Information Summary

Report preparation date: January 26, 2022 **Fieldwork performed:** January 17, 2022

Minor edits: June 12, 2023

Title: General Biology including Habitat Assessment for Burrowing Owl (*Athene cunicularia*) on the 4.84-acre site (Assessor's Parcel Nos. 294-190-047, and -048) Perris, Riverside County, California.

Project site location: 5030 Patterson Avenue, Perris, CA - Steele Peak, U.S.G.S.-75.' Quadrangle, Township 3 S., Range 4 W., Section 36.

Assessor's Parcel Numbers: 294-190-047, and -048.

Case Number: Preliminary Review Application 21-05282.

Owner/Applicant: CGU Capital Management, 302 W. Fifth Street, Suite 103, San Pedro, CA 90731

Principle Investigator: Ken H. Osborne, Osborne Biological Consulting 6675 Avenue Juan Diaz, Riverside, CA 92509.

Report Summary: Results of the biological assessment:

The site evaluation concluded negative for Burrowing Owl habitat. Animal burrows or other soil cavities suitable for Burrowing Owl are absent from the site. A focused survey for Burrowing Owl was not indicated or undertaken for the site. Neither Burrowing Owl nor sign of it (such as pellets, plumage, guano on nearby perches) were observed on or near site.

MSHCP Consistency: The study site does not occur near or within any MSHCP Criteria Cell or area designated for MSHCP conservation. There are no MSHCP Reserve Assembly Requirements associated with the site. There are no incompatibilities with respect to development of the site and Urban/Wildlands interface issues. This investigation found no potential for narrow endemic, rare, or endangered plant species. Drainage conveyed from adjacent properties to the west create an anthropogenic (not subject to conservation) wetland on the site.

Name and contact of Report Preparer: Ken H. Osborne (951) 756-1018 Euproserpinus@msn.com

General Biology including Habitat Assessment for Burrowing Owl (Athene cunicularia) on the 4.84-acre site (Assessor's Parcel Nos. 294-190-047, and -048) Perris, Riverside County, California.

Prepared for:

CGU Capital Management 302 W. Fifth Street, Suite 103 San Pedro, CA 90731

I hereby certify that the statements furnished above and in the attached exhibits present that data and information required for this biological evaluation, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Kendall H. Osborne 6675 Avenue Juan Diaz Riverside, CA 92509 Data

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUMMARY	Section	Page 1
INTRODUCTION	1.0	1
SITE DISPOSITION	2.0	1
METHODS	3.0	2
RESULTS Burrowing Owl	4.0 4.1	2 3
EXISTING ENVIRONMENT Topography Soils Plant communities Annual grassland Wetland (anthropogenic derivation)	5.0 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.3.1 5.3.2	3 3 3 3 4
CONCLUSIONS	6.0	4
REFERENCES	7.0	4
FIGURES	8.0	4
APPENDIX	9.0	9
Table A1 - Plant species encount	ered	9
Table A2 - Vertebrate species en Tentative Site Plan	countered	10

Biological Report Summary sheet and Level of Significance Checklist

SUMMARY

CGU Capital Management has requested a Habitat Assessment for Burrowing Owl (*Athene cunicularia*) and other biological resources on a 4.84-acre site (Assessor's Parcel Nos., indicated by the client to be 294-190-047, and -048), at Perris, Riverside County, California. This report provides results of my site evaluation for Burrowing Owl and other biological resources.

In order to assess the project site for potential as habitat for Burrowing Owl, a field investigation was conducted on January 17, 2022. In addition, notes were taken on vegetation communities and structure and plant or animal species observed on the site, photographs were taken of the project site.

Burrowing Owl: The site evaluation concluded negative for Burrowing Owl habitat. Animal burrows or other soil cavities suitable for Burrowing Owl are absent from the site. A focused survey for Burrowing Owl was not indicated or undertaken for the site. Neither Burrowing Owl nor sign of it (such as pellets, plumage, guano on nearby perches) were observed on or near site.

MSHCP Consistency: The study site does not occur near or within any MSHCP Criteria Cell or area designated for MSHCP conservation. There are no MSHCP Reserve Assembly Requirements associated with the site. There are no incompatibilities with respect to development of the site and Urban/Wildlands interface issues. This investigation found no potential for narrow endemic, rare, or endangered plant species. Drainage conveyed from adjacent properties to the west create an anthropogenic (not subject to conservation) wetland on the site.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This report presents the methods and results of a Habitat Assessment for Burrowing Owl (*Athene cunicularia*) and other biological resources on a 4.84-acre site (Assessor's Parcel Nos. 294-190-047, and -048), located at 5030 Patterson Avenue, Perris, Riverside County, California.

Figure 1 shows the general vicinity of the survey site at 50% scale on the Steele Peak, 7.5' USGS quadrangle. Figure 2 shows a satellite image of the close vicinity of the site.

2.0 SITE DISPOSITION

The subject site is located at 5030 Patterson Avenue, Perris, Riverside County, CA. Specifically, the site is located on the Steele Peak U.S.G.S.-75.' quadrangle, in Section 36, Township 3 S., Range 4 W.

3.0 METHODS

The initial field investigation of the site was conducted on January 17, 2022. Habitat conditions for biological resources (in addition to burrowing owl) were evaluated generally, including a listing of plant species present. All non-cultivated plant species and animal species observed were noted. A thorough search, by walking transects across the site was made in order to locate and map any animal burrows of potential use to Burrowing Owl.

Methods for this burrowing owl study follow the survey protocol recommended by the County of Riverside (2006) and largely recommended by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (previously named the California Department of Fish and Game) (CDFG 2012). The field investigation of the site was conducted on January 17, 2022.

Burrowing owl habitat can be found in annual and perennial grasslands, deserts, and scrublands characterized by low-growing vegetation. Suitable owl habitat may also include trees and shrubs if the canopy covers less than 30 percent of the ground surface, and the open lands are sufficiently extensive. Very small lots (< 5 acres in size) cloistered amidst surrounding woodlands or developed residential areas with abundant trees and shrub cover are generally untenable for burrowing owl due to the cover these situations afford to predators of burrowing owl. Burrows are the essential component of burrowing owl habitat: both natural and artificial burrows provide protection, shelter, and nests for burrowing owls. Burrowing owls typically use burrows made by fossorial mammals, such as ground squirrels or badgers, but also may use man-made structures, such as concrete culverts; concrete, asphalt, or wood debris piles; or openings beneath concrete or asphalt pavement.

The project site (Step II, Part A – Locating Burrows) was systematically searched for ground squirrel burrows, or any other soil cavities or structures suitable for burrowing owl (Initiating Step II and burrowing owls: (Survey protocol recommended by the County of Riverside, 2006). This search was conducted by walking transects through the site (transects spaced approximately 30 meters). During this phase, any burrows found (none were) were carefully inspected for evidence of burrowing owl (such as pellets, plumage, insect parts, tracks, whitewash) or evidence of inactivity (such as undisturbed spider webs). Animal burrows and other structures suitable for burrowing owl found on the site (none) were mapped using GPS.

Since no animal burrows or soil/rubble cavities suitable for burrowing owl were found on the site, a focused survey (Step II, Part B, winter-season) for burrowing owl was not undertaken.

4.0 RESULTS

The site consists of a pair of adjacent, gravel-paved parcels with marginal vegetation dominated by exotic annual species. No animal burrows or soil cavities suitable for burrowing owl occur on the site and no burrowing owl or burrowing owl sign was

observed in the course of the site investigation. Waters from street surfaces and parking areas west of the site are conveyed onto the western end of the site via a culvert, thereby creating an anthropogenic derived wetland condition. A list of birds and other animals observed is presented in the appendix.

Figures 3 - 8 are photographs of representative of landscapes and habitats found on the subject site.

Both parcels have areas that are seasonally inundated depressions with accumulated fine silt or clay materials, however, at the time of the field investigation, these depressions are dry while water remains standing in plastic refuse on the site some seventeen days after the most recent rains of December 31. Lack of water retention within these basins indicates lack of potential for vernal pool species such as fairy shrimp.

4.1 Burrowing Owl

During the course of January 17 habitat evaluation, I found no sign of Burrowing Owl (such as pellets, plumage, guano on nearby perches, or tracks at burrow entrances). Burrowing Owl was not observed on the site during the course of the site investigations. Animal burrows or other soil cavities large enough to harbor Burrowing Owl are absent from the site. Gophers are present on the site, however the burrows produced by gophers are too small for use by Burrowing Owl. The absence of burrows (such as ground squirrels burrows) on the subject site precludes potential for Burrowing Owl habitation of the site, and consequently, a focused survey for Burrowing Owl is not indicated here.

5.0 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

5.1 Topography

The site is generally flat and slopes to the east. Elevation on the site ranges through approximately 1493 to 1501 feet.

5.2 Soils

The site (both parcels) is gravel paved. The predominant on-site soil (as mapped and presumably underlying the gravel base material) is predominantly Exeter sandy loam (Knecht 1971, UC Davis Soil Resource Website: https://casoilresource.lawr.ucdavis.edu/gmap/).

5.3 Plant Communities

5.3.1 Annual grass/forbland

Marginal areas, mainly around fence lines support nonnative annual grass and forb vegetation with scattered native and nonnative woody shrubs and trees. This vegetation may be classified as the *Bromus diandrus* – mixed herbs association of Nonnative

grassland (CNDDB code CTT42200CA; CaCode 40.026.11, Sayer et al. 2009). A list of plant species encountered on the site is presented in the appendix.

5.3.2 Wetland (Anthropogenic derivation)

Anthropogenic mesic or wetland conditions on the western end of the northern parcel support vegetation including *Washingtonia*, *Fraxinus*, *Tamarix aphylla*, *Bacharis salicifolia*, *Rumex crispus*, *Distiichlis spicata*, and *Cyperus*, *eragrostis* (Figures 2, 7).

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

It is my conclusion that site conditions are not suitable for Burrowing Owl due to lack of animal burrows or other soil cavities suitable for Burrowing Owl habitation. Site conditions are not suitable for any federal or state endangered or threatened species. Development of the site does not conflict with MSHCP conservation objectives.

7.0 REFERENCES

- Beauchamp M. R. 1986. A flora of San Diego County, California. Sweetwater River Press. National City, CA
- California Department of Fish and Game. 2012. Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation
- Haug E. A., B. A. Millsap, and M. S. Martell. 1993. Burrowing Owl (*Spcotyto cunicularia*), In *The Birds of North America*, No. 61 (A Poole and F. Gill Eds.).
 Philadelphia: The Academy of Natural Sciences, Washington, D. C.: The American Ornithologists' Union.
- Hickman, J.C. (ed.). 1993. The Jepson manual: Higher plants of California. University of California Press. Berkeley, California.
- Knecht, A.A. 1971. Soil survey of western Riverside area, California. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service.

8.0 FIGURES

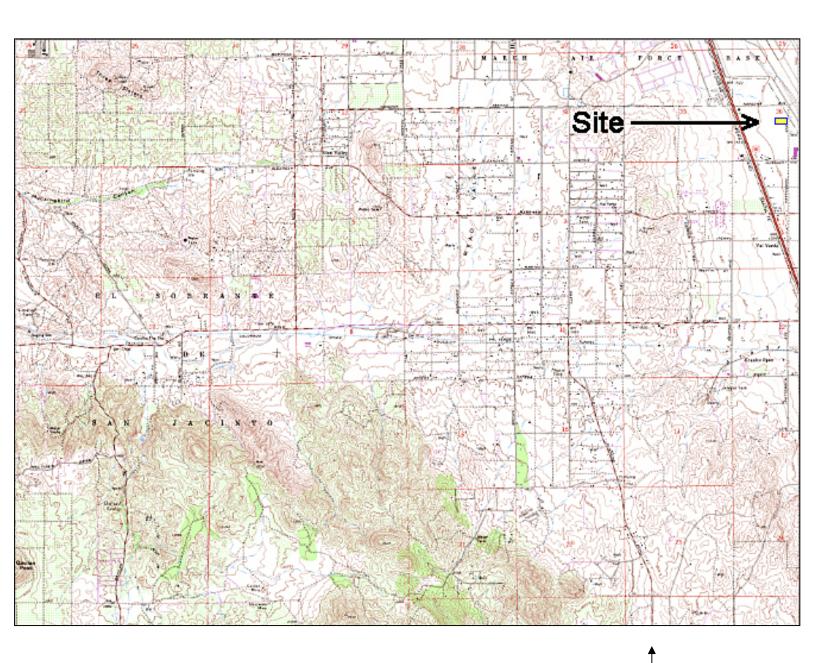


Figure 1. General vicinity of survey site, Steele Peak, California USGS 7.5" quadrangle at 50%. 4.84-acre subject site is outlined in blue and highlighted in yellow.



Figure 2. Satellite image showing the study site and parcel lines. 4.84-acre subject site is outlined in blue.



Figure 3. Photograph of view across the northern parcel with a view looking west southwest from the northeastern corner of the site. Gravel paved conditions with marginal areas of vegetation along fence lines predominates on the site.



Figure 5. Photograph of the view across the southern parcel with the view looking east southeast from the western edge of the site. Nearly the entire site is gravel-paved.

.



Figure 6. Photograph of the view across the southern portion of the site looking east from the southwest corner of the site. Gravel-paved substrate is interrupted by the southern fence line with oleander and other exotic shrubs.



Figure 7. Photograph a seasonally inundated depression on a central portion of the northern parcel, View looking east across the parcel.



Figure 8. Photograph of an area with mesic wetland vegetation on the western end of the northern parcel. This wetland area is caused by runoff from adjacent properties to the west of the site, channeled onto the site.

9.0 APPENDIX

Plant species encountered

Vertebrate species encountered

Preliminary Site Plan provided by client

County Forms:

Attachment E-3 Attachment E-4

Field notes

Appendix Table 1. Plant species encountered on the survey site (does not include exotic landscape species).

FAMILY Species

ANACARDIACEAE

Peruvian Peppertree Schinus molle

APOCYNACEAE

oleander Nerium oleander

ARECACEAE

fan palm Washingtonia

ASCLEPIADACEAE

milkvine Funastrum cynanchoides

ASTERACEAE

mule fat Baccharis salicifolia Tocalote Centaurea melitensis bull thistle Ciricium vulgare flax-leaved horseweed Conyza bonariensis sunflower Helianthus annua goldenbush Isocoma menziesii prickly lettuce Lactuca serriola cudweed aster Lessingia filaginifolia stink-net Oncosiphon piluliferum

BORAGINACEAE

ranchers fiddleneck Amsinkia menziesii

BRASSICACEAE

London rocket Sisymbrium irio

CHENOPODIACEAE

Australian saltbush Atriplex semibaccata

Russian thistle Salsola tragus

CRASSULACEAE

sand pygme-stonecrop Crassula connata

CYPERACEAE

tall umbrella-sedge *Cyperus eragrostis*

FABACEAE

mesquite Prosopis glandulosa

GERANIACEAE

long-beak filaree Erodium botrys red-stem filaree Erodium cicutarium

LAMINACEAE

Horehound Marubium vulgare

MALVACEAE

cheeseweed Malva parviflora

OLEACEAE

Ash Fraxinus

POLYGONACEAE

curly dock Rumex crispus

SIMAROUBACEAE

tree of heaven Ailanthus altissima

SOLANACEAE

Nightshade Solanum duglasi tree tobacco Nicotiana glauca

TAMARICACEAE

salt cedar Tamarix aphylla

POACEAE

rescue grassx
ripgut
salt grass
Bromus catharticus
Bromus diandrus
Distichlis spicata
African fountain grass
Pennisetum setaceum

Appendix Table 2. Vertebrate species (or sign) encountered on the survey site.

Common name Species

Birds

California gull

Common raven

Larus californicus

Corvus corvax

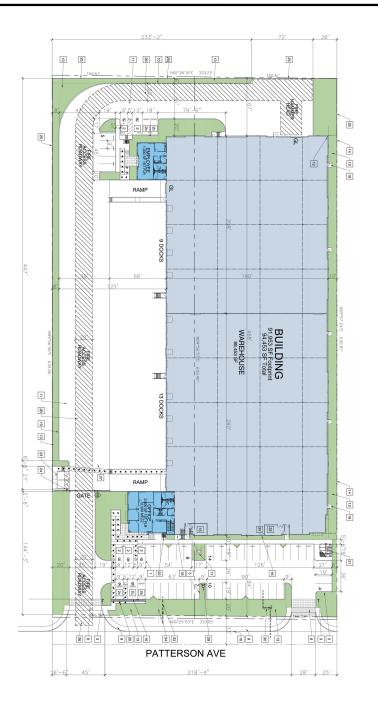
House finch Carpodacus mexicanus

Mammals

Botta's pocket gopher Thomomys bottae

PATTERSON BUSINESS CENTER

PERRIS, CA



Site Plan Notes

Within & Fill Procept (LLEW MR) WHOLE
SEED HANNES SHAPE COST 5, 106.5.

BEET SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE
E CHARACT SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE
E CHARACT SHAPE SHAPE
E CHARACT SHAPE SHAPE
E CHARACT S

A12 13 LANDSC 14 REQUER 15 ELECTR 16 PARKIN 16 PARKIN 17 PROPOC 17 PROPOC 18 EXISTIN 19 60 X60 10 00085 20 ACCESS 20 ACCESS 20 ACCESS 21 CANCIO 2 2 2

AI A

Path of Travel:

SE REC'H HOM CONCRETE TIL-TO SCRIEN WAL ALONG

BE RECERT UNELS SOROM.

BE AND RES LAND TO RECLARACINE.

BE AND RES LAND TO RECLARACINE.

BE LONG RES LAND TO RECLARACINE.

BE LONG RES LAND TO RECLARACINE.

BE LONG RES LAND TO LONG THE TO AN ADMINIST.

BE LONG RES LAND TO LONG THE TO AND ADMINIST.

BE LONG RES LAND LONG TO BE TO AND ADMINIST.

BE LONG RES LAND CONTROL MAN RECLARACINE.

BE LONG RES LAND TO SELLY ALONG THE DOMINIST.

BE LONG RES LAND TO LONG THE TO THE DOMINIST.

BE LONG RES LAND TO BE LONG THE TO BE AND ADMINIST.

BE LONG AND LONG TO BE LONG THE TO THE TO ADMINIST.

BE LONG AND LONG TO BE LONG THE TO THE DOMINIST.

BE LONG AND LONG TO BE LONG THE TO THE DOMINIST.

BE LONG AND LONG TO BE LONG THE TO THE DOMINIST.

BE LONG AND LONG THE TO THE



Scheme 1.8.1 12/27/21 Preliminary Site Plan

ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NUMBERS APN 294-190-047, 294-190-048 Job Address 5030 Patterson Avenue

Code Analysis

| 10.068 | 217. | 10.47 | PROPOSED | 10.47 | PROPOSED | 10.68 | 24.27 | PROPOSED | 24.27 | PROPOSED | 26.27 IRED 10.15% PROVIDED DING STREET RIGHT-OF-WA

Area Justification

222 W. Avenida San Antonio San Clemente

CARTER GROUP ARCHITECTS INC.

CA 92672

carter@ cartergroup.net

Project Information (1/1000SF) 20 SPACES (1/2000SF) 38 SPACES

DDIOLID OW WIRD DOR FUHE CHARMS (9X19)
DDIOLID OW OW WIRD DOR FUHE CHARMS (9X19)
DDIOLID OW OW ACCESSIBLE WIRD FOR FUHE
DDIOLID OW WA ACCESSIBLE WIRD FOR FUHE
WA ACCESSIBLE
TOTAL TOTAL BUILDING FOOTPRINT
BUILDING COVERAGE
LANDSCAPE COVERAGE
HARDSCAPE—PAVING COVERAGE PARKING PROVIDED Z. OFFICE (2,500 SF)
ICE (3,500 SF)
94,453 SF DOCK HIGH SPACES 25,424 SF 9,354 SF 83,271 SF 91,953 SF 43,79% 12,11% 4,45% 39,65% 46 SPACES
2 SPACES
3 SPACES
1 SPACES
3 SPACES
2 SPACES

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

302 W. 5th Street Suite 103 San Pedro, CA 90731 310-241-2992

Legal Description

PARCELS 2 & 3 OF PARCEL MAP NO. 8943, RECORDED JULY 24, 1977, AS SHOWN BY MAP ON FILE IN BOOK 37, PAGE 84 OF PARCEL MAPS RECORDS OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY, CALIFORNIA

Scope of Work

PATTERSON BUSINESS

NEW 94,453 9F INJUSTRALE BUILDING WITH A FOOTPRINT OF 91 883 9F, 3300 FF 18T FLOOR OFFICES, 2500 SF MEZZANNE OFFICE 88,4300 FF 18T FLOOR OFFICES, 2500 SF MEZZANNE TRUCK VARD WITH CONFERTE SCREEN WALLS 8 SUDING GATE PHARMING, COMFRED BREW 8 ENIPLOYEE AREA, TRASH ENCLOSURE LANDSCAPED VARD, 8 SITE LIGHTING, ON 4,844 GROSS AGER SITE.

1530 Patterson Avenue. Perris, CA 92571

BUILDING CENTER

Current Codes

2019 - CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA PLUBBING CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA PLUBBING CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA ELECTRICA CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA BEEGOTICA CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA BEEGOTICA CODE

2019 - CALIFORNIA FIER CODE

Civil Notes

ALL STREET IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN OUTSIDE THE PROPERTY LINES OF THIS PROPERTY ARE NEW.



PLN21-05282 DPR21-00000 PMT21-00000

SUED FOR BID	JOB NO.
)/00/21	0521
AN CHECK	DRAWN BY
1/00/21	
RMIT	CHECKED BY
)/00/21	
SWOISING SWOISING	PLOT DATE
DILLIANS OF SMEET A	

P-A1.1

BIOLOGICAL REPORT SUMMARY SHEET

(Submit two copies to the County)

Applicant Name: CGU Courtel Management	7
Assessor's Parcel Number (APN): 294-190-0 47, -04-8	
APN cont & Cont	
Site Location Section: 36 / Township: 35 Range: 4 W	
Site Address: 5030 Patterson Avanue, Perris, CA	
Related Case Number(s): Proliminary Rousew du PAN Namber: 21-05282	

CHECK SPECIES SURVEYED FOR	SPECIES OF ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUE OF CONCERN	(Circle Yes, No or N/A regardi species findings on the referen site)		
	Arroyo Southwestern Toad	Yes	No	N/A
	Blueline Stream(s)	Yes	No	N/A
2 2	Coachella Valley Fringed-Toed Lizard	Yes	No	N/A
	Coastal California Gnatcatcher	Yes	No	N/A
	Coastal Sage Scrub	Yes	No	N/A
	Delhi Sands Flower-Loving Fly	Yes	No	N/A
	Descrt Pupfish	Yes	No	N/A
	Desert Slender Salamander	Yes	No	N/A
	Desert Tortoise	Yes	No	N/A
	Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard	Yes	No	N/A
	Least Bell's Vireo	Yes	No	N/A
	Oak Woodlands	Yes	No	N/A
	Quino Checkerspot Butterfly	Yes	No	N/A
	Riverside Fairy Shrimp	Yes	No	N/A
	Santa Ana River Woolystar	Yes	No	N/A
	San Bernardino Kangaroo Rat	Yes	No	N/A
	Slender Homed Spineflower	Yes	No	N/A
	Stephen's Kangaroo Rat	Yes	No	N/A
	Vernal Pools	Yes	No	N/A
	Wetlands	Yes	No	N/A

CHECK SPECIES SURVEYED FOR	SPECIES or ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUE OF CONCERN	(Circle Yes, No or N/A regard species findings on the refere site)		
	Other Burrowing owl	Yes	(No)	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Ulber	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Cuber	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A
1	Other	Yes	No	N/A
	Other	Yes	No	N/A

Species of concern shall be any unique, rare, endangered, or threatened species. It shall include species used to delineate wetlands and riparian comidors. It shall also include any hosts, perching, or food plants used by any animals listed as rare, endangered, threatened or candidate species by either State, or Foderal regulations, or for Riverside County as listed by the California Department of Fish and Game Natural Diversity Data Base (NDDB).

I declare under penalty of perjury that the information provided on this summary sheet is in accordance with the information provided in the biological report.

Signature and Company Name	Osborne Biological Consulting	1/26/2022 Report Date
10(a) Permit Number (if applicable)	Pe	ermit Expiration Date

	that the second of the County Use Only Man are the second of the second
Received by:	B. H. W. B. W. B. B. Date: M.
PD-B#	
THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON	

LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECKLIST

For Biological Resources (Submit Two Copies)

(Submit Two			
Oreliniary Review 294-190- Application Case Number: 21-05282 Lot/Parcel No 048	047		
Cose Number 31- a C282 Lat/Pared No. = 048	Es Number		
Case Trumber, at - Of all Court and the Court	_EA Number		
Wildlife & Vegetation			
Potentially Less than Significant	Less than	N	o
Significant with Mitigation	Significant	In	opact
Impact Incorporated	Impact	3	
(Check the level of impact the applies to the following que	stions)		
a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habi	tat Conservatio	n Plan, Natur	ral Conservation
Cummunity Plan, or other approved local, regional			and the second state of th
841		L	
b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either direct	ly or through he	abitat modific	cations, on any
endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title			
(Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50; Code of F			10.00 (10.00 million 10.00 mil
		1	
c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly	y or through ha	bitat modific	ations, on any species
identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status			
regulations, or by the California Department of Fis			
		L	
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of an	y native reside	nt or migrato	ry fish or wildlife
species or with established native resident migrato	ry wildlife corri	idors, or imp	ede the use of native
wildlife nursery sites?/		200	
and the second s	5.0	*	
 e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparia 	m habitat or oth	er sensitive r	satural community
identified in local or regional plans, policies, regula	stions or by the	California D	epartment of Fish
and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?			
		v	
 f) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally p 			
the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to	, marsh, vernal	pool, coasta	l, etc.) through direct
removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other	means?		
			and the second second
g) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances y	protecting biolo	gical resourc	es, such as a tree
preservation policy or ordinance?			and the same of th
	•	L	
Source: CGP Fig. VI.36-VI.40			
Findings of Fact: Rumanil on []	1 0	CONT. III	
parrowing Dur aurei	of from	tile alue	to lack
of suitable conditions	for ow	Z.	
Proposed Mitigation:			
Now			
Monitoring Recommended:			
E-4.	1		
None			