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.31 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.53 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 4.25 DEPTH\*VELOCITY (FT\*FT/SEC.) = 1.34 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.30 =573.00 FEET. 2.30 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 1FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION (MIN.) = 3.78 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 6.85 TOTAL STREAM AREA (ACRES) = 0.70PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 3.58 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.11 IS CODE = 21\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7200 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH (FEET) = 50.00

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UPSTREAM ELEVATION (FEET) = 492.70
 ELEVATION DIFFERENCE (FEET) = 491.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TITE
 SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =
                                3.719
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.850
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON TC = 5-MINUTE.
 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.25
 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) =
                                             0.25
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.11 TO NODE 2.12 IS CODE = 91
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
_____
 UPSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 491.60
 DOWNSTREAM NODE ELEVATION (FEET) = 489.50
 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 99.00
 "V" GUTTER WIDTH (FEET) = 5.00 GUTTER HIKE (FEET) = 0.050
 PAVEMENT LIP(FEET) = 0.010 MANNING'S N = .0300
 PAVEMENT CROSSFALL (DECIMAL NOTATION) = 0.01700
 MAXIMUM DEPTH (FEET) = 0.50
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.743
 *USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA):
 USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7400
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0
 TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.60
 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.17
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.10 FLOOD WIDTH (FEET) = 10.16
 "V" GUTTER FLOW TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.41 Tc (MIN.) =
                                               5.12
                            SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) =
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.14
                                                0.70
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.735
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.2
                            PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.94
 END OF SUBAREA "V" GUTTER HYDRAULICS:
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.58
 FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 1.27 DEPTH*VELOCITY (FT*FT/SEC) = 0.16
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE
                         2.10 TO NODE
                                       2.12 = 149.00 FEET.
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.12 TO NODE 2.13 IS CODE = 41
_____
 >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
 >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<
_____
 ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 489.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 488.40
 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 30.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
 ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
 PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 10.79
 PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW) / (PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 4.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.94
 PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.05 Tc (MIN.) = 5.17
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.13 = 179.00 FEET.
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FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.13 TO NODE 2.13 IS CODE = 81 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>ADDITION OF SUBAREA TO MAINLINE PEAK FLOW<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 6.704 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.7871SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.70 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.3 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.64 TC(MIN.) =5.17 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.13 TO NODE 2.20 IS CODE = 51 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW< >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 487.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 487.12 CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 77.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0049 CHANNEL BASE (FEET) = 11.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 3.00 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR) = 5.756 \*USER SPECIFIED (SUBAREA): USER-SPECIFIED RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5500 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 0TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.83 TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 0.93 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH (FEET) = 0.18 TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 1.38 Tc(MIN.) = 6.55SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.12 SUBAREA RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.38AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.721 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.4PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.78END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS: DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 0.91 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.20 = 256.00 FEET. 2.20 TO NODE 2.20 IS CODE = FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY INFORMATION AT NODE<<<<< USER-SPECIFIED VALUES ARE AS FOLLOWS: TC(MIN) = 11.00 RAIN INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.12 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = 0.43 TOTAL RUNOFF (CFS) = 0.61FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.20 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 41 \_\_\_\_\_ >>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<< >>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT) <<<<<

\_\_\_\_\_\_ ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 484.57 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 484.52 FLOW LENGTH (FEET) = 5.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013 DEPTH OF FLOW IN 8.0 INCH PIPE IS 4.1 INCHES PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY (FEET/SEC.) = 3.40 GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 8.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1 PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 0.61PIPE TRAVEL TIME (MIN.) = 0.02 Tc (MIN.) = 11.02LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.10 TO NODE 2.30 = 261.00 FEET. FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 2.30 TO NODE 2.30 IS CODE = 1\_\_\_\_\_ >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<< >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<< \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2 CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE: TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.02 RAINFALL INTENSITY (INCH/HR) = 4.11 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.43 PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 0.61 \*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\* STREAM RUNOFF Тс INTENSITY AREA (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) 3.78 6.850 NUMBER (CFS) (ACRE) 3.58 0.70 1 0.61 11.02 4.114 2 0.43 RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS. \*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\* STREAM RUNOFF TC INTENSITY (MIN.) (INCH/HOUR) NUMBER (CFS) 3.78 1 3.79 6.850 2.76 2 11.02 4.114 COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS: PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS) = 3.79 Tc (MIN.) = 3.78TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.1 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 2.00 TO NODE 2.30 = 573.00 FEET. \_\_\_\_\_ END OF STUDY SUMMARY: 1.1 TC(MIN.) = 3.78 TOTAL AREA (ACRES) = PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 3.79 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_

END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS



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MODULAR WETLAND SYSTEM 3'Wx0.5'H CURB INLET >>>>CHANNEL INPUT INFORMATION< CHANNEL Z1(HORIZONTAL/VERTICAL) = 0.00 Z2(HORIZONTAL/VERTICAL) = 0.00 BASEWIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 CONSTANT CHANNEL SLOPE(FEET/FEET) = 0.100000 UNIFORM FLOW(CFS) = 7.31 MANNINGS FRICTION FACTOR = 0.0150 NORMAL-DEPTH FLOW INFORMATION: >>>> NORMAL DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 FLOW TOP-WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 FLOW AREA(SQUARE FEET) = 0.68 HYDRAULIC DEPTH(FEET) = 0.23 FLOW AVERAGE VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.74 UNIFORM FROUDE NUMBER = 3.971 PRESSURE + MOMENTUM(POUNDS) = 156.90 AVERAGED VELOCITY HEAD(FEET) = 1.790 SPECIFIC ENERGY(FEET) = 2.017 **CRITICAL-DEPTH FLOW INFORMATION:** CRITICAL FLOW TOP-WIDTH(FEET) = 3.00 CRITICAL FLOW AREA(SQUARE FEET) = 1.71 CRITICAL FLOW HYDRAULIC DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57 CRITICAL FLOW AVERAGE VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.29 CRITICAL DEPTH(FEET) = 0.57 CRITICAL FLOW PRESSURE + MOMENTUM(POUNDS) = 90.97 AVERAGED CRITICAL FLOW VELOCITY HEAD(FEET) = 0.285 CRITICAL FLOW SPECIFIC ENERGY(FEET) = 0.854 

# **DETENTION CALCULATIONS**

# BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMP #1



- PVT. STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT PER
- 2 PVT. DRAINAGE DITCH TYPE D PER

- 8 PVT. 8" PVC SDR-35 PERFORATED
- O PVT. BRENTWOOD STORMTANK #2 SYSTEM (LAYFIELD) PER DETAILS ON
- II PVT. NO. 2 BACKING (IO'X28.5'XI.I' THICK) ROCK RIP-RAP PER SDRSD D-40, TYPE 2.
- 13 PVT. 3"-6" ROCKS (3'XIO'XO.7' THICK).
- 15 PVT. 12" PVC SDR-35 PER SDRSD D-60.
- MARK ALL INLETS WITH THE WORDS NO DLIMPING-DRAINS TO WATERWAYS' OR SIMILAR. SEE STENCIL TEMPLATE ON
- 25 PVT. CATCH BASIN TYPE G-I PER SDRSD
- 27 STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT TYPE A PER SDRSD D-09 W/ WEIR ξ I' LOWFLOW ORIFICE, SEE DETAIL 5, SHT. 14.



# KEY NOTES

- PERCOLATION SOIL MEDIA (BSM) (5mg/hr MIN. PERCOLATION RATE) PER BSM MIXTURE RIGHT.
- 2 3" CLEAN & WASHED ASTMC 33 FINE AGGREGATE SAND.
- (3) 3" LAYER WASHED ASTM & STONE.
- (4) CLASS 2 PERMEABLE MATERIAL PER CALTRANS 68-2.02F(3).
- 5 IMPERMEABLE LINER (30 MIL PVC GEOMEMBRANE BY EPI OR APPROVED EQUAL) PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.
- (6) 8" PVC PERFORATED PIPE . 0.5% SLOPE
- (7) 8" PVC SDR-35 . O.5% SLOPE.

	B	IN M	XTURE <sup>23</sup>		
BMP		Ś	ANDY LOA	M	
COMPOSITION	UAND	SAND	SILT	CLAY	
VOLUME	65%		20%		15%
WEIGHT	85%	- 90%	IO% MAX.	5% MAX.	98 MAX.

"9% COMPOST BY WEIGHT SHOULD PRIMARILY FALL INTO SAND COMPONENT (SEE COMPOST GRADATION LIMITS RIGHT (ASTM D422 OR APPROVED EQUAL) AND SHOULD RESULT IN APPROXIMATELY 2%-5% ORGANIC MATTER BY WEIGHT.

-

- 2. EXTRACTABLE NUTRIENT: PHOSPHORUS SHOULD BE 15% MAX. MG/KG DRY WEIGHT.
- 3. FOR BSM SPECIFICATIONS, SEE APPENDIX G IN COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO LID MANUAL (JULY, 2014) AND APPENDIX F.2 OF THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO 2020 BMP DESIGN MANUAL.

ת	C	000 ON
00	97	1/2 INCH.
MAX.	MIN.	
ING (BY WEIGHT	PERCENT PASS	SIEVE SIZE
DATION	NPOST GRAD	COV

#### Reservoir No. 2 - BMP #1

#### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

#### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	488.00	3,990	0	0	
0.50	488.50	3,990	1,995	1,995	
1.50	489.50	3,990	3,990	5,985	
2.00	490.00	3,990	1,995	7,980	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]	
Rise in	= 0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	Cre
Span in	= 0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	Cre
No. Barrels	= 0	1	0	0	We
Invert El. ft	= 0.00	488.00	0.00	0.00	We
Length ft	= 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Mu
Slope %	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
N-Value	= .013	.013	.000	.013	
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.00	0.60	
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No	Ext

# **Weir Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Crest Len ft	= 10.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Crest El. ft	= 489.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Veir Coeff.	= 2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Veir Type	= Rect			
Aulti-Stage	= No	No	No	No

filtration Rate = 0.00 in/hr/sqft Tailwater Elev. = 0.00 ft

#### **^** wa / Otawawa / Diaabawwa Tabla

Note: All outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.

Storage /	Discharge	lable									
Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
0	488.00		0.00			0.00					0.00
200	488.05		0.00			0.00					0.00
399	488.10		0.00			0.00					0.00
599	488.15		0.00			0.00					0.00
798	488.20		0.00			0.00					0.00
998	488.25		0.00			0.00					0.00
1,197	488.30		0.00			0.00					0.00
1,397	488.35		0.00			0.00					0.00
1,596	488.40		0.00			0.00					0.00
1,796	488.45		0.00			0.00					0.00
1,995	488.50		0.00			0.00					0.00
2,394	488.60		0.00			0.00					0.00
2,793	488.70		0.00			0.00					0.00
3,192	488.80		0.00			0.00					0.00
3,591	488.90		0.00			0.00					0.00
3,990	489.00		0.00			0.00					0.00
4,389	489.10		0.00			0.00					0.00
4,788	489.20		0.00			0.00					0.00
5,187	489.30		0.00			0.00					0.00
5,586	489.40		0.00			0.00					0.00
5,985	489.50		0.00			0.00					0.00
6,185	489.55		0.00			0.28					0.28
6,384	489.60		0.00			0.79					0.79
6,584	489.65		0.00			1.45					1.45
6,783	489.70		0.00			2.24					2.24
6,983	489.75		0.00			3.12					3.13
7,182	489.80		0.00			4.11					4.11
7,382	489.85		0.00			5.17					5.18
7,581	489.90		0.00			6.32					6.32
7,781	489.95		0.00			7.54					7.55
7,980	490.00		0.00			8.84					8.84
	Storage / Storage cuft 0 200 399 599 798 998 1,197 1,397 1,596 1,796 1,995 2,394 2,793 3,192 3,591 3,990 4,389 4,788 5,187 5,586 5,985 6,384 6,584 6,584 6,783 6,983 7,182 7,382 7,382 7,781 7,980	StorageElevation ft0488.00200488.05399488.10599488.15798488.251,197488.301,397488.351,596488.451,995488.502,394488.002,793488.703,192488.004,389489.004,389489.104,788489.205,187489.305,586489.405,985489.506,185489.556,384489.606,584489.757,182489.807,382489.557,581489.907,781489.957,980490.00	Storage         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs           0         488.00            200         488.05            399         488.10            599         488.15            798         488.20            998         488.25            998         488.25            1,197         488.30            1,397         488.35            1,397         488.45            1,397         488.70            2,394         488.60            2,793         488.70            3,192         488.80            3,591         488.90            3,591         488.90            3,591         489.90            4,788         489.20            5,586         489.40            5,985         489.55            6,185         489.55            6,783         489.70            6,783         4	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs           0         488.00          0.00           200         488.05          0.00           399         488.10          0.00           599         488.15          0.00           798         488.20          0.00           998         488.25          0.00           1,197         488.35          0.00           1,397         488.35          0.00           1,397         488.45          0.00           1,796         488.45          0.00           2,793         488.70          0.00           2,793         488.70          0.00           3,192         488.80          0.00           3,591         489.90          0.00           3,591         489.90          0.00           4,389         489.10          0.00           5,586         489.40          0.00           5,985         489.55        <	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs           200         488.00          0.00            399         488.10          0.00            599         488.15          0.00            998         488.20          0.00            998         488.25          0.00            1,197         488.30          0.00            1,397         488.35          0.00            1,397         488.45          0.00            1,995         488.60          0.00            1,995         488.70          0.00            2,394         488.60          0.00            3,192         488.80          0.00            3,591         488.90          0.00            3,591         488.90          0.00            3,591         489.90 <td>Storage cuff         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs           0         488.00          0.00             200         488.05          0.00             399         488.10          0.00             599         488.15          0.00             998         488.20          0.00             1,197         488.35          0.00             1,397         488.45          0.00             1,397         488.50          0.00             1,995         488.45          0.00             1,995         488.50          0.00             2,394         488.60          0.00             3,990         489.00          0.00             3,990         489.00</td> <td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00           200         488.05          0.00           0.00           399         488.10          0.00           0.00           798         488.20          0.00           0.00           998         488.35          0.00           0.00           1,197         488.30          0.00           0.00           1,397         488.50          0.00           0.00           1,396         488.45          0.00           0.00           1,995         488.50          0.00           0.00           2,793         488.70          0.00           0.00           3,990         489.00          0.00        <td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00            200         488.05          0.00           0.00            399         488.10          0.00           0.00            798         488.20          0.00           0.00            998         488.25          0.00           0.00            1,197         488.35          0.00           0.00            1,397         488.45          0.00           0.00            1,996         488.40          0.00           0.00            1,995         488.50          0.00           0.00            2,733         488.70        </td><td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs         &lt;</td><td>Storage         Elevation         Civ A         Civ B         Civ C         Civ D         Wr A         Wr B         Wr C         Wr D           0         488.05          0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00  </td><td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Civ A cfs         Civ B cfs         Civ D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr D cfs         Exfil cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00  </td></td>	Storage cuff         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs           0         488.00          0.00             200         488.05          0.00             399         488.10          0.00             599         488.15          0.00             998         488.20          0.00             1,197         488.35          0.00             1,397         488.45          0.00             1,397         488.50          0.00             1,995         488.45          0.00             1,995         488.50          0.00             2,394         488.60          0.00             3,990         489.00          0.00             3,990         489.00	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00           200         488.05          0.00           0.00           399         488.10          0.00           0.00           798         488.20          0.00           0.00           998         488.35          0.00           0.00           1,197         488.30          0.00           0.00           1,397         488.50          0.00           0.00           1,396         488.45          0.00           0.00           1,995         488.50          0.00           0.00           2,793         488.70          0.00           0.00           3,990         489.00          0.00 <td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00            200         488.05          0.00           0.00            399         488.10          0.00           0.00            798         488.20          0.00           0.00            998         488.25          0.00           0.00            1,197         488.35          0.00           0.00            1,397         488.45          0.00           0.00            1,996         488.40          0.00           0.00            1,995         488.50          0.00           0.00            2,733         488.70        </td> <td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs         &lt;</td> <td>Storage         Elevation         Civ A         Civ B         Civ C         Civ D         Wr A         Wr B         Wr C         Wr D           0         488.05          0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00  </td> <td>Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Civ A cfs         Civ B cfs         Civ D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr D cfs         Exfil cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00  </td>	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00            200         488.05          0.00           0.00            399         488.10          0.00           0.00            798         488.20          0.00           0.00            998         488.25          0.00           0.00            1,197         488.35          0.00           0.00            1,397         488.45          0.00           0.00            1,996         488.40          0.00           0.00            1,995         488.50          0.00           0.00            2,733         488.70	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Clv A cfs         Clv B cfs         Clv C cfs         Clv D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr B cfs         <	Storage         Elevation         Civ A         Civ B         Civ C         Civ D         Wr A         Wr B         Wr C         Wr D           0         488.05          0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00           0.00	Storage cuft         Elevation ft         Civ A cfs         Civ B cfs         Civ D cfs         Wr A cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr C cfs         Wr D cfs         Exfil cfs           0         488.00          0.00           0.00

# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

### Hyd. No. 2

#### BMP #1

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1
Max. Elevation	= 489.59 ft

Storage Indication method used.

Peak discharge= 0.69 cfsTime interval= 16 minReservoir name= BMP #1Max. Storage= 6,344 cuft

Hydrograph Volume = 4,586 cuft



#### Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

# Hyd. No. 2

BMP #1

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.69 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 16 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 1	Reservoir name	= BMP #1
Max. Elevation	= 489.59 ft	Max. Storage	= 6,344 cuft

Storage Indication method used.

#### Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
5.33	0.41	489.59 <<		0.00			0.69					0.69 <<
5.60	0.28	489.55		0.00			0.31					0.31
5.87	0.22	489.55		0.00			0.25					0.25
6.13	0.18	489.54		0.00			0.21					0.21
6.40	0.16	489.53		0.00			0.18					0.18
6.67	0.14	489.53		0.00			0.15					0.16
6.93	0.13	489.52		0.00			0.14					0.14
7.20	0.12	489.52		0.00			0.13					0.13
7.47	0.11	489.52		0.00			0.12					0.12
7.73	0.00	489.51		0.00			0.07					0.07
8.00	0.00	489.50		0.00			0.01					0.01

...End

Outflow hydrograph volume = 4,586 cuft

# Hyd. No. 1

DMA #1

Hydrograph type	= Manual
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs

Peak discharge = 2.61 cfs Time interval = 16 min

Hydrograph Volume = 8,170 cuft



# Hyd. No. 1

DMA #1

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 2.61 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 16 min

#### Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time -	- Outflow
(hrs	cfs)
0.27 0.53 0.80 1.07 1.33 1.60 1.87 2.13 2.40 2.67 2.93 3.20 3.47 3.73 4.00 4.27 4.53 4.80	$\begin{array}{c} 0.11\\ 0.12\\ 0.12\\ 0.13\\ 0.14\\ 0.15\\ 0.15\\ 0.15\\ 0.17\\ 0.17\\ 0.19\\ 0.20\\ 0.23\\ 0.25\\ 0.31\\ 0.35\\ 0.52\\ 0.73\\ \end{array}$
5.07	2.61 <<
5.33	0.41
5.60	0.28
5.87	0.22
6.13	0.18
6.40	0.16
6.67	0.14
6.93	0.13
7.20	0.12
7.47	0.11

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Hydrograph Volume = 8,170 cuft

Hydrograph File Name	Inflow	BMP #1						
Time of Concentration	15.82	Minutes						
6-Hour Rainfall	2.6	Inches						
Basin Area	0.94	Acres						
Runoff Coefficient	0.85	Unitless						
Intensity (I)	3.259	ln/hr						
Peak Discharge	2.61	CFS			Storm Vol.	7,568	CF	
N=	23							
	Rainfall	Rainfall	Peak			Rainfall	Peak	<b>T</b> :
Ν	$P_{T(N)}$	P <sub>N</sub>	Discharge	Time (min)	Ν	P <sub>N</sub>	Discharge	(maine)
	(inches)	(inches)	Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)	. ,		(inches)	Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)	(min)
1	0.86	0.86	2.61	247.91	-	0.00	0.00	0
2	1.10	0.24	0.73	232.09	27	0.04	0.11	16
3	1.27	0.17	0.52	216.27	26	0.04	0.11	32
4	1.41	0.14	0.41	263.73	24	0.04	0.12	47
5	1.52	0.12	0.35	200.45	23	0.04	0.12	63
6	1.62	0.10	0.31	184.63	21	0.04	0.13	79
7	1.71	0.09	0.28	279.55	20	0.04	0.14	95
8	1.80	0.08	0.25	168.81	18	0.05	0.15	111
9	1.87	0.08	0.23	152.99	17	0.05	0.15	127
10	1.95	0.07	0.22	295.37	15	0.05	0.17	142
11	2.01	0.07	0.20	137.17	14	0.06	0.17	158
12	2.08	0.06	0.19	121.35	12	0.06	0.19	174
13	2.14	0.06	0.18	311.19	11	0.07	0.20	190
14	2.19	0.06	0.17	105.53	9	0.08	0.23	206
15	2.25	0.05	0.17	89.71	8	0.08	0.25	221
16	2.30	0.05	0.16	327.01	6	0.10	0.31	237
17	2.35	0.05	0.15	73.89	5	0.12	0.35	253
18	2.40	0.05	0.15	58.07	3	0.17	0.52	269
19	2.44	0.05	0.14	342.83	2	0.24	0.73	285
20	2.49	0.04	0.14	42.25	1	0.86	2.61	301
21	2.53	0.04	0.13	26.43	4	0.14	0.41	316
22	2.57	0.04	0.13	358.65	7	0.09	0.28	332
23	2.62	0.04	0.12	10.61	10	0.07	0.22	348
24	2.66	0.04	0.12	-5.21	13	0.06	0.18	364
25	2.69	0.04	0.12	374.47	16	0.05	0.16	380
26	2.73	0.04	0.11	-21.03	19	0.05	0.14	396
27	2.77	0.04	0.11	-36.85	22	0.04	0.13	411
28	2.80	0.04	0.11	390.29	25	0.04	0.12	427
					28	0.04	0.11	443
					-	0	0.00	459

# BIOFILTRATION BASIN BMP #2



**BMP #2- BIOFILTRATION BASIN** 



NO. 200	1/2 INCH.		IEVE SIZE	COM	COMPOST BY NUD COMPONEI SHIT (ASTM D42) SHITRACTABLE N TRACTABLE N AX. MG/KG DRY AX. MG/KG DRY AX. MG/KG DRY ANUAL OF THE COUN	EIGHT   85
o	97	MIN.	PERCENT PASS	POST GRAE	WEIGHT SHOLLD PI 22 OR APPROVED E 22 OR APPROVED E 23-5% O 27RIENT: PHOSPHO WEIGHT. WEIGHT. 10 MANUAL (JULY, 2 11 MANUAL (JULY, 2 11 MANUAL (JULY, 2	3 - 901 101 MAX.
U	ĪŌŎ	MAX.	ING (BY WEIGHT)	DATION	RIMARILY FALL INTO GRADATION LIMITS IQUAL) AND SHOULD RGANIC MATTER BY PENDIX G IN COUNTY 2014) AND APPENDIX 2020 BMP DESIGN	5% MAX. 9% MAX.

# NOTES

BIORETENTION SOIL MEDIA (BSM) (5mcu/Hz MIN. PERCOLATION RATE) PER BSM MIXTURE RIGHT.
 3 CLEAN & WASHED ASTMC 33 FINE AGGREGATE SAND.
 3 LAYER WASHED ASTM & STONE.
 CLASS 2 PERMEABLE MATERIAL PER CALTRANS 68-2.02F(3).

CLASS 2 PERMEABLE MATERIAL PER CALTRANS 68-2.02F(3). IMPERMEABLE LINER (30 MIL PVC GEOMEMBRANE BY EPI OR APPROVED EQUAL) PER MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS.

8" PVC PERFORATED PIPE . 0.5% SLOPE.

8" PVC SDR-35 . 0.5% SLOPE.

**BSM MIXTURE<sup>23</sup>** 

SANDY LOAM

CLAY

COMPOST 12%

65%

20%

# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

# Hyd. No. 4

#### BMP #2

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.61 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 3	Reservoir name	= BMP #2
Max. Elevation	= 489.86 ft	Max, Storage	= 2.149 cu
Max. Elevation	= 489.86 ft	Max. Storage	= 2,149 cu

Storage Indication method used.

Hydrograph Volume = 1,293 cuft

cuft



#### Reservoir No. 4 - BMP #2

#### **Pond Data**

Pond storage is based on known contour areas. Average end area method used.

#### Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	) Co	ontour ar	ea (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total stor	rage (cuf	:)		
0.00 1.00 2.00 2.17	488.50 489.50 490.50 490.67		1,576 1,576 1,576 1,576		0 1,576 1,576 268	1,5 3,7 3,4	0 576 152 420	Catab P	agin	
Culvert / Ori	ifice Structure	s 🗸	— Midf	low orifice	Weir Structu	ures			asiii	
	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[4]	[B]	[C]	[D]	
Rise in	= 0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	Crest Len ft	= 12.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Span in	= 0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	Crest El. ft	= 489.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	
No. Barrels	= 0	1	0	0	Weir Coeff.	= 2.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Invert El. ft	= 0.00	488.50	0.00	0.00	Weir Type	= Rect				
Length ft	= 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No	
Slope %	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-					
N-Value	= .013	.013	.000	.000						
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.00	0.00						
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No	Exfiltration Rat	e = 0.00 in/hr/	sqft Tailv	/ater Elev. =	0.00 ft	

Note: All outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control.

Stage /	Storage /	Discharge <sup>·</sup>	Table									
Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
0.00	0	488.50		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.10	158	488.60		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.20	315	488.70		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.30	473	488.80		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.40	630	488.90		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.50	788	489.00		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.60	946	489.10		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.70	1,103	489.20		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.80	1,261	489.30		0.00			0.00					0.00
0.90	1,418	489.40		0.00			0.00					0.00
1.00	1,576	489.50		0.00			0.00					0.00
1.10	1,734	489.60		0.00			0.00					0.00
1.20	1,891	489.70		0.00			0.00					0.00
1.30	2,049	489.80		0.00			0.00					0.00
1.40	2,206	489.90		0.00			0.95					0.95
1.50	2,364	490.00		0.00			2.68					2.69
1.60	2,522	490.10		0.00			4.93					4.93
1.70	2,679	490.20		0.00			7.59					7.59
1.80	2,837	490.30		0.00			10.61					10.61
1.90	2,994	490.40		0.00			13.95					13.95
2.00	3,152	490.50		0.00			17.57					17.57
2.02	3,179	490.52		0.00			18.21					18.22
2.03	3,206	490.53		0.00			18.87					18.87
2.05	3,232	490.55		0.00			19.52					19.53
2.07	3,259	490.57		0.00			20.19					20.19
2.09	3,286	490.59		0.00			20.87					20.87
2.10	3,313	490.60		0.00			21.55					21.55
2.12	3,340	490.62		0.00			22.24					22.24
2.14	3,366	490.64		0.00			22.93					22.93
2.15	3,393	490.65		0.00			23.63					23.64
2.17	3,420	490.67		0.00			24.35					24.35

#### Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

# Hyd. No. 4

BMP #2

Hydrograph type	= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 0.61 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
Inflow hyd. No.	= 3	Reservoir name	= BMP #2
Max. Elevation	= 489.86 ft	Max. Storage	= 2,149 cuft
		-	

Storage Indication method used.

#### Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
4.05	0.94	489.86		0.00			0.59					0.59
4.10	0.28	489.86 <<		0.00			0.60					0.61 <<
4.15	0.24	489.84		0.00			0.36					0.36
4.20	0.19	489.83		0.00			0.26					0.26
4.25	0.17	489.82		0.00			0.20					0.20
4.30	0.15	489.82		0.00			0.17					0.17
4.35	0.13	489.82		0.00			0.15					0.15
4.40	0.12	489.81		0.00			0.13					0.13
4.45	0.12	489.81		0.00			0.12					0.12
4.50	0.11	489.81		0.00			0.12					0.12
4.55	0.11	489.81		0.00			0.11					0.11
4.60	0.11	489.81		0.00			0.11					0.11
4.65	0.10	489.81		0.00			0.10					0.11
4.70	0.10	489.81		0.00			0.10					0.10
4.75	0.09	489.81		0.00			0.10					0.10
4.80	0.09	489.81		0.00			0.09					0.09
4.85	0.08	489.81		0.00			0.09					0.09
4.90	0.08	489.81		0.00			0.08					0.08
4.95	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.08					0.08
5.00	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.07					0.07
5.05	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.07					0.07
5.10	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.07					0.07
5.15	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.07					0.07
5.20	0.07	489.81		0.00			0.07					0.07
5.25	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.07
5.30	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.35	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.40	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.45	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.50	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.55	0.06	489.81		0.00			0.06					0.06
5.60	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.06
5.65	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
5.70	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
5.75	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
5.80	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
5.85	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
5.90	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05

Continues on next page ...

Outflow hydrograph volume = 1,293 cuft

# Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
5.95	0.05	489.81		0.00			0.05					0.05
6.00	0.00	489.80		0.00			0.03					0.03
6.05	0.00	489.80		0.00			0.01					0.01

...End

# Hyd. No. 3

DMA #2

Hydrograph type	= Manual
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs

Peak discharge = 1.78 cfs Time interval = 3 min

Hydrograph Volume = 2,923 cuft



# Hyd. No. 3

#### DMA #2

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 1.78 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min

# Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time -	- Outflow	Time	Outflow	Time	Outflow	Time	Outflow
(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)
0.05	0.05	1.75	0.07	3.45	0.17	5.15	0.07
0.10	0.05	1.80	0.07	3.50	0.19	5.20	0.07
0.15	0.05	1.85	0.07	3.55	0.21	5.25	0.06
0.20	0.05	1.90	0.07	3.60	0.23	5.30	0.06
0.25	0.05	1.95	0.08	3.65	0.24	5.35	0.06
0.30	0.05	2.00	0.08	3.70	0.29	5.40	0.06
0.35	0.05	2.05	0.08	3.75	0.31	5.45	0.06
0.40	0.05	2.10	0.08	3.80	0.39	5.50	0.06
0.45	0.05	2.15	0.08	3.85	0.46	5.55	0.06
0.50	0.05	2.20	0.08	3.90	0.72	5.60	0.05
0.55	0.05	2.25	0.08	3.95	1.37	5.65	0.05
0.60	0.05	2.30	0.08	4.00	1.78 <<	5.70	0.05
0.65	0.05	2.35	0.08	4.05	0.94	5.75	0.05
0.70	0.05	2.40	0.09	4.10	0.28	5.80	0.05
0.75	0.05	2.45	0.09	4.15	0.24	5.85	0.05
0.80	0.06	2.50	0.09	4.20	0.19	5.90	0.05
0.85	0.06	2.55	0.09	4.25	0.17	5.95	0.05
0.90	0.06	2.60	0.10	4.30	0.15		
0.95	0.06	2.65	0.10	4.35	0.13		
1.00	0.06	2.70	0.10	4.40	0.12	End	
1.05	0.06	2.75	0.10	4.45	0.12		
1.10	0.06	2.80	0.10	4.50	0.11		
1.15	0.06	2.85	0.11	4.55	0.11		
1.20	0.06	2.90	0.11	4.60	0.11		
1.25	0.06	2.95	0.12	4.65	0.10		
1.30	0.06	3.00	0.12	4.70	0.10		
1.35	0.06	3.05	0.13	4.75	0.09		
1.40	0.06	3.10	0.13	4.80	0.09		
1.45	0.06	3.15	0.14	4.85	0.08		
1.50	0.06	3.20	0.14	4.90	0.08		
1.55	0.07	3.25	0.15	4.95	0.07		
1.60	0.07	3.30	0.16	5.00	0.07		
1.65	0.07	3.35	0.16	5.05	0.07		
1.70	0.07	3.40	0.17	5.10	0.07		

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Page 1

Hydrograph Volume = 2,923 cuft

Hydrograph File Name Time of Concentration 6-Hour Rainfall Basin Area Runoff Coefficient Intensity (I) Book Discharge	Inflow 6.55 2.6 0.43 0.72 5.754	BMP #2 Minutes Inches Acres Unitless In/hr			Storm Vol	2 022	CE.	
N=	55	010				2,922	CI	
Ν	Rainfall P <sub>T(N)</sub> (inches)	Rainfall P <sub>N</sub> (inches)	Peak Discharge Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)	Time (min)	Ν	Rainfall P <sub>N</sub> (inches)	Peak Discharge Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)	Time (min)
1	0.63 <sup>´</sup>	0.63 ´	1.78	243.276	-	0.00	0.00	0
2	0.80	0.18	0.50	236.724	54	0.02	0.05	3
3	0.93	0.12	0.35	230.172	53	0.02	0.05	10 16
5	1.03	0.10	0.20	223.62	50	0.02	0.05	23
6	1.19	0.07	0.21	217.068	48	0.02	0.05	29
7	1.25	0.07	0.19	256.38	47	0.02	0.05	36
8	1.31	0.06	0.17	210.516	45	0.02	0.05	43
9 10	1.37	0.06	0.16	203.964	44	0.02	0.06	49 56
10	1.42	0.05	0.15	202.932	42 41	0.02	0.00	50 62
12	1.52	0.05	0.13	190.86	39	0.02	0.06	69
13	1.56	0.04	0.12	269.484	38	0.02	0.06	75
14	1.60	0.04	0.12	184.308	36	0.02	0.06	82
15	1.64	0.04	0.11	177.756	35	0.02	0.06	88 05
10	1.08	0.04	0.11	276.036	32	0.02	0.07	95 102
18	1.75	0.04	0.10	164.652	30	0.02	0.07	102
19	1.79	0.03	0.10	282.588	29	0.03	0.07	115
20	1.82	0.03	0.09	158.1	27	0.03	0.08	121
21	1.85	0.03	0.09	151.548	26	0.03	0.08	128
22	1.88	0.03	0.09	289.14	24	0.03	0.08	134 171
23	1.91	0.03	0.08	138.444	23	0.03	0.08	141
25	1.97	0.03	0.08	295.692	20	0.03	0.09	154
26	2.00	0.03	0.08	131.892	18	0.04	0.10	161
27	2.02	0.03	0.08	125.34	17	0.04	0.10	167
28	2.05	0.03	0.07	302.244	15	0.04	0.11	1/4 180
30	2.00	0.03	0.07	112 236	14	0.04	0.12	180
31	2.13	0.02	0.07	308.796	11	0.05	0.14	193
32	2.15	0.02	0.07	105.684	9	0.06	0.16	200
33	2.17	0.02	0.07	99.132	8	0.06	0.17	206
34	2.20	0.02	0.07	315.348	6	0.07	0.21	213
35	2.22 2.24	0.02	0.06	92.58 86.028	5	0.08	0.24	219
37	2.24	0.02	0.06	321.9	2	0.12	0.50	233
38	2.29	0.02	0.06	79.476	1	0.63	1.78	239
39	2.31	0.02	0.06	72.924	4	0.10	0.28	246
40	2.33	0.02	0.06	328.452	7	0.07	0.19	252
41	2.35 2.37	0.02	0.06	50.372	10	0.05	0.15	259 265
43	2.39	0.02	0.06	335.004	16	0.04	0.12	203
44	2.41	0.02	0.06	53.268	19	0.03	0.10	278
45	2.43	0.02	0.05	46.716	22	0.03	0.09	285
46	2.45	0.02	0.05	341.556	25	0.03	0.08	292
4/	2.46	0.02	0.05	40.164	28	0.03	0.07	298
40 49	2.40	0.02	0.05	348 108	34	0.02	0.07	305 311
50	2.52	0.02	0.05	27.06	37	0.02	0.06	318
51	2.54	0.02	0.05	20.508	40	0.02	0.06	324
52	2.55	0.02	0.05	354.66	43	0.02	0.06	331
53	2.57	0.02	0.05	13.956	46	0.02	0.05	337
54 55	2.59	0.02	0.05 0.05	7.404 361 212	49 52	0.02	0.05 0.05	344 351
00	2.01	0.02	0.00	001.212	55	0.02	0.05	357

- 0.00 0.00 364

# UNDERGROUND DETENTION TANK #2



#### PVT. STORM DRAIN

Ν

GD

- PVT. STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT PER DETAIL I ON SHT. 2.
- 2 PVT. DRAINAGE DITCH TYPE D PER SDRSD D-75 (TYP.).
- 5 PVT. 4" PVC SDR-35 PER SDRSD D-60.
- 6 PVT. 6' PVC SDR-35 PER SDRSD D-60.
- 7 PVT. 8" PVC SDR-35 PER SDRSD D-60.
- 8 PVT. 8" PVC SDR-35 PERFORATED PIPE.
- [0] PVT. BRENTWOOD STORMTANK #1 ξ #2 SYSTEM (LAYFIELD) PER DETAILS ON SHT'S 15-23.
- III PVT. NO. 2 BACKING (IO'X28.5'XI.I' THICK) ROCK RIP-RAP PER SDRSD D-40, TYPE 2.
- [13] PVT. 3"-6" ROCKS (3'XIO'XO.7' THICK).
- [5] PVT. 12" PVC SDR-35 PER SDRSD D-60.
- 18 PVT. 6" ATRIUM DRAIN PER DETAIL 5, SHT. 2.

- MARK ALL INLETS WITH THE WORDS 'NO DUMPING-DRAINS TO WATERWAYS' OR SIMILAR. SEE STENCIL TEMPLATE ON SHT. 10.
- STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT TYPE A PER SDRSD D-09 W/ 0.81" LOWFLOW ORIFICE.
- 24 STORM DRAIN PIPE THRU STEM/ FOOTING PER DETAIL 3, SHT. 14.
- 25 PVT. MODIFIED CATCH BASIN TYPE G-I W/ 2-OPENINGS PER SDRSD D-08.
- 26 PVT. 18" CATCH BASIN PER DETAIL 4, SHT. 2.
- [27] STORM DRAIN CLEANOUT TYPE A PER SDRSD D-09 W/ WEIR I'X2' • 481.93 ORIFICE. SEE DETAIL 5, SHT. 14.

#### Low Flow Orifice Discharge

1) 
$$Q = C_d x A x (2gH)^{0.5}$$

Orifice Discharge Equation

Drawdown Time

C<sub>d</sub> = Orifice Coefficient = 0.60 (sharp, clean edge)

H = Water Head above orifice

g = Gravitational Acceleration =  $32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$ 

A = Area of the Orifice

ВМР	Orifice Coefficient Cd	Orifice Diameter (inches)	Max. Orifice Area (inch <sup>2</sup> )	Gravitational Acceleration ft/s <sup>2</sup>	H (in)	H (ft)	Orifice Discharge Q (cfs)
Tank #1	0.6	0.81	0.52	32.2	36	3	0.030
Tank #2	0.6	12.0	113.04	32.2	21.24	1.77	5.029

See Drainage report for 100-year water surface elevation in tank.

#### Drawdown Time

3)

 $D = V / Q_{Orifice}$ 

BMP	Volume (cf)	Q <sub>orifice</sub> (cfs)	Drawdown Time (hours)	Conclusion
Tank #1	12871.0	0.03	119.9	> 96 hours - See Vector Control Plan
Tank #2	2592.0	5.03	0.1	< 96 hours - No Vector Control Required

VCP in project SWQMP.



# TYPICAL SINGLE STACKED SYSTEM BASIC CROSS-SECTION

# Hydrograph Plot

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

# Hyd. No. 6

#### BMP #3

= Reservoir
= 100 yrs
= 5
= 485.52 ft

Storage Indication method used.

Peak discharge= 4.25 cfsTime interval= 3 minReservoir name= BMP #3Max. Storage= 1,526 cuft

Hydrograph Volume = 10,189 cuft





# **Reservoir Report**

#### Reservoir No. 3 - BMP #3

#### Pond Data

Bottom LxW = 24.0 x 36.0 ft

Stage / Storage Table

Stage (ft)	Elevation (ft)	Contour area (sqft)	Incr. Storage (cuft)	Total storage (cuft)	
0.00	483.75	864	0	0	
0.20	483.95	864	173	173	
0.40	484.15	864	173	346	
0.60	484.35	864	173	518	
0.80	484.55	864	173	691	
1.00	484.75	864	173	864	
1.20	484.95	864	173	1,037	
1.40	485.15	864	173	1,210	
1.60	485.35	864	173	1,382	
1.80	485.55	864	173	1,555	
2.00	485.75	864	173	1,728	
2.20	485.95	864	173	1,901	
2.40	486.15	864	173	2,074	
2.60	486.35	864	173	2,246	
2.80	486.55	864	173	2,419	
3.00	486.75	864	173	2,592	
3.20	486.95	864	173	2,765	
3.40	487.15	864	173	2,938	
3.60	487.35	864	173	3,110	
3.80	487.55	864	173	3,283	
4.00	487.75	864	173	3,456	

#### **Culvert / Orifice Structures**

	[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]		[A]	[B]	[C]	[D]
Rise in	= 12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Crest Len ft	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Span in	= 12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Crest El. ft	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
No. Barrels	= 1	0	0	0	Weir Coeff.	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Invert El. ft	= 483.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	Weir Type	=			
Length ft	= 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Multi-Stage	= No	No	No	No
Slope %	= 0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-				
N-Value	= .013	.013	.000	.000					
Orif. Coeff.	= 0.60	0.60	0.00	0.00					
Multi-Stage	= n/a	No	No	No	Exfiltration Rat	te = 0.00 in/hr/	/sqft Tailwa	ater Elev. =	0.00 ft

#### Note: All outflows have been analyzed under inlet and outlet control. Stage / Storage / Discharge Table Stage Storage Elevation Clv A Clv B Clv C Clv D Wr A Wr B Wr C Wr D Exfil Total ft cuft ft cfs 0.00 0.00 0 483.75 ---------------------\_\_\_\_ 0.00 0.02 17 483.77 0.00 0.00 ----------------------------------0.04 35 483.79 0.01 ----0.01 ---------------------0.06 52 483.81 0.02 ---------------------0.02 -----------69 ----0.08 483.83 0.03 0.03 --0.10 86 483.85 0.04 ----0.04 104 0.06 ----0.12 483.87 -------0.06 ------------121 483.89 0.09 --------0.09 0.14 ----0.16 138 483.91 0.11 -----------0.11 ----------------------------156 0.14 0.18 483.93 --------0.14 0.20 173 483.95 0.17 --------0.17 0.20 --------0.20 0.22 190 483.97 ------------------------------------483.99 ----0.24 207 0.24 0.24 0.26 225 484.01 0.28 ----0.28 --------484.03 0.32 242 0.32 0.28 -------0.30 259 484.05 0.37 ------------------0.37 276 484.07 0.42 --------------------0.42 0.32 -----------

Continues on next page ...

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Side slope = 0.0:1

Bottom elev.

Weir Structures

= 483.75 ft

Depth = 4.00 ft

BMP #3 Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
0.34	294	484.09	0.47									0.47
0.36	311	484.11	0.52									0.52
0.38	328	484.13	0.58									0.58
0.40	346	484.15	0.63									0.63
0.42	363	484.17	0.69									0.69
0.44	380	484.19	0.75									0.75
0.46	397	484.21	0.81									0.81
0.48	415	484.23	0.88									0.88
0.50	432	484.25	0.95									0.95
0.52	449	484.27	1.01									1.01
0.54	407	484.29	1.08									1.08
0.50	404	404.31	1.10									1.10
0.50	518	404.33	1.23									1.23
0.00	536	484 37	1.30									1.30
0.02	553	404.37	1.57									1.57
0.66	570	484 41	1.52									1.40
0.68	588	484 43	1.60									1.60
0.70	605	484 45	1 67									1 67
0.72	622	484.47	1.75									1.75
0.74	639	484.49	1.83									1.83
0.76	657	484.51	1.90									1.90
0.78	674	484.53	1.98									1.98
0.80	691	484.55	2.05									2.05
0.82	708	484.57	2.13									2.13
0.84	726	484.59	2.20									2.20
0.86	743	484.61	2.27									2.27
0.88	760	484.63	2.34									2.34
0.90	778	484.65	2.41									2.41
0.92	795	484.67	2.47									2.47
0.94	812	484.69	2.53									2.53
0.96	829	484.71	2.58									2.58
0.98	847	484.73	2.63									2.63
1.00	864	484.75	2.67									2.67
1.02	881	484.77	2.73									2.73
1.04	899	484.79	2.78									2.78
1.06	916	484.81	2.83									2.83
1.08	933	484.83	2.88									2.88
1.10	950	484.85	2.93									2.93
1.12	900	404.07	2.90									2.90
1.14	900	404.09	3.02									3.02
1.10	1,002	404.91	3.07									3.07
1.10	1,020	404.95	3.12									3.12
1.20	1 054	484 97	3.21									3 21
1.22	1 071	484 99	3.25									3 25
1.24	1 089	485.01	3.30									3.30
1.28	1 106	485.03	3 34									3 34
1.30	1.123	485.05	3.38									3.38
1.32	1,140	485.07	3.42									3.42
1.34	1,158	485.09	3.47									3.47
1.36	1,175	485.11	3.51									3.51
1.38	1,192	485.13	3.55									3.55
1.40	1,210	485.15	3.59									3.59
1.42	1,227	485.17	3.63									3.63
1.44	1,244	485.19	3.67									3.67
1.46	1,261	485.21	3.70									3.70
1.48	1,279	485.23	3.74									3.74
1.50	1,296	485.25	3.78									3.78
1.52	1,313	485.27	3.82									3.82
1.54	1,331	485.29	3.86									3.86
1.56	1,348	485.31	3.89									3.89
1.58	1,365	485.33	3.93									3.93
1.60	1,382	485.35	3.97									3.97
1.62	1,400	485.37	4.00									4.00
1.64	1,417	485.39	4.04									4.04
1.66	1,434	485.41	4.07									4.07
1.00	1,452	400.43	4.11									4.11
1.70	1,409	400.40	4.14 1 10									4.14
1.72	1,480	400.47	4.1ŏ									4.18

Continues on next page ...

BMP #3 Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
1.74	1,503	485.49	4.21									4.21
1.76	1,521	485.51	4.24									4.24
1.78	1,538	485.53	4.28									4.28
1.80	1,555	485.55	4.31									4.31
1.82	1,572	485.57	4.34									4.34
1.84	1,590	485.59	4.38									4.38
1.86	1,607	485.61	4.41									4.41
1.88	1,624	485.63	4.44									4.44
1.90	1,642	485.65	4.47									4.47
1.92	1,659	485.67	4.51									4.51
1.94	1,676	485.69	4.54									4.54
1.96	1,693	485.71	4.57									4.57
1.98	1,711	485.73	4.60									4.60
2.00	1,728	485.75	4.63									4.63
2.02	1,745	485.77	4.66									4.66
2.04	1,763	485.79	4.69									4.69
2.00	1,700	400.01	4.72									4.12
2.00	1,797	400.00	4.75									4.73
2.10	1,014	400.00	4.70									4.70
2.12	1,032	400.07	4.01									4.01
2.14	1,049	400.09	4.04									4.04
2.10	1,000	403.91	4.07									4.07
2.10	1,004	403.93	4.90									4.90
2.20	1,901	403.95	4.93									4.93
2.22	1,910	405.97	4.90									4.90
2.24	1,955	403.99	4.99									4.99
2.20	1,955	486.03	5.02									5.02
2.20	1,970	486.05	5.04									5.04
2.30	2 004	486.07	5.07									5.07
2.52	2,004	486.00	5.10									5.10
2.34	2,022	400.03	5.16									5 16
2.30	2,000	486 13	5.18									5 18
2.00	2,000	486 15	5.21									5 21
2.40	2,074	486 17	5.24									5 24
2.42	2,001	486 19	5.24									5 27
2.44	2,100	486 21	5 29									5 29
2.40	2,123	486 23	5.32									5.32
2.40	2,140	486 25	5.35									5.35
2.50	2,100	486 27	5.37									5.37
2.54	2 195	486 29	5 40									5 40
2.56	2 212	486.31	5 43									5 43
2.58	2 229	486.33	5 45									5 45
2.60	2 246	486.35	5 48									5 48
2.62	2 264	486.37	5 51									5 51
2.64	2 281	486.39	5.53									5.53
2 66	2 298	486 41	5 56									5 56
2.68	2 316	486 43	5 58									5 58
2 70	2 333	486 45	5.61									5 61
2.72	2,350	486.47	5.63									5.63
2.74	2,367	486.49	5.66									5.66
2 76	2 385	486 51	5.68									5.68
2.78	2,402	486.53	5.71									5.71
2.80	2,419	486.55	5.73									5.73
2.82	2,436	486.57	5.76									5.76
2.84	2,454	486.59	5.78									5.78
2.86	2,471	486.61	5.81									5.81
2.88	2,488	486.63	5.83									5.83
2.90	2,506	486.65	5.86									5.86
2.92	2,523	486.67	5.88									5.88
2.94	2,540	486.69	5.91									5.91
2.96	2,557	486.71	5.93									5.93
2.98	2,575	486.73	5.95									5.95
3.00	2,592	486.75	5.98									5.98
3.02	2,609	486.77	6.00									6.00
3.04	2,627	486.79	6.03									6.03
3.06	2,644	486.81	6.05									6.05
3.08	2,661	486.83	6.07									6.07
3.10	2,678	486.85	6.10									6.10
3.12	2,696	486.87	6.12									6.12

Continues on next page ...

BMP #3 Stage / Storage / Discharge Table

Stage ft	Storage cuft	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Total cfs
3.14	2,713	486.89	6.14									6.14
3.16	2,730	486.91	6.17									6.17
3.18	2,748	486.93	6.19									6.19
3.20	2,765	486.95	6.21									6.21
3.22	2,782	486.97	6.24									6.24
3.24	2,799	486.99	6.26									6.26
3.26	2,817	487.01	6.28									6.28
3.28	2,834	487.03	6.30									6.30
3.30	2,851	487.05	6.33									6.33
3.32	2.868	487.07	6.35									6.35
3.34	2.886	487.09	6.37									6.37
3.36	2,903	487.11	6.39									6.39
3 38	2,920	487 13	6 42									6 42
3 40	2,938	487 15	6 4 4									6 44
3 42	2,000	487 17	6 4 6									6.46
3 44	2 972	487 19	6 48									6.48
3.46	2 989	487 21	6.51									6.51
3.48	3,007	487.23	6.53									6.53
3 50	3 024	487.25	6 55									6 55
3 52	3 041	487.20	6.57									6.57
3.54	3 059	487 29	6 59									6 59
3.54	3,033	407.23	6.61									6.61
3 58	3,070	407.31	6.64									6.64
3.50	3,035	407.35	6.66									6 66
3.00	3 1 2 9	407.33	6.68									6.68
2.64	2 145	407.37	6.70									0.00
2.66	3,143	407.39	6.70									6.70
3.00	3,102	407.41	0.72									0.72
3.00	3,100	407.43	0.74									0.74
3.70	3, 197	407.40	0.70									0.70
3.12	3,214	407.47	0.79									0.79
3.74	3,231	487.49	0.01									0.01
3.70	3,249	487.51	0.83									0.83
3.78	3,266	487.53	6.85									6.85
3.80	3,283	487.55	6.87									6.87
3.82	3,300	487.57	6.89									6.89
3.84	3,318	487.59	6.91									6.91
3.86	3,335	487.61	6.93									6.93
3.88	3,352	487.63	6.95									6.95
3.90	3,370	487.65	6.97									6.97
3.92	3,387	487.67	6.99									6.99
3.94	3,404	487.69	7.01									7.01
3.96	3,421	487.71	7.03									7.03
3.98	3,439	487.73	7.05									7.05
4.00	3,456	487.75	7.07									7.07

...End

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# Hyd. No. 6

BMP #3

= Reservoir	Peak discharge	= 4.25 cfs
= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min
= 5	Reservoir name	= BMP #3
= 485.52 ft	Max. Storage	= 1,526 cuft
	= Reservoir = 100 yrs = 5 = 485.52 ft	= ReservoirPeak discharge= 100 yrsTime interval= 5Reservoir name= 485.52 ftMax. Storage

Storage Indication method used.

#### Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
0.20	0.17	483.86	0.05									0.05
0.25	0.17	483.88	0.08									0.08
0.30	0.17	483.90	0.10									0.10
0.35	0.18	483.91	0.11									0.11
0.40	0.18	483.92	0.13									0.13
0.45	0.18	483.93	0.14									0.14
0.50	0.18	483.94	0.15									0.15
0.55	0.18	483.94	0.16									0.16
0.60	0.18	483.95	0.17									0.17
0.65	0.18	483.95	0.17									0.17
0.70	0.19	483.95	0.18									0.18
0.75	0.19	483.96	0.18									0.18
0.80	0.19	483.96	0.18									0.18
0.85	0.19	483.96	0.18									0.18
0.90	0.19	483.96	0.19									0.19
0.95	0.20	483.96	0.19									0.19
1.00	0.20	483.96	0.19									0.19
1.05	0.20	483.96	0.19									0.19
1.10	0.20	483.96	0.20									0.20
1.15	0.20	483.97	0.20									0.20
1.20	0.21	483.97	0.20									0.20
1.25	0.21	483.97	0.20									0.20
1.30	0.21	483.97	0.20									0.20
1.35	0.22	483.97	0.21									0.21
1.40	0.22	483.97	0.21									0.21
1.45	0.22	483.98	0.21									0.21
1.50	0.23	483.98	0.22									0.22
1.55	0.23	483.98	0.22									0.22
1.60	0.23	483.98	0.22									0.22
1.65	0.23	483.98	0.23									0.23
1.70	0.24	483.98	0.23									0.23
1.75	0.24	483.99	0.23									0.23
1.80	0.24	483.99	0.24									0.23
1.85	0.25	483.99	0.24									0.24
1.90	0.25	483.99	0.24									0.24
1.95	0.25	483.99	0.24									0.24
2.00	0.26	483.99	0.25									0.25
2.05	0.26	484.00	0.25									0.25

Outflow hydrograph volume = 10,189 cuft

Continues on next page...

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

# Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
2.10	0.27	484.00	0.26									0.26
2.15	0.27	484.00	0.26									0.26
2.20	0.28	484.00	0.27									0.27
2.25	0.28	484.00	0.27									0.27
2.30	0.28	484.01	0.27									0.27
2.35	0.29	484.01	0.28									0.28
2.40	0.30	484.01	0.28									0.28
2.45	0.30	484.01	0.29									0.29
2.50	0.31	484.02	0.30									0.30
2.55	0.32	484.02	0.30									0.30
2.60	0.32	484.02	0.31									0.31
2.65	0.32	484.02	0.31									0.31
2.70	0.34	484.03	0.32									0.32
2.75	0.35	484.03	0.33									0.33
2.80	0.35	484.04	0.34									0.34
2.85	0.36	484.04	0.34									0.34
2.90	0.37	484.04	0.35									0.35
2.95	0.39	484.05	0.36									0.36
3.00	0.40	484.05	0.38									0.38
3.05	0.41	484.06	0.39									0.39
3.10	0.42	484.06	0.40									0.40
3.15	0.43	484.07	0.41									0.41
3.20	0.47	484.07	0.43									0.43
3.25	0.48	484.08	0.45									0.45
3.30	0.49	484.09	0.46									0.46
3.35	0.52	484.09	0.48									0.48
3.40	0.54	484.10	0.50									0.50
3.45	0.57	484.11	0.52									0.52
3.30	0.01	404.12	0.55									0.55
3.00	0.00	404.14	0.59									0.59
3.00	0.09	404.10	0.03									0.03
3.05	0.74	404.10	0.07									0.07
3.70	0.04	404.10	0.73									0.73
3.13	0.92	404.21	0.00									0.00
3.0U 2.0E	0.90	404.23	0.00									0.00
3.00	1.20	404.27	1.00									1.00
2.90	1.07	404.33	1.22									1.22
3.95	1.93	404.41	1.JZ 2.27									1.52
4.00	731<<	404.04	2.57									2.37
1 10	3.64	185 52 <<	1 25									1 25 <<
4.10	1.08	485 18	3.65									3 65
4.10	0.85	484 73	2.63									2.63
4.25	0.00	484 44	1.65									1.65
4.30	0.60	484 29	1.00									1 10
4.35	0.55	484 21	0.83									0.83
4 40	0.50	484 17	0.68									0.68
4 4 5	0.46	484 13	0.59									0.59
4 50	0.43	484 11	0.52									0.52
4.55	0.40	484.09	0.48									0.48
4.60	0.38	484.08	0.44									0.44

Continues on next page...
# Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time (hrs)	Inflow cfs	Elevation ft	Clv A cfs	Clv B cfs	Clv C cfs	Clv D cfs	Wr A cfs	Wr B cfs	Wr C cfs	Wr D cfs	Exfil cfs	Outflow cfs
4.65	0.36	484.07	0.41									0.41
4.70	0.33	484.06	0.38									0.38
4.75	0.32	484.05	0.36									0.36
4.80	0.31	484.04	0.34									0.34
4.85	0.30	484.03	0.33									0.33
4.90	0.29	484.03	0.32									0.32
4.95	0.27	484.02	0.30									0.30
5.00	0.26	484.01	0.29									0.29
5.05	0.26	484.01	0.28									0.28
5.10	0.25	484.00	0.27									0.27
5.15	0.24	484.00	0.26									0.26
5.20	0.23	484.00	0.25									0.25
5.25	0.22	483.99	0.24									0.24
5.30	0.22	483.99	0.24									0.24
5.35	0.21	483.98	0.23									0.23
5.40	0.21	483.98	0.22									0.22
5.45	0.21	483.98	0.22									0.22
5.50	0.20	483.98	0.21									0.21
5.55	0.20	483.97	0.21									0.21
5.60	0.20	483.97	0.21									0.21
5.65	0.19	483.97	0.20									0.20
5.70	0.19	483.97	0.20									0.20
5.75	0.19	483.97	0.20									0.20
5.80	0.18	483.96	0.19									0.19
5.85	0.18	483.96	0.19									0.19
5.90	0.17	483.96	0.18									0.18
5.95	0.17	483.96	0.18									0.18
6.00	0.17	483.95	0.18									0.18
6.05	0.00	483.94	0.15									0.15
6.10	0.00	483.91	0.11									0.11
6.15	0.00	483.89	0.09									0.09
6.20	0.00	483.87	0.07									0.07
6.25	0.00	483.86	0.05									0.05
6.30	0.00	483.85	0.04									0.04

...End

# Hyd. No. 5

DMA #3

Hydrograph type	= Manual
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs

Peak discharge = 7.31 cfs Time interval = 3 min

Hydrograph Volume = 10,199 cuft



# Hyd. No. 5

### DMA #3

Hydrograph type	= Manual	Peak discharge	= 7.31 cfs
Storm frequency	= 100 yrs	Time interval	= 3 min

#### Hydrograph Discharge Table

Time	- Outflow	Time	Outflow	Time	Outflow	Time	Outflow
(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)	(hrs	cfs)
0.05	0.17	1.75	0.24	3.45	0.57	5.15	0.24
0.10	0.17	1.80	0.24	3.50	0.61	5.20	0.23
0.15	0.17	1.85	0.25	3.55	0.66	5.25	0.22
0.20	0.17	1.90	0.25	3.60	0.69	5.30	0.22
0.25	0.17	1.95	0.25	3.65	0.74	5.35	0.21
0.30	0.17	2.00	0.26	3.70	0.84	5.40	0.21
0.35	0.18	2.05	0.26	3.75	0.92	5.45	0.21
0.40	0.18	2.10	0.27	3.80	0.98	5.50	0.20
0.45	0.18	2.15	0.27	3.85	1.26	5.55	0.20
0.50	0.18	2.20	0.28	3.90	1.57	5.60	0.20
0.55	0.18	2.25	0.28	3.95	1.93	5.65	0.19
0.60	0.18	2.30	0.28	4.00	4.17	5.70	0.19
0.65	0.18	2.35	0.29	4.05	7.31 <<	5.75	0.19
0.70	0.19	2.40	0.30	4.10	3.64	5.80	0.18
0.75	0.19	2.45	0.30	4.15	1.08	5.85	0.18
0.80	0.19	2.50	0.31	4.20	0.85	5.90	0.17
0.85	0.19	2.55	0.32	4.25	0.70	5.95	0.17
0.90	0.19	2.60	0.32	4.30	0.60	6.00	0.17
0.95	0.20	2.65	0.32	4.35	0.55		
1.00	0.20	2.70	0.34	4.40	0.50		
1.05	0.20	2.75	0.35	4.45	0.46	End	
1.10	0.20	2.80	0.35	4.50	0.43		
1.15	0.20	2.85	0.36	4.55	0.40		
1.20	0.21	2.90	0.37	4.60	0.38		
1.25	0.21	2.95	0.39	4.65	0.36		
1.30	0.21	3.00	0.40	4.70	0.33		
1.35	0.22	3.05	0.41	4.75	0.32		
1.40	0.22	3.10	0.42	4.80	0.31		
1.45	0.22	3.15	0.43	4.85	0.30		
1.50	0.23	3.20	0.47	4.90	0.29		
1.55	0.23	3.25	0.48	4.95	0.27		
1.60	0.23	3.30	0.49	5.00	0.26		
1.65	0.23	3.35	0.52	5.05	0.26		
1.70	0.24	3.40	0.54	5.10	0.25		

Hydrograph Volume = 10,199 cuft

Hydraflow Hydrographs by Intelisolve

Hydrograph File Name	Inflow	BMP #3	7.31 cf	s was calculated	from post-developn	nent AES		
Time of Concentration	5	Minutes	calcula	tions earlier in re	eport.			
6-Hour Raintall	2.6	Inches						
Bunoff Coefficient	0.86	I Initless						
Intensity (I)	6 850	In/hr						
Peak Discharge	7.31	CFS			Storm Vol.	10.158	CF	
N=	72					-,		
	Rainfall	Rainfall	Peak			Rainfall	Peak	Time
Ν	$P_{T(N)}$	P <sub>N</sub>	Discharge	Time (min)	Ν	P <sub>N</sub>	Discharge	(min)
	(inches)	(inches)	Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)			(inches)	Q <sub>N</sub> (cfs)	(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((
1	0.57	0.57	7.37	242.5	-	0.00	0.00	0
2	0.73	0.16	2.06	237.5	72	0.01	0.17	3
3	0.84	0.11	1.46	232.5	71	0.01	0.17	8
4	0.93	0.09	1.17	247.5	69	0.01	0.17	13
5	1.01	0.08	0.99	227.5	68	0.01	0.17	18
6	1.08	0.07	0.87	222.5	66	0.01	0.18	23
7	1.14	0.06	0.78	252.5	65	0.01	0.18	28
8	1.19	0.06	0.71	217.5	63	0.01	0.18	33
9	1.25	0.05	0.66	212.5	62	0.01	0.18	38
10	1.29	0.05	0.61	257.5	60 50	0.01	0.19	43
12	1.34	0.04	0.57	207.5	57	0.01	0.19	40 52
12	1.30	0.04	0.54	202.5	56	0.02	0.19	58
13	1.46	0.04	0.31	107 5	50 54	0.02	0.20	63
15	1.40	0.04	0.43	192.5	53	0.02	0.20	68
16	1.53	0.03	0.45	267.5	51	0.02	0.21	73
17	1.56	0.03	0.43	187.5	50	0.02	0.21	78
18	1.59	0.03	0.41	182.5	48	0.02	0.22	83
19	1.62	0.03	0.40	272.5	47	0.02	0.22	88
20	1.65	0.03	0.39	177.5	45	0.02	0.23	93
21	1.68	0.03	0.37	172.5	44	0.02	0.23	98
22	1.71	0.03	0.36	277.5	42	0.02	0.24	103
23	1.74	0.03	0.35	167.5	41	0.02	0.24	108
24	1.76	0.03	0.34	162.5	39	0.02	0.25	113
25	1.79	0.03	0.33	282.5	38	0.02	0.25	118
26	1.81	0.03	0.32	157.5	36	0.02	0.26	123
27	1.84	0.02	0.32	152.5	35	0.02	0.27	128
28	1.86	0.02	0.31	287.5	33	0.02	0.28	133
29	1.89	0.02	0.30	147.5	32	0.02	0.28	138
30	1.91	0.02	0.30	142.5	30	0.02	0.30	143
31	1.93	0.02	0.29	292.5	29	0.02	0.30	148
32	1.95	0.02	0.28	137.5	21	0.02	0.32	153
34	2.00	0.02	0.20	207.5	20	0.03	0.32	163
35	2.00	0.02	0.27	127.5	23	0.03	0.35	168
36	2.02	0.02	0.26	122.5	20	0.00	0.37	173
37	2.06	0.02	0.26	302.5	20	0.03	0.39	178
38	2.08	0.02	0.25	117.5	18	0.03	0.41	183
39	2.10	0.02	0.25	112.5	17	0.03	0.43	188
40	2.11	0.02	0.24	307.5	15	0.04	0.47	193
41	2.13	0.02	0.24	107.5	14	0.04	0.49	198
42	2.15	0.02	0.24	102.5	12	0.04	0.54	203
43	2.17	0.02	0.23	312.5	11	0.04	0.57	208
44	2.19	0.02	0.23	97.5	9	0.05	0.66	213
45	2.21	0.02	0.23	92.5	8	0.06	0.71	218
46	2.22	0.02	0.22	317.5	6	0.07	0.87	223
47	2.24	0.02	0.22	87.5	5	0.08	0.99	228
40	2.20	0.02	0.22	82.5 222 5	3	0.11	1.40	233
49 50	2.27	0.02	0.21	322.5 77 5	2	0.10	2.00	230
51	2.20	0.02	0.21	72.5	4	0.07	1 17	243
52	2.32	0.02	0.21	327.5	7	0.06	0.78	253
53	2.34	0.02	0.20	67.5	, 10	0.05	0.61	258
54	2.35	0.02	0.20	62.5	13	0.04	0.51	263
55	2.37	0.02	0.20	332.5	16	0.03	0.45	268
56	2.38	0.02	0.20	57.5	19	0.03	0.40	273
57	2.40	0.02	0.19	52.5	22	0.03	0.36	278
58	2.41	0.01	0.19	337.5	25	0.03	0.33	283
59	2.43	0.01	0.19	47.5	28	0.02	0.31	288
60	2.44	0.01	0.19	42.5	31	0.02	0.29	293
61	2.46	0.01	0.19	342.5	34	0.02	0.27	298
62	2.47	0.01	0.18	37.5	37	0.02	0.26	303
63	2.48	0.01	0.18	32.5	40	0.02	0.24	308
64	2.50	0.01	0.18	347.5	43	0.02	0.23	313
65	2.51	0.01	0.18	27.5	46	0.02	0.22	318
00 67	∠.53 2 ⊑1	0.01	U.18 0.47	22.5 252.5	49	0.02	0.21	323
62	2.04 2.55	0.01	0.17 0.17	552.5 17 5	52	0.02	0.21	320 222
69	2.55	0.01	0.17	12.5	52	0.02	0.20	338
70	2.58	0.01	0.17	357.5	61	0.01	0.19	343
71	2.59	0.01	0.17	7.5	64	0.01	0.18	348
72	2.61	0.01	0.17	2.5	67	0.01	0.17	353
					70	0.01	0.17	358
					-	0	0.00	363