



Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board

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File: Environmental Doc Review
San Bernardino County

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Comments on the Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration for PSR#TD004 Baker Boulevard Over Mojave River Bridge Replacement Project, San Bernardino County

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region (Water Board) staff received an Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration (IS/MND) for the above-referenced Project (Project) on March 12, 2025. The IS/MND was prepared by the County of San Bernardino (County) and submitted in compliance with provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Water Board staff, acting as a responsible agency, is providing these comments to specify the scope and content of the environmental information germane to our statutory responsibilities pursuant to CEQA Guidelines, California Code of Regulations (CCR), title 14, section 15096. We thank the County for providing Water Board staff the opportunity to review and comment on the IS/MND. Based on our review, we recommend the following: (1) natural drainage channels and flow paths should be maintained through the Project site to ensure no net loss of function and value of waters of the state; (2) list hydrology and water quality mitigations that are being incorporated into the Project to avoid or minimize significant affects; (3) identify post-construction storm water management as a significant Project component; and (4) identify and list the beneficial uses of all water resources within the Project area. Our comments are outlined below.

WATER BOARD'S AUTHORITY

All groundwater and surface waters are considered waters of the State. All waters of the State are protected under California law. State law assigns responsibility for protection of water quality in the Lahontan Region to the Lahontan Water Board. Some waters of

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the State are also waters of the United States. The Federal Clean Water Act (CWA) provides additional protection for those waters of the State that are also waters of the United States.

The *Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region* (Basin Plan) contains policies that the Water Board uses with other laws and regulations to protect the quality of waters of the State within the Lahontan Region. The Basin Plan sets forth water quality standards for surface water and groundwater of the Region, which include designated beneficial uses as well as narrative and numerical objectives which must be maintained or attained to protect those uses. The Basin Plan can be accessed via the Water Board's web site at

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/lahontan/water_issues/programs/basin_plan/references.shtml.

SPECIFIC COMMENTS

We recommend the following be considered in the environmental review.

1. In general, these types of projects have the potential to hydrologically modify natural drainage systems. Of particular concern is the collection of onsite storm water runoff and the concentrated discharge of that storm water to natural drainage channels. Design alternatives that are compatible with low impact development (LID) should be considered. LID components include: maintaining natural drainage paths and landscape features to slow and filter runoff and maximize groundwater recharge; managing runoff as close to the source as possible; and maintaining vegetated areas for storm water management and onsite infiltration. We recommend natural drainage channels and flow paths be maintained through the Project site to avoid no net loss of function and value of waters of the state as a result of Project implementation.
2. The IS/MND should list hydrology and water quality mitigations that are being incorporated into the Project to avoid or minimize significant affects such as those included in a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) or a Water Quality Management Plan. Details regarding how these mitigations will protect water quality should be included in the IS/MND.
3. The IS/MND should identify post-construction storm water management as a significant Project component, and a variety of best management practices (BMPs) that effectively treat post-construction storm water runoff, particularly maintaining native vegetation, should be evaluated as part of the Project. Based on our experience with other projects in the Mojave Desert, native vegetation is the most efficient and cost-effective post-construction BMP to treat storm water runoff. Because revegetating disturbed soils in the desert is particularly challenging due to low rainfall, extreme climatic conditions, and relatively slow growth rates, we strongly encourage Project proponents to maintain and mow existing vegetation rather than clear and grub the entire site during construction.

For those projects where native vegetation is maintained, we have observed that the need to implement temporary BMPs is greatly minimized and the costs associated with implementation and maintenance of post-construction BMPs is significantly reduced.

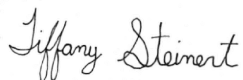
4. The Project is located within the Mojave Hydrologic Unit (Hydrologic Unit No. 628.00) and overlies the Upper Mojave groundwater basin (Basin No. 6-42). The beneficial uses of these waters are listed either by watershed (for surface waters) and by groundwater basin (for groundwater) in Chapter 2 of the Basin Plan. The proposed Project should identify and list the beneficial uses of all water resources within the Project area.

PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS FOR INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS

A number of activities associated with the proposed Project may have the potential to impact waters of the State and, therefore, may require permits issued by either the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) or Lahontan Water Board. The required permits may include the following.

1. Land disturbance of more than 1 acre may require a CWA, section 402(p) storm water permit, including a *National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Construction Storm Water Permit*, Water Quality Order (WQO) 2022-0057-DWQ, obtained from the State Water Board, or individual storm water permit obtained from the Lahontan Water Board.
2. Streambed alteration and/or discharge of fill material to a surface water may require a CWA, section 401 water quality certification for impacts to federal waters (waters of the U.S.), or dredge and fill waste discharge requirements for impacts to non-federal waters, both issued by the Lahontan Water Board

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the IS/MND. If you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at (760) 241-7305, (Tiffany.Steinert@waterboards.ca.gov) or Christina Guerra, Senior Engineering Geologist, at (760) 241-7333, (Christina.Guerra@waterboards.ca.gov). Please send all future correspondence regarding this Project to the Water Board's email address at Lahontan@waterboards.ca.gov and be sure to include the State Clearinghouse No. and Project name in the subject line.



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cc: California Department of Fish and Wildlife (AskRegion6@wildlife.ca.gov)
State Clearinghouse (state.clearinghouse@opr.ca.gov)